Senate Bill 193

By: Senators Cowsert of the 46th, McKoon of the 29th, Tippins of the 37th, Bethel of the 54th and Ligon, Jr. of the 3rd

AS PASSED SENATE

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

- 1 To amend Chapter 11 of Title 19 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to the
- 2 enforcement of duty of support, so as to update the Uniform Interstate Family Support Act;
- 3 to repeal conflicting laws; and for other purposes.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

- 5 SECTION 1.
- 6 Chapter 11 of Title 19 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to the enforcement
- 7 of duty of support, is amended by revising Article 3, relating to the Uniform Interstate
- 8 Family Support Act, as follows:
- 9 "ARTICLE 3
- Part 1
- 11 19-11-100.
- 12 This article shall be known and may be cited as the 'Uniform Interstate Family Support
- 13 Act.'
- 14 19-11-101.
- 15 As used in this article, the term:
- 16 (1) 'Child' means an individual, whether over or under the age of majority, who is or is
- alleged to be owed a duty of support by the individual's parent or who is or is alleged to
- be the beneficiary of a support order directed to the parent.
- 19 (2) 'Child support order' means a support order for a child, including a child who has
- attained the age of majority under the law of the issuing state.
- 21 (3) 'Convention' means the Convention on the International Recovery of Child Support
- 22 and Other Forms of Family Maintenance, concluded at The Hague on November 23,
- 23 2007.

24 (3)(4) 'Duty of support' means an obligation imposed or which may be imposed by law

- 25 to provide support for a child, spouse, or former spouse, including an unsatisfied
- obligation to provide support.
- 27 (5) 'Foreign country' means a country, including a political subdivision thereof, other
- 28 <u>than the United States, that authorizes the issuance of support orders and:</u>
- 29 (A) Which has been declared under the law of the United States to be a foreign
- 30 <u>reciprocating country;</u>
- 31 (B) Which has established a reciprocal arrangement for child support with this state as
- 32 provided in Code Section 19-11-127;
- 33 (C) Which has enacted a law or established procedures for the issuance and
- 34 <u>enforcement of support orders which are substantially similar to the procedures under</u>
- 35 this article; or
- 36 (D) In which the convention is in force with respect to the United States.
- 37 (6) 'Foreign support order' means a support order of a foreign tribunal.
- 38 (7) 'Foreign tribunal' means a court, administrative agency, or quasi-judicial entity of a
- foreign country which is authorized to establish, enforce, or modify support orders or to
- 40 <u>determine parentage of a child. The term includes a competent authority under the</u>
- 41 <u>convention.</u>
- 42 (4)(8) 'Home state' means the state <u>or foreign country</u> in which a child lived with a parent
- or a person acting as parent for at least six consecutive months immediately preceding the
- 44 time of filing of a petition or comparable pleading for support and, if a child is less than
- six months old, the state <u>or foreign country</u> in which the child lived from birth with any
- of them. A period of temporary absence of any of them is counted as part of the
- six-month or other period.
- 48 (5)(9) 'Income' includes earnings or other periodic entitlements to money from any
- source and any other property subject to withholding for support under the law of
- 50 Georgia.
- 51 (6)(10) 'Income-withholding order' means an order or other legal process directed to an
- obligor's employer or other debtor, pursuant to Code Sections 19-6-31 through 19-6-33,
- to withhold support from the income of the obligor.
- 54 (7) 'Initiating state' means a state from which a proceeding is forwarded or in which a
- 55 proceeding is filed for forwarding to a responding state under this article or a law
- substantially similar to this article or under a law or procedure substantially similar to the
- 57 Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act, or the Revised Uniform Reciprocal
- 58 Enforcement of Support Act.
- 59 (8)(11) 'Initiating tribunal' means the authorized tribunal in an initiating state of a state
- or foreign country from which a petition or comparable pleading is forwarded or in which

a petition or comparable pleading is filed for forwarding to another state or foreign

- 62 <u>country</u>.
- 63 (12) 'Issuing foreign country' means the foreign country in which a tribunal issues a
- 64 <u>support order or a judgment determining parentage of a child.</u>
- 65 $\frac{(9)(13)}{(13)}$ 'Issuing state' means the state in which a tribunal issues a support order or renders
- a judgment determining parentage of a child.
- 67 (10)(14) 'Issuing tribunal' means the tribunal of a state or foreign country that issues a
- support order or renders a judgment determining parentage of a child.
- 69 (11)(15) 'Law' includes decisional and statutory law and rules and regulations having the
- force of law.
- 71 (12)(16) 'Obligee' means:
- 72 (A) An individual to whom a duty of support is or is alleged to be owed or in whose
- favor a support order has been issued or a judgment determining parentage of a child
- has been rendered issued;
- 75 (B) A <u>foreign country</u>, state, or political subdivision <u>of a state</u> to which the rights under
- a duty of support or support order have been assigned or which has independent claims
- based on financial assistance provided to an individual obligee in place of child support;
- 78 or
- 79 (C) An individual seeking a judgment determining parentage of the individual's child:
- 80 <u>or</u>
- 81 (D) A person that is a creditor in a proceeding under Part 7 of this article.
- 82 $\frac{(13)(17)}{(17)}$ 'Obligor' means an individual or the estate of a decedent that:
- 83 (A) Who owes Owes or is alleged to owe a duty of support;
- 84 (B) Who is Is alleged but has not been adjudicated to be a parent of a child; or
- 85 (C) Who is Is liable under a support order; or
- 86 (D) Is a debtor in a proceeding under Part 7 of this article.
- 87 (18) 'Outside this state' means a location in another state or a country other than the
- 88 <u>United States, whether or not the country is a foreign country.</u>
- 89 (19) 'Person' means an individual, corporation, business trust, estate, trust, partnership,
- 90 <u>limited liability company, association, joint venture, public corporation, government or</u>
- 91 governmental subdivision, agency, or instrumentality, or any other legal or commercial
- 92 <u>entity.</u>
- 93 (20) 'Record' means information that is inscribed on a tangible medium or that is stored
- 94 <u>in an electronic or other medium and is retrievable in perceivable form.</u>
- 95 (14)(21) 'Register' means to record or file in a tribunal of this state a support order or
- judgment determining parentage of a child issued in another state or a foreign country in

97 the appropriate court for the recording or filing of foreign judgments generally or foreign 98 support orders specifically. 99 (15)(22) 'Registering tribunal' means a tribunal in which a support order or judgment 100 determining parentage of a child is registered. 101 (16)(23) 'Responding state' means a state in which a proceeding petition or comparable 102 pleading for support or to determine parentage of a child is filed or to which a proceeding 103 petition or comparable pleading is forwarded for filing from an initiating another state or 104 foreign country under this article or a law or procedure substantially similar to this article, 105 the Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act, or the Revised Uniform Reciprocal 106 Enforcement of Support Act. (17)(24) 'Responding tribunal' means the authorized tribunal in a responding state or 107 108 foreign country. 109 (18)(25) 'Spousal support order' means a support order for a spouse or former spouse of 110 the obligor. (19)(26) 'State' means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, 111 112 the United States Virgin Islands, or any territory or insular possession subject to the under the jurisdiction of the United States. The term includes: 113 114 (A) An an Indian nation or tribe; and 115 (B) A foreign jurisdiction that has enacted a law or established procedures for issuance and enforcement of support orders which are substantially similar to the procedures 116 117 under this article, the Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act, or the Revised 118 **Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act.** 119 (20)(27) 'Support enforcement agency' means a public official, governmental entity, or 120 private agency authorized to seek: 121 (A) Enforcement Seek enforcement of support orders or laws relating to the duty of 122 support; (B) Establishment Seek establishment or modification of child support; 123 (C) Determination Request determination of parentage of a child; or 124 (D) The location of Attempt to locate obligors or their assets; or 125 (E) Request determination of the controlling child support order. 126 (21)(28) 'Support order' means a judgment, decree, or order, decision, or directive, 127 whether temporary, final, or subject to modification, <u>issued in a state or foreign country</u> 128 for the benefit of a child, a spouse, or a former spouse, which provides for monetary 129 support, health care, arrearages, retroactive support, or reimbursement for financial 130

reasonable attorney's fees, and other relief.

assistance provided to an individual obligee in place of child support. and The term may

include related costs and fees, interest, income withholding, automatic adjustment,

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134 (22)(29) 'Tribunal' means a court, administrative agency, or quasi-judicial entity

- authorized to establish, enforce, or modify support orders or to determine parentage of
- 136 <u>a child</u>.
- 137 19-11-102.
- 138 (a) The superior courts, the Office of State Administrative Hearings, and the Department
- of Human Services are the tribunals of Georgia for purposes of this article.
- (b) The district attorney of each judicial circuit and the Attorney General are the support
- enforcement agencies of this state.
- 142 19-11-103.
- 143 (a) Remedies provided by this article are cumulative and do not affect the availability of
- remedies under other law or the recognition of a foreign support order on the basis of
- comity.
- 146 (b) This article does not:
- (1) Provide the exclusive method of establishing or enforcing a support order under the
- 148 <u>law of Georgia; or</u>
- (2) Grant a tribunal of Georgia jurisdiction to render judgment or issue an order relating
- to child custody or visitation in the proceeding under this article.
- 151 <u>19-11-104.</u>
- (a) A tribunal of Georgia shall apply Parts 1 through 6 and, as applicable, Part 7 of this
- article to a support proceeding involving:
- (1) A foreign support order;
- 155 (2) A foreign tribunal; or
- 156 (3) An obligee, obligor, or child residing in a foreign country.
- (b) A tribunal of Georgia that is requested to recognize and enforce a support order on the
- basis of comity may apply the procedural and substantive provisions of Parts 1 through 6
- of this article.
- (c) Part 7 of this article applies only to a support proceeding under the convention. In such
- a proceeding, if a provision of Part 7 of this article is inconsistent with Parts 1 through 6
- of this article, Part 7 of this article controls.

