The Senate Committee on Finance offers the following substitute to HB 215:

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

To amend Chapter 8 of Title 48 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to sales and use taxes, so as to provide for an additional exemption to the ceiling on local sales and use taxes which may be levied by a political subdivision; to provide for a revised distribution of the proceeds from the levy of an equalized homestead option sales and use tax; to provide for the levy of a special purpose local options sales and use tax in certain counties; to provide for procedures, conditions, and limitations; to provide for a short title; to provide for related matters; to provide for an effective date; to repeal conflicting laws; and for other purposes.

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BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

SECTION 1.

Chapter 8 of Title 48 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to sales and use
taxes, is amended in Code Section 48-8-6, relating to the ceiling on local sales and use taxes,
by revising paragraph (2) of subsection (a) as follows:

13 "(2) Any tax levied for purposes of a metropolitan area system of public transportation, 14 as authorized by the amendment to the Constitution set out at Georgia Laws, 1964, page 15 1008; the continuation of such amendment under Article XI, Section I, Paragraph IV(d) 16 of the Constitution; and the laws enacted pursuant to such constitutional amendment; 17 provided, however, that the exception provided for under this paragraph shall only apply: 18 (A) In a county in which a tax is being imposed under subparagraph (a)(1)(D) of Code 19 Section 48-8-111 in whole or in part for the purpose or purposes of a water capital 20 outlay project or projects, a sewer capital outlay project or projects, a water and sewer 21 capital outlay project or projects, water and sewer projects and costs as defined under 22 paragraph (4) of Code Section 48-8-200, or any combination thereof and with respect 23 to which the county has entered into an intergovernmental contract with a municipality, 24 in which the average waste-water system flow of such municipality is not less than 85 25 million gallons per day, allocating proceeds to such municipality to be used solely for 26 water and sewer projects and costs as defined under paragraph (4) of Code Section

- 48-8-200. The exception provided for under this subparagraph shall apply only during
 the period the tax under said such subparagraph (a)(1)(D) is in effect. The exception
 provided for under this subparagraph shall not apply in any county in which a tax is
 being imposed under Article 2A of this chapter; or
- (B) In a county in which the tax levied for purposes of a metropolitan area system of
 public transportation is first levied after January 1, 2010, and before November 1, 2016.
 Such tax shall not apply to the following:
- (i) The sale or use of jet fuel to or by a qualifying airline at a qualifying airport. For 34 purposes of this division, a 'qualifying airline' means any person which is authorized 35 by the Federal Aviation Administration or another appropriate agency of the United 36 States to operate as an air carrier under an air carrier operating certificate and which 37 38 provides regularly scheduled flights for the transportation of passengers or cargo for hire. For purposes of this division, a 'qualifying airport' means any airport in the this 39 state that has had more than 750,000 takeoffs and landings during a calendar year; and 40 41 (ii) The sale of motor vehicles; or
- 42 (C) In a county in which a tax is levied and collected pursuant to Part 2 of Article 2A
 43 of this chapter;"
- 44 SECTION 2.
 45 Said chapter is further amended by revising Article 2A, relating to the homestead option
 46 sales and use tax, as follows:
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"<u>Part 1</u>

- 48 48-8-100.
- This article part shall be known and may be cited as the 'Homestead Option Sales and Use
 Tax Act.'
- 51 48-8-101.
- 52 As used in this article <u>part</u>, the term:
- (1) 'Ad valorem taxes for county purposes' means any and all ad valorem taxes for
 county maintenance and operation purposes levied by, for, or on behalf of the county,
 excluding taxes to retire general obligation bonded indebtedness of the county.
- 56 (2) 'Existing municipality' means a municipality created prior to January 1, 2007, lying
 57 wholly within or partially within a county.

(3) 'Homestead' means homestead as defined and qualified in Code Section 48-5-40, with the additional qualification that it shall include only the primary residence and not more than five contiguous acres of land immediately surrounding such residence. (4) 'Qualified municipality' means a municipality created on or after January 1, 2007,

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(4) 'Qualified municipality' means a municipality created on or after January 1, 2007, lying wholly within or partially within a county.

63 48-8-101.1.

It is the intent of the General Assembly that the proceeds of the homestead option sales and use tax be distributed equitably to the counties and qualified municipalities such that the residents of a new incorporated municipality will continue to receive a benefit from that tax substantially equal to the benefit they would have received if the area covered by the municipality had not incorporated. The provisions of this article part shall be liberally construed to effectuate such intent.

70 48-8-102.

(a) Pursuant to the authority granted by Article IX, Section II, Paragraph VI of the
Constitution of this state, there are created within this state 159 special districts. The
geographical boundary of each county shall correspond with and shall be conterminous
with the geographical boundary of one of the 159 special districts.

75 (b) When the imposition of a local sales and use tax is authorized according to the 76 procedures provided in this article part within a special district, the county whose 77 geographical boundary is conterminous with that of the special district shall levy a local 78 sales and use tax at the rate of 1 percent. Except as to rate, the local sales and use tax shall 79 correspond to the tax imposed and administered by Article 1 of this chapter. No item or 80 transaction which is not subject to taxation by Article 1 of this chapter shall be subject to 81 the sales and use tax levied pursuant to this article part, except that the sales and use tax provided in this article part shall be applicable to sales of motor fuels as prepaid local tax 82 as that such term is defined in Code Section 48-8-2 and shall be applicable to the sale of 83 84 food and food ingredients and alcoholic beverages only to the extent provided for in paragraph (57) of Code Section 48-8-3. 85

(c)(1) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, the proceeds of
the sales and use tax levied and collected under this article part shall be used only for the
purposes of funding capital outlay projects and of funding services within a special
district equal to the revenue lost to the homestead exemption as provided in Code Section
48-8-104 and, in the event excess funds remain following the expenditure for such
purposes, such excess funds shall be expended as provided in subparagraph (c)(2)(C) of
Code Section 48-8-104.

