House Bill 926

By: Representatives Reeves of the 99th, Mainor of the 56th, Greene of the 154th, Hilton of the 48th, Vance of the 133rd, and others

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

1 To amend Title 17 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to criminal procedure, 2 so as to provide for issuance of certificates by a court for purposes of demonstrating 3 rehabilitation and good moral character; to provide for conditions, procedures, and 4 limitations for issuance of such certificates; to revise procedure for arrest by citation for 5 violations of motor vehicle related laws or ordinances; to provide for contents of uniform 6 traffic citations; to revise consequences upon an individual's driver's license for failure to 7 respond to a uniform traffic citation; to amend Code Section 24-4-419 of the Official Code 8 of Georgia Annotated, relating to admissibility of criminal history record information of an 9 employee or former employee, so as to provide for inadmissability of criminal history record 10 for individuals issued a certificate of good standing; to amend Chapter 5 of Title 40 of the 11 Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to drivers' licenses, so as to provide for the 12 waiver of a driver's license reinstatement fee for individuals submitting pauper affidavits; to 13 revise periods of suspension of license or driving privilege for failure to respond to a uniform 14 traffic citation; to amend Code Section 44-5-150 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, 15 relating to search and notification for information identifying anatomical gift donor status, 16 so as to provide for conforming changes; to amend Code Section 51-1-54 of the Official 17 Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to presumption of due care in hiring of person pardoned 18 or who has obtained a Program and Treatment Completion Certificate, so as to extend the

19 presumption of due care in hiring to individuals issued certificates of good standing; to

- 20 provide a short title; to provide for related matters; to provide for an effective date; to repeal
- 21 conflicting laws; and for other purposes.
- BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:
- SECTION 1.
- 24 This Act shall be known and may be cited as the "Second Chance Workforce Act."
- 25 SECTION 2.
- 26 Title 17 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to criminal procedure, is
- 27 amended by adding a new Code section to read as follows:
- 28 "17-1-5.
- 29 (a) For purposes of this Code section, the term:
- 30 (1) 'Certificate of good standing' means a finding that an eligible individual has been
- rehabilitated and is of good moral character.
- 32 (2) 'Eligible individual' means any individual convicted of a criminal offense other than
- 33 <u>one which requires registration on the National Sex Offender Registry or the state sexual</u>
- offender registry and who has completed the terms of his or her sentence and has no
- 35 pending criminal charges.
- 36 (b) An eligible individual who has not been convicted of any crime in any jurisdiction for
- 37 <u>at least six months from the completion of his or her sentence may petition the superior</u>
- 38 court in the county wherein he or she resides for issuance of a certificate of good standing.
- 39 Such petition shall be submitted on a form promulgated by the Attorney General for such
- 40 purpose and include a copy of his or her criminal history background check report
- 41 <u>conducted by the Georgia Crime Information Center that has been completed no more than</u>
- 42 three business days prior to the filing of the petition. Such court shall maintain jurisdiction

43 over the case for this limited purpose and duration. A hearing on the issue shall be held within 90 days of the filing of the petition. The court shall hear evidence and shall issue 44 45 a certificate of good standing if it determines, by a preponderance of the evidence, that the 46 eligible individual is law-abiding and fully rehabilitated and granting a certificate of good 47 standing would be consistent with the eligible individual's rehabilitation and the interest of the public. 48 49 (c) No eligible individual with an outstanding warrant issued by a jurisdiction in this state or any other state or by the United States shall file a petition provided for in this Code 50 51 section. 52 (d) A certificate of good standing shall have the force and effect of final judgment and may be used by an eligible individual as evidence of good moral character for purposes of 53 employment, housing, and occupational licensing. Issuance of a certificate of good 54 standing shall not prevent any judicial or administrative proceeding, any licensing 55 authority, or any other body, board, employer, or authority from accessing or considering 56 the eligible individual's criminal history record information. 57 58 (e) Upon notice to an eligible individual, a certificate of good standing may be revoked by 59 the court of issuance upon indictment for a subsequent offense. 60 (f) If a petition under this Code section has been denied, an eligible individual may file a 61 subsequent petition after the expiration of two years from the date of the final order from the previous petition." 62

63 SECTION 3.

Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 17-4-23, relating to procedure for arrests by citation for motor vehicle violations, issuance of warrants for arrest for failure of persons charged to appear in court, and bond, as follows:

67 "17-4-23.

