### HOUSE SUBSTITUTE TO SENATE BILL 213

# A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

- To amend Article 9 of Chapter 5 of Title 12 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, the 1
- 2 "Flint River Drought Protection Act," so as to clarify legislative intent; to revise definitions;
- 3 to expand programs; to provide for additional powers of the director; to provide for new
- irrigation efficiency requirements; to provide for participation in augmented flow programs; 4
- to clarify compliance and enforcement provisions; to provide for related matters; to repeal 5
- conflicting laws; and for other purposes. 6

#### 7 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

8 **SECTION 1.** 

- 9 Article 9 of Chapter 5 of Title 12 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, the "Flint River
- 10 Drought Protection Act," is amended by revising subsection (b) of Code Section 12-5-541,
- relating to legislative intent, as follows: 11

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- 12 "(b) The General Assembly finds that the use of water resources for the state for
- 13 agricultural purposes is of vital importance to Georgia and southwest Georgia in particular;
- 14 the protection of <u>flows in</u> the Flint River <del>flow</del> <u>and its tributaries</u> is necessary for a healthy
- 15 riverine ecosystem and a healthy population of aquatic life; the use of water resources
- 16 during drought conditions may interfere with public and private rights; the economic
- 17 well-being of the State of Georgia is dependent on a strong and efficient agricultural
- 18 industry; the wise use of water, the protection of stream flow flows, and the economic
- 19 well-being of the state will be furthered by proper water allocation in periods of drought;
- and a program providing programs to augment stream flows or provide incentives to ensure
- 21 that certain irrigated lands are temporarily not irrigated during severe droughts will

promote the wise use of water resources, and the protection of stream flows for habitat

23 <u>critical for aquatic life</u>, and the economic well-being of the state."

SECTION 2.

25 Said article is further amended by revising Code Section 12-5-542, relating to definitions

- 26 relative to Flint River drought protection, as follows:
- 27 "12-5-542.
- As used in this article, except where otherwise specifically provided, the term:
- 29 (1) 'Acceptable Flint River <u>basin</u> stream <u>flow'</u> <u>flows'</u> means the quantity of stream flows
- at one or more specific locations on the Flint River or its tributaries which provides for
- aquatic life protection and other needs as established by the director, based on municipal,
- agricultural, industrial, and environmental needs. <u>Such tributaries shall not include field</u>
- drainage systems, wet weather ditches, or any other water body:
- 34 (A) In which the channel is located above the ground-water table year round;
- 35 (B) For which runoff from precipitation is the primary source of water flow; and
- 36 (C) For which ground water is not a source of water flow.
- 37 (2) 'Affected area areas' means that portion those specific portions of the state lying
- within the Flint River basin and areas where ground-water use from the Floridan aquifer
- can affect the flow in the Flint River or its tributaries stream flow or where drainage into
- 40 Spring Creek, Ichawaynochaway Creek, Kinchafoonee Creek, and Muckalee Creek
- 41 occurs.
- 42 (2.1) 'Augmentation' means the addition of ground water from one or more aquifers
- 43 <u>underlying the affected areas into a surface water channel within the affected areas for</u>
- 44 <u>the purpose of maintaining instream flows.</u>
- 45 (3) 'Authority' means the Georgia Environmental Finance Authority created by Chapter
- 46 23 of Title 50.
- 47 (4) 'Board' means the Board of Natural Resources.
- 48 (5) 'Director' means the director of the Environmental Protection Division of the
- 49 Department of Natural Resources.
- 50 (6) 'Division' means the Environmental Protection Division of the Department of Natural
- 51 Resources.
- 52 (7) 'Drought conditions' means any condition which results in a stream flow that is lower
- 53 than the acceptable Flint River <u>basin</u> stream <u>flow flows</u>.
- (8) 'Drought protection funds' means the funds held by the authority as provided in Code
- Section 12-5-545 for the accomplishment of the purposes of this article.
- 56 (9) 'Flint River basin' means the area of land which drains into the Flint River or its
- 57 tributaries.
- 58 (10) 'Floridan aquifer' means those rocks and sediments described in United States
- Geological Survey Open-File Report 95-321 (1996) that are capable of yielding ground
- water to wells or discharging water into the Flint River or its tributaries.