163 Part 2

- 164 19-11-110.
- 165 (a) In a proceeding to establish, or enforce, or modify a support order or to determine
- parentage of a child, a tribunal of this state may exercise personal jurisdiction over a
- nonresident individual or the individual's guardian or conservator if:
- 168 (1) The individual is personally served with process within Georgia;
- 169 (2) The individual submits to the jurisdiction of Georgia by consent, by entering a
- general appearance, or by filing a responsive document having the effect of waiving any
- 171 contest to personal jurisdiction;
- 172 (3) The individual resided with the child in Georgia;
- 173 (4) The individual resided in Georgia and provided prenatal expenses or support for the
- child;
- 175 (5) The child resides in Georgia as a result of the acts or directives of the individual;
- 176 (6) The individual engaged in sexual intercourse in Georgia and the child may have been
- conceived by that act of intercourse;
- 178 (7) The individual asserted parentage of a child in the putative father registry maintained
- in this state by the Department of Human Services; or
- 180 (8) There is any other basis consistent with the Constitutions of Georgia and the United
- 181 States for the exercise of personal jurisdiction.
- (b) The bases of personal jurisdiction set forth in subsection (a) of this Code section or in
- any other law of this state may not be used to acquire personal jurisdiction for a tribunal
- of this state to modify a child support order of another state unless the requirements of
- 185 Code Section 19-11-170 are met, or, in the case of a foreign support order, unless the
- requirements of Code Section 19-11-174 are met.
- 187 19-11-111.
- A tribunal of Georgia exercising personal jurisdiction over a nonresident under Code
- 189 Section 19-11-110 may apply Code Section 19-11-135 to receive evidence from another
- state and Code Section 19-11-137 to obtain discovery through a tribunal of another state.
- In all other respects, Parts 3 through 7 of this article do not apply and the tribunal shall
- apply the procedural and substantive law of Georgia, including the rules on choice of law
- other than those established by this article Personal jurisdiction acquired by a tribunal of
- Georgia in a proceeding under this article or other law of Georgia relating to a support
- order continues so long as a tribunal of Georgia has continuing, exclusive jurisdiction to
- modify its order or continuing jurisdiction to enforce its order as provided by Code
- 197 <u>Sections 19-11-114, 19-11-115, and 19-11-119.1</u>.

- 198 19-11-112.
- 199 Under this article, a tribunal in Georgia may serve as an initiating tribunal to forward
- 200 proceedings to <u>a tribunal of</u> another state and as a responding tribunal for proceedings
- initiated in another state <u>or foreign country</u>.
- 202 19-11-113.
- 203 (a) A tribunal in Georgia may exercise jurisdiction to establish a support order if the
- 204 petition or comparable pleading is filed after a pleading is filed in another state or a foreign
- 205 <u>country</u> only if:
- 206 (1) The petition or comparable pleading in Georgia is filed before the expiration of the
- 207 time allowed in the other state or the foreign country for filing a responsive pleading
- challenging the exercise of jurisdiction by the other state or the foreign country;
- 209 (2) The contesting party timely challenges the exercise of jurisdiction in the other state
- or the foreign country; and
- 211 (3) If relevant, Georgia is the home state of the child.
- 212 (b) A tribunal in Georgia may not exercise jurisdiction to establish a support order if the
- 213 petition or comparable pleading is filed before a petition or comparable pleading is filed
- in another state <u>or a foreign country</u> if:
- 215 (1) The petition or comparable pleading in the other state or foreign country is filed
- before the expiration of the time allowed in Georgia for filing a responsive pleading
- challenging the exercise of jurisdiction by Georgia;
- 218 (2) The contesting party timely challenges the exercise of jurisdiction in Georgia; and
- (3) If relevant, the other state <u>or foreign country</u> is the home state of the child.
- 220 19-11-114.
- (a) A tribunal in Georgia issuing that has issued a child support order consistent with the
- law of Georgia has <u>and shall exercise</u> continuing, exclusive jurisdiction over a to modify
- 223 <u>its</u> child support order <u>if the order is the controlling order and</u>:
- (1) As long as At the time of the filing of a request for modification Georgia remains is
- the residence of the obligor, the individual obligee, or the child for whose benefit the
- support order is issued; or
- 227 (2) Until all of the parties who are individuals have filed written consents with the
- tribunal in Georgia for a tribunal of another state to modify the order and assume
- 229 continuing, exclusive jurisdiction Even if Georgia is not the residence of the obligor, the
- 230 <u>individual obligee, or the child for whose benefit the support order is issued, the parties</u>
- 231 consent in a record or in open court that the tribunal of Georgia may continue to exercise
- 232 <u>jurisdiction to modify its order</u>.

233 (b) A tribunal in Georgia <u>issuing that has issued</u> a child support order consistent with the law of Georgia may not exercise <u>its</u> continuing, <u>exclusive</u> jurisdiction to modify the order

- 235 if: the order has been modified by a tribunal of another state pursuant to this article or a law
- 236 substantially similar to this article
- 237 (1) All of the parties who are individuals file consent in a record with the tribunal of
- 238 Georgia that a tribunal of another state that has jurisdiction over at least one of the parties
- who is an individual or that is located in the state of residence of the child may modify
- 240 <u>the order and assume continuing, exclusive jurisdiction; or</u>
- 241 (2) Its order is not the controlling order.
- (c) If a child support order of Georgia is modified by a tribunal of another state pursuant
- 243 to this article or a law substantially similar to this article, a tribunal in Georgia loses its
- 244 continuing, exclusive jurisdiction with regard to prospective enforcement of the order
- 245 issued in Georgia and may only:
- 246 (1) Enforce the order that was modified as to amounts accruing before the modification;
- 247 (2) Enforce nonmodifiable aspects of that order; and
- 248 (3) Provide other appropriate relief for violations of that order which occurred before the
- 249 effective date of the modification.
- 250 (d)(c) A tribunal of Georgia shall recognize the continuing, exclusive jurisdiction of If a
- 251 tribunal of another state which has issued a child support order pursuant to this article or
- 252 a law substantially similar to this article which modifies a child support order of a tribunal
- of Georgia, tribunals of Georgia shall recognize the continuing, exclusive jurisdiction of
- 254 <u>the tribunal of the other state</u>.
- 255 (d) A tribunal of Georgia that lacks continuing, exclusive jurisdiction to modify a child
- 256 support order may serve as an initiating tribunal to request a tribunal of another state to
- 257 modify a support order issued in that state.
- 258 (e) A temporary support order issued ex parte or pending resolution of a jurisdictional
- conflict does not create continuing, exclusive jurisdiction in the issuing tribunal.
- 260 (f) A tribunal of Georgia issuing a support order consistent with the law of Georgia has
- 261 continuing, exclusive jurisdiction over a spousal support order throughout the existence of
- 262 the support obligation. A tribunal of Georgia may not modify a spousal support order
- 263 issued by a tribunal of another state having continuing, exclusive jurisdiction over that
- 264 order under the law of that state.
- 265 19-11-115.
- 266 (a) A tribunal in Georgia that has issued a child support order consistent with the law of
- 267 <u>Georgia</u> may serve as an initiating tribunal to request a tribunal of another state to enforce:
- 268 or modify a support order issued in that state

(1) The order if the order is the controlling order and has not been modified by a tribunal
 of another state that assumed jurisdiction pursuant to this article; or

- (2) A money judgment for arrears of support and interest on the order accrued before a
 determination that an order of a tribunal of another state is the controlling order.
- 273 (b) A tribunal in Georgia having continuing, exclusive jurisdiction over a support order
- 274 may act as a responding tribunal to enforce or modify the order. If a party subject to the
- 275 continuing, exclusive jurisdiction of the tribunal no longer resides in the issuing state, in
- 276 subsequent proceedings the tribunal may apply Code Section 19-11-135 to receive
- 277 evidence from another state and Code Section 19-11-137 to obtain discovery through a
- 278 tribunal of another state.
- 279 (c) A tribunal in Georgia which lacks continuing, exclusive jurisdiction over a spousal
- support order may not serve as a responding tribunal to modify a spousal support order of
- another state.
- 282 19-11-116.
- 283 (a) If a proceeding is brought under this article and only one tribunal has issued a child
- support order, the order of that tribunal controls and must be so recognized.
- 285 (b) If a proceeding is brought under this article and two or more child support orders have
- been issued by tribunals of Georgia, or another state, or a foreign country with regard to
- the same obligor and <u>same</u> child, a tribunal of Georgia <u>having personal jurisdiction over</u>
- both the obligor and individual obligee shall apply the following rules in determining and
- 289 <u>by order shall determine</u> which order to recognize for purposes of continuing, exclusive
- 290 jurisdiction controls and must be recognized:
- (1) If only one of the tribunals would have continuing, exclusive jurisdiction under this
- article, the order of that tribunal controls and must be so recognized;
- 293 (2) If more than one of the tribunals would have continuing, exclusive jurisdiction under
- 294 this article;
- 295 (A) An an order issued by a tribunal in the current home state of the child controls; and
- 296 must be so recognized, but or
- 297 (B) If if an order has not been issued in the current home state of the child, the order
- most recently issued controls and must be so recognized; or
- 299 (3) If none of the tribunals would have continuing, exclusive jurisdiction under this
- article, the tribunal of Georgia having jurisdiction over the parties shall issue a child
- support order, which controls and must be so recognized.
- 302 (c) If two or more child support orders have been issued for the same obligor and same
- 303 child, and if the obligor or the individual obligee resides in Georgia, upon request of a party
- 304 who is an individual or that is a support enforcement agency, may request a tribunal in

