Senate Bill 355

By: Senators Ligon, Jr. of the 3rd, McKoon of the 29th, Hill of the 6th, Williams of the 27th, Martin of the 9th and others

AS PASSED

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
AN ACT

To amend Chapter 2 of Title 20 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to elementary and secondary education, so as to enact the "Student Protection Act"; to end punitive testing consequences for students related to federal, state, and locally mandated standardized assessments; to provide for alternative administrations of student assessments; to provide for parental and medical reasons to excuse students from participation in any federal, state, and locally mandated standardized assessments; to provide for guidance on how students are reported for failure to take federal, state, and locally mandated standardized assessments; to provide for a short title; to provide for related matters; to repeal conflicting laws; and for other purposes.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

SECTION 1.
This Act shall be known and may be cited as the "Student Protection Act."

SECTION 2.
Chapter 2 of Title 20 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to elementary and secondary education, is amended by adding new subsections to Code Section 20-2-281, relating to student assessments, to read as follows:

"(r) With respect to any standardized assessments developed and administered pursuant to this Code section, the State Board of Education or local school system may administer such assessment in a paper-and-pencil format to any student whose parent or guardian requests such format and to any student 18 years of age or older who requests such format; provided, however, that this shall not apply to make-up assessments.

(s) The State School Superintendent shall develop guidelines, approved by the State Board of Education, by September 1, 2016, that identify a range of appropriate policies that may be adopted by a school system when considering how students not participating in a state-wide assessment will be supervised and what, if any, alternative to the assessment will
be provided to them during the test administration. The guidelines should prohibit a school
system from taking punitive action against a student, including, but not limited to, the
adoption of sit and stare policies, in response to a student's refusal to participate in a
federal, state, or locally mandated standardized assessment. The guidelines shall offer
positive learning opportunities for students and not be undirected free time. The guidelines
shall also address how and when the school system's policy will be communicated to
parents, students, and school system staff. As used in this subsection, the term 'sit and
stare' means any policy that requires a student whose parent or guardian has given written
instructions for such student not to participate in federal, state, or locally mandated
standardized assessments to remain with his or her class in the test room or in another
location without any alternate instructional activity provided.

SECTION 3. Said chapter is further amended by adding a new Code section to read as follows:

"20-2-281.2. (a) State mandated tests pursuant to Code Section 20-2-281 shall be mandatory for school
systems to administer but optional for students, notwithstanding any other provision of law, under the following conditions:
(1) A parent or legal guardian's written request to school officials to excuse his or her
child from any or all parts of the state mandated assessments administered pursuant to
Code Section 20-2-281 shall be granted if the child is diagnosed with a life-threatening
or serious health condition; and
(2) A licensed therapist's order or a physician's order to excuse a child from any or all
parts of the state mandated assessments administered pursuant to Code Section 20-2-281
shall be granted.
(b) A student who is absent or otherwise unable to take any federal, state, or locally
mandated assessment on the first administration or its designated make-up day or days may
take the assessment on the second administration day or days or may take an alternative to
the assessment as specified by the State Board of Education or the local board of education,
which is appropriate for the student's grade level. Placement or promotion of these students
shall follow the same procedures as students who do not achieve grade level on the first
administration of the assessment; provided, however, that students who have not taken a
federal, state, or locally mandated assessment due to parental refusal or medical or
professional exemption shall be offered an appeals process if grade retention is based solely
on the fact that the student failed to take the assessment, and teachers, principals, assistant
principals, schools, and local school systems shall not be subject to any penalties due to any
student's nonparticipation.
(c) If the rating on a school performance report is affected by the number of students excused or otherwise not taking the standardized assessments, the Department of Education shall include on the school performance report:

(1) An indication that the rating was affected by a federal law requirement;
(2) A brief explanation of the federal law requirement that affected the rating; and
(3) The rating the school would have received if not for the federal law requirement of the 95 percent participation threshold.

A teacher, principal, assistant principal, school, or local school system shall not be penalized for any such child who does not participate in such assessments."

SECTION 4.

Said chapter is further amended in Code Section 20-2-283, relating to criteria and specific requirements for students in grades three, five, and eight, by revising paragraph (2) of subsection (b) as follows:

"(2) When a student does not perform at grade level on any end-of-grade assessment specified in paragraph (1) of this subsection, then the following shall occur:

(A) The parent or guardian of the student shall be notified in writing by first-class mail by the school principal or such official's designee regarding the student's performance below grade level on the assessment instrument, the retest to be given the student, the accelerated, differentiated, or additional instruction program to which the student is assigned, and the possibility that the student might be retained at the same grade level for the next school year;

(B) The student shall be retested with an end-of-grade assessment, or an alternative assessment instrument that is appropriate for the student's grade level, or any other assessment, as provided for by the State Board of Education and the local board of education, and promotion may be determined based on the student's performance on these assessments; and

(C) The student shall be given an opportunity for accelerated, differentiated, or additional instruction in the applicable subject; and"

SECTION 5.

All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.