93 (2) Prior to January 1 of the year immediately following the first complete calendar year
94 in which the sales and use tax under this article part is imposed, such proceeds may be
95 used for funding all or any portion of those services which are to be provided by the
96 governing authority of the county whose geographic boundary is conterminous with that
97 of the special district pursuant to and in accordance with Article IX, Section II, Paragraph
98 III of the Constitution of this state.

(d) Such sales and use tax shall only be levied in a special district following the enactment 99 100 of a local Act which provides for a homestead exemption of an amount to be determined 101 from the amount of sales and use tax collected under this article part. Such exemption shall commence with taxable years beginning on or after January 1 of the year immediately 102 103 following the first complete calendar year in which the sales and use tax under this article 104 <u>part</u> is levied. Any such local Act shall incorporate by reference the terms and conditions 105 specified under this article part. Any such local Act shall not be subject to the provisions 106 of Code Section 1-3-4.1. Any such homestead exemption under this article part shall be in addition to and not in lieu of any other homestead exemption applicable to county taxes 107 108 for county purposes within the special district. Notwithstanding any provision of such 109 local Act to the contrary, the referendum which shall otherwise be required to be conducted 110 under such local Act shall only be conducted if the resolution required under subsection (a) 111 of Code Section 48-8-103 is adopted prior to the issuance of the call for the referendum 112 under the local Act by the election superintendent. If such ordinance is not adopted by that 113 date, the referendum otherwise required to be conducted under the local Act shall not be 114 conducted.

(e) No sales and use tax shall be levied in a special district under this article part in which
a tax is levied and collected under Article 2 of this chapter.

48-8-103.

(a) Whenever the governing authority of any county whose geographic boundary is 118 conterminous with that of the special district wishes to submit to the electors of the special 119 120 district the question of whether the sales and use tax authorized by Code Section 48-8-102 121 shall be imposed, any such governing authority shall notify the election superintendent of 122 the county whose geographical boundary is conterminous with that of the special district by forwarding to the superintendent a copy of a resolution of the governing authority 123 124 calling for a referendum election. Upon receipt of the resolution, it shall be the duty of the 125 election superintendent to issue the call for an election for the purpose of submitting the 126 question of the imposition of the sales and use tax to the voters of the special district for 127 approval or rejection. The election superintendent shall issue the call and shall conduct the 128 election on a date and in the manner authorized under Code Section 21-2-540. Such 129 election shall only be conducted on the date of and in conjunction with a referendum provided for by local Act on the question of whether to impose a homestead exemption 130 131 within such county and based on the amount of proceeds from the sales and use tax levied 132 and collected pursuant to this article part. The election superintendent shall cause the date and purpose of the election to be published once a week for two weeks immediately 133 134 preceding the date of the election in the official organ of such county. The ballot shall have 135 written or printed thereon the following statement which shall precede the ballot question specified in this subsection and the ballot question specified by the required local Act: 136

'NOTICE TO ELECTORS: Unless **BOTH** the homestead exemption **AND** the retail
homestead option sales and use tax are approved, then neither the exemption nor the sales
and use tax shall become effective.'

140 Such statement shall be followed by the following:

- 141'() YESShall a retail homestead option sales and use tax of 1 percent be levied142within the special district within ______ County for the143() NO144purposes of funding capital outlay projects and of funding services to144replace revenue lost to an additional homestead exemption of up to 100145percent of the assessed value of homesteads from county taxes for146county purposes?'
- Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the statement, ballot question,
 and local Act ballot question referred to in this subsection shall precede any and all other
 ballot questions calling for the levy or imposition of any other sales and use tax which are
 to appear on the same ballot.
- (b) All persons desiring to vote in favor of levying the sales and use tax shall vote 'Yes,' 151 and those persons opposed to levying the tax shall vote 'No.' If more than one-half of the 152 153 votes cast are in favor of levying the tax and approving the local Act providing such 154 homestead exemption, then the tax shall be levied in accordance with this article part; otherwise, the sales and use tax may not be levied, and the question of the imposition of 155 156 the sales and use tax may not again be submitted to the voters of the special district until after 24 months immediately following the month in which the election was held. It shall 157 158 be the duty of the election superintendent to hold and conduct such elections under the 159 same rules and regulations as govern special elections. It shall be the superintendent's 160 further duty to canvass the returns, declare the result of the election, and certify the result 161 to the Secretary of State and to the commissioner. The expense of the election shall be 162 borne by the county whose geographical boundary is conterminous with that of the special 163 district holding the election.
- 164 (c) If the imposition of the sales and use tax provided in Code Section 48-8-102 is 165 approved in a referendum election as provided by subsections (a) and (b) of this Code

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166 section, the governing authority of the county whose geographical boundary is conterminous with that of the special district shall adopt a resolution during the first 30 167 168 days following the certification of the result of the election imposing the sales and use tax 169 authorized by Code Section 48-8-102 on behalf of the county whose geographical boundary is conterminous with that of the special district. The resolution shall be effective 170 171 on the first day of the next succeeding calendar quarter which begins more than 80 days 172 after the adoption of the resolution. With respect to services which are billed on a regular monthly basis, however, the resolution shall become effective with the first regular billing 173 174 period coinciding with or following the otherwise effective date of the resolution. A certified copy of the resolution shall be forwarded to the commissioner so that it will be 175 received within five days after its adoption. 176

48-8-104.