305 Georgia having personal jurisdiction over both the obligor and the obligee who is an 306 individual shall to determine which order controls and must be so recognized under 307 subsection (b) of this Code section. The request must be accompanied by a certified copy 308 of every support order in effect. The requesting party shall give notice of the request to 309 each party whose rights may be affected by the determination. The request may be filed 310 with a registration for enforcement or registration for modification pursuant to Part 6 of this 311 article or may be filed as a separate proceeding. 312 (d) A request to determine which is the controlling order must be accompanied by a copy 313 of every child support order in effect and the applicable record of payments. The 314 requesting party shall give notice of the request to each party whose rights may be affected 315 by the determination. 316 (d)(e) The tribunal that issued the controlling order under subsection (a), (b), or (c) of this 317 Code section is the tribunal that has continuing, exclusive jurisdiction under to the extent 318 provided in Code Section Sections 19-11-114 and 19-11-115. 319 (e)(f) A tribunal of Georgia which that determines by order the identity of which is the 320 controlling order under paragraph (1) or (2) of subsection (b) or subsection (c) of this Code section or which that issues a new controlling order under paragraph (3) of subsection (b) 321 322 of this Code section shall state in that order: 323 (1) The the basis upon which the tribunal made its determination: 324 (2) The amount of prospective support, if any; and 325 (3) The total amount of consolidated arrears and accrued interest, if any, under all of the 326 orders after all payments made are credited as provided by Code Section 19-11-118. 327 (f)(g) Within 30 days after issuance of an order determining the identity of which is the controlling order, the party obtaining the order shall file a certified copy of it with in each 328 329 tribunal that issued or registered an earlier order of child support. A party who obtains or 330 support enforcement agency obtaining the order and that fails to file a certified copy is subject to appropriate sanctions by a tribunal in which the issue of failure to file arises. 331 332 The failure to file does not affect the validity or enforceability of the controlling order. (h) An order that has been determined to be the controlling order, or a judgment for 333 334 consolidated arrears of support and interest, if any, made pursuant to this Code section 335 must be recognized in proceedings under this article. 19-11-117. 336

In responding to multiple registrations or petitions for enforcement of two or more child

support orders in effect at the same time with regard to the same obligor and different

individual obligees, at least one of which was issued by a tribunal of another state or a

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340 <u>foreign country</u>, a tribunal of Georgia shall enforce those orders in the same manner as if

- the multiple orders had been issued by a tribunal of Georgia.
- 342 19-11-118.
- 343 Amounts A tribunal of Georgia shall credit amounts collected and credited for a particular
- period pursuant to a support order any child support order against the amounts owed for
- 345 the same period under any other child support order for support of the same child issued
- by a tribunal of Georgia or another state, or a foreign country must be credited against the
- 347 amounts accruing or accrued for the same period under a support order issued by the
- 348 tribunal of Georgia.
- 349 <u>19-11-119.</u>
- 350 A tribunal of Georgia exercising personal jurisdiction over a nonresident in a proceeding
- 351 <u>under this article, under other law of Georgia relating to a support order, or recognizing a</u>
- foreign support order may receive evidence from outside this state pursuant to Code
- 353 <u>Section 19-11-135, communicate with a tribunal outside this state pursuant to Code Section</u>
- 354 <u>19-11-136</u>, and obtain discovery through a tribunal outside this state pursuant to Code
- 355 Section 19-11-137. In all other respects, Parts 3 through 6 of this article do not apply and
- 356 the tribunal shall apply the procedural and substantive law of Georgia.
- 357 <u>19-11-119.1.</u>
- 358 (a) A tribunal of Georgia issuing a spousal support order consistent with the law of
- 359 Georgia has continuing, exclusive jurisdiction to modify the spousal support order
- 360 throughout the existence of the support obligation.
- 361 (b) A tribunal of Georgia may not modify a spousal support order issued by a tribunal of
- another state or a foreign country having continuing, exclusive jurisdiction over that order
- under the law of that state or foreign country.
- 364 (c) A tribunal of Georgia that has continuing, exclusive jurisdiction over a spousal support
- order may serve as:
- 366 (1) An initiating tribunal to request a tribunal of another state to enforce the spousal
- 367 <u>support order issued in this state; or</u>
- 368 (2) A responding tribunal to enforce or modify its own spousal support order.

369 Part 3

- 370 19-11-120.
- 371 (a) Except as otherwise provided in this article, this part applies to all proceedings under
- 372 this article.
- 373 (b) This article provides for the following proceedings:
- 374 (1) Establishment of an order for spousal support or child support pursuant to Part 4 of
- 375 this article;
- 376 (2) Enforcement of a support order and income-withholding order of another state
- without registration pursuant to Part 5 of this article;
- 378 (3) Registration of an order for spousal support or child support of another state for
- enforcement pursuant to Part 6 of this article;
- 380 (4) Modification of an order for child support or spousal support issued by a tribunal of
- Georgia pursuant to Code Sections 19-11-112 through 19-11-115;
- 382 (5) Registration of an order for child support of another state for modification pursuant
- 383 to Part 6 of this article:
- 384 (6) Determination of parentage pursuant to Part 7 of this article; and
- 385 (7) Assertion of jurisdiction over nonresidents pursuant to Code Sections 19-11-110 and
- 386 19-11-111.
- 387 (c) An individual petitioner or a support enforcement agency may commence initiate a
- proceeding authorized under this article by filing a petition in an initiating tribunal for
- forwarding to a responding tribunal or by filing a petition or a comparable pleading directly
- in a tribunal of another state or a foreign country which has or can obtain personal
- jurisdiction over the respondent.
- 392 19-11-121.
- A minor parent, or a guardian or other legal representative of a minor parent, may maintain
- a proceeding on behalf of or for the benefit of the minor's child.
- 395 19-11-122.
- Except as otherwise provided by <u>in</u> this article, a responding tribunal of Georgia:
- 397 (1) Shall apply the procedural and substantive law, including the rules on choice of law,
- 398 generally applicable to similar proceedings originating in Georgia and may exercise all
- powers and provide all remedies available in those proceedings; and
- 400 (2) Shall determine the duty of support and the amount payable in accordance with the
- 401 law and support guidelines of Georgia.

- 402 19-11-123.
- 403 (a) Upon the filing of a petition authorized by this article, an initiating tribunal of this state
- 404 Georgia shall forward three copies of the petition and its accompanying documents:
- 405 (1) To the responding tribunal or appropriate support enforcement agency in the
- 406 responding state; or
- 407 (2) If the identity of the responding tribunal is unknown, to the state information agency
- of the responding state with a request that they be forwarded to the appropriate tribunal
- and that receipt be acknowledged.
- 410 (b) If a responding state has not enacted this article or a law or procedure substantially
- similar to this article, requested by the responding tribunal, a tribunal of Georgia may shall
- 412 issue a certificate or other document and make findings required by the law of the
- responding state. If the responding state <u>tribunal</u> is <u>in</u> a foreign jurisdiction, <u>country, upon</u>
- 414 <u>request</u> the tribunal <u>may of Georgia shall</u> specify the amount of support sought, <u>convert that</u>
- 415 <u>amount into the equivalent amount in the foreign currency under applicable official or</u>
- 416 <u>market exchange rate as publicly reported</u>, and provide <u>any</u> other documents necessary to
- satisfy the requirements of the responding state foreign tribunal.
- 418 19-11-124.
- 419 (a) When a responding tribunal of Georgia receives a petition or comparable pleading from
- an initiating tribunal or directly pursuant to subsection (c) (b) of Code Section 19-11-120,
- it shall cause the petition or pleading to be filed and notify the petitioner where and when
- 422 it was filed.
- 423 (b) A responding tribunal of Georgia, to the extent otherwise authorized not prohibited by
- 424 <u>other</u> law, may do one or more of the following:
- 425 (1) Issue Establish or enforce a support order, modify a child support order, determine
- 426 <u>the controlling child support order, or render a judgment to determine parentage of a</u>
- 427 <u>child</u>;
- 428 (2) Order an obligor to comply with a support order, specifying the amount and the
- 429 manner of compliance;
- 430 (3) Order income withholding;
- 431 (4) Determine the amount of any arrearages and specify a method of payment;
- 432 (5) Enforce orders by civil or criminal contempt, or both;
- 433 (6) Set aside property for satisfaction of the support order;
- (7) Place liens and order execution on the obligor's property;
- 435 (8) Order an obligor to keep the tribunal informed of the obligor's current residential
- address, e-mail address, telephone number, employer, address of employment, and
- telephone number at the place of employment;

438 (9) Issue an order for the arrest of an obligor who has failed after proper notice to appear

