## House Bill 386

By: Representatives Kendrick of the 93<sup>rd</sup>, Carter of the 92<sup>nd</sup>, Robichaux of the 48<sup>th</sup>, Marin of the 96<sup>th</sup>, Beverly of the 143<sup>rd</sup>, and others

## A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

To amend Chapter 7 of Title 48 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to
income taxes, so as to add a type of investor eligible for certain tax credits; to provide for a
definition; to provide for the submission of a report to the General Assembly; to repeal
conflicting laws; and for other purposes.

5

## BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

6	SECTION 1.
7	Chapter 7 of Title 48 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to income taxes,
8	is amended by revising Code Section 48-7-40.30, relating to an income tax credit for certain
9	qualified investments for a limited period of time, as follows:
10	"48-7-40.30.
11	(a) The General Assembly finds that entrepreneurial businesses significantly contribute
12	to the economy of this state. The intent of this Code section is to achieve the following:
13	(1) To encourage individual investors to invest in early stage, innovative, wealth-creating
14	businesses;
15	(2) To enlarge the number of high quality, high paying jobs within this state both to
16	attract qualified individuals to move to and work within this state and to retain young
17	people educated in Georgia's universities and colleges;
18	(3) To expand the economy of Georgia by enlarging its base of wealth-creating
19	businesses; and
20	(4) To support businesses seeking to commercialize technology invented in Georgia's
21	universities and colleges and other high growth businesses.
22	(b) As used in this Code section, the term:
23	(1) 'Allowable credit' means the credit as it may be reduced pursuant to paragraph (3) of
24	subsection (i) of this Code section.
25	(2) 'Headquarters' means the principal central administrative office of a business located
26	in this state which conducts significant operations of such business.

- (3) 'Net income tax liability' means income tax liability reduced by all other credits 27 28 allowed under this chapter. 29 (4) 'Pass-through entity' means a partnership, an S-corporation, or a limited liability 30 company taxed as a partnership. (5) 'Professional services' means those services specified in paragraph (2) of Code 31 32 Section 14-7-2 or any service which requires as a condition precedent to the rendering of such service the obtaining of a license from a state licensing board pursuant to Title 43. 33 34 (6) 'Qualified business' means a registered business that: 35 (A) Is either a corporation, limited liability company, or a general or limited 36 partnership located in this state; 37 (B) Was organized no more than three years before the qualified investment was made; 38 (C) Has its headquarters located in this state at the time the investment was made and 39 has maintained such headquarters for the entire time the qualified business benefited 40 from the tax credit provided for pursuant to this Code section; 41 (D) Employs 20 or fewer people in this state at the time it is registered as a qualified 42 business: (E) Has had in any complete fiscal year before registration gross annual revenue as 43 44 determined in accordance with the Internal Revenue Code of \$500,000.00 or less on a 45 consolidated basis; (F) Has not obtained during its existence more than \$1 million in aggregate gross cash 46 47 proceeds from the issuance of its equity or debt investments, not including commercial 48 loans from chartered banking or savings and loan institutions; 49 (G) Has not utilized the tax credit described in Code Section 48-7-40.26; (H) Is primarily engaged in manufacturing, processing, online and digital warehousing, 50 51 online and digital wholesaling, software development, information technology services, 52 or research and development or is a high growth business providing services other than those described in subparagraph (I) of this paragraph; and 53 (I) Does not engage substantially in: 54 55 (i) Retail sales; 56 (ii) Real estate or construction; 57 (iii) Professional services: 58 (iv) Gambling; (v) Natural resource extraction; 59 (vi) Financial, brokerage, or investment activities or insurance; or 60 61 (vii) Entertainment, amusement, recreation, or athletic or fitness activity for which
  - 62 an admission or membership is charged.

A business shall be substantially engaged in one of the above activities <u>listed in</u> subparagraph (H) or (I) of this paragraph if its gross revenue from such activity exceeds percent of its gross revenues in any fiscal year or it is established pursuant to its articles of incorporation, articles of organization, operating agreement, or similar organizational documents to engage in such activity as one of its primary purposes.

