The House Committee on Education offers the following substitute to HB 538:

## A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

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To amend Chapter 2 of Title 20 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to elementary and secondary education, so as to provide for the "Georgia Early Literacy Act"; to require the State Board of Education to approve high-quality instructional materials to be used for teaching students in kindergarten through third grade; to provide for the approval and use of universal reading screeners for all public school students in this state in kindergarten through third grade; to provide for the Department of Education to develop training for kindergarten through third grade teachers on the science of reading, structured literacy, and foundational literacy skills; to require all public school kindergarten through third grade teachers in this state to complete such training; to provide for annual reports by the Department of Education; to require local boards of education to approve high-quality instructional materials for students in kindergarten through third grade and to administer universal reading screeners multiple times each school year to students in kindergarten through third grade; to require reports of the results of such screeners to parents of students and to the Department of Education for analysis; to require reading intervention plans for students with significant reading deficiencies; to provide for norm-referenced formative reading assessments for students in first and second grades; to require the Professional Standards Commission to ensure students completing teacher certification programs have the knowledge and skills to teach reading; to provide for definitions; to provide for legislative

19 findings and intent; to provide for a short title; to repeal conflicting laws; and for other

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## BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

22 SECTION 1.

- 23 (a) The General Assembly finds that:
- 24 (1) Third grade marks a pivotal point in reading, where students go from learning to read
- 25 to reading to learn;
- 26 (2) A comprehensive approach to early literacy can ensure early identification of
- 27 struggling readers and establish intensive reading intervention for students in kindergarten
- 28 through third grade who need more support to become successful readers; and
- 29 (3) Reading proficiency at age eight is among the most accurate predictors for whether a
- student will graduate from high school and enjoy academic success thereafter.
- 31 (b) It is the intent of the General Assembly:
- 32 (1) That all students read on grade level by the end of third grade; and
- 33 (2) To create a literate and workforce ready citizenry.

34 SECTION 2.

- 35 Chapter 2 of Title 20 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to elementary and
- 36 secondary education, is amended in Part 3 of Article 6, relating to educational programs
- 37 under the "Quality Basic Education Act," is amended by adding a new Code section to read
- 38 as follows:
- 39 "20-2-153.1.
- 40 (a) This Code section shall be known and may be cited as the 'Georgia Early Literacy Act.'
- 41 (b) As used in this Code section, the term:
- 42 (1) 'Board' means the State Board of Education.

- 43 (2) 'Department' means the Department of Education.
- 44 (3) 'Foundational literacy skills' means phonological awareness, phonemic awareness,
- 45 phonics, fluency, vocabulary, reading comprehension, spelling, oral language, and the
- 46 <u>intersection of reading and writing.</u>
- 47 (4) 'High-quality instructional materials' means instructional materials aligned to the
- 48 <u>science of reading that instruct students in grade-level reading and foundational literacy</u>
- 49 skills.
- 50 (5) 'Individual reading improvement plan' means a plan that describes the evidence based
- reading intervention services a student will receive to remediate such student's reading
- deficit and to ensure that such student becomes proficient in foundational literacy skills.
- 53 (6) 'Reading intervention' means evidence based strategies frequently used to remediate
- reading deficiencies and includes, but is not limited to, individual instruction,
- 55 <u>multisensory approaches, tutoring, mentoring, or the use of technology that targets</u>
- 56 specific reading skills and abilities.
- 57 (7) 'Science of reading' means the body of research that identifies evidence based
- approaches of explicitly and systematically teaching students to read, including
- 59 foundational literacy skills that enable students to develop reading skills required to meet
- state standards in literacy.
- 61 (8) 'Significant reading deficiency' means for students in kindergarten through third
- grade that such student's score on a universal reading screener is within the range of
- scores determined by the department to demonstrate a lack of proficiency in foundational
- 64 literacy skills.
- 65 (9) 'Structured literacy' means an evidence based approach to teaching oral and written
- language aligned to the science of reading founded on the science of how children learn
- 67 to read and characterized by explicit, systematic, cumulative, and diagnostic instruction
- in phonology, sound-symbol association, syllable instruction, morphology, syntax, and
- 69 semantics.