(a) The sales and use tax levied pursuant to this article part shall be exclusively 178 179 administered and collected by the commissioner for the use and benefit of each county whose geographical boundary is conterminous with that of a special district. Such 180 181 administration and collection shall be accomplished in the same manner and subject to the 182 same applicable provisions, procedures, and penalties provided in Article 1 of this chapter 183 except that the sales and use tax provided in this article part shall be applicable to sales of 184 motor fuels as prepaid local tax as that such term is defined in Code Section 48-8-2; 185 provided, however, that all moneys collected from each taxpayer by the commissioner shall 186 be applied first to such taxpayer's liability for taxes owed the state. Dealers shall be 187 allowed a percentage of the amount of the sales and use tax due and accounted for and shall be reimbursed in the form of a deduction in submitting, reporting, and paying the amount 188 189 due if such amount is not delinquent at the time of payment. The deduction shall be at the 190 rate and subject to the requirements specified under subsections (b) through (f) of Code 191 Section 48-8-50.

(b) Each sales and use tax return remitting sales and use taxes collected under this article
part shall separately identify the location of each retail establishment at which any of the
sales and use taxes remitted were collected and shall specify the amount of sales and the
amount of taxes collected at each establishment for the period covered by the return in
order to facilitate the determination by the commissioner that all sales and use taxes
imposed by this article part are collected and distributed according to situs of sale.

(c) The proceeds of the sales and use tax collected by the commissioner in each special
district under this article part shall be disbursed as soon as practicable after collection as
follows:

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(1) One percent of the amount collected shall be paid into the general fund of the state treasury in order to defray the costs of administration;

203 (2) Except for the percentage provided in paragraph (1) of this subsection and the amount determined under subsections (d) and (e) of this Code section, the remaining 204 proceeds of the sales and use tax shall be distributed to the governing authority of the 205 206 county whose geographical boundary is conterminous with that of the special district; 207 provided, however, that a county and any qualified municipality shall be authorized by 208 intergovernmental agreement to waive the equalization amount otherwise required under 209 subsections (d) and (e) of this Code section and provide for a different distribution 210 amount. In the event of such waiver, except for the percentage provided in paragraph (1) of this subsection, the remaining proceeds of the sales and use tax shall be distributed to 211 212 the governing authority of the county whose geographical boundary is conterminous with that of the special district. As a condition precedent for the authority to levy the sales and 213 214 use tax or to collect any proceeds from the tax authorized by this article part for the year following the first complete calendar year in which it is levied and for all subsequent 215 years except the year following the year in which the sales and use tax is terminated 216 217 under Code Section 48-8-106, the county whose geographical boundary is conterminous 218 with that of the special district shall, except as otherwise provided in subsection (c) of 219 Code Section 48-8-102, expend such proceeds as follows:

(A) A portion of such proceeds shall be expended for the purpose of funding capital
outlay projects as follows:

222 (i) The governing authority of the county whose geographical boundary is conterminous with that of the special district shall establish the capital factor which 223 shall not exceed .200 and, for a county in which a qualified municipality is located, 224 225 shall not be less than the level required by subsection (d) of this Code section; 226 therefore, at a minimum, the county shall set the capital factor at a level that yields an amount of capital outlay proceeds that is equal to or greater than the sum of all 227 equalization amounts due qualified municipalities and existing municipalities under 228 229 subsection (e) of this Code section; and

(ii) Capital outlay projects shall be funded in an amount equal to the product of the
capital factor multiplied by the net amount of the sales and use tax proceeds collected
under this article part during the previous calendar year, and this amount shall be
referred to as capital outlay proceeds in subsections (d) and (e) of this Code section;
(B) A portion of such proceeds shall be expended for the purpose of funding services
within the special district equal to the revenue lost to the homestead exemption as
provided in this Code section as follows:

(i) The homestead factor shall be calculated by multiplying the quantity 1.000 minus
the capital factor times an amount equal to the net amount of sales and use tax
collected in the special district pursuant to this article part for the previous calendar
year, and then dividing by the taxes levied for county purposes on only that portion
of the county tax digest that represents net assessments on qualified homestead
property after all other homestead exemptions have been applied, rounding the result
to three decimal places;

(ii) If the homestead factor is less than or equal to 1.000, the amount of homestead
exemption created under this article part on qualified homestead property shall be
equal to the product of the homestead factor multiplied times the net assessment of
each qualified homestead remaining after all other homestead exemptions have been
applied; and

(iii) If the homestead factor is greater than 1.000, the homestead exemption created
by this article part on qualified homestead property shall be equal to the net
assessment of each homestead remaining after all other homestead exemptions have
been applied; and

253 (C) If any of such proceeds remain following the distribution provided for in 254 subparagraphs (A) and (B) of this paragraph and subsections (d) and (e) of this Code 255 section:

(i) The millage rate levied for county purposes shall be rolled back in an amount
equal to such excess divided by the net taxable digest for county purposes after
deducting all homestead exemptions including the exemption under this article part;
and

(ii) In the event the rollback created by division (i) of this subparagraph exceeds the
millage rate for county purposes, the governing authority of the county whose
boundary is conterminous with the special district shall be authorized to expend the
surplus funds for funding all or any portion of those services which are to be provided
by such governing authorities pursuant to and in accordance with Article IX, Section
II, Paragraph III of the Constitution of this state.

(d)(1) The commissioner shall distribute to the governing authority of each qualified
municipality located in the special district a share of the capital outlay proceeds
calculated as provided in this subsection and subsection (e) of this Code section which
proceeds shall be expended for the purpose of funding capital outlay projects of such
municipality.