61 (11) 'Irrigated land' means farm land which is irrigated by ground water or surface water

pursuant to a water withdrawal permit issued by the director pursuant to Code Section

- 63 12-5-31 or 12-5-96.
- 64 (11.1) 'Irrigation efficiency' means the percentage of the total amount of water
- 65 withdrawn from a source which is beneficially used to meet crop water requirements or
- 66 <u>for other agronomic practices in accordance with applicable best management practices.</u>
- 67 (12) 'Irrigation reduction auction' means the procedure established by subsection (b) of
- Code Section 12-5-546 pursuant to which permittees submit offers to cease irrigation of
- a specified number of acres in exchange for a certain sum of money.
- 70 (13) 'Permittee' means a person holding a valid permit issued before December 1, 2000,
- 71 pursuant to Code Section 12-5-31 or 12-5-96.
- 72 (14) 'Stream flow' means the quantity of water passing a given location of the Flint River
- or its tributaries over a given time period expressed in cubic feet per second."

## 74 SECTION 3.

- 75 Said article is further amended in Code Section 12-5-544, relating to powers of the director
- of the Environmental Protection Division, by revising paragraph (2) and adding a new
- paragraph to read as follows:
- 78 "(2) Establish acceptable Flint River <u>basin</u> stream flows at one or more locations;"
- 79 "(9.1) Conduct and participate in studies related to management of the water resources
- 80 <u>in the Flint River basin;"</u>

### SECTION 4.

- 82 Said article is further amended in Code Section 12-5-546, relating to drought predictions and
- 83 irrigation reduction auction, by revising subsections (a), (b), and (e) as follows:
- 84 "(a) On or before March 1 of each year, the division will may issue a prediction as to
- whether severe drought conditions are expected during the year. <u>If the division predicts</u>
- 86 <u>a severe drought during any particular year, it shall issue such prediction before March 1</u>
- 87 of that year. Prediction of severe drought may be based on consideration of historical,
- 88 <u>mathematical</u>, or meteorological information, including, but not limited to, stream flows,
- ground-water levels, and precipitation forecasts. Such prediction may also be based on
- 90 <u>scientific analyses, including, but not limited to, the Palmer Drought Severity Index</u>
- 91 <u>administered by the National Oceanographic and Atmospheric Administration.</u>
- 92 (b) If severe drought conditions are predicted or otherwise declared in accordance with
- subsection (a) of this Code section, the division will may determine the total number of
- acres of irrigated land, serviced by irrigation systems located within one or more of the
- affected areas, that must not be irrigated that year in order to maintain the acceptable Flint

River <u>basin</u> stream <u>flow</u> <u>flows</u>. Upon such determination, the division <u>shall may</u> conduct an irrigation reduction auction whereby a permittee of an irrigation system located within the affected areas is given an opportunity to enter into an agreement with the division, agreeing that in exchange for a certain sum of money per acre of irrigated land serviced by the irrigation system, the permittee will not irrigate those particular acres for the remainder of that calendar year. The authority shall pay the sum so agreed upon when so directed by the director from the unexpended balance of the drought protection funds. In conducting the irrigation reduction auction, the division may establish a maximum dollar amount per acre to be expended from the drought protection funds for such purposes."

"(e) The expenditure of funds under this article as an incentive to permittees not to irrigate lands is deemed by the legislature as a valid use of state moneys to promote valid land use policies that result in the protection of the riverine environment by ensuring that such lands not be irrigated for specified periods of time. No expenditure of funds under this article shall be considered <u>full or partial compensation for any losses</u>, <u>financial or otherwise</u>, <u>experienced due to nonirrigation</u>; a lease or repurchase of any irrigation permit issued by the director, <u>nor shall it be considered</u>; <u>or</u> an acknowledgment by the State of Georgia of a property right in any permit issued by the director."

113 **SECTION 5.** 

114 Said article is further amended by adding new Code sections to read as follows:

115 "<u>12-5-546.1.</u>

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- 116 (a) The Department of Agriculture and the State Soil and Water Conservation Commission
- shall coordinate with the division in examining current practices, programs, policies, rules,
- and regulations to identify opportunities to enhance programming and incentives that will:
- (1) Support implementation of the agricultural water efficiency measures in water
- conservation or management plans prepared in accordance with Code Sections 12-5-31,
- 121 <u>12-5-96</u>, and 12-5-522;
- (2) Support implementation of pilot projects demonstrating the efficacy of emerging
- innovative irrigation technologies where appropriate and affordable;
- 124 (3) Identify ways the State Soil and Water Conservation Commission's program for
- measuring agricultural uses of water as authorized under Code Section 12-5-105 can
- further enhance efforts to improve agricultural water use efficiency; and
- 127 (4) Encourage a scheduled program for the voluntary retirement of unused surface-water
- and ground-water farm use permits in accordance with Code Sections 12-5-31 and
- 129 <u>12-5-105.</u>
- (b) The director may modify all active surface-water and ground-water withdrawal permits
- 131 <u>for farm use in the affected areas to require all irrigation systems applying water withdrawn</u>

pursuant to such permits to achieve irrigation efficiencies of 80 percent or greater by the

