House Bill 244

By: Representatives Petrea of the 166th, Rhodes of the 124th, DeLoach of the 167th, Sainz of the 180th, Townsend of the 179th, and others

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

1 To amend Chapter 1 of Title 27 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to 2 general provisions relative to game and fish, so as to extend the date by which rules and 3 regulations prescribed by the Board of Natural Resources must be in effect for purposes of 4 establishing criminal violations of said rules and regulations; to amend Part 1 of Article 4 of 5 Chapter 4 of Title 27 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to general provisions relative to seafood, so as to require certain reporting of non-activity by seafood 6 7 dealers; to amend Part 4 of Article 4 of Chapter 4 of Title 27 of the Official Code of Georgia 8 Annotated, relating to shellfish, so as to provide for a definition; to authorize discretionary 9 penalties for certain enforcement actions by the Department of Natural Resources; to repeal 10 certain cage fees; to provide for exemptions; to provide for effective dates; to provide for 11 related matters; to repeal conflicting laws; and for other purposes.

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BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

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SECTION 1.

Chapter 1 of Title 27 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to general
provisions relative to game and fish, is amended by revising Code Section 27-1-39, relating
to rules and regulations used to establish criminal violations, as follows:

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17 *"*27-1-39.

Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, for purposes of establishing criminal violations of the rules and regulations promulgated by the Board of Natural Resources as provided in this title, the term 'rules and regulations' means those rules and regulations of the Board of Natural Resources in force and effect on January 1, 2022 2023."

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SECTION 2.

Part 1 of Article 4 of Chapter 4 of Title 27 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated,
relating to general provisions relative to seafood, is amended in Code Section 27-4-136,
relating to seafood dealer license, maintenance of records, and purchase of seafood, by
revising paragraph (3) of subsection (a) as follows:

27 "(3) Each person required to maintain records pursuant to paragraph (2) of this 28 subsection shall report such information to the department, whose address for the purpose 29 of reporting shall be the Coastal Resource Division headquarters, at such times and in 30 such manner as the board provides by rule or regulation. For the purposes of this 31 subsection, a person licensed as a seafood dealer who has taken no activity described in 32 paragraph (2) within any given month shall report such non-activity to the department in 33 the same manner as provided by rule or regulation."

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SECTION 3.

Part 4 of Article 4 of Chapter 4 of Title 27 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated,
relating to shellfish, is amended in Code Section 27-4-188, relating to definitions, by adding
a new paragraph to read as follows:

- $\frac{"(2.1) 'Cage' means a containment unit of any size that contains or may contain shellfish}{(2.1) 'Cage' means a containment unit of any size that contains or may contain shellfish$
- 39 for commercial sale. For a larger outer unit which holds smaller units inside, the entire
- 40 <u>unit shall be treated as a single cage.</u>"

SECTION 4.

42 Said part is further amended in Code Section 27-4-190, relating to commercial fishing license 43 with shellfish endorsement and master harvester permit or harvester permit, hours for taking 44 shellfish, and recreational harvesting, by revising paragraph (1) of subsection (a) as follows: ''(a)(1) It shall be unlawful to take or possess shellfish in commercial quantities or for 45 46 commercial purposes without first having obtained a commercial fishing license with a 47 shellfish endorsement and a master harvester permit or harvester permit or without proof 48 of purchase that such shellfish were purchased from a certified shellfish dealer. Master 49 harvester permits shall specify whether the permittee is authorized to take oysters, clams, 50 or other shellfish and shall only be issued to persons certified by the Department of 51 Agriculture to handle shellfish unless permission to take and possess shellfish has been granted by the department as described in subsection (d) of Code Section 27-4-197 and 52 53 in Code Section 27-4-202. Such permits shall be provided annually. A permittee may 54 request authorization from the department for employees or agents, who shall be referred 55 to as harvesters, of such permittee to take shellfish from permitted areas. Such request 56 shall be in writing to the department and shall include the name, address, and personal 57 commercial fishing license number of the harvester. It shall be unlawful for harvesters 58 to take or possess shellfish as authorized under their employer's master harvester permit 59 unless they carry on their person while taking or in possession of shellfish a harvester 60 permit as provided by the department indicating the exact area and circumstances 61 allowed for taking. Such harvesters' permits and charts shall be provided annually by the 62 department and shall be in a form as prescribed by the department. Harvesters must 63 possess a valid personal commercial fishing license as provided for in Code Section 64 27-4-110, a shellfish endorsement as provided for in the department's rules and 65 regulations, and, when a boat is used, a valid commercial fishing boat license as provided 66 in Code Section 27-2-8. Master harvester permits and harvester permits shall not be 67 issued may be denied pursuant to Code Section 27-2-25 to persons who have violated this