(2) Both the tax commissioner and the governing authority for the county in which a
qualified municipality is located shall cooperate with and assist the commissioner in the
calculation of the equalization amounts under subsection (e) of this Code section and

- shall, on or before July 1 of each year, provide to the commissioner and the governingauthority of each qualified municipality written certification of the following:
- (A) The capital factor set by the county for the current calendar year; provided,
 however, that the capital factor may not exceed 0.200;
- (B) The total amount, if any, due to be paid to existing municipalities from the capital
 outlay proceeds as required by any intergovernmental agreement between the county
 and such municipalities;
- 281 (C) The incorporated county millage rate in each qualified municipality;
- 282 (D) The net homestead digest for each qualified municipality;
- 283 (E) The total homestead digest; and
- 284 (F) The unincorporated county millage rate.

285 If the tax commissioner and the governing authority of the county fail to provide such 286 certification on or before July 1, the commissioner shall not distribute to such county any 287 additional proceeds of the sales and use tax collected after July 1 unless and until such 288 certification is provided.

- (3) The commissioner shall then calculate the equalization amount due each qualified 289 290 municipality based on the certifications provided by the tax commissioner and the 291 governing authority of the county and pay such amount to the governing authority of each 292 qualified municipality in six equal monthly payments as soon as practicable during or 293 after each of the last six months of the current calendar year. In the event an existing 294 municipality that has entered into an intergovernmental agreement with a county at any 295 time before January 1, 2007, to receive capital outlay proceeds of the homestead option 296 sales and use tax and such intergovernmental agreement has become or does become null and void for any reason, such existing municipality shall be treated under this article part 297 298 the same as if it were a qualified municipality as defined in paragraph (4) of Code Section 299 48-8-101 and therefore receive payment of equalization amounts under this article part as provided for under this article part. The commissioner shall distribute to the governing 300 authority of the county each month the net sales and use tax remaining after payment of 301 302 equalization amounts to the qualified municipalities.
- 303 (e)(1) As used in this subsection, the term:
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(A) 'Equalization amount' means for a qualified municipality the product of the equalization millage times the net homestead digest for that qualified municipality.

(B) 'Equalization millage' means for each qualified municipality the product of the
 homestead factor calculated pursuant to division (c)(2)(B)(i) of this Code section
 times the difference between the unincorporated county millage rate and the
 incorporated county millage rate for that qualified municipality.

310 (C) 'Incorporated county millage rate' means the millage rate for all ad valorem taxes for county purposes levied by the county in each of the qualified municipalities in the 311 312 county. 313 (D) 'Net homestead digest' means for each qualified municipality the total net assessed value of all qualified homestead property located in that portion of the 314 315 qualified municipality located in the county remaining after all other homestead 316 exemptions are applied. (E) 'Total homestead digest' means the total net assessed value of all qualified 317 318 homestead property located in the county remaining after all other homestead exemptions are applied. 319 (F) 'Unincorporated county millage rate' means the millage rate for all ad valorem 320 321 taxes for county purposes levied by the county in the unincorporated areas of the 322 county. (2) For illustration purposes, a hypothetical example of the calculation of the 323 324 equalization amount is provided below. 325 First, calculate the homestead factor in accordance with 326 division (c)(2)(B)(i) of this Code section as follows: 327 (A) Capital factor certified by county as required by 0.150 328 subsection (d) of this Code section (B) Net amount of sales and use tax collected in the \$ 50 million 329 330 special district pursuant to this article part for the 331 previous calendar year (C) Taxes levied for county purposes on only that portion \$100 million 332 333 of the county tax digest that represents net assessments on qualified homestead property after all other homestead 334 335 exemptions have been applied 336 (D) Calculation of homestead factor using figures above .425 = [(1-.0150)(\$50 million)]337 338 Next, calculate the equalization amount in accordance with paragraph (1) of this subsection as follows: 339 (E) Unincorporated county millage rate 15.0 mills 340 341 (F) Minus the incorporated county millage rate for (10.0 mills)342 qualified municipality 'Y' 343 Difference: = 5.0 mills

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344	(G) Times homestead factor (calculated above)	x .425
345	(H) Equals the equalization millage:	= 2.125 mills
346	(I) Times net homestead digest for qualified	\$200 million
347	municipality 'Y'	
348	(J) Equals the equalization amount payable to	\$ 425,000.00

349 municipality 'Y'

(3) In the event the total amount payable in a calendar year to all existing municipalities
as certified by the county pursuant to subparagraph (d)(2)(B) of this Code section plus
the total equalization amount payable to all qualified municipalities in the special district
exceeds the capital outlay proceeds calculated based on a maximum capital factor of
0.200, the commissioner shall pay to the governing authority of each qualified
municipality a share of such proceeds calculated as follows:

- (A) Determine the capital outlay proceeds based on a maximum capital factor of 0.200;
 (B) Subtract the amount certified by the county as payable to existing municipalities
- 358 pursuant to subparagraph (d)(2)(B) of this Code section;
- (C) The remaining amount equals the portion of the capital outlay proceeds that may
 be used by the commissioner to pay equalization amounts to qualified municipalities.
 The commissioner shall calculate each qualified municipality's share of such remaining
 amount by dividing the net homestead digest for each qualified municipality by the total
 homestead digest for all municipalities.
- (4) In the event the incorporated county millage rate for a qualified municipality is
 greater than the unincorporated county millage rate, no payment shall be due from the
 governing authority of the qualified municipality to the governing authority of the county.
- (5) In the event the amount of capital outlay proceeds exceeds the sum of the
 equalization amounts due all qualified municipalities plus the total amount certified under
 subparagraph (d)(2)(B) of this Code section as due all existing municipalities, the
 commissioner shall distribute to each qualified municipality a portion of such excess
 equal to the net homestead digest for such municipality divided by the total homestead
 digest.
- 373 (6) If any qualified municipality is located partially in the county then only that portion374 so located shall be considered in the calculations contained in this subsection.
- 48-8-105.