- 133 year 2020. The schedule for achieving the irrigation efficiencies provided in this
- subsection shall be as follows:
- (1) Irrigation systems applying water withdrawn pursuant to all active permits issued
- after 2005 shall achieve a minimum irrigation efficiency of 80 percent by January 1,
- 137 <u>2016;</u>
- (2) Irrigation systems applying water withdrawn pursuant to all active permits issued
- from 1991 through 2005 shall achieve a minimum irrigation efficiency of 80 percent by
- 140 <u>January 1, 2018; and</u>
- (3) Irrigation systems applying water withdrawn pursuant to all active permits issued
- before 1991 shall achieve a minimum irrigation efficiency of 80 percent by January 1,
- 143 <u>2020.</u>
- (c) Notwithstanding subsection (b) of this Code section, the director may modify specified
- active surface-water and ground-water withdrawal permits for farm use in the affected
- areas to require all mobile irrigation systems and solid-set irrigation sprinklers operating
- 147 <u>under such permits to achieve irrigation efficiencies of 60 percent or greater by the year</u>
- 148 <u>2020</u>. The schedule for achieving such efficiencies shall be as follows:
- (1) Irrigation systems applying water withdrawn pursuant to all active permits issued
- after 2005 shall achieve a minimum irrigation efficiency of 60 percent by January 1,
- 151 <u>2016</u>;
- (2) Irrigation systems applying water withdrawn pursuant to all active permits issued
- from 1991 through 2005 shall achieve a minimum irrigation efficiency of 60 percent by
- 154 <u>January 1, 2018; and</u>
- (3) Irrigation systems applying water withdrawn pursuant to all active permits issued
- before 1991 shall achieve a minimum irrigation efficiency of 60 percent by January 1,
- 157 <u>2020.</u>
- 158 (d) Notwithstanding the irrigation efficiency rates required in subsection (c) of this Code
- section or any other provision of this Code section to the contrary, the minimum irrigation
- efficiency rate for mobile irrigation systems and solid-set irrigation sprinklers applying
- water withdrawn pursuant to new permits shall be 60 percent.
- (e) When issuing any permit application for a new surface-water or ground-water
- withdrawal for farm use in the affected areas, the division shall require that the irrigation
- system applying water withdrawn pursuant to any such permit has an irrigation efficiency
- of at least 80 percent.
- (f) The division shall, in cooperation with other state and federal agencies, universities, the
- 167 Georgia Water Planning and Policy Center, the Lower Flint-Ochlockonee Regional Water
- 168 <u>Council, and other appropriate entities, provide to the board for consideration for adoption</u>

169 in its rules requirements pertaining to methods an applicant may utilize to demonstrate that the required irrigation efficiency has been achieved. Requirements shall consider current 170 171 technologies, best management practices, and the effects of soil type and topography, 172 among other factors deemed necessary. (g) The division shall coordinate with any federal or state agencies offering incentive 173 174 programs that support the purposes of this article, to identify opportunities to refine and 175 target relevant programs as practicable and to assist permittees with achieving irrigation 176 efficiency requirements. 177 12-5-546.2. 178 (a) As used in this Code section, 'permittee' means any person holding a valid permit 179 issued pursuant to Code Section 12-5-31 which provides for the withdrawal of surface 180 water from within the affected areas. (b) The director shall notify specified permittees downstream of any state funded 181 182 augmentation project, which shall be operated for the sole purpose of maintaining the 183 minimum stream flows sufficient to protect habitat critical for vulnerable aquatic life within the affected areas. The director may notify specified downstream permittees that, 184 185 during specified periods of the project's operation for the sole purpose of maintaining such 186 minimum stream flows, the permittee shall let the flow provided by the augmentation project pass his or her point of withdrawal. When specifying those permittees subject to 187 188 such notification, the director shall also establish, in accordance with the factors that may 189 be considered under paragraph (e) of this Code section, those permittees that shall not be 190 subject to the requirements of this Code section. 191 (c) Such notification shall be provided in accordance with rules promulgated by the board of natural resources, shall be based on the best available science, and shall, at a minimum, 192 193 inform the permittees that the upstream project is delivering augmented flows for the sole 194 purpose of maintaining the minimum stream flows sufficient to protect habitat critical for 195 vulnerable aquatic life within the affected areas. 196 (d) The director's notification shall contain notice of opportunity for a hearing and shall 197 be served by certified mail, return receipt requested, to the most recent address provided 198 by the permittee. Any permittee to whom such notification is directed shall comply