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68 part in the two years immediately preceding the filing of an application for a permit. 69 Permits may be revoked pursuant to Code Section 27-2-25. Master harvester permits and 70 harvester permits issued to master harvesters or agents shall be surrendered to the 71 department upon termination of Department of Agriculture certification for handling 72 shellfish, or upon termination of right to harvest shellfish, or upon violation of any 73 provision of this title pursuant to Code Section 27-4-201. If a harvester is removed from 74 authorization to take shellfish by the master harvester permittee, the master harvester 75 shall immediately notify the department of such removal. In addition, that harvester shall 76 immediately surrender to the department his or her harvester permit. It shall be unlawful 77 to possess unauthorized harvester permits or harvester permits issued to another person."

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SECTION 5.

Said part is further amended by revising Code Section 27-4-201, relating to penalty forviolation of article and revocation of authorizations, as follows:

81 *"*27-4-201.

(a) Except as otherwise provided in this article, any person who violates any provision of
this article part shall, upon conviction thereof, be guilty of a misdemeanor of a high and
aggravated nature.

85 (b) Any authorizations issued under this part to any person convicted of violating any 86 provision of this article shall part may be revoked by operation of law and shall not be 87 reissued for a period of three years. The department shall notify the person in writing of 88 the revocation. Prior to revocation, such person shall have opportunity for hearing in 89 accordance with Chapter 13 of Title 50, the 'Georgia Administrative Procedure Act.' 90 pursuant to Code Section 27-2-25; provided, however, that upon the first such conviction, 91 a harvester permit shall not be revoked if the harvester satisfactorily completes, within 30 92 days of notice from the department, the retraining specified by the department in 23

accordance with the requirements of the National Shellfish Sanitation Program pursuant
to subsection (d) of Code Section 27-4-195."
SECTION 6.
Said part is further amended by revising Code Section 27-4-204, relating to permitting,
number of cages, and identification attached to cages, as follows:
27-4-204.
(a) The first time that a person obtains or renews a shellfish mariculture permit, he or she
shall obtain a permit from the department establishing the maximum number of cages that
may be deployed at any given time during that license year. Such permits shall be issued
in 25 cage increments. The permittee shall pay a fee of \$1.00 per cage for the permit, and
the permit shall be for the same duration and shall be renewed at the same time as the
shellfish mariculture permit. Containers used for the mariculture of clams shall be exempt
from this subsection.
(b)(1) No cage permit may be amended to permit the use of more cages except at the
time of permit renewal. The permittee, or his or her agent or employee if the permittee
is not actively harvesting, shall have the cage permit in his or her possession at all times
while harvesting.
(2) It shall be unlawful for any permittee or a person designated by such permittee as
provided in Code Section 27-4-202 to employ more cages than the number allowed by
the cage permit at any time.
(c) It shall be unlawful to set or place in the salt waters of this state any shellfish
mariculture cage which does not have attached to it the an identification assigned tag
approved by the department to the permittee. The identification shall be assigned by the
department to the permittee when such permittee is issued his or her shellfish mariculture
permit. For subsequent years, the same identification shall be assigned to such permittee.
All intertidal gear shall be exempt from the requirements of this Code section."

	23 LC 51 0279
119	SECTION 7.
120	This Act shall become effective upon its approval by the Governor or upon its becoming law
121	without such approval for purposes of promulgating rules and regulations and shall become
122	effective on July 1, 2023, for all other purposes.
123	SECTION 8.

124 All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.