House Bill 839

By: Representative Spencer of the 180<sup>th</sup>

## A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

1 To amend Chapter 7 of Title 31 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to the 2 regulation of health care facilities, so as to revise provisions relative to county and municipal 3 hospital authorities; to provide for legislative findings; to revise definitions; to revise 4 provisions relating to the composition of authorities; to revise the manner of filling 5 vacancies; to repeal certain population act provisions; to revise residency requirements; to revise the oath; to provide for certain requirements prior to the sale or lease by a hospital 6 7 authority of a health care facility; to revise powers of hospital authorities; to revise provisions relating to the proceeds of certain sales or leases; to revise provisions relating to failure to 8 9 perform minimum functions; to revise provisions regarding contracts with political 10 subdivisions; to revise provisions relating to the dissolution of a hospital authority; to revise provisions relating to audits; to enact the "Senior Citizens Services Authorities Act"; to 11 12 provide for definitions; to provide for the creation of authorities by counties and municipal 13 corporations; to provide for its composition; to provide for powers; to provide for exemption 14 from taxation; to provide for annual audits; to provide for statutory construction; to amend Code Section 36-80-5 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to relief from or 15 16 composition of debts under federal statute prohibited, so as to authorize hospital authorities 17 to seek relief from debts under federal law; to provide for related matters; to repeal 18 conflicting laws; and for other purposes.

## BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

SECTION 1.

- 21 Chapter 7 of Title 31 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to the regulation
- of health care facilities, is amended by adding a new Code section to read as follows:
- 23 "<u>31-7-70.1.</u>

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24 <u>The General Assembly finds that:</u>

25 (1) Hospital authorities are created to acquire and operate hospitals and other health care

facilities in counties and municipal corporations in order to promote public health goals

27 of the state;

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- 28 (2) Hospital authorities are created to minister to the sick residents of each county and
- 29 municipal corporation;
- 30 (3) Hospital authorities are to assume the care and treatment of the indigent sick of the
- 31 establishing county or municipal corporation; and
- 32 (4) Hospital authorities are established to care for those sick or injured in cases where
- 33 an accident or emergency occurred within that county or municipal corporation or in the
- area of operation of the hospital authority." 34

35 **SECTION 2.** 

- Said chapter is further amended in Code Section 31-7-71, relating to definitions, by adding 36
- a new paragraph and by revising paragraph (5) as follows: 37
- 38 "(3.1) 'Health care facilities' means hospitals, nursing homes, rehabilitation centers,
- 39 extended care facilities, pediatric facilities, ambulatory surgical centers or obstetrical
- 40 facilities, and other facilities providing health care services to residents."
- 41 "(5) 'Project' includes the acquisition, construction, and equipping of hospitals, health
- 42 care facilities, dormitories, office buildings, clinics, housing accommodations, nursing
- 43 homes, rehabilitation centers, extended care facilities, and other public health facilities
- 44 for the use of patients and officers and employees of any institution under the supervision
- 45 and control of any hospital authority or leased by the hospital authority for operation by
- 46 others to promote the public health needs of the community and all utilities and facilities
- deemed by the authority necessary or convenient for the efficient operation thereof. Such 47
- 48 term may include community centers, wellness centers, or similar facilities if such centers
- 49 or facilities provide, at a minimum, wellness checks, including but not limited to blood
- pressure checks, cholesterol checks, diabetes screenings, and body mass index checks, 50
- for their indigent residents. Such term may also include any such institutions, utilities, 51
- and facilities located outside the city or county in which the authority is located, provided that the acquisition, construction, equipping, and operation thereof is requested or 53
- approved by the governing bodies of such city and county in which the project is located 54
- 55 and by the board of any hospital authorities located within such city and county or
- provided that the acquisition, construction, equipping, and operation is to be located in 56
- the area of operation of the authority." 57

58 SECTION 3.

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Said chapter is further amended in Code Section 31-7-72, relating to creation of a hospital authority in each county and municipality, by revising subsections (a), (b), and (g) as follows:

- "(a) There is created in and for each county and municipal corporation of the state a public body corporate and politic to be known as the 'hospital authority' of such county or city, which shall consist of a board of not less than five nor more than nine members to be appointed by the governing body of the county or municipal corporation of the area of operation for staggered terms as specified by resolution of the governing body. On and after July 1, 2014, the number of members of each hospital authority shall include an additional member who is appointed by and is a member of the governing body of the county or municipal corporation of the area of operation and who shall serve as a full voting member. In addition, the The number of members of any hospital authority as of March 1, 1984, July 1, 2014, may be increased by not more than two additional members by the adoption of a resolution of the members of the hospital authority governing body of the county or municipal corporation of the area of operation, and such additional members shall be appointed through the same process used for filling vacancies which was in effect for such hospital authority on January 1, 1984 July 1, 2014. Whenever an appointment to fill a vacancy on the board of any hospital authority is made, either for an unexpired term or a full term, consideration shall be given as to whether a licensed doctor of medicine or registered nurse currently serves on such authority. If no licensed doctor of medicine or registered nurse currently serves on such authority, then consideration shall be given to the nomination and choice of a licensed doctor of medicine or a registered nurse to fill such vacancy. No authority created under this Code section shall transact any business or exercise any powers under this Code section until the governing body of the area of operation shall, by proper resolution, declare that there is need for an authority to function in such county or municipal corporation. Copies of a resolution so adopted and any resolution adopted by the governing body providing for filling vacancies in the membership of the authority or making any changes in membership shall be filed with the department.
- (b) Appointments On and after July 1, 2014, appointments to fill vacancies on the board of any hospital authority activated on or after March 15, 1964, for either an unexpired or full term as fixed in the original resolution or ordinance creating the authority, shall be made by the governing body of the county or municipal corporation of the area of operation, and appointees shall serve at the pleasure of such governing body. as follows:
- (1) The governing body of the area of operation shall submit a list of three eligible persons to the board of the hospital authority;

(2) The board at its next regular meeting shall either select one of the three persons named in such list or decline to select any of the persons named in the list. If the board declines to select any of the persons named on the list, it shall so notify the governing body; and

(3) Upon receipt of notification that the board has declined to select any of the persons named in the governing body's list, the governing body shall submit a second list of three eligible persons, no one of whom was named on the first list, to the board of the hospital authority. The board at its next regular meeting after receipt of the second list shall select one of the three persons named in the second list."