68 (7) 'Qualified investment' means an investment by a qualified or sophisticated investor 69 of cash in a qualified business for common or preferred stock or an equity interest or a 70 purchase for cash of qualified subordinated debt in a qualified business; provided, 71 however, that funds constituting a qualified investment cannot have been raised or be 72 raised as a result of other tax incentive programs. Furthermore, no investment of 73 common or preferred stock or an equity interest or purchase of subordinated debt shall qualify as a qualified investment if a broker fee or commission or a similar remuneration 74 75 is paid or given directly or indirectly for soliciting such investment or purchase. 76 Investment of common or preferred stock or an equity interest or a purchase of 77 subordinated debt that contains or involves a broker fee or commission or a similar remuneration paid or given, directly or indirectly, for soliciting such investment or 78 79 purchase shall qualify as a qualified investment. However, the qualified or sophisticated 80 investor shall be allowed the tax credit under this Code section only on the amount of the 81 direct investment in the qualified investment and not on the broker fees or commissions or similar remunerations paid or given, directly or indirectly, for soliciting such 82 83 investment or purchase.

84 (8) 'Qualified investor' means an accredited investor as that term is defined by the United
85 States Securities and Exchange Commission who is:

86 (A) An individual person who is a resident of this state or a nonresident who is
87 obligated to pay taxes imposed by this chapter; or

88 (B) A pass-through entity which is formed for investment purposes, has no business 89 operations, has committed capital under management of equal to or less than \$5 million, 90 and is not capitalized with funds raised or pooled through private placement memoranda directed to institutional investors. A venture capital fund or commodity 91 92 fund with institutional investors or a hedge fund shall not qualify as a qualified investor. 93 (9) 'Qualified subordinated debt' means indebtedness that is not secured, that may or may 94 not be convertible into common or preferred stock or other equity interest, and that is 95 subordinated in payment to all other indebtedness of the qualified business issued or to be issued for money borrowed and no part of which has a maturity date less than five 96 97 years after the date such indebtedness was purchased.

(10) 'Registered' or 'registration' means that a business has been certified by the
 commissioner as a qualified business at the time of application to the commissioner.

- (11) 'Sophisticated investor' means an investor with sufficient knowledge and experience
   in financial and business matters which make him or her capable of evaluating the merits
- 102 <u>and risk of the prospective investment.</u>

(c) A qualified business shall register with the commissioner for purposes of this Code
section. Approval of such registration shall constitute certification by the commissioner
for 12 months after being issued. A business shall be permitted to renew its registration
with the commissioner so long as, at the time of renewal, the business remains a qualified
business.

- (d) Any individual person making a qualified investment directly in a qualified business
  in the 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, or 2018 calendar year shall be allowed
  a tax credit of 35 percent of the amount invested against the tax imposed by this chapter
  commencing on January 1 of the second year following the year in which the qualified
  investment was made as provided in this Code section.
- (e) Any pass-through entity making a qualified investment directly in a qualified business 113 in the 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, or 2018 calendar year shall be allowed 114 a tax credit of 35 percent of the amount invested against the tax imposed by this chapter 115 commencing on January 1 of the second year following the year in which the qualified 116 117 investment was made as provided in this Code section. Each individual who is a 118 shareholder, partner, or member of an entity shall be allocated the credit allowed the 119 pass-through entity in an amount determined in the same manner as the proportionate 120 shares of income or loss of such pass-through entity would be determined. If an 121 individual's share of the pass-through entity's credit is limited due to the maximum 122 allowable credit under this Code section for a taxable year, the pass-through entity and its owners may not reallocate the unused credit among the other owners. 123
- (f) Tax credits claimed pursuant to this Code section shall be subject to the followingconditions and limitations:
- (1) The qualified <u>or sophisticated</u> investor shall not be eligible for the credit for the
  taxable year in which the qualified investment is made but shall be eligible for the credit
  for the second taxable year beginning after the qualified investment is made as provided
  in subsection (d) or (e) of this Code section;
- (2) The aggregate amount of credit allowed an individual for one or more qualified
  investments in a single taxable year under this Code section, whether made directly or by
  a pass-through entity and allocated to such individual, shall not exceed \$50,000.00;
- 133 (3) In no event shall the amount of the tax credit allowed an individual under this Code
- section for a taxable year exceed such individual's net income tax liability. Any unused
- 135 credit amount shall be allowed to be carried forward for five years from the close of the