- at a hearing ordered by the tribunal and enter the arrest order in any local and state
- computer systems for criminal warrants;
- 441 (10) Order the obligor to seek appropriate employment by specified methods;
- 442 (11) Award reasonable attorney's fees and other fees and costs; and
- 443 (12) Grant any other available remedy.
- 444 (c) A responding tribunal of Georgia shall include in a support order issued under this
- article, or in the documents accompanying the order, the calculations on which the support
- order is based.
- 447 (d) A responding tribunal of Georgia may not condition the payment of a support order
- issued under this article upon compliance by a party with provisions for visitation.
- (e) If a responding tribunal of Georgia issues an order under this article, the tribunal shall
- send a copy of the order to the petitioner and the respondent and to the initiating tribunal,
- 451 if any.
- 452 (f) If requested to enforce a support order, arrears, or judgment or modify a support order
- 453 <u>stated in a foreign currency, a responding tribunal of Georgia shall convert the amount</u>
- 454 <u>stated in the foreign currency to the equivalent amount in dollars under the applicable</u>
- official or market exchange rate as publicly reported.
- 456 19-11-125.
- 457 If a petition or comparable pleading is received by an inappropriate tribunal of this state,
- 458 it the tribunal shall forward the pleading and accompanying documents to an appropriate
- 459 tribunal in of this state or another state and notify the petitioner where and when the
- pleading was sent.
- 461 19-11-126.
- 462 (a) A support enforcement agency of this state, upon request, shall provide services to a
- petitioner in a proceeding under this article.
- 464 (b) A support enforcement agency of this state that is providing services to the petitioner
- 465 as appropriate shall:
- 466 (1) Take all steps necessary to enable an appropriate tribunal in Georgia or another state
- 467 <u>of Georgia, another state, or a foreign country</u> to obtain jurisdiction over the respondent;
- 468 (2) Request an appropriate tribunal to set a date, time, and place for a hearing;
- 469 (3) Make a reasonable effort to obtain all relevant information, including information as
- 470 to income and property of the parties;

471 (4) Within five days, exclusive of Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays, after receipt

- of a written notice <u>in a record</u> from an initiating, responding, or registering tribunal, send
- a copy of the notice to the petitioner or other appropriate agency;
- 474 (5) Within five days, exclusive of Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays, after receipt
- of a written communication in a record from the respondent or the respondent's attorney,
- send a copy of the communication to the petitioner; and
- 477 (6) Notify the petitioner if jurisdiction over the respondent cannot be obtained.
- 478 (c) A support enforcement agency of this state that requests registration of a child support
- order in this state for enforcement or for modification shall make reasonable efforts:
- 480 (1) To ensure that the order to be registered is the controlling order; or
- 481 (2) If two or more child support orders exist and the identity of the controlling order has
- not been determined, to ensure that a request for such a determination is made in a
- 483 <u>tribunal having jurisdiction to do so.</u>
- 484 (d) A support enforcement agency of this state that requests registration and enforcement
- of a support order, arrears, or judgment stated in a foreign currency shall convert the
- 486 <u>amounts stated in the foreign currency into the equivalent amounts in dollars under the</u>
- 487 <u>applicable official or market exchange rate as publicly reported.</u>
- 488 (e) A support enforcement agency of this state shall issue or request a tribunal of Georgia
- 489 to issue a child support order and an income withholding order that redirect payment of
- 490 <u>current support, arrears, and interest if requested to do so by a support enforcement agency</u>
- of another state pursuant to Code Section 19-11-138.
- 492 (e)(f) This article does not create a relationship of attorney-client or other fiduciary
- relationship between a support enforcement agency or the attorney for the agency and the
- individual being assisted by the agency.
- 495 19-11-127.
- 496 (a) The district attorney of each judicial circuit shall be authorized to represent the
- 497 Department of Human Services in any proceeding under this article; otherwise, at the
- option of the district attorney, actions under this article on behalf of the department shall
- be brought by attorneys appointed by the Attorney General. Written delegation of such
- duties previously executed by a district attorney pursuant to Article 2 of this chapter, the
- 501 'Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act,' particularly Code Section 19-11-53,
- 502 shall constitute a delegation of such representation to the Attorney General for purposes
- of this article. In all actions brought or maintained by the Department of Human Services,
- 504 the department shall be regarded as the sole client of such attorney, and no attorney-client
- relationship shall be created between such attorney and any individual seeking or receiving
- services under this article through the Department of Human Services. The department

507 may require a completed application for services pursuant to Title IV-D of the federal

- 508 Social Security Act as a condition of providing any services under this article.
- 509 (b) Where a support order is established pursuant to Code Section 19-11-140 incident to
- 510 representation of the department by the district attorney, there shall be paid to the county
- 511 in which the petition is handled the sum of \$50.00 for each such support order established,
- whether this state is the initiating or responding jurisdiction.
- 513 (e)(a) If the Attorney General determines that the support enforcement agency is
- 514 neglecting or refusing to provide services to an individual, the Attorney General may
- provide those services directly to the individual.
- 516 (b) The Attorney General may determine that a foreign country has established a
- 517 reciprocal arrangement for child support with this state and take appropriate action for
- 518 <u>notification of the determination.</u>
- 519 19-11-128.
- An individual may employ private counsel to represent the individual in proceedings
- authorized by this article.
- 522 19-11-129.
- 523 (a) The Department of Human Services is the state information agency under this article.
- 524 (b) The state information agency shall:
- 525 (1) Compile and maintain a current list, including addresses, of the tribunals in this state
- which have jurisdiction under this article and any support enforcement agencies in this
- state and transmit a copy to the state information agency of every other state;
- 528 (2) Maintain a register of <u>names and addresses of</u> tribunals and support enforcement
- agencies received from other states;
- 530 (3) Forward to the appropriate tribunal in the place county in Georgia in which the
- 531 <u>individual</u> obligee <u>who is an individual</u> or the obligor resides, or in which the obligor's
- property is believed to be located, all documents concerning a proceeding under this
- article received from an initiating tribunal or the state information agency of the initiating
- another state or a foreign country; and
- 535 (4) Obtain information concerning the location of the obligor and the obligor's property
- within this state not exempt from execution, by such means as postal verification and
- federal or state locator services, examination of telephone directories, requests for the
- obligor's address from employers, and examination of governmental records, including,
- to the extent not prohibited by other law, those relating to real property, vital statistics,
- law enforcement, taxation, motor vehicles, <u>driver's drivers'</u> licenses, and social security.

541 19-11-130.

(a) A In a proceeding under this article, a petitioner seeking to establish or modify a 542 543 support order, or to determine parentage of a child, in a proceeding under this article or to 544 register and modify a support order of a tribunal of another state or a foreign country must verify the file a petition. Unless otherwise ordered under Code Section 19-11-131, the 545 546 petition or accompanying documents must provide, so far as known, the name, residential address, and social security numbers of the obligor and the obligee or the parent and 547 alleged parent and the name, sex, residential address, social security number, and date of 548 549 birth of each child for whom whose benefit support is sought or whose parentage is to be determined. The Unless filed at the time of registration, the petition must be accompanied 550 by a certified copy of any support order in effect known to have been issued by another 551 tribunal. The petition may include any other information that may assist in locating or 552 identifying the respondent. 553

- 554 (b) The petition must specify the relief sought. The petition and accompanying documents 555 must conform substantially with the requirements imposed by the forms mandated by 556 federal law for use in cases filed by a support enforcement agency.
- 557 19-11-131.

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- Upon a finding, which may be made ex parte, that the health, safety, or liberty of a party or child would be unreasonably put at risk by the disclosure of identifying information, or if an existing order so provides, a tribunal shall order that the address of the child or party or other identifying information not be disclosed in a pleading or other document filed in a proceeding under this article. If a party alleges in an affidavit or a pleading under oath that the health, safety, or liberty of a party or child would be jeopardized by disclosure of specific identifying information, that information must be sealed and may not be disclosed to the other party or the public. After a hearing in which a tribunal takes into consideration the health, safety, or liberty of the party or child, the tribunal may order disclosure of information that the tribunal determines to be in the interest of justice.
- 568 19-11-132.
- 569 (a) The petitioner may not be required to pay a filing fee or other costs.
- 570 (b) If an obligee prevails, a responding tribunal <u>of Georgia</u> may assess against an obligor 571 filing fees, reasonable attorney's fees, other costs, and necessary travel and other reasonable 572 expenses incurred by the obligee and the obligee's witnesses. The tribunal may not assess 573 fees, costs, or expenses against the obligee or the support enforcement agency of either the 574 initiating or the responding state <u>or foreign country</u>, except as provided by other law.
- Attorney's fees may be taxed as costs and may be ordered paid directly to the attorney, who

576 may enforce the order in the attorney's own name. Payment of support owed to the obligee

- has priority over fees, costs, and expenses.
- 578 (c) The tribunal shall order the payment of costs and reasonable attorney's fees if it
- determines that a hearing was requested primarily for delay. In a proceeding under Part 6
- of this article, a hearing is presumed to have been requested primarily for delay if a
- registered support order is confirmed or enforced without change.
- 582 19-11-133.
- 583 (a) Participation by a petitioner in a proceeding <u>under this article</u> before a responding
- tribunal, whether in person, by private attorney, or through services provided by the
- support enforcement agency, does not confer personal jurisdiction over the petitioner in
- another proceeding.
- 587 (b) A petitioner is not amenable to service of civil process while physically present in this
- state to participate in a proceeding under this article.
- (c) The immunity granted by this Code section does not extend to civil litigation based on
- acts unrelated to a proceeding under this article committed by a party while physically
- present in Georgia to participate in the proceeding.
- 592 19-11-134.
- A party whose parentage of a child has been previously determined by or pursuant to law
- may not plead nonparentage as a defense to a proceeding under this article.
- 595 19-11-135.
- 596 (a) The physical presence of the petitioner a nonresident party who is an individual in a
- 597 responding tribunal of Georgia is not required for the establishment, enforcement, or
- modification of a support order or the rendition of a judgment determining parentage of a
- 599 <u>child</u>.
- 600 (b) A verified petition, An affidavit, a document substantially complying with federally
- mandated forms, and or a document incorporated by reference in any of them, which would
- not <u>be</u> excluded under the hearsay rule if given in person, is admissible in evidence if given
- on under oath penalty of perjury by a party or witness residing in another outside this state.
- 604 (c) A copy of the record of child support payments certified as a true copy of the original
- by the custodian of the record may be forwarded to a responding tribunal. The copy is
- evidence of facts asserted in it and is admissible to show whether payments were made.
- 607 (d) Copies of bills for testing for parentage of a child, and for prenatal and postnatal health
- care of the mother and child, furnished to the adverse party at least ten days before trial,

are admissible in evidence to prove the amount of the charges billed and that the charges