Where a local sales or use tax has been paid with respect to tangible personal property by the purchaser either in another local tax jurisdiction within the <u>this</u> state or in a tax jurisdiction outside the <u>this</u> state, the sales and use tax may be credited against the sales and 379 use tax authorized to be imposed by this article part upon the same property. If the amount of sales or use tax so paid is less than the amount of the use tax due under this article part, 380 381 the purchaser shall pay an amount equal to the difference between the amount paid in the 382 other tax jurisdiction and the amount due under this article part. The commissioner may 383 require such proof of payment in another local tax jurisdiction as the commissioner deems 384 necessary and proper. No credit shall be granted, however, against the sales and use tax 385 imposed under this article part for tax paid in another jurisdiction if the sales and use tax 386 paid in such other jurisdiction is used to obtain a credit against any other local sales and use 387 tax levied in the special district or in the county which is conterminous with the special 388 district; and sales and use taxes so paid in another jurisdiction shall be credited first against 389 the sales and use tax levied under this article part and then against the sales and use tax 390 levied under Article 3 of this chapter, if applicable.

48-8-106.

(a) Whenever the governing authority of any county whose geographic boundary is 392 393 conterminous with that of the special district in which the sales and use tax authorized by 394 this article part is being levied wishes to submit to the electors of the special district the 395 question of whether the sales and use tax authorized by Code Section 48-8-102 shall be 396 discontinued, the governing authority shall notify the election superintendent of the county 397 whose geographical boundary is conterminous with that of the special district by 398 forwarding to the superintendent a copy of a resolution of the governing authority calling 399 for the referendum election. Upon receipt of the resolution, it shall be the duty of the 400 election superintendent to issue the call for an election for the purpose of submitting the 401 question of discontinuing the levy of the sales and use tax to the voters of the special 402 district for approval or rejection. The election superintendent shall issue the call and shall 403 conduct the election on a date and in the manner authorized under Code Section 21-2-540. 404 Such election shall only be conducted only on the date of and in conjunction with a 405 referendum provided for by local Act on the question of whether to repeal the homestead 406 exemption within such county which is funded from the proceeds of the sales and use tax 407 levied and collected pursuant to this article part. The election superintendent shall cause the date and purpose of the election to be published once a week for two weeks 408 409 immediately preceding the date of the election in the official organ of such county. The 410 ballot shall have written or printed thereon the following:

411 '() YES Shall the 1 percent retail homestead option sales and use tax being levied
412 within the special district within _____ County for the purposes
413 () NO of funding capital outlay projects and of funding services to replace
414 revenue lost to an additional homestead exemption of up to 100 percent
415 of the assessed value of homesteads from county taxes for county
416 purposes be terminated?'

417 (b) All persons desiring to vote in favor of discontinuing the sales and use tax shall vote 418 'Yes,' and those persons opposed to discontinuing the tax shall vote 'No.' If more than 419 one-half of the votes cast are in favor of discontinuing the sales and use tax and repealing 420 the local Act providing for such homestead exemption, then the sales and use tax shall 421 cease to be levied on the last day of the taxable year following the taxable year in which the commissioner receives the certification of the result of the election; otherwise, the sales 422 423 and use tax shall continue to be levied, and the question of the discontinuing of the tax may 424 not again be submitted to the voters of the special district until after 24 months immediately 425 following the month in which the election was held. It shall be the duty of the election 426 superintendent to hold and conduct such elections under the same rules and regulations as 427 govern special elections. It shall be the superintendent's further duty to canvass the returns, declare and certify the result of the election, and certify the result to the Secretary of State 428 429 and to the commissioner. The expense of the election shall be borne by the county whose 430 geographical boundary is conterminous with that of the special district holding the election.

431 48-8-107.

No sales and use tax provided for in Code Section 48-8-102 shall be imposed upon the sale
of tangible personal property which is ordered by and delivered to the purchaser at a point
outside the geographical area of the special district in which the sales and use tax is
imposed under this article part regardless of the point at which title passes, if the delivery
is made by the seller's vehicle, United States mail, or common carrier or by private or
contract carrier licensed by the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration or the Georgia
Department of Public Safety.

439 48-8-108.

(a) As used in this Code section, the term 'building and construction materials' means all
building and construction materials, supplies, fixtures, or equipment, any combination of
such items, and any other leased or purchased articles when the materials, supplies,
fixtures, equipment, or articles are to be utilized or consumed during construction or are
to be incorporated into construction work pursuant to a bona fide written construction
contract.

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(b) No sales and use tax provided for in Code Section 48-8-102 shall be imposed in such
<u>a</u> special district upon the sale or use of building and construction materials when the
contract pursuant to which the materials are purchased or used was advertised for bid prior
to approval of the levy of the sales and use tax by the county whose geographical boundary
is conterminous with that of the special district and the contract was entered into as a result
of a bid actually submitted in response to the advertisement prior to approval of the levy
of the sales and use tax.

453 48-8-109.

- The commissioner shall have the power and authority to promulgate such rules and regulations as shall be necessary for the effective and efficient administration and enforcement of the collection of the sales and use tax authorized to be imposed by this article part.
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<u>Part 2</u>

- 459 <u>48-8-109.1.</u>
- 460 This part shall be known and may be cited as the 'Equalized Homestead Option Sales Tax
 461 Act of 2015.'

