A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

To amend Chapter 1 of Title 34 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to

general provisions relating to labor, so as to change provisions relating to an employer's

(2)(3)

immunity fo	or disclosing job performance information; to provide for civil immunity under
certain circu	mstances; to provide for related matters; to repeal conflicting laws; and for other
purposes.	
BI	E IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:
	SECTION 1.
Chapter 1 c	of Title 34 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to general
provisions r	elating to labor, is amended by revising Code Section 34-1-4, relating to an
employer's i	mmunity for disclosure of information regarding job performance, as follows:
″34-1-4.	
(a) As use	ed in this Code section, the term:
(1) 'Back	ground check' means research by any lawful means, including electronic means,
into the l	background of an employee or prospective employee, including research into
state or f	federal criminal history repositories, social security status or verification, and
research	conducted pursuant to the USA PATRIOT Act, 31 U.S.C. Section 5318(1),
regarding	g politically exposed persons, including known or suspected terrorists, money
laundere	rs, drug kingpins, and persons debarred from conducting business with the
United S	tates government, as well as any permissible purposes under the federal Fair
Credit R	eporting Act, 15 U.S.C. Section 1681.
(1) (2) 'I	Employee' means any person who is employed by an employer described in

'Employer' means any individual engaged in a business, corporation,

S-corporation, limited liability company, partnership, limited liability partnership, sole

proprietorship, or association, or any government entity that has one or more employees

paragraph (2) of this subsection whether the person is paid or unpaid.

or individuals performing services under any contract of hire or service, expressed or implied, oral or written.

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- (4) 'Job performance' includes, but shall not be limited to, attendance, attitude, awards, demotions, duties, effort, evaluations, knowledge, skills, promotions, and disciplinary actions.
 - (5) 'Owner' means any person, firm, or legal entity that is engaged in the production of goods or services and who may engage in contractual relations with contractors to perform any type of work on any leased or owned premises of the owner.
 - (6) 'Prospective employer' means any employer to which a prospective employee has made an application, either oral or written, or forwarded a resume or other correspondence expressing an interest in employment.
 - (7) 'Prospective employee' means any person who has made an application, either oral or written, or has sent a resume or other correspondence expressing an interest in employment.
 - (b) An employer as defined in subsection (a) of this Code section or any person employed by an employer and designated as the employer's representative who discloses factual information concerning an employee's or former employee's job performance, any act committed by such employee which would constitute a violation of the laws of this state if such act occurred in this state, or ability or lack of ability to carry out the duties of such job to a prospective employer of such employee or former employee upon request of the prospective employer or of the person seeking employment is presumed to be acting in good faith unless lack of good faith is shown by a preponderance of the evidence, unless the information was disclosed in violation of a nondisclosure agreement or the information disclosed was otherwise considered confidential according to applicable federal, state, or local statute, rule, or regulation. Any employer that, upon request by a prospective employer or a current or former employee, provides accurate information about a current or former employee's job performance or reasons for separation shall be immune from civil liability and other consequences of such disclosure provided such employer is not acting in bad faith. An employer shall be considered to be acting in bad faith only if it can be shown by a preponderance of the evidence that the information disclosed was knowingly false and deliberately misleading.
 - (c) Any prospective employer who reasonably relies on information pertaining to an employee's job performance or reasons for separation, disclosed by a current or former employer, shall be immune from civil liability, including liability for negligent hiring, negligent retention, and other causes of action related to the hiring of such employee, based upon such reasonable reliance, unless further investigation, including, but not limited to, a criminal background check, is required by law. Such immunity shall continue unless

additional investigation by the prospective employer makes known or should make known	wn
to the prospective employer other information that could otherwise subject such employ	<u>yer</u>
to civil liability.	

(d) Any employer who has conducted a background check of an employee or prospective employee after having obtained written consent from such employee or prospective employee or at the request of the owner or operator of any facility where the employer performs or may perform all or part of its work shall be immune from civil liability for any and all claims arising out of the disclosure of the background information obtained. Such limitation of liability shall extend to all claims of the employee or prospective employee based upon a failure to hire, wrongful termination, and invasion of privacy, as well as all claims of any owner, operator, or any third person for claims of negligent hiring or negligent retention."

75 SECTION 2.

All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.