

## House Resolution 1279

By: Representatives Powell of the 32<sup>nd</sup>, McCall of the 33<sup>rd</sup>, Burns of the 159<sup>th</sup>, Rogers of the 10<sup>th</sup>, Watson of the 166<sup>th</sup>, and others

## A RESOLUTION

1 Encouraging the development of a water management plan for the Savannah River Basin;  
2 and for other purposes.

3 WHEREAS, the Georgia and South Carolina legislatures have formed a Joint State Water  
4 Caucus to encourage and provide political support for an ongoing bi-state program of  
5 optimizing the management of shared water resources in the Savannah River Basin (SRB);  
6 and

7 WHEREAS, the development of a long-term sustainable management plan can only be  
8 achieved by close cooperation among state and federal legislatures and resource agencies;  
9 and

10 WHEREAS, the United States Army Corps of Engineers, as managers of these shared water  
11 resources, along with applicable state agencies, is conducting a comprehensive study of the  
12 impact of recent droughts in order to determine what improvements to the SRB Drought  
13 Contingency Plan should be implemented; and

14 WHEREAS, technology is currently available to enhance the collection, availability, and use  
15 of real-time water quality and quantity data throughout the SRB; and

16 WHEREAS, unpredictable climate changes create a higher risk of compounding negative  
17 impacts and continue to make it more difficult and costly to manage the SRB ecosystem  
18 based solely on static historical data rule curves with Broad River inflow data; and

19 WHEREAS, increased flexibility and learning when creating, adapting, and executing  
20 management plans and policies will be critical as managers face and react to current and  
21 future challenges to the effective, efficient, and sustainable use of water resources.

22 NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES that  
23 the Joint State Water Caucus hereby encourages the appropriate agencies of Georgia and  
24 South Carolina, along with the United States Army Corps of Engineers, as part of the current  
25 study, to explore, develop, assess, and implement a flexible, adaptive water management  
26 program for the SRB that utilizes real-time data and applies lessons learned during recent  
27 droughts to define the most practical and conservative reservoir storage rules based on actual  
28 conditions and real-time data, with the ultimate objective being an ongoing program that  
29 ensures continuous optimization of water quality and quantity management while also  
30 considering the economic impact of the lake and river levels to the communities throughout  
31 the entire Savannah River Basin.