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Senate Resolution 858

By: Senators Grant of the 25th, Hill of the 4th, Goggans of the 7th, Carter of the 1st, Unterman of the 45th and others

ADOPTED SENATE

A RESOLUTION

- 1 Urging the Congress of the United States to amend the Communications Act of 1934 and the
- 2 Federal Communication Commission's rules so as to permit the use of "cellular jammers" for
- 3 the prevention of illegal cell phone use in prisons, jails, and youth detention facilities; and
- 4 for other purposes.
- 5 WHEREAS, there is currently a nation-wide epidemic of organized crime and gang related
- 6 violence, particularly within this country's prison systems, and the threat to public safety is
- 7 to not only those "inside the wire" but also to the members of the general public whom we
- 8 are elected to protect; and
- 9 WHEREAS, the rampant illegal cell phone use in prison facilities across the United States
- 10 is a major contributing factor supporting the growing threat of organized crime, gang
- 11 violence, and terrorist threats; and
- 12 WHEREAS, inmates and detainees illegally use cell phones to coordinate attacks and
- protests against staff, expand gang activity, and increase their money and power from behind
- 14 bars; and
- WHEREAS, in 2011, the Georgia Department of Corrections confiscated more than 8,500
- 16 illegal cell phones as contraband and arrested more than 300 visitors and 60 staff employees
- 17 for attempting to bring illegal cell phones into our state's prisons; and
- 18 WHEREAS, recent illegal cell phone use in Georgia prisons has caused inmate gang fights,
- 19 the hospitalization of 15 inmates, and serious injury to a correctional officer, and unless
- 20 something is done to stop the illegal use of cell phones in prison facilities, more serious
- 21 injuries and fatalities will occur; and
- 22 WHEREAS, a study by the Georgia Department of Corrections found that the only
- 23 cost-effective technology to resolve the problem of illegal cell phone usage in prisons is the

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24 use of "cellular jammers"; however, the use of "cellular jammers" in prison facilities is

- 25 prohibited by FCC rules; and
- 26 WHEREAS, the Communications Act of 1934, 47 U.S.C. § 302a(b), and FCC rules at 47
- 27 C.F.R. § 2.803(a) are outdated federal laws which prohibit the manufacture, importation,
- 28 marketing, sale, and operation of "cellular jammers" within the United States, and these
- 29 provisions have not been updated to meet the security needs of our nation's prisons; and
- 30 WHEREAS, carving out an exception for the use of "cellular jammer" technology in
- 31 detention facilities is a sound, affordable policy to protect inmates and corrections employees
- 32 and promote public safety.
- NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE SENATE that the members of this body
- 34 urge the Congress of the United States to amend the Communications Act of 1934 and the
- 35 Federal Communication Commission's rules so as to permit the use of "cellular jammers" for
- 36 the prevention of illegal cell phone use in prisons, jails, and youth detention facilities.
- 37 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Secretary of the Senate is authorized and directed
- 38 to transmit appropriate copies of this resolution to the members of the Federal
- 39 Communications Commission, Chairman Julius Genachowski, Commissioner Mignon
- 40 Clyburn, and Commissioner Robert M. McDowell, each member of the Georgia
- 41 congressional delegation, and Governor Nathan Deal.