- were reasonable, necessary, and customary.
- 611 (e) Documentary evidence transmitted from another outside this state to a tribunal of
- Georgia by telephone, telecopier, or other <u>electronic</u> means that do not provide an original
- 613 writing record may not be excluded from evidence on an objection based on the means of
- transmission.
- (f) In a proceeding under this article, a tribunal of Georgia may shall permit a party or
- witness residing in another outside this state to be deposed or to testify by telephone,
- audiovisual means, or other electronic means at a designated tribunal or other location in
- 618 that state. A tribunal of this state Georgia shall cooperate with other tribunals of other
- states in designating an appropriate location for the deposition or testimony.
- 620 (g) If a party called to testify at a civil hearing refuses to answer on the ground that the
- testimony may be self-incriminating, the trier of fact may draw an adverse inference from
- the refusal.
- (h) A privilege against disclosure of communications between spouses does not apply in
- a proceeding under this article.
- (i) The defense of immunity based on the relationship of husband and wife or parent and
- 626 child does not apply in a proceeding under this article.
- 627 (j) A voluntary acknowledgment of paternity, certified as a true copy, is admissible to
- 628 <u>establish parentage of the child.</u>
- 629 19-11-136.
- A tribunal in Georgia may communicate with a tribunal of another outside this state in
- writing a record, or by telephone, e-mail, or other means, to obtain information concerning
- the laws of that state, the legal effect of a judgment, decree, or order of that tribunal, and
- 633 the status of a proceeding in the other state. A tribunal in Georgia may furnish similar
- information by similar means to a tribunal of another outside this state.
- 635 19-11-137.
- A tribunal of this state may:
- (1) Request a tribunal of another outside this state to assist in obtaining discovery; and
- 638 (2) Upon request, compel a person over whom which it has jurisdiction to respond to a
- discovery order issued by a tribunal of another outside this state.
- 640 19-11-138.
- 641 (a) A support enforcement agency or tribunal in Georgia shall disburse promptly any
- amounts received pursuant to a support order, as directed by the order. The agency or

tribunal shall furnish to a requesting party or tribunal of another state <u>or a foreign country</u>

- a certified statement by the custodian of the record of the amounts and dates of all
- payments received.
- 646 (b) If neither the obligor, nor the obligee who is an individual, nor the child resides in this
- 647 <u>state, upon request from the support enforcement agency of Georgia or another state, the</u>
- 648 <u>support enforcement agency of this state or a tribunal of this state shall:</u>
- (1) Direct that the support payment be made to the support enforcement agency in the
- state in which the obligee is receiving services; and
- 651 (2) Issue and send to the obligor's employer a conforming income withholding order or
- an administrative notice of change of payee, reflecting the redirected payments.
- 653 (c) The support enforcement agency of this state receiving redirected payments from
- another state pursuant to a law similar to subsection (b) of this Code section shall furnish
- 655 to a requesting party or tribunal of the other state a certified statement by the custodian of
- 656 the record of the amount and dates of all payments received.

657 Part 4

- 658 19-11-140.
- 659 (a) If a support order entitled to recognition under this article has not been issued, a
- responding tribunal of this state with personal jurisdiction over the parties may issue a
- support order if:
- (1) The individual seeking the order resides in another outside this state; or
- (2) The support enforcement agency seeking the order is located in another outside this
- state.
- (b) The tribunal may issue a temporary child support order if the tribunal determines that
- such an order is appropriate and the individual ordered to pay is:
- (1) The respondent has signed a verified statement acknowledging parentage A presumed
- 668 <u>father of the child;</u>
- (2) The respondent has been determined by or pursuant to law to be the parent
- Petitioning to have his paternity adjudicated; or
- (3) There is other clear and convincing evidence that the respondent is the child's parent
- Identified as the father of the child through genetic testing;
- 673 (4) An alleged father who has declined to submit to genetic testing;
- (5) Shown by clear and convincing evidence to be the father of the child;
- (6) An acknowledged father as provided by applicable state law;
- 676 (7) The mother of the child; or

(8) An individual who has been ordered to pay child support in a previous proceeding
 and the order has not been reversed or vacated.

- (c) Upon finding, after notice and opportunity to be heard, that an obligor owes a duty of
- support, the tribunal shall issue a support order directed to the obligor and may issue other
- orders pursuant to Code Section 19-11-124.
- 682 <u>19-11-141.</u>
- A tribunal of Georgia authorized to determine parentage of a child may serve as a
- 684 <u>responding tribunal in a proceeding to determine parentage of a child brought under this</u>
- article or a law or procedure substantially similar to this article.

686 Part 5

- 687 19-11-150.
- An income-withholding order issued in another state may be sent by or on behalf of the
- obligee, or by the support enforcement agency, to the person or entity defined as the
- obligor's employer pursuant to Code Sections 19-6-31 through 19-6-33 without first filing
- a petition or comparable pleading or registering the order with a tribunal of this state.
- 692 19-11-151.
- 693 (a) Upon receipt of an income-withholding order, the obligor's employer shall immediately
- provide a copy of the order to the obligor.
- (b) The employer shall treat an income-withholding order issued in another state which
- appears regular on its face as if it had been issued by a tribunal of Georgia.
- 697 (c) Except as otherwise provided by subsection (d) of this Code section and Code Section
- 698 19-11-152, the employer shall withhold and distribute the funds as directed in the
- withholding order by complying with the terms of the order which specify:
- 700 (1) The duration and the amount of periodic payments of current child support, stated as
- a sum certain;
- 702 (2) The person or agency designated to receive payments and the address to which the
- payments are to be forwarded;
- 704 (3) Medical support, whether in the form of periodic cash payment, stated as a sum
- certain, or ordering the obligor to provide health insurance coverage for the child under
- a policy available through the obligor's employment;
- 707 (4) The amount of periodic payments of fees and costs for a support enforcement agency,
- the issuing tribunal, and the obligee's attorney, stated as sums certain; and

709 (5) The amount of periodic payments of arrearages and interest on arrearages, stated as

- 710 sums certain.
- 711 (d) An employer shall comply with the law of the state of the obligor's principal place of
- 712 employment for withholding from income with respect to:
- 713 (1) The employer's fee for processing an income-withholding order;
- 714 (2) The maximum amount permitted to be withheld from the obligor's income; and
- 715 (3) The time periods within which the employer must implement the withholding order
- and forward the child support payment.
- 717 19-11-152.
- 718 If an obligor's employer receives multiple two or more income-withholding orders with
- respect to the earnings of the same obligor, the employer satisfies the terms of the multiple
- orders if the employer complies with the law of the state of the obligor's principal place of
- employment to establish the priorities for withholding and allocating income withheld for
- 722 multiple two or more child support obligees.
- 723 19-11-153.
- An employer who that complies with an income-withholding order issued in another state
- in accordance with this article is not subject to civil liability to an individual or agency with
- regard to the employer's withholding of child support from the obligor's income.
- 727 19-11-154.
- An employer who that willfully fails to comply with an income-withholding order issued
- 729 by in another state and received for enforcement is subject to the same penalties that may
- be imposed for noncompliance with an order issued by a tribunal in Georgia.
- 731 19-11-155.
- 732 (a) An obligor may contest the validity or enforcement of an income-withholding order
- issued in another state and received directly by an employer in Georgia by registering the
- order in a tribunal of Georgia and filing a contest to that order as provided in Part 6 of this
- 735 <u>article, or otherwise contesting the order in the same manner as if the order had been issued</u>
- by a tribunal of Georgia. Code Section 19-11-163 applies to the contest.
- 737 (b) The obligor shall give notice of the contest to:
- 738 (1) Any support enforcement agency providing services to the obligee;
- 739 (2) Each employer that has directly received an income-withholding order <u>relating to the</u>
- 740 <u>obligor</u>; and

741 (3) The person or agency designated to receive payments in the income-withholding

- order or, if no person or agency is designated, to the obligee.
- 743 19-11-156.
- 744 (a) A party or support enforcement agency seeking to enforce a support order or an
- income-withholding order, or both, issued by a tribunal of in another state or a foreign
- support order may send the documents required for registering the order to a support
- 747 enforcement agency of Georgia.
- 748 (b) Upon receipt of the documents, the support enforcement agency, without initially
- seeking to register the order, shall consider and, if appropriate, use any administrative
- 750 procedure authorized by the law of Georgia to enforce a support order or an
- 751 income-withholding order, or both. If the obligor does not contest administrative
- enforcement, the order need not be registered. If the obligor contests the validity or
- administrative enforcement of the order, the support enforcement agency shall register the
- order pursuant to this article.
- 755 Part 6
- 756 19-11-160.
- A support order or an income-withholding order issued by a tribunal of in another state or
- 758 <u>a foreign support order</u> may be registered in Georgia for enforcement.
- 759 19-11-161.
- 760 (a) Except as otherwise provided in Code Section 19-11-184.1, a A support order or
- income-withholding order of another state <u>or a foreign support order</u> may be registered in
- Georgia by sending the following documents and information records to the appropriate
- 763 tribunal in Georgia:
- 764 (1) A letter of transmittal to the tribunal requesting registration and enforcement;
- 765 (2) Two copies, including one certified copy, of all orders the order to be registered,
- including any modification of an the order;
- 767 (3) A sworn statement by the party seeking person requesting registration or a certified
- statement by the custodian of the records showing the amount of any arrearage;
- 769 (4) The name of the obligor and, if known:
- 770 (A) The obligor's address and social security number;
- (B) The name and address of the obligor's employer and any other source of income
- of the obligor; and

