The Senate Committee on Finance offered the following substitute to HB 230:

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

1 To amend Chapter 8 of Title 48 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to sales 2 and use taxes, so as to provide for a qualified consolidated government special purpose local 3 option sales tax; to provide an exception to a ceiling on local sales and use taxes; to provide 4 for definitions; to provide for authorization of tax and applicability; to provide for local 5 authorization and referenda; to provide for imposition and termination of tax; to provide for 6 limitations; to provide for administration and collection of tax; to provide for returns; to 7 provide for distribution of tax proceeds; to provide for personal property in other 8 jurisdictions; to prohibit taxation of products ordered and delivered outside of jurisdiction; 9 to prohibit taxation of certain construction materials; to provide for rules and regulations; to 10 provide for related matters; to provide for use of proceeds and general obligation debt; 11 to provide for related matters; to provide an effective date; to repeal conflicting laws; and for 12 other purposes.

13 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

14

SECTION 1.

15 Chapter 8 of Title 48 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to sales and use16 taxes, is amended in Code Section 48-8-6, relating to prohibition of political subdivisions

17 from imposing various taxes, ceiling on local sales and use taxes, and taxation of mobile

18 telecommunications, by revising paragraphs (6) and (7) of subsection (a) and adding a new

19 paragraph to read as follows:

20 "(6) A sales and use tax levied under Article 5A of this chapter; and

21 (7) A sales and use tax levied under Article 2 of Chapter 9 of Title 32<u>; and</u>

- 22 (8) A sales and use tax levied under Part 3 of Article 3 of this chapter."
- 23

SECTION 2.

24 Said chapter is further amended by revising Article 3, relating to county sales and use taxes,

25 by adding a new part to read as follows:

26

"<u>Part 3</u>

<u>48-8-145.</u>

28 As used in this part, the term:

(1) 'Coliseum capital outlay project' means any capital outlay project or projects, as
 defined in paragraph (1) of Code Section 48-8-110, within the special district and

31 consisting of the acquisition, construction, renovation, improvement, and equipping of

32 <u>buildings</u>, structures, and facilities as a successor facility to a multiuse coliseum or civic

33 <u>center type of facility, or a combination of such facilities, in operation on the same site</u>

34 for a minimum of 35 years and that includes, among other facilities, an arena originally

35 constructed with a minimum of 5,000 permanent seats, such successor facility to be

36 owned or operated, or both, either by the qualified consolidated government, one or more

37 <u>local authorities within the special district, or any combination thereof.</u>

38 (2) 'Project cost' means the cost of acquiring, constructing, reconstructing, renovating,

39 repairing, improving, and installing any coliseum capital outlay project, or any

40 <u>combination of the foregoing.</u>

41 (3) 'Qualified consolidated government' means a consolidated government created by the

42 <u>consolidation of a county and one or more municipalities and within the geographic</u>

- 43 <u>boundaries of the county in which such consolidated government exists there exist on the</u>
- 44 date of the call of the election pursuant to subsection (b) of Code Section 48-8-147 two
- 45 <u>or more incorporated municipalities.</u>

46 <u>48-8-146.</u>

- 47 (a) The governing authority of any qualified consolidated government whose geographic
- 48 <u>boundary is coterminous with that of the special district in which the sales and use tax</u>
- 49 authorized by Part 1 of Article 3 of this chapter is being levied may, subject to the
- 50 requirement of referendum approval and the other requirements of this part, impose within
- 51 the special district a special sales and use tax for a limited period of time for the purpose
- 52 of funding coliseum capital outlay projects and project costs.
- 53 (b) Except as provided in subsection (c) of this Code section, any tax imposed under this
- 54 part shall be at the rate of 0.5 percent. Except as to rate, a tax imposed under this part shall
- 55 correspond to the tax imposed by Article 1 of this chapter. No item or transaction which
- 56 is not subject to taxation under Article 1 of this chapter shall be subject to a tax imposed
- 57 <u>under this part, except that a tax imposed under this part shall apply to sales of motor fuels</u>
- 58 as prepaid local tax as that term is defined in Code Section 48-8-2 and shall be applicable
- 59 to the sale of food and food ingredients and alcoholic beverages as provided for in Code

60 <u>Section 48-8-3.</u>

- 61 (c) Such sales and use tax levied on sales of motor fuels as defined in Code Section 48-9-2
- 62 shall be at the rate of 0.5 percent of the retail sales price of the motor fuel which is not
- 63 more than \$3.00 per gallon.