70 (10) 'Universal reading screener' means a uniform tool that screens and monitors a 71 student's progress in foundational literacy skills that is administered to students multiple 72 times during the school year. 73 (c)(1)(A) As soon as practicable but not later than January 1, 2024, the board shall 74 approve high-quality instructional materials to be used for teaching students in 75 kindergarten through third grade to read. 76 (B) The board shall consider locally approved instructional materials and content as defined in subsection (a) of Code Section 20-2-1017 submitted by any public school or 77 78 local school system and shall timely determine whether to approve such materials as 79 high-quality instructional materials. 80 (2)(A) As soon as practicable but not later than January 1, 2024, the board shall establish qualifications, time lines, and submission procedures for education service 81 82 providers to submit one or more universal reading screeners to be considered for 83 inclusion on the board's list of approved universal reading screener providers provided 84 for in subparagraph (B) of this paragraph. (B) As soon as practicable but not later than July 1, 2024, the board shall approve a list 85 86 of universal reading screeners for use by public schools and local school systems as part 87 of their comprehensive literacy programs which meet the following criteria: 88 (i) Capable of providing relevant information to assist teachers with targeting 89 instruction based on student needs; 90 (ii) Capable of measuring foundational literacy skills; 91 (iii) Capable of identifying students who have a significant reading deficiency, 92 including, but not limited to, identifying students with characteristics of dyslexia; 93 (iv) Prescribed parameters on the time required to administer universal reading 94 screener with the primary objective of such prescription being to minimize impacts 95 on instructional time; and 96 (v) Capable of progress monitoring.

97 (3)(A) As soon as practicable but not later than August 1, 2024, the department shall 98 publish on its website a list of board approved providers of universal reading screeners 99 for use by public schools and local school systems, including the free universal reading 100 screener provided by the department. 101 (B) The department shall provide a universal reading screener that meets the criteria 102 established by the board as provided in subparagraph (B) of paragraph (2) of this subsection. Such universal reading screener shall be made available for use free of 103 104 charge to public schools and local school systems and shall be included on the list provided for in subparagraph (A) of this paragraph. 105 106 (4) The department shall, in consultation with the University System of Georgia, the 107 Professional Standards Commission, the Office of Student Achievement, Georgia's Regional Education Service Agencies, and literacy experts, develop one or more training 108 109 programs for kindergarten through third grade teachers on the science of reading, 110 structured literacy, and foundational literacy skills that enable students to develop reading 111 skills required to meet state standards in literacy. Such training programs shall be 112 developed to promote teachers' knowledge and skills for teaching all students to read, 113 including students with dyslexia, and to ensure teachers have the knowledge and skills 114 necessary to use approved universal reading screeners and to use assessment data to 115 inform instruction based on student needs. 116 (5) The department shall provide technical assistance to aid public schools and local 117 school systems in implementing the provisions of this Code section. 118 (6) Beginning April 1, 2026, the department shall provide an annual report on the 119 impacts of the implementation of the provisions of this Code section, including, but not 120 limited to, reporting the results by school and school system of: 121 (A) The research based formative assessments with a summative component that is tied 122 to performance indicators in English language arts/reading in grades one and two 123 provided for in subsection (a) of Code Section 20-2-281;

124 (B) The comprehensive summative assessment program for third grade students 125 provided for in subsection (a) of Code Section 20-2-281; (C) The nationally-norm referenced instruments in reading for third grade students 126 127 provided for in subsection (a) of Code Section 20-2-281; and 128 (D) The norm-referenced formative reading assessments for first and second grade 129 students provided for in Code Section 20-2-280. Such report shall also include analyses of the the impact of use of universal reading 130 131 screeners, the use of high-quality instructional materials, and instructional practices grounded in the science of reading. Such report shall be provided to the Governor, the 132 President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the chairperson of 133 the House Committee on Education, the Senate Education and Youth Committee, the 134 House Committee on Higher Education, the Senate Higher Education Committee, and the 135 board, and shall be made available on the department's website for access by the public. 136 (d) By December 1, 2024, local boards of education and public school governing bodies 137 shall: 138 139 (A) Approve high-quality instructional materials for students in kindergarten through 140 third grade that have been approved by the State Board of Education; provided, 141 however, that if a local board of education or governing body has submitted 142 instructional materials to the State Board of Education for consideration as provided for 143 in subparagraph (c)(1)(B) of this Code section and the State Board of Education has not 144 made the required determination, then such local board of education or governing body 145 shall not be deemed to be out of compliance with the provisions of this paragraph; and 146 (B) Ensure that all instructional materials used to teach students in kindergarten through 147 third grade to read are high-quality instructional materials. 148 (2)(A) Each public school and local school system shall provide instructional support 149 for kindergarten through third grade teachers that shall include:

150 (i) Onsite teacher training on the science of reading, structured literacy, foundational 151 literacy skills, and evidence based decision making; 152 (ii) Demonstrated lessons; and (iii) Immediate feedback for improving instruction. 153 154 (B)(i) Any public school or local school system claiming that a lack of sufficient 155 funding prevents such public school or local school system from providing instructional support as required in subparagraph (A) of this paragraph shall promptly 156 and in writing notify the Department of Education and shall describe all efforts such 157 school or school system has undertaken to secure sufficient funding from local, state, 158 159 federal, and private sources. (ii) The Department of Education shall provide technical assistance and other 160 guidance to public schools and local schools systems in identifying local, state, 161 162 federal, and private funding sources to provide for instructional support as required in subparagraph (A) of this paragraph. 163 (3)(A) Beginning August 1, 2024, three times each school year each public school and 164 165 local school system shall administer a universal reading screener to each student in 166 kindergarten through third grade, with the first administration occurring within 30 days 167 of the beginning of the school year; provided, however, that for students in first and 168 second grades such public school or local school system shall be authorized to 169 substitute one administration of a universal reading screener with an administration of 170 a norm-referenced formative reading assessment provided for in Code Section 171 20-2-280. 172 (B) Each public school or local school system shall be authorized to administer a free 173 universal reading screener provided by the department or a universal reading screener 174 approved by the board. 175 (C) After each administration of a universal reading screener, each public school or 176 local school system shall report the results to:

177 (i) Parents and guardians of students who participated in the administration; and 178 (ii) The department for analysis. 179 (D) The results of the universal reading screeners administered to students shall not be 180 used as part of any education assessment accountability program provided for in 181 Article 2 of Chapter 14 of this title. 182 (4)(A) Beginning August 1, 2024, any public school student in kindergarten through third grade who at any time during the school year exhibits a significant reading 183 184 deficiency, as measured by performance on universal reading screener approved by the board, shall receive an individual reading improvement plan no later than 30 days after 185 the identification of such deficiency. Such individual reading improvement plan shall 186 be created by the student's teacher, school principal, and other school personnel 187 designated by the school principal and shall describe the evidence based reading 188 189 intervention services the student will receive to remedy the reading deficit and ensure 190 the student becomes proficient in foundational literacy skills. Such individual reading 191 improvement plan may be included as part of the school's multi-tiered system of 192 supports or response to intervention frameworks. 193 (B) Each student who receives an individual reading plan shall receive intensive 194 reading intervention until such student no longer has a significant reading deficiency. 195 (C) The parent or guardian of any student in kindergarten through third grade who at 196 any time during the school year exhibits a significant reading deficiency shall be 197 notified in writing by the student's school no later than 15 days after the identification 198 of such deficiency, and such written notification shall include: 199 (i) That the student has been identified as having a significant reading deficiency, and 200 an individual reading improvement plan will be developed by the student's teacher, 201 school principal, and other school personnel designated by the school principal; 202 Results of the student's performance on the universal reading screeners 203 administered to date;

| 204 | (iii) A description of the current services that are provided to the student;                  |
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| 205 | (iv) A description of proposed evidence based reading interventions and                        |
| 206 | supplemental instructional services and supports that will be provided to the student          |
| 207 | that are designed to remedy the identified area or areas of significant reading                |
| 208 | deficiency to ensure the student becomes proficient in foundational literacy skills;           |
| 209 | (v) Notification that the parent or guardian will be informed in writing of the                |
| 210 | student's progress toward grade level reading; and   |
| 211 | (vi) Strategies for parents to use at home to help their child succeed in reading.             |
| 212 | (5) By July 1, 2025, all kindergarten through third grade teachers shall complete a            |
| 213 | training program developed pursuant to paragraph (c)(4) of this Code section.                  |
| 214 | (e) Nothing in this Code section shall be construed to abrogate or otherwise affect the        |
| 215 | operation or application of the federal Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA)     |
| 216 | or Section 504 of the federal Rehabilitation Act of 1973."                                     |
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| 217 | SECTION 3.   |
| 218 | Said chapter is further amended Part 12 of Article 6, relating to effectiveness of educational |
| 219 | programs under the "Quality Basic Education Act," by revising Code Section 20-2-280,           |
| 220 | which was previously reserved, as follows:   |
| 221 | "20-2-280.   |
| 222 | (a) The State Board of Education shall adopt a norm-referenced formative reading               |
| 223 | assessment for students in first and second grades at the discretion of public schools and     |
| 224 | <u>local school systems.</u>   |
| 225 | (b) After each administration of such assessments, each public school or local school          |
| 226 | system shall report the results to:  |

(1) Parents and guardians of students who participated in the administration; and

(2) The Department of Education for analysis.

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(c) The results of the assessments administered to students as provided for in subsection (b) this Code section shall not be used as part of any education assessment accountability program provided for in Article 2 of Chapter 14 of this title. Reserved."

**SECTION 4.** 

Said chapter is further amended in Part 10 of Article 17, relating to professional standards, by striking "and" at the end of paragraph (3), by replacing the period with "; and" at the end of paragraph (4), and by adding a new paragraph to subsection (b) of Code Section 20-2-984, relating to Professional Standards Commission — authority to create and implement standards and procedures for certifying educational personnel, recommending standards and procedures for certification, continuation of teaching certificates, and restrictions, to read as follows:

"(5) The creation of standards designed to ensure that postsecondary students completing teacher certification programs in this state graduate with the knowledge and skills

**SECTION 5.** 

necessary to teach reading."

244 All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.