"(g) Hospital authorities created pursuant to this Code section shall have perpetual existence <u>unless otherwise dissolved pursuant to Code Section 31-7-89."</u>

**SECTION 4.** 

Said chapter is further amended in Code Section 31-7-72, relating to creation of a hospital authority in each county and municipality, by repealing subsections (d) and (e) and by enacting new subsections (d) and (e) to read as follows:

"(d) Any two or more counties or any two or more municipalities or any county or municipality, or a combination of any county and any municipality, by a like resolution or ordinance of their respective governing bodies, may authorize the exercise of the powers provided for in this article by an authority. The membership of such authority affected by like resolutions of the respective governing bodies of any two or more of the governing bodies of the participating units shall be not less than five nor more than 15 members to serve at the pleasure of the respective governing body, the terms and distribution of members between the participating units to be provided for by the resolutions adopted by the governing bodies of the participating units. On and after July 1, 2014, the number of members of each such hospital authority shall include an additional member from each of the governing bodies of the participating units. Each such governing body shall appoint a member of its governing body to serve as a full voting member of the authority. The resolutions of the governing bodies of participating units acting together for the creation of an authority may be amended by the governing bodies of the participating units from time to time.

(e) Nothing in this Code section is intended to invalidate any of the acts of existing boards of authorities. Hospital authorities shall be granted the same exemptions and exclusions from taxes as are now granted to cities and counties for the operation of facilities similar to facilities to be operated by hospital authorities as provided for under this title."

Said chapter is further amended in Code Section 31-7-73, relating to the creation of an

129 **SECTION 5.** 

additional hospital authority in counties with large populations, by revising subsection (b) as follows: "(b) Each such additional hospital authority shall consist of a board of not less than five nor more than nine members to be appointed by and at the pleasure of the governing body of each such county for staggered terms, as specified by resolution of the governing body; provided, however, that on and after July 1, 2014, the number of members of each hospital authority shall include an additional member who is appointed by and is a member of the governing body of the county or municipal corporation of the area of operation and who shall serve as a full voting member. No hospital authority created under this Code section shall transact any business or exercise any powers under this Code section until the governing body of each such county declares by proper resolution that there is a need for an additional hospital authority to function within such county, which resolution shall also determine and declare that such hospital authority is being created pursuant to this Code section and shall adopt a designation for the hospital authority so as to reflect that it is a separate and distinct entity from the hospital authority created pursuant to Code Section 31-7-72. A copy of such resolution shall be filed with the department. Copies of any resolutions adopted by the governing body of the county for the purpose of filling vacancies in the membership of the hospital authority or for making any changes in membership shall also be filed with the department."

150 **SECTION 6.** 

151 Said chapter is further amended by revising Code Section 31-7-74, relating to residency

requirements, officers, compensations, and rules and regulations, as follows:

153 "31-7-74.

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The members of a hospital authority shall be <u>full-time</u> residents of the participating units comprising the authority. The requirement of residence shall not apply to authorities activated under subsection (d) of Code Section 31-7-72, provided <u>that</u> they are selected from within the area of service and within 12 miles of the hospital location or within 12 miles of the sponsoring county or municipality, whichever is farther. The members shall elect one of their number as <u>chair chairperson</u> and another as vice <u>chair chairperson</u> and shall also elect a secretary-treasurer, who need not be a member. The members shall receive no compensation for their services, either as members or as employees of the authority, but may be reimbursed for their actual expenses incurred in the performance of their duties, or, in the alternative, the members may elect to be reimbursed for such expenses on a per diem basis in an amount not to exceed \$100.00 per meeting and the total

amount not to exceed \$100.00 per month. The authority shall make rules and regulations for its governance and may delegate to one or more of its members, officers, agents, or employees such powers and duties as may be deemed necessary and proper."

168 **SECTION 7.** 

- Said chapter is further amended in Code Section 31-7-74.1, relating to prohibited transactions
- by county and municipal hospital authority members, by revising subsection (b) as follows:
- 171 "(b) Each member of a hospital authority shall disclose upon his or her selection as a
- member, and at least annually thereafter, the following described interests and
- relationships:
- 174 (1) Any financial interest held by the member or the member's family, or held by an
- entity in which the member or the member's family owns a financial interest, in any
- health care provider, any managed care provider or network, or any entity which sells
- products or services to the authority;
- 178 (2) Any position held by the member or the member's family as an officer, director, or
- employee of a hospital health care facility, hospital health care facility holding company,
- other health care provider, or managed care network; and
- 181 (3) Any contract which exists between the member or the member's family, or any entity
- in which the member or the member's family owns a financial interest, and the authority,
- including, but not limited to, supply contracts, service contracts, and leases."

**SECTION 8.** 

- 185 Said chapter is further amended by revising Code Section 31-7-74.2, relating to the oath to
- be taken by members of a hospital authority, as follows:
- 187 "31-7-74.2.
- Each member of a hospital authority shall take in the presence of an officer authorized to
- administer same the following oath:
- I, \_\_\_\_\_, citizen of \_\_\_\_\_ County, Georgia, do solemnly
- swear that I will, to the best of my ability, without favor or affection to any person and
- without any unauthorized financial gain or compensation to myself, faithfully and fairly
- discharge all of the duties and responsibilities that devolve upon me as a member of
- Hospital Authority, including abiding by all contracts and conditions
- agreed to by the hospital authority, during the term of my service as such member."