462 <u>48-8-109.2.</u>

463 In any county where a homestead option sales and use tax under Part 1 of this article and 464 a sales tax for purposes of a metropolitan area system of public transportation, as authorized by the amendment to the Constitution set out at Georgia Laws, 1964, page 1008; 465 466 the continuation of such amendment under Article XI, Section I, Paragraph IV(d) of the 467 Constitution; and the laws enacted pursuant to such constitutional amendment, are being levied, the county governing authority may choose to submit to the electors of the special 468 district the question of whether to suspend the sales and use tax authorized by Code Section 469 470 48-8-102 and replace such tax with a sales and use tax authorized by this part. Such 471 referendum shall only be held in conjunction with a referendum submitting to the electors 472 of the special district the question of whether to approve a special purpose local option sales and use tax pursuant to the provisions of Part 1 of Article 3 of this chapter. The 473 474 electors of the special district must approve both of the sales and use taxes in order for 475 either of them to be implemented. If either of the sales and use taxes is not approved by the electors, the homestead option sales and use tax under Part 1 of this article shall be 476 477 continued in full force and effect.

- 478 <u>48-8-109.3.</u>
 (a) Pursuant to the authority granted by Article IX, Section II, Paragraph VI of the
 480 Constitution of this state, there are created within this state 159 special districts. The
 481 geographical boundary of each county shall correspond with and shall be conterminous
 482 with the geographical boundary of one of the 159 special districts.
 483 (b) When the imposition of a local sales and use tax is authorized according to the
 484 procedures provided in this part within a special district, the county whose geographical
- boundary is conterminous with that of the special district shall levy a local sales and use
 tax at the same rate as provided in Part 1 of this article. Except as otherwise provided in
 this part, the local sales and use tax shall correspond to the tax imposed and administered
 by Part 1 of this article. The local sales and use tax levied pursuant to this part shall apply
 to all items and transactions subject to taxation pursuant to Part 1 of this article. No item
 or transaction which is not subject to taxation pursuant to Part 1 of this article shall be
 subject to the tax levied pursuant to this part.
- 492 (c) No sales and use tax shall be levied in a special district under this part in which a tax
- 493 <u>is levied and collected under Article 2 of this chapter.</u>

<u>494</u> <u>48-8-109.4.</u>

495 (a) Whenever the governing authority of any county whose geographic boundary is 496 conterminous with that of the special district wishes to submit to the electors of the special 497 district the question of whether the sales and use tax authorized by this part shall be imposed, any such governing authority shall notify the election superintendent of the 498 499 county whose geographical boundary is conterminous with that of the special district by 500 forwarding to the superintendent a copy of a resolution of the governing authority calling 501 for a referendum election. Upon receipt of the resolution, it shall be the duty of the election 502 superintendent to issue the call for an election for the purpose of submitting the question 503 of the imposition of the sales and use tax to the voters of the special district for approval 504 or rejection. The election superintendent shall issue the call and shall conduct the election 505 on a date and in the manner authorized under Code Section 21-2-540. Such election shall 506 only be held in conjunction with a referendum submitting to the electors of the special 507 district the question of whether to approve a special purpose local option sales and use tax 508 pursuant to the provisions of Part 1 of Article 3 of this chapter. The electors of the special 509 district must approve both of the sales and use taxes in order for either of them to be 510 implemented. If either of the taxes is not approved by the electors, the homestead option 511 sales and use tax under Part 1 of this article shall be continued in full force and effect. If 512 the sales and use tax under Part 1 of Article 3 of this chapter is not renewed, the sales and 513 use tax under Part 1 of this article shall replace the sales and use tax under this part upon

514	expiration of	the sales and use tax under Part 1 of Article 3 of this chapter. The election
515	superintende	nt shall cause the date and purpose of the election to be published once a week
516	for two week	as immediately preceding the date of the election in the official organ of such
517	county. The	ballot shall have written or printed thereon the following statement which
518	shall precede	e the ballot question specified in this subsection:
519	<u>'NOTICE T</u>	OELECTORS: Unless BOTH the equalized homestead option sales and use
520	tax AND tl	he special purpose local option sales and use tax are approved, then neither
521	sales and u	se tax shall become effective.'
522	Such stateme	ent shall be followed by the following:
523	<u>'() YES</u>	Shall an equalized homestead option sales and use tax be levied and the
524		regular homestead option sales and use tax be suspended within the
525	<u>() NO</u>	special district within County for the purposes of
526		reducing the ad valorem property tax millage rates levied by county and
527		municipal governments on homestead properties?
528	Notwithstand	ding any other provision of law to the contrary, the statement and ballot
529	question refe	rred to in this subsection shall precede any and all other ballot questions which
530	are to appear	on the same ballot.
531	(b) All perso	ons desiring to vote in favor of levying the sales and use tax shall vote 'Yes,'
532	and those per	rsons opposed to levying the tax shall vote 'No.' If more than one-half of the
533	votes cast are	e in favor of levying the tax, then the tax shall be levied in accordance with this
534	part; otherwi	se, the sales and use tax may not be levied, and the question of the imposition
535	of the sales a	nd use tax may not again be submitted to the voters of the special district until
536	after 24 mon	ths immediately following the month in which the election was held. It shall
537	be the duty of	of the election superintendent to hold and conduct such elections under the
538	same rules a	nd regulations as govern special elections. It shall be the superintendent's
539	further duty	to canvass the returns, declare the result of the election, and certify the result
540	to the Secret	ary of State and to the commissioner. The expense of the election shall be
541	borne by the	county whose geographical boundary is conterminous with that of the special
542	district holdi	ng the election.
543	(c) If the in	mposition of the sales and use tax provided in this part is approved in a
544	referendum	election as provided by subsections (a) and (b) of this Code section, the
545	governing au	thority of the county whose geographical boundary is conterminous with that
546	of the specia	al district shall adopt a resolution during the first 30 days following the
547	certification	of the result of the election imposing the sales and use tax authorized in this
548	part on behal	f of the county whose geographical boundary is conterminous with that of the
549	special district. The resolution shall be effective on the first day of the next succeeding	
550	calendar qua	rter which begins more than 80 days after the adoption of the resolution. With