64	<u>48-8-147.</u>
65	(a) The governing authority of a qualified consolidated government voting to impose the
66	tax authorized by this part within the special district shall notify the qualified consolidated
67	government election superintendent by forwarding to the superintendent a copy of the
68	resolution or ordinance of the governing authority calling for the imposition of the tax.
69	Such ordinance or resolution shall specify:
70	(1) The aggregate maximum cost of the project or projects which shall be funded from
71	the proceeds of the tax;
72	(2) The maximum amount of net proceeds to be raised by the tax, which shall be equal
73	to the lesser of \$250 million or the amount specified in paragraph (1) of this subsection;
74	and
75	(3) If general obligation debt is to be issued in conjunction with the imposition of the tax,
76	as authorized by this part, the principal amount of the debt to be issued, which shall not
77	exceed \$250 million; the interest rate or rates or the maximum interest rate or rates which
78	such debt is to bear; and the amount of principal to be paid in each year during the life
79	of the debt.
80	(b) Upon receipt of the resolution or ordinance, the qualified consolidated government
81	election superintendent shall issue the call for an election for the purpose of submitting the
82	question of the imposition of the tax to the voters of the qualified consolidated government.
83	The qualified consolidated government election superintendent shall issue the call and shall
84	conduct the election on a date and in the manner authorized under Code Section 21-2-540.
85	The qualified consolidated government election superintendent shall cause the date and
86	purpose of the election to be published once a week for four weeks immediately preceding
87	the date of the election in the legal organ of the qualified consolidated government or in a
88	newspaper having general circulation in the qualified consolidated government at least
89	equal to that of the legal organ. If general obligation debt is to be issued in conjunction
90	with the imposition of the tax, the notice published by the qualified consolidated

91	government election superintendent shall also include, in such form as may be specified
92	by the qualified consolidated government governing authority, the principal amount of the
93	debt which shall not exceed \$250 million, the rate or rates of interest or the maximum rate
94	or rates of interest the debt shall bear, and the amount of principal to be paid in each year
95	during the life of the debt; and such publication of notice by the qualified consolidated
96	government election superintendent shall take the place of the notice otherwise required
97	by Code Section 36-80-11 or by subsection (b) of Code Section 36-82-1, which notice shall
98	not be required.
99	(c)(1) The ballot shall have written or printed thereon the following:
100	'() YES Shall a special 0.5 percent sales and use tax be imposed in the special
101	district of in order to raise \$ to fund coliseum
102	() NO capital outlay projects and related project costs?
103	(2) If debt is to be issued, the ballot shall also have written or printed thereon, following
104	the language specified by paragraph (1) of this subsection, the following:
105	'If imposition of the tax is approved by the voters, such vote shall also constitute approval
106	of the issuance of general obligation debt of in the principal amount of \$
107	for the above purpose.'
108	(d) All persons desiring to vote in favor of imposing the tax shall vote 'Yes' and all persons
109	opposed to levying the tax shall vote 'No.' If more than one-half of the votes cast are in
110	favor of imposing the tax, then the tax shall be imposed as provided in this part; otherwise,
111	the tax shall not be imposed and the question of imposing the tax shall not again be
112	submitted to the voters of the qualified consolidated government until after 12 months
113	immediately following the month in which the election was held; provided, however, that
114	if an election date authorized under Code Section 21-2-540 occurs during the twelfth month

115 immediately following the month in which such election was held, the question of

- 116 imposing the tax may be submitted to the voters of the qualified consolidated government
- 117 on such date. The qualified consolidated government election superintendent shall hold