196 **SECTION 9.** 

197 Said chapter is further amended by revising Code Section 31-7-74.3, relating to the sale or

- lease by a hospital authority, hearing required, factors to be considered at the hearing,
- 199 applicability, and requirements for a lease, as follows:
- 200 "31-7-74.3.
- 201 (a) No hospital health care facility which is owned by a hospital authority may be sold or
- leased to a for profit entity, a not for profit entity, or another hospital authority unless a
- public hearing regarding such action is held in the county where such hospital health care
- facility is located at least 60 days prior to such sale or lease becoming effective. In the
- event there is more than one participating unit for an authority, a hearing shall be held in
- each participating unit's county at least 60 days prior to the sale or lease becoming
- 207 effective. The hospital authority must publish notice of the hearing at least three times,
- with the first such notice appearing at least 60 days prior to the hearing in the legal organ
- of each participating unit. At each such public hearing, the hospital authority shall
- describe, discuss, or otherwise disclose:
- 211 (1) The reasonably foreseeable adverse and beneficial effects of such lease or sale upon
- health care in the service area of the hospitals health care facilities to be leased or sold,
- and, for purposes of this paragraph, the service area shall include the county in which the
- 214 hospital health care facility is located and each adjoining county;
- 215 (2) A financial statement <u>and independent appraisal</u> indicating the estimated value of the
- total assets and liabilities to be transferred or received in the transaction; provided,
- 217 however, that if the value of any individual asset exceeds \$100,000.00, a description and
- 218 the value of such assets shall be indicated on the financial statement; and
- 219 (3) The resumes of the top five executive officers who will manage the <u>health care</u>
- facility after it is sold or leased.
- This subsection shall not apply to any transaction which is subject to the provisions of
- 222 Code Section 31-7-89.1.
- 223 (b) No hospital health care facility which is owned by a hospital authority may be leased
- 224 to another person, corporation, or business entity, other than as provided in paragraphs (23)
- and (24) of Code Section 31-7-75, unless such lease requires that:
- (1) At least one member of the hospital authority will serve as a full voting member upon
- the governing body or local board of the business entity exercising control and
- management powers over the leased hospital health care facility; and
- 229 (2) The governing body or local board of the business entity exercising control and
- management powers over the leased hospital health care facility submits to the governing
- 231 authority body of each county in which the hospital health care facility is located, within

232 90 days after the close of the calendar year or that entity's fiscal year, a complete and detailed financial statement for that entity.

(c) Provisions of a lease required by subsection (b) of this Code section may not be renegotiated or otherwise altered or amended for the duration of such lease."

**SECTION 10.** 

Said chapter is further amended in Code Section 31-7-75, relating to functions and powers of county and municipal hospital authorities, by revising paragraphs (6), (12), (17), and (24) as follows:

- "(6) To sell to others, or to lease to others for any number of years up to a maximum of 40 years, any lands, buildings, structures, or facilities constituting all or any part of any existing or hereafter established project. In the event a hospital authority undertakes to sell a hospital health care facility, such authority shall, prior to the execution of a contract of sale, provide reasonable public notice of such sale and provide for a public hearing to receive comments from the public concerning such sale. This power shall be unaffected by the language set forth in paragraph (13) of this Code section or any implications arising therefrom unless grants of assistance have been received by the authority with respect to such lands, buildings, structures, or facilities, in which case approval in writing as set forth in paragraph (13) of this Code section shall be obtained prior to selling or leasing to others within 20 years after completion of construction;"
- "(12) To acquire receive from a governing body of the area of operation that is acquiring
   property by the exercise of the right of eminent domain any property essential to the
   purposes of the authority. The right of eminent domain may only be exercised under this
   article by the governing body of a county or municipal corporation;"
  - "(17) To borrow money for any corporate purpose; provided, however, that if the obtaining of any loan would cause the total current and long-term debt of the authority, as determined through current financial statements, the most current audit conducted pursuant to Code Section 31-7-91, and independent appraisals, to exceed 50 percent of the value of the collateral eligible assets of the authority, such loan shall not be entered into without a prior referendum and approval of a majority of the voters of the participating units:"
  - "(24) To provide management, consulting, and operating services, including, but not limited to, administrative, operational, personnel, and maintenance services to another hospital authority, hospital, health care facility, as said term is defined in Chapter 6 of this title, person, firm, corporation, or any other entity or any group or groups of the foregoing; to enter into contracts alone or in conjunction with others to provide such services without regard to the location of the parties to such transactions; to receive

management, consulting, and operating services including, but not limited to, administrative, operational, personnel, and maintenance services from another such hospital authority, hospital, health care facility, person, firm, corporation, or any other entity or any group or groups of the foregoing; and to enter into contracts alone or in conjunction with others to receive such services without regard to the location of the parties to such transactions;"

**SECTION 11.** 

Said chapter is further amended in Code Section 31-7-75.1, relating to proceeds of sale of a hospital held in trust to fund indigent hospital care, by revising subsections (a), (b), and (c) as follows:

"(a) The Except as otherwise provided in Code Section 31-7-75.3, the proceeds from any sale or lease of a hospital health care facility owned by a hospital authority or political subdivision of this state, which proceeds shall not include not including funds required to pay off the bonded indebtedness of the sold hospital health care facility or any expense of the authority or political subdivision attributable to the sale or lease, shall be held by the authority or political subdivision in an irrevocable trust fund. Such proceeds in that such <u>trust</u> fund may be invested in the same way that public moneys may be invested generally pursuant to general law, but money in that such trust fund shall be used exclusively for funding the provision of hospital health care or wellness programs for the indigent residents of the political subdivision which owned the hospital health care facility or by which the authority was activated or for which the authority was created. If the funds available for a political subdivision in that such irrevocable trust fund are less than \$100,000.00, the principal amount may be used to fund the provision of indigent hospital health care or wellness programs; otherwise, only the income from that such trust fund may be used for that such care or programs. Such funding or reimbursement for indigent care shall not exceed the diagnosis related group rate for that hospital in each individual case.