(a)(1) A law enforcement officer may arrest a person accused of violating any law or ordinance enacted by local law governing the operation, licensing, registration, maintenance, or inspection of motor vehicles or violating paragraph (2), (3), or (5) of subsection (a) of Code Section 3-3-23 by the issuance of a citation, provided that such offense is committed in his or her presence or information constituting a basis for such arrest was received by the arresting officer from a law enforcement officer observing such offense being committed, except that, when such offense results in an accident, an investigating officer may issue citations regardless of whether the offense occurred in the presence of a law enforcement officer.

(2) A law enforcement officer may arrest a person accused of any misdemeanor violation of Code Section 16-7-21, 16-8-14, 16-8-14.1, or 16-13-30 by the issuance of a citation, provided that such offense is committed in his or her presence or information constituting a basis for such arrest was received by the arresting officer or an investigating officer from another law enforcement officer or other individual observing or aware of such offense being committed. When an arrest is made for such offense, prior to releasing the accused on citation, the arresting law enforcement officer shall review the accused's criminal record as such is on file with the Federal Bureau of Investigation and the Georgia Crime Information Center within the Georgia Bureau of Investigation and ensure that the accused's fingerprints are obtained.

(3) The arresting officer shall issue a citation to the accused which shall enumerate the specific charges and the date upon which he or she is to appear and answer the charges or a notation that he or she will be later notified of the date upon which he or she is to appear and answer the charges. When an arresting officer makes an arrest concerning the operation of a motor vehicle based on information received from another law enforcement officer who observed the offense being committed, the citation shall list the

name of each officer and each officer must be present when the charges against the accused are heard. (b)(1) When an accused is issued a citation pursuant to paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of this Code section, and H the accused fails to appear as specified in the citation, the judicial officer having jurisdiction of the offense may issue a warrant ordering the apprehension of the accused and commanding that he or she be brought before the court to answer the charge contained within the citation and the charge of his or her failure to appear as required. The accused shall then be allowed to make a reasonable bond to appear on a given date before the court. (c)(2) When an accused is issued a citation pursuant to paragraph (2) of subsection (a) of this Code section Notwithstanding subsection (b) of this Code section, when an accused was issued a citation for a violation of Code Section 16-7-21, 16-8-14, 16-8-14.1, or 16-13-30, and the accused fails to appear as specified in the citation, the judicial officer having jurisdiction of the offense, absent a finding of sufficient excuse to appear at the time and place specified in the citation, shall issue a warrant ordering the apprehension of the accused and commanding that he or she be brought before the court to answer the charge contained within the citation and the charge of his or her failure to appear as required. The accused shall then be allowed to make a reasonable bond to

112 SECTION 4.

appear on a given date before the court."

Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 17-6-11, relating to display of driver's license for violation of certain traffic related laws, notice of failure to appear, suspension of

license, arrest, and seizure of license, as follows:

116 "17-6-11.

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(a)(1) When an individual is apprehended by an officer for the violation of the laws of this state or ordinances relating to the offenses listed in paragraph (2) of this subsection, he or

she may display his or her driver's license and be issued a uniform traffic citation in lieu of being:

- (A) Brought before the proper magistrate or other judicial officer;
- 122 (B) Incarcerated;
- 123 (C) Ordered to post a bond; or
- (D) Ordered a recognizance for his or her appearance for trial.
- 125 (2) This subsection shall apply to any violation:
- (A) Of Title 40 except any offense:
- 127 (i) For which a driver's license may be suspended for a first offense by the commissioner of driver services;
- (ii) Covered under Code Section 40-5-54; or
- (iii) Covered under Article 15 of Chapter 6 of Title 40;
- (B) Involving the width, height, and length of vehicles and loads;
- (C) Involving motor common carriers and motor contract carriers;
- (D) Involving hazardous materials transportation; or
- 134 (E) Involving road taxes on motor carriers as provided in Article 2 of Chapter 9 of
- Title 48.
- 136 (3) The apprehending officer shall include the individual's driver's license number on the
- uniform traffic citation. When an apprehending officer issues a citation based on
- information received from another law enforcement officer who observed the offense
- being committed, the citation shall list the name of each officer, and both officers shall
- be present when the charges against the accused are heard. The uniform traffic citation,
- duly served as provided in this Code section, shall give the judicial officer jurisdiction
- to dispose of the matter.
- 143 (4) Upon display of the driver's license, the apprehending officer shall release the
- individual so charged for his or her further appearance before the proper judicial officer
- as required by the uniform traffic citation.

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(b)(1) When a uniform traffic citation is issued and if the accused fails to appear for court or otherwise dispose of his or her charges before his or her scheduled court appearance as stated on the uniform traffic citation, prior to the court issuing a bench warrant, the clerk of court shall notify the accused by first-class mail or by postcard at the address listed on the uniform traffic citation of his or her failure to appear. Such notice shall be dated and allow the accused 30 days from such date to dispose of his or her charges or waive arraignment and plead not guilty. If after the expiration of such 30 day period the accused fails to dispose of his or her charges or waive arraignment and plead not guilty, the clerk of court in which the charges are lodged shall, within five days of such date, forward to the Department of Driver Services the accused's driver's license number unless otherwise ordered by the court. The commissioner of driver services shall, upon receipt of such driver's license number, suspend such accused's driver's license and driving privilege until notified by the clerk of court that the accused has scheduled a new date to appear before the court, made an appearance in court, or waived arraignment, the charge against the accused has been finally adjudicated, or the court has otherwise ordered such accused driver's license to be reinstated. The clerk of court shall notify the Department of Driver Services when the accused has scheduled a new date to appear before the court, appeared in court for a hearing or arraignment, or waived arraignment, the charge against the accused has been finally adjudicated, or the court has otherwise ordered such accused driver's license reinstated. Such accused's driver's license shall be reinstated when the Department of Driver Services receives notice that the accused has scheduled a new date to appear before the court, notice that such person has made an appearance in court, notice that such person has waived arraignment, proof of the final adjudication or order of reinstatement by the court and the accused individual pays to the Department of Driver Services the applicable restoration fee as set forth in Code Section 40-5-56, unless such fee is waived by the court or otherwise as provided by law.

172 (2)(A) The scheduling of a new date to appear before the court for disposition of a 173 uniform traffic citation shall not be conditioned upon payment of any fee for a previous 174 failure to appear. (B) After the clerk court has notified the Department of Driver Services of a newly 175 scheduled date for an accused to appear before the court pursuant to paragraph (1) of 176 this subsection, when the accused requests, for a second or subsequent time, a new date 177 178 for disposition of the same uniform traffic citation, the court may forward to the 179 Department of Driver Services the accused's driver's license number. 180 commissioner of driver services shall, upon receipt of such driver's license number, suspend such accused's driver's license and driving privilege until notified by the clerk 181 182 of court that the accused has appeared in court, the charge against the accused has been finally adjudicated, or the court has otherwise ordered such accused driver's license to 183 184 be reinstated. 185 (C) After the clerk court has notified the Department of Driver Services of a newly 186 scheduled date for an accused to appear before the court pursuant to paragraph (1) of this subsection, when the accused fails, for a second or subsequent time, to appear for 187 188 court or otherwise dispose of his or her charges before his or her newly scheduled court 189 appearance for disposition of the same uniform traffic citation, the court may forward 190 to the Department of Driver Services the accused's driver's license number. The commissioner of driver services shall, upon receipt of such driver's license number, 191 192 suspend such accused's driver's license and driving privilege until notified by the clerk 193 of court that the accused has appeared in court, the charge against the accused has been 194 finally adjudicated, or the court has otherwise ordered such accused driver's license to be reinstated. Nothing in this subsection shall require a clerk of court to notify the 195 Department of Driver Services of the scheduling of a new date to appear before the 196 197 court for disposition of the same uniform traffic citation after an accused fails to appear

for court pursuant to this subparagraph.

