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House Bill 346 (COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE)

By: Representatives Cooper of the 43<sup>rd</sup>, Gaines of the 117<sup>th</sup>, Jones of the 47<sup>th</sup>, and Silcox of the 52<sup>nd</sup>

## A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

- 1 To amend Article 1 of Chapter 7 of Title 44 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated,
- 2 relating to landlord and tenant generally, so as to prohibit retaliation by a landlord against a
- 3 tenant for taking certain actions; to provide for circumstances that are not considered
- 4 retaliation; to provide for remedies; to provide for related matters; to repeal conflicting laws;
- 5 and for other purposes.

## 6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

7 SECTION 1.

- 8 Article 1 of Chapter 7 of Title 44 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to
- 9 landlord and tenant generally, is amended by adding a new Code section to read as follows:
- 10 "44-7-24.
- 11 (a) A tenant establishes a prima-facie case of retaliation by demonstrating that he or she
- 12 <u>took an action under subsection (b) of this Code section and by demonstrating that his or</u>
- her landlord took an action under subsection (c) of this Code section.
- 14 (b) Elements of a prima-facie case under this Code section include that a tenant:
- 15 (1) In good faith exercised or attempted to exercise against a landlord a right or remedy
- granted to such tenant by contract or law;
- 17 (2) Gave a landlord a notice to repair or exercise a remedy under this chapter;
- 18 (3) Complained to a governmental entity responsible for enforcing building or housing
- 19 <u>codes or a public utility, and the tenant:</u>
- 20 (A) Claims a building or housing code violation or utility problem that is the duty of
- 21 <u>the landlord to repair; and</u>
- 22 (B) Believes in good faith that the complaint is valid and that the violation or problem
- 23 <u>occurred; or</u>
- 24 (4) Established, attempted to establish, or participated in a tenant organization relative
- 25 <u>to the conditions of the property.</u>

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26 (c) Elements of a prima-facie case under this Code section include that a landlord, within

- 27 <u>six months after the date that a tenant takes any action described under subsection (b) of</u>
- 28 this Code section:
- 29 (1) Filed a dispossessory action, except for the grounds set forth in paragraph (2) of
- 30 <u>subsection (d) of this Code section;</u>
- 31 (2) Deprived the tenant of the use of the premises, except for reasons authorized by law;
- 32 (3) Decreased services to the tenant;
- 33 (4) Increased the tenant's rent or terminated the tenant's lease or rental agreement; or
- 34 (5) Materially interfered with the tenant's rights under the tenant's lease or rental
- 35 <u>agreement.</u>
- 36 (d) A landlord shall not be liable for retaliation under this Code section:
- 37 (1) For increasing rent:
- 38 (A) Under an escalation clause in a written lease for utilities, taxes, or insurance; or
- 39 (B) As part of a pattern of rent increases or for reducing services as part of a pattern
- of service reductions, for an entire multiunit residential building or complex; or
- 41 (2) For a dispossessory action or lease or rental agreement termination in accordance
- 42 <u>with this chapter based upon one or more of the following circumstances:</u>
- 43 (A) The tenant is delinquent in rent when the landlord gives notice to vacate or files
- 44 <u>a dispossessory action;</u>
- 45 (B) The tenant, a member of the tenant's family, or a guest or invitee of the tenant
- 46 <u>intentionally damages property on the premises or by word or conduct threatens the</u>
- 47 <u>personal safety of the landlord, the landlord's employees, or another tenant;</u>
- 48 (C) The tenant has materially breached the lease, other than by holding over, by an
- 49 <u>action such as violating written lease provisions prohibiting serious misconduct or</u>
- criminal acts;
- 51 (D) The tenant holds over after the tenant gives notice of termination or intent to
- 52 <u>vacate</u>; or
- 53 (E) The tenant holds over after the landlord gives notice of termination at the end of
- 54 <u>the rental term as agreed upon in the written lease.</u>
- (e) In addition to any other remedies provided for by law, if a landlord retaliates against
- 56 <u>a tenant pursuant to this Code section, such retaliation shall be a defense to a dispossessory</u>
- 57 <u>action, and the tenant may recover from the landlord a civil penalty of one month's rent</u>
- 58 plus \$500.00, actual damages, court costs, reasonable attorney's fees where the conduct is
- 59 <u>wilful, wanton, or malicious, and declaratory or injunctive relief less any delinquent rents</u>
- or other sums for which the tenant is liable to the landlord. If the tenant's rent payment to
- 61 <u>the landlord is subsidized in whole or in part by a governmental entity, the civil penalty</u>

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62 granted under this Code section shall reflect the fair market rent of the dwelling place plus

63 <u>\$500.00.</u>"

64 SECTION 2.

65 All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are hereby repealed.