(b) In the event a hospital authority which sold or leased a hospital health care facility was activated by or created for more than one political subdivision or in the event a hospital health care facility having as owner more than one political subdivision is sold or leased by those political subdivisions, each such constituent political subdivision's portion of the irrevocable trust fund for indigent hospital health care shall be determined by multiplying the amount of that such trust fund by a figure having a numerator which is the population of that political subdivision and a denominator which is the combined population of all the political subdivisions which owned the hospital health care facility or by which or for which the authority was activated or created.

303 (c) For purposes of hospital health care and wellness programs for the indigent under this
304 Code section, the standard of indigency shall be that determined under Code Section
305 31-8-43, relating to standards of indigency for emergency care of pregnant women, based
306 upon 125 percent of the federal poverty level."

307 **SECTION 12.** 

Said chapter is further amended in Code Section 31-7-75.1, relating to proceeds of sale of a hospital held in trust to fund indigent hospital care, by repealing subsection (d) and by enacting a new subsection (d) to read as follows:

- 311 "(d) This Code section shall not apply to the following actions:
- 312 (1) A reorganization or restructuring;
- 313 (2) Any sale of a hospital, or the proceeds from that sale, made prior to April 2, 1986;
- 314 <u>and</u>
- 315 (3) Any sale or lease of a health care facility when the purchaser or lessee pledges, by
- written contract entered into concurrently with such purchase or lease, to provide an
- amount of health care equal to that which would have otherwise been available pursuant
- 318 to subsections (a), (b), and (c) of this Code section for the indigent residents of the
- 319 <u>political subdivisions which owned the health care facility, by which the hospital</u>
- 320 <u>authority was activated, or for which the authority was created. However, the exception</u>
- 321 <u>to this Code section provided by this paragraph shall only apply to:</u>
- 322 (A) Hospital authorities that operate a licensed health care facility pursuant to a lease
- from the county which created the appropriate authority;
- 324 (B) Hospitals that have a bed capacity of more than 150 beds;
- 325 (C) Hospitals located in a county in which no other medical-surgical licensed hospital
- 326 is located; and
- 327 (D) Hospitals operated by a hospital authority that entered into a lease-purchase
- 328 agreement between such hospital and a private corporation prior to July 1, 1997."

329 **SECTION 13.** 

- 330 Said chapter is further amended by revising Code Section 31-7-75.2, relating to exemption
- from disclosure for potentially commercially valuable plan, proposal, or strategy, as follows:
- 332 "31-7-75.2.
- Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, no Georgia nonprofit
- corporation in its operation of a hospital or other medical health care facility for the benefit
- of a governmental entity in this state and no hospital authority shall be required by Chapter
- 336 14 of Title 50 or Article 4 of Chapter 18 of Title 50 to disclose or make public any
- potentially commercially valuable plan, proposal, or strategy that may be of competitive

advantage in the operation of the corporation or authority or its medical health care 338 339 facilities and which has not been made public. This exemption shall terminate at such time 340 as such plan, proposal, or strategy has either been approved or rejected by the governing board of such corporation or hospital authority. Except as provided in this Code section 341 342 or as otherwise provided by law, hospital authorities shall comply with the provisions of Chapter 14 of Title 50 and Article 4 of Chapter 18 of Title 50." 343

344 **SECTION 14.** 

- 345 Said chapter is further amended by adding a new Code section to read as follows:
- 346 *"*31-7-75.3.
- (a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (b) of this Code section, if a hospital 347
- 348 authority:
- (1) Closes or terminates the operation of all of its health care facilities, including the 349
- lease or contract for the operation of all projects; or 350
- 351 (2) Sells all of its health care facilities and does not lease or contract for the operation of
- 352 any project,
- then the hospital authority and the governing bodies of its participating units shall, within 353
- 354 60 days of the final closure or sale, initiate proceedings for dissolution in accordance with
- 355 Code Section 31-7-89.
- 356 (b) This Code section shall not apply if a hospital authority is insolvent."

357 **SECTION 15.** 

- 358 Said chapter is further amended by revising Code Section 31-7-76, relating to the procedure
- in the event of the failure of an authority to perform minimum functions, determination of 359
- 360 removal from office, and appointments to fill vacancies created by removal, as follows:
- "31-7-76. 361

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- (a) The General Assembly declares that it is the intent of this article to provide a 362
- mechanism for the operation and maintenance of needed health care facilities in the several 363
- counties and municipalities of this state. It is the further intent of the General Assembly 364
- that, whenever an authority ceases to perform the minimum functions required for the 365
- continued operation and maintenance of needed health care facilities in the county or 366
- municipality, a procedure be made available to recognize the failure of the authority to perform these minimum functions and to provide for the orderly and responsible 368
- reorganization of the authority. 369
- (b) Whenever it appears that an authority has ceased to perform the minimum functions 370
- 371 required for the continued operation and maintenance of needed health care facilities in the
- 372 county or municipality in which the authority is authorized to function, a petition may shall

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be filed in the superior court in the county requesting that the members of the authority be removed from office and that any vacancy created by a removal be filled as provided in 375 Code Section 31-7-72 for the initial appointment of members of an authority. Each such 376 petition shall be filed by one or more residents of the county in which the authority is authorized to function, or by the county governing body authority, and shall be supported by petition of a number of residents of the county equal to 5 percent or more of the number of electors registered to vote in the general election last held in the county within 90 days of such failure to perform. In the case of an authority authorized to function solely within a municipality, the petition shall be filed by one or more residents of the municipality in which the authority is authorized to function, or by the municipal governing body authority, and shall be supported by petition of a number of residents of the municipality equal to 5 percent or more of the number of electors registered to vote in the general election last held in the municipality within 90 days of such failure to perform.