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(D) Nothing in this subsection shall prevent a court from establishing a policy or
 practice, by standing order or otherwise, to notify the Department of Driver Services
 of newly scheduled hearings subsequent to the accused's first newly scheduled hearing.

- (3) This subsection shall not apply to any violation of Title 40:
- 203 (A) For which a driver's license may be suspended for a first offense by the commissioner of driver services;
 - (B) Covered under Code Section 40-5-54; or

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- (C) Covered under Article 15 of Chapter 6 of Title 40.
- (b.1)(c) A It shall be the duty of a law enforcement officer or emergency medical technician responding to the scene of any motor vehicle accident or other accident involving a fatal injury to examine shall immediately examine the driver's license of the victim to determine the victim's wishes concerning organ donation. If the victim has indicated that he or she wishes to be an organ donor, it shall be the duty of such law enforcement officer or emergency medical technician to shall take appropriate action to ensure, if possible, that the victim's organs shall not be are not imperiled by delay in verification by the donor's next of kin.
- 215 (e)(d) Nothing in this Code section bars shall prohibit any law enforcement officer from arresting or from seizing the driver's license of any individual possessing a fraudulent license or a suspended license or operating a motor vehicle while his or her license is suspended, outside the scope of a driving permit, or without a license.
- 219 (d)(e) The commissioner of driver services shall be authorized to promulgate reasonable 220 rules and regulations to carry out the purposes of this Code section and to establish 221 agreements with other states whereby a valid license from that state may be accepted for 222 purposes of this Code section."

223 **SECTION 5.**

- 224 Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 17-7-90, relating to issuance of bench
- warrant, execution, and receiving bail, fixing bond, and approving sureties, as follows:
- 226 "17-7-90.
- 227 (a) A bench warrant may be issued by a judge for the arrest of a person:
- 228 (1) Accused of a crime by a grand jury;
- 229 (2) Except as otherwise provided in Code Section 17-6-11, charged with a crime who has
- failed to appear in court after:
- (A) Actual notice of the time and place to appear to the person in open court;
- 232 (B) Notice of the time and place to appear to the person by mailing a notice to such person's last known address; or
- 234 (C) The person has otherwise been notified of the time and place to appear personally, 235 in writing, by a court official or officer of the court;
- 236 (3) Charged with a crime upon the filing by the prosecutor of an accusation supported by affidavit; or
- 238 (4) Who failed to dispose of his or her charges, schedule a new date to appear before the court, make an appearance in court, or waive arraignment and plead not guilty after the
- expiration of the 30 day period set forth in subsection (b) of Code Section 17-6-11.
- 241 (b) Every officer is bound to execute a bench warrant within his or her jurisdiction, and
- every person so arrested shall be committed to jail until bail is tendered. Any judicial
- officer or the sheriff of the county where the charge was returned may receive the bail, fix
- the amount of the bond, and approve the sureties unless it is a case that is bailable only
- before some particular judicial officer."

246	SECTION 6.
247	Code Section 24-4-419 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to admissibility
248	of criminal history record information of an employee or former employee, is amended by
249	revising subsection (b) as follows:
250	"(b) In a civil proceeding against an employer, its employees, or its agents based on the
251	conduct of an employee or former employee, criminal history record information shall not
252	be admissible if:
253	(1) The nature of such criminal history record information is not relevant to the facts
254	underlying such proceeding or the veracity of the witness;
255	(2) Prior to the act giving rise to such proceedings, criminal history record information
256	was restricted or sealed as provided in Code Section 35-3-37, or a pardon for such
257	conduct was granted, or a certificate of good standing was issued pursuant to Code
258	<u>Section 17-1-5</u> ; or
259	(3) Such criminal history information is for an arrest or charge that did not result in a
260	conviction."
261	SECTION 7.
262	Chapter 5 of Title 40 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to drivers' licenses,
263	is amended in Code Section 40-5-9, relating to pauper's affidavit for a partial waiver of
264	driver's license reinstatement and restoration fees, by revising subsection (b) as follows:
265	"(b) Upon the submission of a pauper's affidavit, the driver's license reinstatement or
266	restoration fee shall be 50 percent of the fee required by law waived."
267	SECTION 8.
268	Said chapter is further amended by revising Code Section 40-5-56, relating to cancellation,
269	suspension, and revocation of licenses, as follows:

270 "40-5-56.

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(a) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter or any other law to the contrary and unless otherwise ordered by the court, the department shall suspend the driver's license or privilege to operate a motor vehicle in this state of any person who has failed to respond to a citation to appear before a court of competent jurisdiction in this state or in any other state for a traffic violation other than a parking violation. The department shall include language in the uniform traffic citation stating that failure to appear and respond to such citation may result in the suspension of the violator's driver's license or nonresident driving privilege. The language reflected on a uniform traffic citation issued in this state shall be sufficient notice of said suspension to support a conviction for a violation of Code Section 40-5-121 if such person drives subsequent to the imposition of such a suspension following his or her failure to appear; provided, however, that the department shall send notice of any suspension imposed pursuant to this Code section via certified mail or certificate of mailing to the address reflected on its records as the person's mailing address. For purposes of this subsection, the term 'certificate of mailing' means a delivery method utilized by the United States Postal Service which provides evidence that an item has been sent and the date such item was accepted. (b) The suspension provided for in this Code section shall be for an indefinite period until such person shall respond and pay any fines and penalties imposed has scheduled a new date to appear before the court pursuant to subsection (b) of Code Section 17-6-11, made an appearance in court through hearing or arraignment, or waived arraignment, the charge against the accused has been finally adjudicated, or the court otherwise orders such person's driver's license be reinstated. Such person's license shall be reinstated when the department receives proof of payment of any fines and penalties, notice that the accused has scheduled a new date to appear before the court pursuant to subsection (b) of Code Section 17-6-11, notice that such person has made an appearance in court, notice that such person has

waived arraignment, proof of the final adjudication, or order of reinstatement by the court

or order of reinstatement by the court and the person pays the applicable restoration fee of \$100.00 or \$90.00 when such reinstatement is processed by mail to the department, unless such fee is waived by the court or otherwise as provided by law. Such suspension shall be in addition to any other suspension or revocation provided for in this chapter."

301 SECTION 9.

Code Section 44-5-150 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to search and notification for information identifying anatomical gift donor status, is amended by revising paragraph (1) of subsection (a) as follows:

"(1) A law enforcement officer, firefighter, paramedic, emergency medical technician, or other first responder finding the individual, in accordance with subsection (b.1) (c) of Code Section 17-6-11; and"

SECTION 10.

Code Section 51-1-54 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to presumption of due care in hiring of person pardoned or who has obtained a Program and Treatment Completion Certificate, is amended by revising subsection (b) as follows:

"(b) Issuance of a Program and Treatment Completion Certificate by the Board of Corrections or the Board of Community Supervision, the granting of a certificate of good standing pursuant to Code Section 17-1-5, or the granting of a pardon from the State Board of Pardons and Paroles as provided in the Constitution and Code Section 42-9-42 shall create a presumption of due care in hiring, retaining, licensing, leasing to, admitting to a school or program, or otherwise engaging in activity with the individual to whom the Program and Treatment Completion Certificate or certificate of good standing was issued or the pardon was granted. Such presumption may be rebutted by relevant evidence which extends beyond the scope of the Program and Treatment Completion Certificate, certificate

321 322	of good standing, or pardon and which was known or should have been known by the person against whom negligence is asserted."
323	SECTION 11.
324	This Act shall become effective upon its approval by the Governor or upon its becoming law
325	without such approval.

326 **SECTION 12.**

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327 All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.