(C) A description and the location of property of the obligor in Georgia not exempt

- from execution; and
- (5) Except as otherwise provided in Code Section 19-11-131, the The name and address
- of the obligee and, if applicable, the agency or person to whom support payments are to
- be remitted.
- 778 (b) On receipt of a request for registration, the registering tribunal shall cause the order to
- be filed as a foreign judgment an order of a tribunal of another state or a foreign support
- order, together with one copy of the documents and information, regardless of their form.
- 781 (c) A petition, motion, or comparable filing seeking a remedy that must be affirmatively
- sought under other laws of this state, and discovery incident thereto, may be filed at the
- same time as the request for registration or later. The pleading, motion, or other filing must
- specify the grounds for the remedy sought. For purposes of this subsection, remedies
- sought may include, but are not limited to, a rule for contempt or a petition for entry of an
- 786 income deduction order.
- 787 (d) If two or more orders are in effect, the person requesting registration shall:
- 788 (1) Furnish to the tribunal a copy of every support order asserted to be in effect in
- addition to the documents specified in this Code section;
- 790 (2) Specify the order alleged to be the controlling order, if any; and
- 791 (3) Specify the amount of consolidated arrears, if any.
- 792 (e) A request for a determination of which is the controlling order may be filed separately
- or with a request for registration and enforcement or for registration and modification. The
- 794 person requesting registration shall give notice of the request to each party whose rights
- may be affected by the determination.
- 796 19-11-162.
- 797 (a) A support order or income-withholding order issued in another state or a foreign
- support order is registered when the order is filed in the registering tribunal of Georgia.
- 799 (b) A registered <u>support</u> order issued in another state <u>or a foreign country</u> is enforceable
- in the same manner and is subject to the same procedures as an order issued by a tribunal
- in Georgia.
- 802 (c) Except as otherwise provided in this part, a tribunal in Georgia shall recognize and
- 803 enforce, but may not modify, a registered support order if the issuing tribunal had
- 304 jurisdiction.
- 805 19-11-163.
- 806 (a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (d) of this Code section, the The law of the
- issuing state or foreign country governs the:

808 (1) The nature, extent, amount, and duration of current payments and other obligations
809 of support and the under a registered support order;

- 810 (2) The computation and payment of arrearages and accrual of interest on the arrearages
- under the support order; and
- 812 (3) The existence and satisfaction of other obligations under the support order.
- 813 (b) In a proceeding for arrearages arrears under a registered support order, the statute of
- limitation under the laws of Georgia or of the issuing state or foreign country, whichever
- is longer, applies.
- 816 (c) A responding tribunal of Georgia shall apply the procedures and remedies of this state
- 817 <u>to enforce current support and collect arrears and interest due on a support order of another</u>
- 818 <u>state or a foreign country registered in Georgia.</u>
- 819 (d) After a tribunal of Georgia or another state determines which is the controlling order
- and issues an order consolidating arrears, if any, a tribunal of Georgia shall prospectively
- apply the law of the state or foreign country issuing the controlling order, including its law
- 822 <u>on interest on arrears, on current and future support, and on consolidated arrears.</u>
- 823 19-11-164.
- 824 (a) When a support order or income-withholding order issued in another state <u>or a foreign</u>
- 825 <u>support order</u> is registered, the registering tribunal <u>of Georgia</u> shall notify the
- 826 nonregistering party. The notice must be accompanied by a copy of the registered order
- and the documents and relevant information accompanying the order.
- 828 (b) The \underline{A} notice must inform the nonregistering party:
- (1) That a registered order is enforceable as of the date of registration in the same
- manner as an order issued by a tribunal of Georgia;
- 831 (2) That a hearing to contest the validity or enforcement of the registered order must be
- requested within 20 days after notice <u>unless the registered order is under Code Section</u>
- 833 <u>19-11-184.2;</u>
- 834 (3) That failure to contest the validity or enforcement of the registered order in a timely
- manner will result in confirmation of the order and enforcement of the order and the
- alleged arrearages and precludes further contest of that order with respect to any matter
- that could have been asserted; and
- (4) Of the amount of any alleged arrearages.
- 839 (c) If the registering party asserts that two or more orders are in effect, a notice must also:
- (1) Identify the two or more orders and the order alleged by the registering party to be
- the controlling order and the consolidated arrears, if any;
- 842 (2) Notify the nonregistering party of the right to a determination of which is the
- 843 <u>controlling order;</u>

(3) State that the procedures provided in subsection (b) of this Code section apply to the

- 845 <u>determination of which is the controlling order; and</u>
- 846 (4) State that failure to contest the validity or enforcement of the order alleged to be the
- controlling order in a timely manner may result in confirmation that the order is the
- controlling order.
- 849 (c)(d) Upon registration of an income-withholding order for enforcement, the support
- 850 <u>enforcement agency or</u> the registering tribunal shall notify the obligor's employer pursuant
- 851 to Code Sections 19-6-31 through 19-6-33.
- 852 19-11-165.
- 853 (a) A nonregistering party seeking to contest the validity or enforcement of a registered
- order in Georgia shall request a hearing within 20 days after notice of the registration the
- 855 <u>time required by Code Section 19-11-164</u>. The nonregistering party may seek to vacate the
- registration, to assert any defense to an allegation of noncompliance with the registered
- order, or to contest the remedies being sought or the amount of any alleged arrearages
- pursuant to Code Section 19-11-166.
- 859 (b) If the nonregistering party fails to contest the validity or enforcement of the registered
- support order in a timely manner, the order is confirmed by operation of law.
- 861 (c) If a nonregistering party requests a hearing to contest the validity or enforcement of the
- registered order, the registering tribunal shall schedule the matter for hearing and give
- notice to the parties of the date, time, and place of the hearing.
- 864 19-11-166.
- 865 (a) A party contesting the validity or enforcement of a registered support order or seeking
- to vacate the registration has the burden of proving one or more of the following defenses:
- (1) The issuing tribunal lacked personal jurisdiction over the contesting party;
- 868 (2) The order was obtained by fraud;
- (3) The order has been vacated, suspended, or modified by a later order;
- (4) The issuing tribunal has stayed the order pending appeal;
- 871 (5) There is a defense under the law of Georgia to the remedy sought;
- 872 (6) Full or partial payment has been made; or
- 873 (7) The statute of limitation under Code Section 19-11-163 precludes enforcement of
- some or all of the <u>alleged</u> arrearages; or
- 875 (8) The alleged controlling order is not the controlling order.
- 876 (b) If a party presents evidence establishing a full or partial defense under subsection (a)
- of this Code section, a tribunal may stay enforcement of the a registered support order,
- 878 continue the proceeding to permit production of additional relevant evidence, and issue

temporary or other appropriate orders. Any portion of the registered <u>support</u> order which

- is not in dispute may be enforced by all remedies available under the laws of Georgia.
- (c) If the contesting party does not establish a defense under subsection (a) of this Code
- section to the validity or enforcement of the a registered support order, the registering
- tribunal shall issue an order confirming the order.
- 884 19-11-167.
- Confirmation of a registered <u>support</u> order, whether by operation of law or after notice and
- hearing, precludes further contest of the order with respect to any matter that could have
- been asserted at the time of registration.
- 888 19-11-168.
- A party or support enforcement agency seeking to modify, or to modify and enforce, a
- child support order issued in another state shall register that order in Georgia in the same
- manner provided in Code Sections 19-11-160 through 19-11-163 <u>19-11-167</u> if the order has
- not been registered. A petition for modification may be filed at the same time as a request
- for registration, or later. The pleading must specify the grounds for modification.
- 894 19-11-169.
- A tribunal of Georgia may enforce a child support order of another state registered for
- purposes of modification in the same manner as if the order had been issued by a tribunal
- of Georgia, but the registered support order may be modified only if the requirements of
- 898 Code Section 19-11-170 or 19-11-172 have been met.
- 899 19-11-170.
- 900 (a) After If Code Section 19-11-172 does not apply, upon petition a tribunal of Georgia
- may modify a child support order issued in another state has been which is registered in
- Georgia, the responding tribunal of Georgia may modify that order only if Code Section
- 903 19-11-172 does not apply and, if, after notice and hearing, it the tribunal finds that:
- 904 (1) The following requirements are met:
- 905 (A) The Neither the child, nor the individual obligee who is an individual, and nor the obligor do not reside resides in the issuing state;
- 907 (B) A petitioner who is a nonresident of Georgia seeks modification; and
- 908 (C) The respondent is subject to the personal jurisdiction of the tribunal of Georgia; or
- 909 (2) This state is the residence of the The child, or a party who is an individual, is subject
- to the personal jurisdiction of the tribunal of Georgia and all of the parties who are
- individuals have filed written consents in a record in the issuing tribunal for a tribunal of

this state to modify the support order and assume continuing, exclusive jurisdiction over the order. However, if the issuing state is a foreign jurisdiction that has not enacted a law or established procedures substantially similar to the procedures under this article, the consent otherwise required of an individual residing in this state is not required for the tribunal to assume jurisdiction to modify the child support order.

- 917 (b) Modification of a registered child support order is subject to the same requirements,
- procedures, and defenses that apply to the modification of an order issued by a tribunal of
- 919 this state, and the order may be enforced and satisfied in the same manner.
- 920 (c) A tribunal in Georgia may not modify any aspect of a child support order that may not
- be modified under the law of the issuing state, including the duration of the obligation of
- 922 <u>support</u>. If two or more tribunals have issued child support orders for the same obligor and
- 923 <u>same</u> child, the order that controls and must be so recognized under the provisions of Code
- Section 19-11-116 establishes the aspects of the support order which are nonmodifiable.
- 925 (d) In a proceeding to modify a child support order, the law of the state that is determined
- 926 to have issued the initial controlling order governs the duration of the obligation of support.
- The obligor's fulfillment of the duty of support established by that order precludes
- 928 <u>imposition of a further obligation of support by a tribunal of Georgia.</u>
- 929 (d)(e) On issuance of an order by a tribunal of Georgia modifying a child support order
- 930 issued in another state, a the tribunal of Georgia becomes the tribunal having continuing,
- 931 exclusive jurisdiction.