LC 39 2136ER

taxable year in which the qualified investment was made. No such credit shall be allowed
against prior years' tax liability;

(4) The qualified <u>or sophisticated</u> investor's basis in the common or preferred stock,
equity interest, or subordinated debt acquired as a result of the qualified investment shall
be reduced for purposes of this chapter by the amount of the allowable credit; and

(5) The credit shall not be transferrable by the qualified <u>or sophisticated</u> investor except
to the heirs and legatees of the qualified <u>such</u> investor upon his or her death and to his or
her spouse or incident to divorce.

(g) The registration of a business as a qualified business shall be subject to the followingconditions and limitations:

(1) If the commissioner finds that any of the information contained in an application of
a business for registration under this Code section is false, the commissioner shall revoke
the registration of such business. The commissioner shall not revoke the registration of
a business solely because it ceases business operations for an indefinite period of time,
as long as the business renews its registration;

(2) A registration as a qualified business may not be sold or otherwise transferred, except 151 that, if a qualified business enters into a merger, conversion, consolidation, or other 152 153 similar transaction with another business and the surviving company would otherwise 154 meet the criteria for being a qualified business, the surviving company retains the registration for the 12 month registration period without further application to the 155 156 commissioner. In such a case, the qualified business must provide the commissioner with 157 written notice of the merger, conversion, consolidation, or similar transaction and such 158 other information as required by the commissioner; and

(3) The commissioner shall report to the House Committee on Ways and Means and the
Senate Finance Committee each year all of the businesses that have registered with the
commissioner as a qualified business. The report shall include the name and address of
each business, the location of its headquarters, a description of the types of business in
which it engages, the number of jobs created by the business during the period covered
by the report, and the average wages paid by these jobs.

(h) Any credit claimed under this Code section shall be recaptured in the followingsituations and shall be subject to the following conditions and limitations:

167 (1) If within two years after the qualified investment was made, the qualified <u>or</u>
 168 <u>sophisticated</u> investor transfers any of the securities or subordinated debt received in the
 169 qualified investment to another person or entity, other than a transfer resulting from one
 170 of the following:

171 (A) The death of the <del>qualified</del> investor;

172 (B) A transfer to the spouse of the qualified investor or incident to divorce; or

(C) A merger, conversion, consolidation, sale of the qualified business's assets, or
similar transaction requiring approval by the owners of the qualified business under
applicable law, to the extent the qualified investor does not receive cash or tangible
property in such merger, conversion, consolidation, sale, or other similar transaction;
(2) Except as provided in paragraph (1) of this subsection, if within five years after the
qualified investment was made, the qualified business makes a redemption with respect
to the securities received or pays any principal of the subordinated debt;

180 (3) If within two years after the qualified investment was made, the qualified or 181 sophisticated investor participates in the operation of the qualified business. For the 182 purpose of this paragraph, a qualified or sophisticated investor participates in the operation of a qualified business if the qualified such investor, or the qualified such 183 184 investor's spouse, parent, sibling, or child, or a business controlled by any of these 185 individuals, provides services of any nature to the qualified business for compensation, 186 whether as an employee, a contractor, or otherwise. However, a person who provides 187 uncompensated professional advice to a qualified business, whether as an officer, a 188 member of the board of directors or managers or otherwise, or participates in a stock or membership option or stock or membership plan, or both, shall be eligible for the credit; 189 190 (4) The amount of the credit recaptured shall apply only to the qualified investment in 191 the particular qualified business in which the investment was made;

(5) The amount of the recaptured tax credit determined under this subsection shall be
added to the qualified <u>or sophisticated</u> investor's income tax liability for the taxable year
in which the recapture occurs under this subsection; and

(6) In the event the credit is recaptured because the qualified business ceases business
operations, dissolves, or liquidates, the qualified <u>or sophisticated</u> investor may claim
either the credit authorized under this Code section or any capital loss the qualified <u>such</u>
investor otherwise would be able to claim regarding that qualified business, but shall not
be authorized to claim and be allowed both.