(d) The director's notification shall contain notice of opportunity for a hearing and shall be served by certified mail, return receipt requested, to the most recent address provided by the permittee. Any permittee to whom such notification is directed shall comply therewith immediately, but shall be afforded a hearing within five business days of the director's receipt of a petition filed by such permittee. Such hearing shall be before an administrative law judge of the Office of State Administrative Hearings and shall be conducted in accordance with subsection (c) of Code Section 12-2-2. Based upon findings adduced at such hearing, the notification shall be modified, reversed, or continued by the director.

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- 205 (e) In preparing such notification, the director may consider:
- 206 (1) The best available modeling and monitoring data for relevant locations and stream
- 207 <u>reaches</u>;
- 208 (2) The appropriate duration of protection of augmented flows;
- 209 (3) The distance downstream for which protection of augmented flows is appropriate;
- 210 (4) The degree to which protection of augmented flows will assist in mitigating the
- 211 <u>effects of droughts, provide ecological or other environmental benefits, and ensure</u>
- 212 <u>sustainable, long-term access to water resources for existing and future water users; and</u>
- 213 (5) Any other data or information the director deems relevant.
- 214 (f) Nothing in this Code section shall provide authority for the interbasin transfer of any
- 215 <u>water."</u>

216 **SECTION 6.** 

- 217 Said article is further amended by revising Code Section 12-5-549, relating to compliance
- 218 and violations, as follows:
- 219 "12-5-549.
- 220 (a) Except as may otherwise be provided in Code Section 12-5-547 this article, whenever
- the director has reason to believe that a violation of any provision of this article or any rule
- or regulation adopted pursuant to this article has occurred, he or she shall attempt to obtain
- compliance therewith by conference, conciliation, or persuasion, if the making of such an
- 224 attempt is appropriate under the circumstances. If he or she fails to obtain compliance in
- 225 this manner, the director may order the violator to take whatever corrective action the
- director deems necessary in order to obtain such compliance within a period of time to be
- prescribed in such order.
- 228 (b) Except as may otherwise be provided in Code Section 12-5-547 this article, any order
- issued by the director under this article shall become final unless the person or persons
- 230 named therein file with the director a written request for a hearing within 30 days after such
- order or permit is served on such person or persons.
- 232 (c) Except as may otherwise be provided in Code Section 12-5-547 this article, hearings
- 233 on contested matters and judicial review of final orders and other enforcement actions
- under this article shall be provided and conducted in accordance with subsection (c) of
- 235 Code Section 12-2-2.
- 236 (d) The director may file in the superior court of the county wherein the person under order
- resides, or if the person is a corporation, in the county wherein the corporation maintains
- its principal place of business, or in the county wherein the violation occurred or in which
- jurisdiction is appropriate, a certified copy of a final order of the director unappealed from
- or a final order of the director affirmed upon appeal, whereupon the court shall render

judgment in accordance therewith and notify the parties. Such judgment shall have the
same effect, and all proceedings in relation thereto shall thereafter be the same, as though
the judgment had been rendered in an action duly heard and determined by such court.
(e) For purposes of this Code section, a violation of an agreement entered into in
accordance with Code Section 12-5-546 or an order issued by the director in accordance

with Code Section 12-5-547 shall be prima facie established upon a showing that:

- (1) During the effective period of the agreement or order, the irrigation system was observed in person or via remote sensing or otherwise established by representatives of the division or others to have been operating and disbursing water; or
- (2) During the effective period of the agreement or order, a seal, lock, or other device placed by the division on the system to prevent operation of the system has been broken or otherwise tampered with."

**SECTION 7.** 

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254 All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.