118	and conduct the election under the same rules and regulations as govern special elections.
119	The qualified consolidated government election superintendent shall canvass the returns,
120	declare the result of the election, and certify the result to the Secretary of State and to the
121	commissioner. The expense of the election shall be paid from qualified consolidated
122	government funds.
123	(e)(1) If the proposal includes the authority to issue general obligation debt and if more
124	than one-half of the votes cast are in favor of the proposal, then the authority to issue such
125	debt in accordance with Article IX, Section V, Paragraph I of the Constitution is given
126	to the proper officers of the qualified consolidated government; otherwise such debt shall
127	not be issued. If the authority to issue such debt is so approved by the voters, then such
128	debt may be issued without further approval by the voters.
129	(2) If the issuance of general obligation debt is included and approved as provided in this
130	Code section, then the governing authority of the qualified consolidated government may
131	incur such debt either through the issuance and validation of general obligation bonds or
132	through the execution of a promissory note or notes or other instrument or instruments.
133	If such debt is incurred through the issuance of general obligation bonds, such bonds and
134	their issuance and validation shall be subject to Articles 1 and 2 of Chapter 82 of Title 36,
135	except as specifically provided otherwise in this part. If such debt is incurred through the
136	execution of a promissory note or notes or other instrument or instruments, no validation
137	proceedings shall be necessary and such debt shall be subject to Code Sections 36-80-10
138	through 36-80-14, except as specifically provided otherwise in this part. In either event,
139	such general obligation debt shall be payable first from the separate account in which are
140	placed the proceeds received by the qualified consolidated government from the tax
141	authorized by this part. Such general obligation debt shall, however, constitute a pledge
142	of the full faith, credit, and taxing power of the qualified consolidated government; and
143	any liability on such debt which is not satisfied from the proceeds of the tax authorized

144	by this part shall be satisfied from the general funds of the qualified consolidated
145	government.
146	<u>48-8-148.</u>
147	(a)(1) If the imposition of the tax is approved by referendum, the tax shall be imposed
148	on the first day of the next succeeding calendar quarter which begins more than 80 days
149	after the date of the election at which the tax was approved by the voters.
150	(2) With respect to services that are regularly billed on a monthly basis, however, the
151	resolution or ordinance imposing the tax shall become effective and the tax shall apply
152	to the first regular billing period coinciding with or following the effective date specified
153	in paragraph (1) of this subsection. A certified copy of the ordinance or resolution
154	imposing the tax shall be forwarded to the commissioner to ensure it is received within
155	five business days after certification of the election results.
156	(b) The tax shall cease to be imposed on the earliest of the following:
157	(1) If the resolution or ordinance calling for the imposition of the tax provided for the
158	issuance of general obligation debt and such debt is the subject of validation proceedings,
159	as of the end of the first calendar quarter ending more than 80 days after the date on
160	which a court of competent jurisdiction enters a final order denying validation of such
161	<u>debt; or</u>
162	(2) As of the end of the calendar quarter during which the commissioner determines that
163	the tax raised revenues sufficient to provide to the qualified consolidated government net
164	proceeds equal to or greater than the amount specified as the maximum amount of net
165	proceeds to be raised by the tax.
166	(c)(1) In no event shall the maximum amount of net proceeds to be raised or the amount
167	of general obligation bonds issued under this part by a qualified consolidated government
168	exceed \$250 million.

169 (2) No qualified consolidated government shall at any time impose more than a single

170 <u>0.5 percent tax under this part.</u>

- 171 (3) In no event shall the tax authorized by this part be renewed or reauthorized. Each
- 172 <u>qualified consolidated government shall be limited to one imposition of the tax authorized</u>
- 173 <u>by this part.</u>

174 <u>48-8-149.</u>

175 A tax levied pursuant to this part shall be exclusively administered and collected by the commissioner for the use and benefit of the qualified consolidated government imposing 176 177 the tax. Such administration and collection shall be accomplished in the same manner and subject to the same applicable provisions, procedures, and penalties provided in Article 1 178 179 of this chapter except that the sales and use tax provided in this part shall be applicable to 180 sales of motor fuels as prepaid local tax as that term is defined in Code Section 48-8-2; 181 provided, however, that all moneys collected from each taxpayer by the commissioner shall 182 be applied first to such taxpayer's liability for taxes owed the state; and provided, further, that the commissioner may rely upon a representation by or in behalf of the qualified 183 184 consolidated government or the Secretary of State that such a tax has been validly imposed, 185 and the commissioner and the commissioner's agents shall not be liable to any person for 186 collecting any such tax which was not validly imposed. Dealers shall be allowed a 187 percentage of the amount of the tax due and accounted for and shall be reimbursed in the 188 form of a deduction in submitting, reporting, and paying the amount due if such amount 189 is not delinquent at the time of payment. The deduction shall be at the rate and subject to 190 the requirements specified under subsections (b) through (f) of Code Section 48-8-50.