(i)(1) A qualified <u>or sophisticated</u> investor seeking to claim a tax credit provided for 200 201 under this Code section shall submit an application to the commissioner for tentative 202 approval of such tax credit between September 1 and October 31 of the year for which the tax credit is claimed or allowed. The commissioner shall promulgate the rules and 203 204 forms on which the application is to be submitted. Amounts specified on such 205 application shall not be changed by the qualified or sophisticated investor after the application is approved by the commissioner. The commissioner shall review such 206 application and shall tentatively approve such application upon determining that it meets 207 208 the requirements of this Code section.

LC 39 2136ER

(2) The commissioner shall provide tentative approval of the applications by the dateprovided in paragraph (3) of this subsection as follows:

(A) The total aggregate amount of all tax credits allowed to qualified investors.
 <u>sophisticated investors</u>, or pass-through entities for investments made in the 2011
 calendar year and claimed and allowed in the 2013 taxable year shall not exceed \$10
 million in such year;

(B) The total aggregate amount of all tax credits allowed to qualified investors.
<u>sophisticated investors</u>, or pass-through entities for investments made in the 2012
calendar year and claimed and allowed in the 2014 taxable year shall not exceed \$10
million in such year;

(C) The total aggregate amount of all tax credits allowed to qualified investors.
 <u>sophisticated investors</u>, or pass-through entities for investments made in the 2013
 calendar year and claimed and allowed in the 2015 taxable year shall not exceed \$10
 million in such year;

(D) The total aggregate amount of all tax credits allowed to qualified investors.
 <u>sophisticated investors</u>, or pass-through entities for investments made in the 2014
 calendar year and claimed and allowed in the 2016 taxable year shall not exceed \$5
 million in such year;

(E) The total aggregate amount of all tax credits allowed to qualified investors.
 <u>sophisticated investors</u>, or pass-through entities for investments made in the 2015
 calendar year and claimed and allowed in the 2017 taxable year shall not exceed \$5
 million in such year;

(F) The total aggregate amount of all tax credits allowed to qualified investors.
 <u>sophisticated investors</u>, or pass-through entities for investments made in the 2016
 calendar year and claimed and allowed in the 2018 taxable year shall not exceed \$5
 million in such year;

(G) The total aggregate amount of all tax credits allowed to qualified investors.
 sophisticated investors, or pass-through entities for investments made in the 2017
 calendar year and claimed and allowed in the 2019 taxable year shall not exceed \$5
 million in such year; and

- (H) The total aggregate amount of all tax credits allowed to qualified investors.
  sophisticated investors, or pass-through entities for investments made in the 2018
  calendar year and claimed and allowed in the 2020 taxable year shall not exceed \$5
  million in such year.
- (3) The commissioner shall notify each qualified investor or sophisticated investor of the
  tax credits tentatively approved and allocated to such qualified investor by December 31
  of the year in which the application was submitted. In the event that the credit amounts

246 on the tax credit applications filed with the commissioner exceed the maximum aggregate limit of tax credits under this subsection, then the tax credits shall be allocated among the 247 248 qualified investors or sophisticated investors who filed a timely application on a pro rata basis based upon the amounts otherwise allowed by this Code section. Once the tax 249 250 credit application has been approved and the amount approved has been communicated to the applicant, the qualified such investor may then apply the amount of the approved 251 252 tax credit to its tax liability for the tax year for which the approved application applies. 253 (j) The commissioner shall report to the House Committee on Ways and Means and the Senate Finance Committee every three years on the annual percentage of tax credits 254 utilized under this Code section. 255 (k) The commissioner shall promulgate any rules and regulations necessary to implement 256

and administer this Code section."

## SECTION 2.

259 All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.