- (b.1) In the event a governing body fails to file a petition as required by subsection (b) of 386 this Code section, the members of the governing body shall be subject to contempt 387 388 proceedings by the court as provided by law.
- 389 (c) Upon the filing of any petition as provided in subsection (b) of this Code section, the 390 judge of the superior court shall set a hearing to inquire into the merits of the petition not 391 sooner than ten days nor later than 30 days from the date of filing of the petition. The 392 hearing may be continued, in the discretion of the judge, on motion of any party.
- 393 (d) At each hearing held as provided in subsection (c) of this Code section, the judge, 394 sitting without a jury, shall inquire into and determine the question of whether the authority 395 has ceased to perform the minimum functions required for the continued operation and maintenance of needed health care facilities in the county or municipality. In making his 396 397 or her determination, the judge shall consider, but shall not be limited by, whether the 398 authority has:
- 399 (1) Failed to establish and enforce rates and charges as provided in Code Section 400 31-7-77;
- 401 (2) Failed to take any reasonable action when the failure has the effect of jeopardizing 402 repayment of principal or interest, when due, on revenue anticipation certificates issued by the authority; 403
- (3) Failed to take any reasonable action when the failure has the effect of breaching a 404 405 contract providing for continued maintenance and use of the authority's facilities and entered into with a county or municipality as provided in Code Section 31-7-85; 406
- 407 (4) Failed to make plans for unmet needs of the community as authorized by paragraph 408 (22) of Code Section 31-7-75;
- 409 (5) Failed to make and file its annual report as provided in Code Section 31-7-90;

410 (6) Failed to adopt an annual budget as provided in Code Section 31-7-90;

(7) Failed to conduct the annual audit as provided in Code Section 31-7-91;

- 412 (8) Failed to report or publish the annual audit as provided in Code Section 31-7-92;
- 413 (9) Failed to hold at least one meeting in the preceding calendar quarter; or
- 414 (10) Failed to take any other action required pursuant to this article.
- 415 (e) After giving all parties an opportunity to be heard, the judge shall determine, based on
- the evidence presented, whether the clear and convincing weight of the evidence is that the
- authority has ceased to perform the minimum functions required for the continued
- operation and maintenance of needed health care facilities in the county or municipality.
- In the event the judge so decides, he <u>or she</u> shall order the immediate removal from office
- of the members of the authority, except that no member shall be removed who
- demonstrates to the satisfaction of the judge his <u>or her</u> good faith attempt to fulfill his <u>or</u>
- her duties as a member of the authority. In the event the court denies the petition, the
- 423 petition shall be dismissed.

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- 424 (f) Whenever it appears that an authority has ceased to perform the minimum functions
- 425 required for the continued operation and maintenance of needed health care facilities in the
- 426 <u>county or municipality in which the authority is authorized to function, the governing body</u>
- or bodies of such county or municipality shall notify each of its appointed authority
- 428 <u>members that he or she will be removed from office if the failure to perform minimum</u>
- 429 <u>functions is not corrected within 90 days</u>. Such authority members shall be removed by the
- 430 governing body if such failure is not corrected within 90 days and shall not be eligible for
- reappointment unless such members have already been removed pursuant to subsection (e)
- 432 <u>of this Code section.</u>
- 433 (f)(g) Vacancies created pursuant to this Code section shall be filled in the same manner
- 434 as provided in Code Section 31-7-72 for the initial appointment of members of an
- 435 authority. Vacancies created by the expiration of the term or the resignation or disability
- of a member appointed pursuant to this Code section shall be filled as provided in Code
- 437 Section 31-7-72 for the filling of vacancies.
- 438 (h) This Code section shall not impair the power of a governing body to remove its
- 439 <u>appointed authority member or members pursuant to the at-will status of such member or</u>
- members under Code Section 31-7-72."

**SECTION 16.** 

- Said chapter is further amended by revising Code Section 31-7-85, relating to contracts with
- 443 political subdivisions, as follows:

444 "31-7-85.

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(a) For the purpose of using such the health care facilities of an authority, any city or county is authorized by action of its governing body to enter into contracts with an such authority for such periods of time not exceeding 40 years as shall be necessary to provide for the continued maintenance and use of the such facilities of an authority. Sums due and payable under such contract shall be determined from year to year during the period of such contract and no sums shall be paid for the services in excess of the amounts necessary to provide for the maintenance and operation of projects of authorities and such sums as shall be necessary to provide adequate and necessary facilities for medical care and hospitalization of the indigent sick, including reasonable reserves necessary for expansion and necessary for the payment of the cost of facilities of the projects, provided that any such contract may obligate a city or county or any combination thereof to pay for such services a fixed and definite minimum sum each year based or calculated upon the anticipated cost of such services including the cost and expense of making the facilities of the authority available for the furnishing and performance of such services. The contracts authorized under this Code section to be entered into between cities or counties or any combination thereof and an authority may provide for the conveyance or lease of any existing hospital health care facilities or projects to an authority created by any such cities or counties for a nominal consideration only, provided that such conveyance shall contain a clause providing that, upon dissolution of the authority, such hospital health care facilities or projects shall revert to the city or county conveying the same to the authority and provided, further, that no property so conveyed may be mortgaged or in any way given as security for an indebtedness of the authority; this limitation is not to be construed as limiting the right of the authority to pledge or hypothecate revenues which may be realized by the authority from the operation of any property so conveyed to the authority. (b) When, in accordance with this article, any county shall activate a hospital authority for such county and such authority shall acquire or construct or shall make preparations to acquire or construct a hospital health care facility in the county, any municipality in the county shall be authorized to contract with the hospital authority for the care in such hospital health care facility of indigent sick or injured persons who are residents of the municipality either on a per-patient-per-day basis or for a fixed amount of money payable at such time as the contracting parties may agree upon; and any such contract may, at the election of such municipality, be binding upon it for a period of not exceeding 40 years. Such contract and the amount to be received by the hospital authority thereunder may be pledged by the hospital authority as security for the payment of the principal and interest of any bonds or revenue anticipation certificates which it may issue in order to acquire or construct the hospital health care facility.