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- 932 (f) Notwithstanding subsections (a) through (e) of this Code section and subsection (b) of
- 933 <u>Code Section 19-11-110</u>, a tribunal of Georgia retains jurisdiction to modify an order
- 934 <u>issued by a tribunal of Georgia if:</u>
- 935 (1) One party resides in another state; and
- 936 (2) The other party resides outside the United States.
- 937 19-11-171.
- 938 If a child support order issued by a A tribunal in Georgia shall recognize a modification of
- 939 its earlier child support order is modified by a tribunal of another state which assumed
- jurisdiction pursuant to this article, a tribunal of Georgia or a law substantially similar to
- 941 this article and, upon request, except as otherwise provided in this article, shall:
- 942 (1) May enforce its Enforce the order that was modified only as to amounts arrears and
- 943 <u>interest</u> accruing before the modification;
- 944 (2) Enforce only nonmodifiable aspects of that order;
- 945 (3) Provide other May provide appropriate relief only for violations of that its order
- which occurred before the effective date of the modification; and

947 (4)(3) Shall recognize Recognize the modifying order of the other state, upon

- registration, for the purpose of enforcement.
- 949 19-11-172.
- 950 (a) If all of the parties who are individuals reside in Georgia and the child does not reside
- 951 in the issuing state, a tribunal in Georgia has jurisdiction to enforce and to modify the
- issuing state's child support order in a proceeding to register that order.
- 953 (b) A tribunal in Georgia exercising jurisdiction as provided in this Code section shall
- apply the provisions of Parts 1 and 2 of this article and the procedural and substantive law
- of Georgia to the proceeding for enforcement or modification. Parts 3, 4, 5, 7, and 8 of this
- article do not apply.
- 957 19-11-173.
- Within 30 days after issuance of a modified child support order, the party obtaining the
- 959 modification shall file a certified copy of the order with the issuing tribunal that had
- ontinuing, exclusive jurisdiction over the earlier order and in each tribunal in which the
- party knows the earlier order has been registered. A party who obtains the order and fails
- to file a certified copy is subject to appropriate sanctions by a tribunal in which the issue
- of failure to file arises. The failure to file does not affect the validity or enforceability of
- the modified order of the new tribunal having continuing, exclusive jurisdiction.
- 965 <u>19-11-174.</u>
- 966 (a) Except as otherwise provided in Code Section 19-11-184.6, if a foreign country lacks
- or refuses to exercise jurisdiction to modify its child support order pursuant to its laws, a
- 968 <u>tribunal of Georgia may assume jurisdiction to modify the child support order and bind all</u>
- 969 <u>individuals subject to the personal jurisdiction of the tribunal whether the consent to</u>
- 970 modification of a child support order otherwise required of the individual pursuant to Code
- 971 Section 19-11-170 has been given or whether the individual seeking modification is a
- 972 <u>resident of this state or of the foreign country.</u>
- 973 (b) An order issued by a tribunal of this state modifying a foreign child support order
- 974 pursuant to this Code section is the controlling order.
- 975 <u>19-11-175.</u>
- A party or support enforcement agency seeking to modify, or to modify and enforce, a
- 977 foreign child support order not under the convention may register that order in this state
- 978 <u>under Code Sections 19-11-160 through 19-11-167 if the order has not been registered.</u> A

petition for modification may be filed at the same time as a request for registration, or at
 another time. The petition must specify the grounds for modification.

981 Part 7

- 982 19-11-180.
- 983 (a) A tribunal of this state may serve as an initiating or responding tribunal in a proceeding
- 984 brought under this article or a law substantially similar to this article, or the Uniform
- 985 Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act, or the Revised Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement
- 986 of Support Act to determine that the petitioner is a parent of a particular child or to
- 987 determine that a respondent is a parent of that child.
- 988 (b) In a proceeding to determine parentage, a responding tribunal in Georgia shall apply
- 989 the procedural and substantive law of this state and the rules of this state on choice of law.
- 990 As used in this part, the term:
- (1) 'Application' means a request under the convention by an obligee or obligor, or on
- behalf of a child, made through a central authority for assistance from another central
- 993 <u>authority.</u>
- 994 (2) 'Central authority' means the entity designated by the United States or a foreign
- country described in subparagraph (D) of paragraph (5) of Code Section 19-11-101 to
- perform the functions specified in the convention.
- 997 (3) 'Convention support order' means a support order of a tribunal of a foreign country
- described in subparagraph (D) of paragraph (5) of Code Section 19-11-101.
- 999 (4) 'Direct request' means a petition filed by an individual in a tribunal of Georgia in a
- proceeding involving an obligee, obligor, or child residing outside the United States.
- (5) 'Foreign central authority' means the entity designated by a foreign country described
- in subparagraph (D) of paragraph (5) of Code Section 19-11-101 to perform the functions
- specified in the convention.
- 1004 (6) 'Foreign support agreement':
- 1005 (A) Means an agreement for support in a record that:
- (i) Is enforceable as a support order in the country of origin;
- 1007 <u>(ii) Has been:</u>
- (I) Formally drawn up or registered as an authentic instrument by a foreign
- 1009 <u>tribunal; or</u>
- (II) Authenticated by, or concluded, registered, or filed with, a foreign tribunal; and
- 1011 (iii) May be reviewed and modified by a foreign tribunal; and
- 1012 (B) Includes a maintenance arrangement or authentic instrument under the convention.

1013 (7) 'United States central authority' means the secretary of the United States Department

- of Health and Human Services.
- 1015 <u>19-11-181.</u>
- This part applies only to a support proceeding under the convention. In such a proceeding,
- if a provision of this part is inconsistent with Parts 1 through 6 of this article, this part
- 1018 controls.
- 1019 <u>19-11-182.</u>
- 1020 The Department of Human Services is recognized as the agency designated by the United
- 1021 <u>States central authority to perform specific functions under the convention.</u>
- 1022 <u>19-11-183.</u>
- 1023 (a) In a support proceeding under this part, the Department of Human Services shall:
- (1) Transmit and receive applications; and
- 1025 (2) Initiate or facilitate the institution of a proceeding regarding an application in a
- tribunal of Georgia.
- 1027 (b) The following support proceedings are available to an obligee under the convention:
- (1) Recognition or recognition and enforcement of a foreign support order;
- (2) Enforcement of a support order issued or recognized in Georgia;
- (3) Establishment of a support order if there is no existing order, including, if necessary,
- determination of parentage of a child;
- (4) Establishment of a support order if recognition of a foreign support order is refused
- under paragraph (2), (4), or (9) of subsection (b) of Code Section 19-11-184.3;
- (5) Modification of a support order of a tribunal of Georgia; and
- 1035 (6) Modification of a support order of a tribunal of another state or a foreign country.
- 1036 (c) The following support proceedings are available under the convention to an obligor
- against which there is an existing support order:
- (1) Recognition of an order suspending or limiting enforcement of an existing support
- order of a tribunal of Georgia;
- (2) Modification of a support order of a tribunal of Georgia; and
- 1041 (3) Modification of a support order of a tribunal of another state or a foreign country.
- (d) A tribunal of Georgia may not require security, bond, or deposit, however described,
- to guarantee the payment of costs and expenses in proceedings under the convention.

- 1044 19-11-184.
- 1045 (a) A petitioner may file a direct request seeking establishment or modification of a
- support order or determination of parentage of a child. In the proceeding, the law of
- 1047 <u>Georgia applies.</u>
- 1048 (b) A petitioner may file a direct request seeking recognition and enforcement of a support
- order or support agreement. In the proceeding, Code Sections 19-11-184.1 through
- 1050 <u>19-11-184.8 apply.</u>
- (c) In a direct request for recognition and enforcement of a convention support order or
- 1052 <u>foreign support agreement:</u>
- (1) A security, bond, or deposit is not required to guarantee the payment of costs and
- 1054 <u>expenses; and</u>
- 1055 (2) An obligee or obligor that in the issuing country has benefited from free legal
- assistance is entitled to benefit, at least to the same extent, from any free legal assistance
- provided for by the law of Georgia under the same circumstances.
- 1058 (d) A petitioner filing a direct request is not entitled to assistance from the Department of
- Human Services.
- (e) This part does not prevent the application of laws of Georgia that provide simplified,
- more expeditious rules regarding a direct request for recognition and enforcement of a
- 1062 <u>foreign support order or foreign support agreement.</u>
- 1063 <u>19-11-184.1.</u>
- 1064 (a) Except as otherwise provided in this part, a party who is an individual or a support
- enforcement agency seeking recognition of a convention support order shall register the
- order in this state as provided in Part 6 of this article.
- 1067 (b) Notwithstanding Code Sections 19-11-130 and subsection (a) of Code Section
- 1068 <u>19-11-161</u>, a request for registration of a convention support order must be accompanied
- 1069 <u>by:</u>
- 1070 (1) A complete text of the support order or an abstract or extract of the support order
- drawn up by the issuing foreign tribunal, which may be in the form recommended by the
- Hague Conference on Private International Law;
- 1073 (2) A record stating that the support order is enforceable in the issuing country;
- (3) If the respondent did not appear and was not represented in the proceedings in the
- issuing country, a record attesting, as appropriate, either that the respondent had proper
- notice of the proceedings and an opportunity to be heard or that the respondent had
- proper notice of the support order and an opportunity to be heard in a challenge or appeal
- on fact or law before a tribunal;