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551 respect to services which are billed on a regular monthly basis, however, the resolution 552 shall become effective with the first regular billing period coinciding with or following the 553 otherwise effective date of the resolution. A certified copy of the resolution shall be 554 forwarded to the commissioner so that it will be received within five days after its 555 adoption.

<u>48-8-109.5.</u>

557 (a) The sales and use tax levied pursuant to this part shall be exclusively administered and 558 collected by the commissioner for the use and benefit of each county whose geographical 559 boundary is conterminous with that of a special district. Such administration and collection 560 shall be accomplished in the same manner and subject to the same applicable provisions, 561 procedures, and penalties provided in Article 1 of this chapter except that the sales and use 562 tax provided in this part shall be applicable to sales of motor fuels as prepaid local tax as 563 such term is defined in Code Section 48-8-2, to the same extent that sales of motor fuels 564 are subject to taxation pursuant to Part 1 of this article; provided, however, that all moneys 565 collected from each taxpayer by the commissioner shall be applied first to such taxpayer's 566 liability for taxes owed the state. Dealers shall be allowed a percentage of the amount of 567 the sales and use tax due and accounted for and shall be reimbursed in the form of a 568 deduction in submitting, reporting, and paying the amount due if such amount is not 569 delinquent at the time of payment. The deduction shall be at the rate and subject to the 570 requirements specified under subsections (b) through (f) of Code Section 48-8-50.

571 (b) Each sales and use tax return remitting sales and use taxes collected under this part 572 shall separately identify the location of each retail establishment at which any of the sales 573 and use taxes remitted were collected and shall specify the amount of sales and the amount 574 of taxes collected at each establishment for the period covered by the return in order to 575 facilitate the determination by the commissioner that all sales and use taxes imposed by this 576 part are collected and distributed according to situs of sale.

577 (c) The proceeds of the sales and use tax collected by the commissioner in each special
 578 district under this part shall be disbursed as soon as practicable after collection as follows:
 579 (1) One percent of the amount collected shall be paid into the general fund of the state
 580 treasury in order to defray the costs of administration; and

- (2) The remaining proceeds shall be disbursed to the governing authority of the county
 whose geographical boundary is conterminous with that of the special district, and each
 municipality located wholly or partially therein, and shall be utilized as follows:
- 584(A) First, the proceeds shall be used to roll back, and eliminate if possible, the millage585rates for any county ad valorem property tax line items levied uniformly throughout the586county on homestead properties, including in all municipalities; and

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- 587(B) Next, any remaining proceeds shall be used to roll back at an equal and uniform588rate across both of the following categories, and eliminate if possible:
- 589(i) The millage rates for any county ad valorem property tax line items levied only590in unincorporated portions of the county on homestead properties; and
- (ii) The millage rates for any municipal ad valorem property tax line items levied in
 every municipality located wholly or partially in the county on homestead properties
 but not in unincorporated portions of the county.
- 594If any municipality is located partially in the special district, then only that portion so595located shall be considered in the calculations contained in this subsection.
- (d) The form to collect ad valorem tax prepared by the county tax commissioner shall
 reflect the full amount owed by the taxpayer pursuant to the millage rates set by the county
 governing authority and any municipal governing authority. Under a separate heading, the
 form shall reflect the deductions from the gross ad valorem tax amount realized through
 the application of proceeds from the equalized homestead option sales and use tax.
- 601 (e) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary except subsection (f) of this Code 602 section, in any county levying a tax under this part, a tax levied pursuant to the provisions 603 of Part 1 of Article 3 of this chapter in a special district in such county shall be strictly 604 divided between the unincorporated portions of the county whose geographical boundary 605 is conterminous with that of the special district and the municipalities wholly or partially 606 located within the special district on a per capita basis, based on the most recent decennial 607 census, unless altered by an intergovernmental agreement between the county and all 608 municipalities wholly located within the special district. For as long as a municipality 609 located within the special district and incorporated after the effective date of this Code section does not maintain the roads, streets, sidewalks, and bicycle paths within its 610 611 territorial boundaries and relies upon the county governing authority for such maintenance, 612 such municipality's per capita share of the proceeds of the tax levied pursuant to Part 1 of 613 Article 3 of this chapter shall be paid to the county governing authority. Notwithstanding 614 any provision of law to the contrary, the department shall disburse directly to the county 615 and each municipality its share of the proceeds of the tax levied pursuant to Part 1 of 616 Article 3 of this chapter.
- (f) The tax levied in the special district under Part 1 of Article 3 of this chapter shall not
 be levied within the boundaries of any municipality wholly or partially located within the
 special district that is levying a tax pursuant to Article 4 of this chapter. No proceeds from
 the tax levied in the special district under Part 1 of Article 3 of this chapter shall be
 disbursed to any such municipality. Upon the expiration of the tax levied under Article 4
 of this chapter in such municipality, the tax in the special district under Part 1 of Article 3

623 of this chapter shall be levied within such municipality and proceeds shall be disbursed to 624 such municipality in accordance with this part.