<u>191 <u>48-8-150.</u></u>

192 Each sales and use tax return remitting sales and use taxes collected under this part shall

193 separately identify the location of each retail establishment at which any of the sales and

- 194 use taxes remitted were collected and shall specify the amount of sales and the amount of
- 195 <u>taxes collected at each establishment for the period covered by the return to facilitate the</u>
- 196 determination by the commissioner that all sales and use taxes imposed by this part are
- 197 <u>collected and distributed according to situs of sale.</u>
- <u>198</u> <u>48-8-151.</u>
- 199 The proceeds of the tax collected by the commissioner in each qualified consolidated
- 200 government under this part shall be disbursed as soon as practicable after collection as
- 201 <u>follows:</u>
- 202 (1) One percent of the amount collected shall be paid into the general fund of the state
- 203 treasury to defray the costs of administration; and
- 204 (2) The remaining proceeds of the tax shall be distributed to the governing authority of
- 205 <u>the qualified consolidated government imposing the tax.</u>
- <u>48-8-152.</u>

207 Where a local sales or use tax has been paid with respect to tangible personal property by 208 the purchaser either in another local tax jurisdiction within the state or in a tax jurisdiction 209 outside the state, the tax may be credited against the tax authorized to be imposed by this 210 part upon the same property. If the amount of sales or use tax so paid is less than the 211 amount of the use tax due under this part, the purchaser shall pay an amount equal to the 212 difference between the amount paid in the other tax jurisdiction and the amount due under 213 this part. The commissioner may require such proof of payment in another local tax 214 jurisdiction as the commissioner deems necessary and proper. No credit shall be granted, however, against the tax imposed under this part for tax paid in another jurisdiction if the 215 tax paid in such other jurisdiction is used to obtain a credit against any other local sales and 216 use tax levied in the qualified consolidated government or in a special district which 217 218 includes the qualified consolidated government; and taxes so paid in another jurisdiction

- 219 shall be credited first against the tax levied under Article 2 of this chapter, if applicable,
- 220 then against the tax levied under Part 1 of Article 3 of this chapter, if applicable, then
- 221 against the tax levied under Part 2 of Article 3 of this chapter, if applicable, and then
- 222 <u>against the tax levied under this part.</u>

<u>48-8-153.</u>

- No tax provided for in this part shall be imposed upon the sale of tangible personal property which is ordered by and delivered to the purchaser at a point outside the geographical area of the qualified consolidated government in which the tax is imposed regardless of the point at which title passes, if the delivery is made by the seller's vehicle,
- 228 and including United States mail or common carrier or by a private or contract carrier
- 229 licensed by the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration or the Georgia Department
- 230 of Public Safety.
- <u>48-8-154.</u>
- 232 No tax provided for in this part shall be imposed upon the sale or use of building and
- 233 construction materials when the contract pursuant for which the materials are purchased
- 234 or used was advertised for bid prior to the voters' approval of the levy of the tax and the
- 235 contract was entered into as a result of a bid actually submitted in response to the
- 236 <u>advertisement prior to approval of the levy of the tax.</u>
- <u>48-8-155.</u>
- 238 The commissioner shall have the power and authority to promulgate such rules and
- 239 regulations as shall be necessary for the effective and efficient administration and
- 240 <u>enforcement of the collection of the tax authorized by this part.</u>
- <u>48-8-156.</u>

- 242 The tax authorized by this part shall be in addition to any other local sales and use tax. The
- 243 imposition of any other local sales and use tax within a county, municipality, or special
- 244 <u>district shall not affect the authority of a qualified consolidated government to impose the</u>
- 245 tax authorized by this part and the imposition of the tax authorized by this part shall not
- 246 affect the imposition of any otherwise authorized local sales and use tax within a county,
- 247 <u>municipality, or special district.</u>