1079 (4) A record showing the amount of arrears, if any, and the date the amount was

- 1080 <u>calculated</u>;
- 1081 (5) A record showing a requirement for automatic adjustment of the amount of support,
- if any, and the information necessary to make the appropriate calculations; and
- (6) If necessary, a record showing the extent to which the applicant received free legal
- assistance in the issuing country.
- (c) A request for registration of a convention support order may seek recognition and
- partial enforcement of the order.
- 1087 (d) A tribunal of Georgia may vacate the registration of a convention support order without
- the filing of a contest under Code Section 19-11-184.2 only if, acting on its own motion,
- the tribunal finds that recognition and enforcement of the order would be manifestly
- incompatible with public policy.
- (e) The tribunal shall promptly notify the parties of the registration or the order vacating
- the registration of a convention support order.
- 1093 <u>19-11-184.2.</u>
- (a) Except as otherwise provided in this part, Code Sections 19-11-164 through 19-11-167
- apply to a contest of a registered convention support order.
- (b) A party contesting a registered convention support order shall file a contest not later
- than 30 days after notice of the registration, but if the contesting party does not reside in
- the United States, the contest must be filed not later than 60 days after notice of the
- 1099 <u>registration.</u>
- (c) If the nonregistering party fails to contest the registered convention support order by
- the time specified in subsection (b) of this Code section, the order is enforceable.
- (d) A contest of a registered convention support order may be based only on grounds set
- forth in Code Section 19-11-184.3. The contesting party bears the burden of proof.
- (e) In a contest of a registered convention support order, a tribunal of Georgia:
- (1) Is bound by the findings of fact on which the foreign tribunal based its jurisdiction;
- 1106 <u>and</u>
- 1107 (2) May not review the merits of the order.
- (f) A tribunal of Georgia deciding a contest of a registered convention support order shall
- promptly notify the parties of its decision.
- 1110 (g) A challenge or appeal, if any, does not stay the enforcement of a convention support
- order unless there are exceptional circumstances.

- 1112 19-11-184.3.
- 1113 (a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (b) of this Code section, a tribunal of
- 1114 Georgia shall recognize and enforce a registered convention support order.
- (b) The following grounds are the only grounds on which a tribunal of Georgia may refuse
- recognition and enforcement of a registered convention support order:
- 1117 (1) Recognition and enforcement of the order is manifestly incompatible with public
- policy, including the failure of the issuing tribunal to observe minimum standards of due
- process, which include notice and an opportunity to be heard;
- 1120 (2) The issuing tribunal lacked personal jurisdiction consistent with Code Section
- 1121 19-11-110;
- 1122 (3) The order is not enforceable in the issuing country;
- 1123 (4) The order was obtained by fraud in connection with a matter of procedure;
- 1124 (5) A record transmitted in accordance with Code Section 19-11-184.1 lacks authenticity
- or integrity;
- 1126 (6) A proceeding between the same parties and having the same purpose is pending
- before a tribunal of Georgia and that proceeding was the first to be filed;
- 1128 (7) The order is incompatible with a more recent support order involving the same
- parties and having the same purpose if the more recent support order is entitled to
- recognition and enforcement under this article in Georgia;
- 1131 (8) Payment, to the extent alleged arrears have been paid in whole or in part;
- 1132 (9) In a case in which the respondent neither appeared nor was represented in the
- proceeding in the issuing foreign country:
- (A) If the law of that country provides for prior notice of proceedings, the respondent
- did not have proper notice of the proceedings and an opportunity to be heard; or
- (B) If the law of that country does not provide for prior notice of the proceedings, the
- respondent did not have proper notice of the order and an opportunity to be heard in a
- challenge or appeal on fact or law before a tribunal; or
- 1139 (10) The order was made in violation of Code Section 19-11-184.6.
- (c) If a tribunal of Georgia does not recognize a convention support order under paragraph
- 1141 (2), (4), or (9) of subsection (b) of this Code section:
- (1) The tribunal may not dismiss the proceeding without allowing a reasonable time for
- a party to request the establishment of a new convention support order; and
- 1144 (2) The Department of Human Services shall take all appropriate measures to request a
- child support order for the obligee if the application for recognition and enforcement was
- received under Code Section 19-11-183.

- 1147 19-11-184.4.
- 1148 <u>If a tribunal of Georgia does not recognize and enforce a convention support order in its</u>
- entirety, it shall enforce any severable part of the order. An application or direct request
- may seek recognition and partial enforcement of a convention support order.
- 1151 <u>19-11-184.5.</u>
- (a) Except as otherwise provided in subsections (c) and (d) of this Code section, a tribunal
- of Georgia shall recognize and enforce a foreign support agreement registered in this state.
- (b) An application or direct request for recognition and enforcement of a foreign support
- agreement must be accompanied by:
- (1) A complete text of the foreign support agreement; and
- 1157 (2) A record stating that the foreign support agreement is enforceable as an order of
- support in the issuing country.
- (c) A tribunal of Georgia may vacate the registration of a foreign support agreement only
- if, acting on its own motion, the tribunal finds that recognition and enforcement would be
- manifestly incompatible with public policy.
- 1162 (d) In a contest of a foreign support agreement, a tribunal of Georgia may refuse
- recognition and enforcement of the agreement if it finds:
- (1) Recognition and enforcement of the agreement is manifestly incompatible with
- public policy;
- 1166 (2) The agreement was obtained by fraud or falsification;
- 1167 (3) The agreement is incompatible with a support order involving the same parties and
- having the same purpose in this state, another state, or a foreign country if the support
- order is entitled to recognition and enforcement under this article in Georgia; or
- 1170 (4) The record submitted under subsection (b) of this Code section lacks authenticity or
- integrity.
- (e) A proceeding for recognition and enforcement of a foreign support agreement must be
- suspended during the pendency of a challenge to or appeal of the agreement before a
- tribunal of another state or a foreign country.
- 1175 <u>19-11-184.6.</u>
- 1176 (a) A tribunal of Georgia may not modify a convention child support order if the obligee
- remains a resident of the foreign country where the support order was issued unless:
- 1178 (1) The obligee submits to the jurisdiction of a tribunal of Georgia, either expressly or
- by defending on the merits of the case without objecting to the jurisdiction at the first
- 1180 <u>available opportunity; or</u>

1181 (2) The foreign tribunal lacks or refuses to exercise jurisdiction to modify its support

- order or issue a new support order.
- (b) If a tribunal of Georgia does not modify a convention child support order because the
- order is not recognized in this state, subsection (c) of Code Section 19-11-184.3 applies.
- 1185 <u>19-11-184.7.</u>
- Personal information gathered or transmitted under this part may be used only for the
- purposes for which it was gathered or transmitted.
- 1188 <u>19-11-184.8.</u>
- A record filed with a tribunal of Georgia under this part must be in the original language
- and, if not in English, must be accompanied by an English translation.
- 1191 Part 8
- 1192 19-11-185.
- (a) For purposes of this part, the term 'governor' includes an individual performing the
- functions of governor or the executive authority of a state covered by this article.
- 1195 (b) The Governor of this state may:
- (1) Demand that the governor of another state surrender an individual found in the other
- state who is charged criminally in this state with having failed to provide for the support
- of an obligee; or
- (2) On the demand by of the governor of another state, surrender an individual found in
- this state who is charged criminally in the other state with having failed to provide for the
- support of an obligee.
- (c) A provision for extradition of individuals not inconsistent with this article applies to
- the demand even if the individual whose surrender is demanded was not in the demanding
- state when the crime was allegedly committed and has not fled therefrom.
- 1205 19-11-186.
- 1206 (a) Before making <u>a</u> demand that the governor of another state surrender an individual
- charged criminally in this state with having failed to provide for the support of an obligee,
- the Governor of this state may require a prosecutor of this state to demonstrate that at least
- 1209 90 days previously the obligee had initiated proceedings for support pursuant to this article
- or that the proceeding would be of no avail.
- 1211 (b) If, under this article or a law substantially similar to this article, the Uniform
- 1212 Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act, or the Revised Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement

of Support Act, the governor of another state makes a demand that the Governor of this state surrender an individual charged criminally in that state with having failed to provide for the support of a child or other individual to whom a duty of support is owed, the Governor of this state may require a prosecutor to investigate the demand and report whether a proceeding for support has been initiated or would be effective. If it appears that a proceeding would be effective but has not been initiated, the Governor of this state may delay honoring the demand for a reasonable time to permit the initiation of a proceeding.

(c) If a proceeding for support has been initiated and the individual whose rendition is demanded prevails, the Governor of this state may decline to honor the demand. If the petitioner prevails and the individual whose rendition is demanded is subject to a support order, the Governor of this state may decline to honor the demand if the individual is complying with the support order.

1225 Part 9

1226 19-11-190.

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- This article shall be applied and construed to effectuate its general purpose to make
- 1228 <u>uniform In applying and construing this article, consideration must be given to the need to</u>
- promote uniformity of the law with respect to the its subject of the article matter among
- states enacting that enact it.
- 1231 <u>19-11-190.1.</u>
- 1232 This article applies to proceedings begun on or after the effective date of this Code section
- to establish a support order or determine parentage of a child or to register, recognize,
- enforce, or modify a prior support order, determination, or agreement, whenever issued or
- entered.
- 1236 19-11-191.
- 1237 If any provision of this article or its application to any person or circumstance is held
- invalid, the invalidity does not affect other provisions or applications of this article which
- can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the
- provisions of this article are severable."
- 1241 **SECTION 2.**
- 1242 All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.