625 <u>48-8-109.6.</u>

626 Where a local sales or use tax has been paid with respect to tangible personal property by 627 the purchaser either in another local tax jurisdiction within this state or in a tax jurisdiction 628 outside this state, the sales and use tax may be credited against the sales and use tax 629 authorized to be imposed by this part upon the same property. If the amount of sales or use 630 tax so paid is less than the amount of the use tax due under this part, the purchaser shall pay 631 an amount equal to the difference between the amount paid in the other tax jurisdiction and 632 the amount due under this part. The commissioner may require such proof of payment in 633 another local tax jurisdiction as the commissioner deems necessary and proper. No credit 634 shall be granted, however, against the sales and use tax imposed under this part for tax paid in another jurisdiction if the sales and use tax paid in such other jurisdiction is used to 635 636 obtain a credit against any other local sales and use tax levied in the special district or in 637 the county which is conterminous with the special district; and sales and use taxes so paid 638 in another jurisdiction shall be credited first against the sales and use tax levied under this 639 part and then against the sales and use tax levied under Article 3 of this chapter, if 640 applicable.

<u>48-8-109.7.</u>

642 (a) Whenever the governing authority of any county whose geographic boundary is 643 conterminous with that of the special district in which the sales and use tax authorized by 644 this part is being levied wishes to submit to the electors of the special district the question of whether the sales and use tax authorized by this part shall be discontinued, the governing 645 646 authority shall notify the election superintendent of the county whose geographical boundary is conterminous with that of the special district by forwarding to the 647 superintendent a copy of a resolution of the governing authority calling for the referendum 648 649 election. Upon receipt of the resolution, it shall be the duty of the election superintendent 650 to issue the call for an election for the purpose of submitting the question of discontinuing 651 the levy of the sales and use tax to the voters of the special district for approval or rejection. 652 The election superintendent shall issue the call and shall conduct the election on a date and in the manner authorized under Code Section 21-2-540. Such election shall be conducted 653 654 only on the date of and in conjunction with an election to repeal the special purpose local 655 option sales and use tax pursuant to the provisions of Part 1 of Article 3 of this chapter. If 656 either such sales and use tax is repealed, then both such sales and use taxes shall be 657 repealed and the sales and use tax under Part 1 of this article shall replace the sales and use

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<u>48-8-109.9.</u>

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658	tax that was imposed under this part. The election superintendent shall cause the date and		
659	purpose of the election to be published once a week for two weeks immediately preceding		
660	the date of the election in the official organ of such county. The ballot shall have written		
661	or printed thereon the following:		
662	'() YES Shall the equalized homestead option sales and use tax being levied		
663	within the special district within County for the		
664	() NO purposes of reducing the ad valorem property tax millage rates levied by		
665	county and municipal governments on homestead properties be		
666	terminated?'		
667	(b) All persons desiring to vote in favor of discontinuing the sales and use tax shall vote		
668	'Yes,' and those persons opposed to discontinuing the tax shall vote 'No.' If more than		
669	one-half of the votes cast are in favor of discontinuing the sales and use tax, then the sales		
670	and use tax shall cease to be levied on the last day of the taxable year following the taxable		
671	year in which the commissioner receives the certification of the result of the election;		
672	otherwise, the sales and use tax shall continue to be levied, and the question of		
673	discontinuing the tax may not again be submitted to the voters of the special district until		
674	after 24 months immediately following the month in which the election was held. It shall		
675	be the duty of the election superintendent to hold and conduct such elections under the		
676	same rules and regulations as govern special elections. It shall be the superintendent's		
677	further duty to canvass the returns, declare and certify the result of the election, and certify		
678	the result to the Secretary of State and to the commissioner. The expense of the election		
679	shall be borne by the county whose geographical boundary is conterminous with that of the		
680	special district holding the election.		
681	<u>48-8-109.8.</u>		
682	No sales and use tax provided for in this part shall be imposed upon the sale of tangible		
683	personal property which is ordered by and delivered to the purchaser at a point outside the		
684	geographical area of the special district in which the sales and use tax is imposed under this		
685	part regardless of the point at which title passes, if the delivery is made by the seller's		
686	vehicle, United States mail, or common carrier or by private or contract carrier licensed by		
(07			

687 <u>the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration or the Georgia Department of Public</u>
 688 <u>Safety.</u>

690 (a) As used in this Code section, the term 'building and construction materials' means all
 691 building and construction materials, supplies, fixtures, or equipment, any combination of
 692 such items, and any other leased or purchased articles when the materials, supplies,

693	fixtures, equipment, or articles are to be utilized or consumed during construction or are
694	
	to be incorporated into construction work pursuant to a bona fide written construction
695	<u>contract.</u>
696	(b) No sales and use tax provided for in this part shall be imposed in a special district upon
697	the sale or use of building and construction materials when the contract pursuant to which
698	the materials are purchased or used was advertised for bid prior to approval of the levy of
699	the sales and use tax by the county whose geographical boundary is conterminous with that
700	of the special district and the contract was entered into as a result of a bid actually
701	submitted in response to the advertisement prior to approval of the levy of the sales and use
702	tax.
703	<u>48-8-109.10.</u>
704	The commissioner shall have the power and authority to promulgate such rules and
705	regulations as shall be necessary for the effective and efficient administration and
706	enforcement of the collection of the sales and use tax authorized to be imposed by this
707	<u>part."</u>
708	SECTION 3.
709	This Act shall become effective upon its approval by the Governor or upon its becoming law
710	without such approval.
711	SECTION 4.

All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.