<u>48-8-157.</u>

- 249 (a) The proceeds received from the tax authorized by this part shall be used by the
- 250 qualified consolidated government exclusively for:
- 251 (1) Coliseum capital outlay projects and project costs;
- 252 (2) The repayment of general obligation indebtedness incurred in conjunction with the
- 253 <u>imposition of the tax authorized by this part; or</u>
- (3) The repayment of any loans made to such qualified consolidated government with
 respect to such coliseum capital outlay projects and project costs.
- 256 Such proceeds shall be kept in a separate account from other funds of the qualified
- 257 consolidated government and shall not in any manner be commingled with other funds of
- 258 the qualified consolidated government prior to expenditure.
- 259 (b) The governing authority of the qualified consolidated government shall maintain a
- 260 record of every project cost for which the proceeds of the tax are used. In each annual
- audit a schedule shall be included that shows for each ongoing such project the original
- 262 estimated cost, the current estimated cost if it is not the original estimated cost, amounts
- 263 expended in prior years, and amounts expended in the current year. The auditor shall
- 264 verify and test expenditures sufficient to provide assurances that the schedule is fairly
- 265 presented in relation to the financial statements. The auditor's report on the financial
- 266 statements shall include an opinion, or disclaimer of opinion, as to whether the schedule

267 is presented fairly in all material respects in relation to the financial statements taken as a 268 whole. 269 (c) No general obligation debt shall be issued in conjunction with the imposition of the tax 270 unless the qualified consolidated government governing authority determines that, and if 271 the debt is to be validated it is demonstrated in the validation proceedings that, during each year in which any payment of principal or interest on the debt comes due the qualified 272 273 consolidated government shall receive from the tax authorized by this part net proceeds 274 sufficient to fully satisfy such liability. General obligation debt issued under this part shall 275 be payable first from the separate account in which are placed the proceeds received by the 276 qualified consolidated government from the tax authorized by this part. Such debt, 277 however, shall constitute a pledge of the full faith, credit, and taxing power of the qualified 278 consolidated government; and any liability on said debt which is not satisfied from the proceeds of the tax authorized by this part shall be satisfied from the general funds of the 279 280 qualified consolidated government. 281 (d) The resolution or ordinance calling for imposition of the tax authorized by this part 282 may specify that all proceeds from the tax shall be used for payment of general obligation 283 debt issued in conjunction with the imposition of the tax. If the resolution or ordinance so 284 provides, then such proceeds shall be used solely for such purpose except as provided in 285 subsection (e) of this Code section. In such a case no part of the net proceeds from the tax 286 received in any year shall be used for other project costs until all debt service requirements 287 of the general obligation debt for that year have first been satisfied from the account in 288 which the proceeds of the tax are placed. 289 (e)(1)(A) If the proceeds of the tax are specified to be used solely for the purpose of 290 payment of general obligation debt issued in conjunction with the imposition of the tax, 291 then any net proceeds of the tax in excess of the amount required for final payment of 292 such debt shall be subject to and applied as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection.

293	(B) If the qualified consolidated government receives from the tax net proceeds in
294	excess of \$250 million, the maximum cost of the project or projects calling for the
295	imposition of the tax, or the actual cost of such project or projects, then such excess
296	proceeds shall be subject to and applied as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection.
297	(C) If the tax is terminated under paragraph (1) of subsection (b) of Code
298	Section 48-8-148 by reason of denial of validation of debt, then all net proceeds
299	received by the qualified consolidated government from the tax shall be excess
300	proceeds subject to paragraph (2) of this subsection.
301	(2) Excess proceeds subject to this subsection shall be used solely for the purpose of
302	reducing any indebtedness of the qualified consolidated government other than
303	indebtedness incurred pursuant to this part. If there is no such other indebtedness or, if
304	the excess proceeds exceed the amount of any such other indebtedness, then the excess
305	proceeds shall next be paid into the general fund of the qualified consolidated
306	government, it being the intent that any funds so paid into the general fund of the
307	qualified consolidated government be used for the purpose of reducing ad valorem taxes."

308

SECTION 3.

309 This Act shall become effective upon its approval by the Governor or upon its becoming law310 without such approval.

311 SEC

SECTION 4.

312 All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.