481 (c) No governing body of a city or county shall extend a loan or any funds or guarantee
482 of funds to a hospital authority without verifying, through current financial statements, the
483 most current audit conducted pursuant to Code Section 31-7-91, and appraisals indicating
484 the total assets and liabilities of the hospital authority, the ability of the hospital authority
485 to comply with all repayment terms and conditions."

486 **SECTION 17.** 

Said chapter is further amended by revising Code Section 31-7-87, relating to hypothecation or mortgaging of purchased hospital facilities, as follows:

489 "31-7-87.

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Should an authority acquire by purchase existing hospital health care facilities of political subdivisions and pay the reasonable value therefor, nothing in this article shall be construed to prevent the hypothecation or mortgaging of such facilities as security for the repayment of any indebtedness which may be legally incurred by such authority."

**SECTION 18.** 

Said chapter is further amended by revising Code Section 31-7-89, relating to the procedure for dissolution and disposition of property, as follows:

497 "31-7-89.

By joint action of the board of trustees of an authority and the governing bodies of participating units, authorities created under and pursuant to the terms of this article may be dissolved, provided that no such dissolution shall in any way impair the rights of third persons or the contracts of the authority with such third persons. Prior to its dissolution, an authority shall cause all real property to be appraised and shall have conducted a final audit of its assets in the same manner and subject to the same requirements as contained in Code Sections 31-7-91 through 31-7-93. Disposition to be made of the property of the authority upon dissolution shall be covered in any resolution adopted by the participating units and the board of trustees of the authority; provided, however, that any and all remaining assets of the authority shall be distributed among the governing bodies of participating units in a similar manner as contained in subsection (b) of Code Section 31-7-75.1. Such assets may be used by such governing bodies for the provision of indigent health care or wellness programs or for such other purposes as the governing bodies are authorized to use public funds, including transferring such assets to a Senior Citizens Services Authority activated by such governing body pursuant to Article 5A of this chapter. At no time, however, shall any authority upon dissolution convey any of its property, except as may be otherwise authorized by law, to any private person, association, or corporation."

**SECTION 19.** 

Said chapter is further amended by revising Code Section 31-7-90.1, relating to community benefit reports and reports disclosing member ownership in entities transacting business with a hospital authority, as follows:

520 "31-7-90.1.

- (a) Each hospital authority created by and under this article shall annually prepare a community benefit report disclosing the cost of indigent and charity care provided by such authority for the preceding year not later than 90 days after the close of the fiscal or calendar year. Such report provided for in this Code section shall include a statement of the cost and type of indigent and charity care provided by the authority, including the number of indigent persons served, categorization of those persons by county of residence, as well as the cost of indigent and charity care provided in dollars. Such community benefit report shall be filed with the clerk of superior court of the county in which the authority's hospital health care facility is located, as well as with the governing body or bodies of such authority's participating units.
- (b) Each hospital authority created by and under this article shall also annually prepare a report indicating any entity in which a member or member's family has a direct or indirect ownership of assets or stock constituting between 10 percent and 25 percent which transacted business with the authority during the previous year. Such report shall be filed with the clerk of superior court of the county in which the authority's hospital health care facility is located, as well as with the governing body or bodies of such authority's participating units."

**SECTION 20.** 

Said chapter is further amended by revising Code Section 31-7-91, relating to required annual audits, as follows:

541 "31-7-91.

Each hospital authority created by and under this article, regardless of whether such hospital authority owns, operates, or leases a health care facility or other project, shall ensure that an annual audit of the financial affairs, books, and records of such authority is conducted at the end of each fiscal year for the preceding year. Each hospital authority shall obtain either a certified public accountant or a firm of certified public accountants to conduct such audit. The auditor so appointed shall perform the audit in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and shall submit a complete and final report and audit to the authority not later than 90 days after the close of the fiscal year. All audits provided for in this Code section shall be certified to and shall include, but in no way be

limited to, a full and complete audit containing a balance sheet, profit and loss statement, and statement of receipts and disbursements."

**SECTION 21.** 

Said chapter is further amended by revising Code Section 31-7-92, relating to the filing of audits, as follows:

556 "31-7-92.

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(a) All final audits provided for in Code Section 31-7-91 shall be reproduced in sufficient number, and copies of the audit shall be filed with the department, with the Department of Audits and Accounts, with the clerk of the superior court in the county where any hospital health care facility or other project is operated, owned, or leased by a hospital authority, and in the office of the clerk of the superior court of any county that is a participating unit of the authority. In the event any hospital health care facility or other project is operated, owned, or leased by a municipal hospital authority, the audit required by this Code section to be filed with the office of the clerk of the superior court shall be filed in the office of city clerk, clerk of council, clerk of the board of aldermen, or clerk of the governing body of the municipality; in lieu of being filed with the clerk of the superior court.

(b) The Department of Audits and Accounts shall review the final audits submitted, and if it finds irregularities or budget deficits, it shall report such irregularities or budget deficits to the department, the hospital authority, the governing body or bodies of such authority's participating units, and the members of the legislative delegation of the General Assembly who represent such participating units."

**SECTION 22.** 

Said chapter is further amended by revising Code Section 31-7-93, relating to failure to provide for an audit, as follows:

575 "31-7-93.

In the event any hospital authority shall fail or refuse to provide for an annual audit and have such audit prepared and filed as set forth in Code Sections 31-7-91 and 31-7-92, or shall fail to register annually with the Department of Community Affairs as set forth in

579 <u>Code Section 36-80-16:</u>

(1) The any taxpayer of any participating unit of such authority or the governing authority of such unit may governing body of the participating unit shall within ten days petition the superior court of the county wherein the authority operates, owns, or leases a health care facility or other project a hospital to require the authority to have such audit prepared and filed as provided by the above Code sections Code Sections 31-7-91 and 31-7-92 or to register as provided by Code Section 36-80-16. The judge of such court

shall set a time for the hearing on such petition and after notice to the authority shall hear and determine the petition. If it is determined that the authority has failed to comply with the requirements for the preparation and filing of the audit or annual registration, the judge shall pass such orders as are necessary to effectuate compliance with such requirements. In the event the authority fails to have an audit prepared and filed or fails to register as required by court order, the members of the authority shall be subject to contempt proceedings by the court as provided by law; and

(2) The department may withhold all or any portion of any state grants or funds that the hospital authority is eligible to receive pursuant to Code Section 31-7-94 or 31-7-94.1 or any other state grants or funds. In the event that the department withholds any such state grants or funds, the department shall provide notice of such action to the governing body of each participating unit of the authority and to the members of the legislative delegation of the General Assembly who represent such participating units."

**SECTION 23.** 

600 Said chapter is further amended by adding a new article to read as follows:

601 "ARTICLE 5A

- 602 <u>31-7-121.</u>
- This article shall be known and may be cited as the 'Senior Citizens Services Authorities
- 604 <u>Act.'</u>

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- 605 <u>31-7-122.</u>
- As used in this article, the term:
- (1) 'Authority' means each public corporation created pursuant to this article.
- 608 (2) 'County' means any county of this state.
- 609 (3) 'Governing body' means the elected or duly appointed officials constituting the
- governing body of each municipal corporation and county in this state.
- 611 (4) 'Municipal corporation' means each city and town in this state.
- 612 (5) 'Senior center' means facilities or portions of facilities which provide senior services
- for senior citizens in the community and their families and caregivers and serve as a
- resource for the entire community on issues relating to aging.
- 615 (6) 'Senior services' means services, support, activities, and care for senior citizens which
- are designed to reflect their experience and skills, respond to their diverse needs and
- 617 <u>interests, enhance their dignity, support their independence, encourage their involvement</u>
- with the community, and provide support for their families and caregivers.

619 <u>31-7-123.</u>

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620 (a) There is created in and for each county and municipal corporation in this state a public 621 body corporate and politic to be known as the 'Senior Citizens Services Authority' of such 622 county or municipal corporation. 623 (b) Each authority shall consist of a board of seven directors, one of whom shall be a 624 member of the governing body, to be appointed by the governing body of such county or 625 municipal corporation. The terms of such directors shall initially be two, four, and six years and thereafter shall be staggered terms of six years. The director who is a member 626 627 of the governing body shall serve as a full voting member. The governing body of the 628 county or municipal corporation shall initially elect two directors for two years, two directors for four years, and three directors for six years; and thereafter, the terms of all 629 630 directors shall be six years. If at the end of any term of office of any director a successor 631 thereto shall not have been elected, the director whose term of office shall have expired shall continue to hold office until his or her successor shall be so elected. A majority of 632 633 the directors shall constitute a quorum, but no action may be taken by the board without 634 the affirmative vote of a majority of the full membership of the board. 635 (c) The directors shall be taxpayers residing in the county or municipal corporation for 636 which the authority is created, and their successors shall be appointed by the governing 637 body of such county or municipal corporation and shall serve at the pleasure of such governing body. No director shall be an officer or employee of the county or municipal 638 639 corporation. The directors shall elect one of their number as chairperson and another as 640 vice chairperson and shall also elect a secretary and a treasurer or a secretary-treasurer, any 641 of whom may but need not be a director. The directors shall receive no compensation for 642 their services but shall be reimbursed for their actual expenses incurred in the performance 643 of their duties. 644 (d) No authority shall transact any business or exercise any powers under this article until 645 the governing body of the county or municipal corporation shall, by proper resolution, 646 declare that there is a need for an authority to function in such county or municipal 647 corporation. A copy of the resolution shall be filed with the Secretary of State, who shall 648 maintain a record of all authorities activated under this article. 649 (e) The authority may make bylaws and regulations for its governance and may delegate 650 to one or more of its officers, agents, and employees such powers and duties as may be 651 deemed necessary and proper. The authority shall have perpetual existence unless

dissolved by resolution of the governing body of the county or municipal corporation.

- 653 31-7-124.
- 654 (a) Each authority shall have all of the powers necessary or convenient to carry out and
- effectuate the purposes and provisions of this article, including, but without limiting the
- generality of the foregoing, the power:
- (1) To bring and defend an action;
- 658 (2) To adopt and amend a corporate seal:
- 659 (3) To make and execute contracts and other instruments necessary to exercise the
- powers of the authority, any of which contracts may be made with the county in which
- the authority is located or with any one or more municipal corporations in such county,
- and each such county and all municipal corporations therein are authorized to enter into
- 663 <u>contracts with each authority;</u>
- 664 (4) To receive and administer gifts, grants, and devises of any property and to administer
- 665 trusts;
- (5) To acquire by purchase, gift, or construction any real or personal property desired to
- be acquired by the authority as part of any project or for the purpose of improving,
- 668 extending, adding to, reconstructing, renovating, or remodeling any project or part thereof
- already acquired or for the purpose of demolition to make room for such project or any
- 670 part thereof;
- 671 (6) To purchase, sell, lease, exchange, transfer, assign, pledge, mortgage, or dispose of,
- or grant options for any such purposes, any real or personal property or interest therein;
- 673 (7) To mortgage, convey, pledge, or assign any properties, revenues, income, tolls,
- charges, or fees owned, received, or to be received by the authority;
- (8) To invest and reinvest the funds of the authority in any investment which a domestic
- insurer may lawfully invest in, to determine the allocation of funds among investments,
- and to purchase, hold, sell, assign, transfer, and dispose of any securities and other
- investments in which funds of the authority have been invested, any proceeds of any
- investments, and any money belonging to the authority;
- (9) To appoint officers and retain agents, engineers, attorneys, fiscal agents, accountants,
- and employees and to provide for their compensation and duties;
- (10) To receive from the governing body or the state any grants, funds, or other
- donations;
- (11) To operate, manage, or provide assistance for senior centers;
- (12) To provide or support senior services for members of the community;
- 686 (13) To identify and provide information, education, and assistance on issues and matters
- critical to senior citizens in the community; and
- 688 (14) To do all things necessary or convenient to carry out the powers expressly conferred
- 689 <u>by this article.</u>

690 (b) The authority shall adopt and promulgate rules and regulations to implement the

- 691 <u>purposes of this article.</u>
- 692 <u>31-7-125.</u>
- 693 (a) Each authority created by and under this article is created for nonprofit and public
- 694 purposes, and it is found, determined, and declared that:
- (1) The creation of each such authority and the carrying out of its corporate purposes are
- in all respects for the benefit of the people of this state; and
- 697 (2) The authority is an institution of purely public charity and will be performing an
- 698 <u>essential governmental function in the exercise of the powers conferred upon it by this</u>
- article; and for such reasons, the authority shall be required to pay no taxes or
- assessments imposed by the state or any of its counties, municipal corporations, political
- subdivisions, or taxing districts upon any property acquired by the authority or under its
- jurisdiction, control, possession, or supervision or leased by it to others or upon its
- activities in the operation or maintenance of any such property or on any income derived
- by the authority in the form of fees, recording fees, rentals, charges, purchase price,
- 705 <u>installments</u>, or otherwise.
- 706 (b) The tax exemption provided in this Code section shall not include any exemption from
- sales and use tax on property purchased by the authority or for use by the authority.
- 708 <u>31-7-126.</u>
- 709 (a) Each authority created by and under this article shall ensure that an annual audit of the
- financial affairs, books, and records of such authority is conducted at the end of each fiscal
- year for the preceding year. Each authority shall obtain either a certified public accountant
- or a firm of certified public accountants to conduct such audit. The auditor so appointed
- shall perform the audit in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and
- shall submit a complete and final report and audit to the authority not later than 90 days
- 715 after the close of the fiscal year. All audits provided for in this Code section shall be
- certified to and shall include, but in no way be limited to, a full and complete audit
- 717 containing a balance sheet, profit and loss statement, and statement of receipts and
- 718 <u>disbursements.</u>
- 719 (b) All final audits provided for in subsection (a) of this Code shall be reproduced in
- 320 sufficient number, and copies of the audit shall be filed with the clerk of the superior court
- in the county wherein the authority is located.
- 722 (c) In the event any authority shall fail or refuse to provide for an annual audit and have
- such audit prepared and filed as set forth in subsections (a) and (b) of this Code section, the
- 724 governing body of such county or municipal corporation shall within ten days petition the

such audit prepared and filed as provided by this Code section. The judge of such court shall set a time for the hearing on such petition and after notice to the authority shall hear and determine the petition. If it is determined that the authority has failed to comply with the requirements for the preparation and filing of the audit, the judge shall pass such orders as are necessary to effectuate compliance with such requirements. In the event the authority fails to have an audit prepared and filed as required by court order, the members of the authority shall be subject to contempt proceedings by the court as provided by law.

733 <u>31-7-127.</u>

This article shall be liberally construed to effect the purposes hereof, and insofar as this article may be inconsistent with any other law, including the charter of any municipal corporation, this article shall be controlling. No proceeding or publication not required by this article shall be necessary to the performance of any act authorized in this article, nor

shall any such act be subject to referendum."

**SECTION 24.** 

Code Section 36-80-5 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to relief from or composition of debts under federal statute prohibited, is amended as follows:

742 "36-80-5.

instrumentalities.

(a) No Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c) of this Code section, no county, municipality, school district, authority, division, instrumentality, political subdivision, or public body corporate created under the Constitution or laws of this state shall be authorized to file a petition for relief from payment of its debts as they mature or a petition for composition or otherwise to take advantage of any federal statute providing for the adjustment of debts of political subdivisions and public agencies and instrumentalities.

(b) No Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c) of this Code section, no chief executive, mayor, board of commissioners, city council, board of trustees, or other governmental officer, governing body, or organization shall be empowered to cause or authorize the filing by or on behalf of any county, municipality, school district, authority, division, instrumentality, political subdivision, or public body corporate created under the Constitution or laws of this state of any petition for relief from payment of its debts as they mature or a petition for composition of its debts under any federal statute providing for such relief or composition or otherwise to take advantage of any federal statute providing

for the adjustment of debts of political subdivisions and public agencies and

(c) A hospital authority created under the Constitution or laws of this state shall be authorized to file a petition for relief from payment of its debts as they mature or a petition for composition of its debts under any federal statute providing for such relief or composition or otherwise to take advantage of any federal statute providing for the adjustment of debts of political subdivisions and public agencies and instrumentalities. The board of a hospital authority created under the Constitution or laws of this state shall be empowered to cause or authorize the filing by or on behalf of such authority any petition for relief from payment of its debts as they mature or a petition for composition of its debts under any federal statute providing for such relief or composition or otherwise to take advantage of any federal statute providing for the adjustment of debts of political subdivisions and public agencies and instrumentalities."

**SECTION 25.** 

All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.