Senate Bill 24

By: Senators Grant of the 25th, Seay of the 34th, Harp of the 29th, Crosby of the 13th and Stoner of the 6th

AS PASSED

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

- 1 To amend Chapter 8 of Title 42 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to
- 2 probation, so as to provide for comprehensive provisions regarding management of
- 3 probationers; to provide for the 'Probation Management Act'; to provide administrative
- 4 sanctions as an alternative to judicial modification or revocation of probation; to provide for
- 5 preliminary administrative hearings and hearing officers; to provide for related matters; to
- 6 provide an effective date; to repeal conflicting laws; and for other purposes.

7 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

8 SECTION 1.

- 9 Chapter 8 of Title 42 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to probation, is
- amended by adding a new article to read as follows:
- 11 "ARTICLE 9
- 12 42-8-150.
- 13 This article shall be known and may be cited as the 'Probation Management Act.'
- 14 <u>42-8-151.</u>
- For purposes of this article, the term:
- 16 (1) 'Commissioner' means the commissioner of corrections.
- 17 (2) 'Chief probation officer' means the highest ranking field probation officer in each
- 18 <u>judicial circuit.</u>
- 19 (3) 'Department' means the Department of Corrections.
- 20 (4) 'Electronic monitoring' means supervising, mapping, or tracking the location of a
- 21 probationer by means including electronic surveillance, voice recognition, facial
- 22 <u>recognition, fingerprinting or biometric scan, automated kiosk, automobile ignition</u>

23 <u>interlock device, or global positioning systems which may coordinate data with crime</u>

- 24 <u>scene information.</u>
- 25 (5) 'Hearing officer' means an impartial department employee or representative who has
- 26 <u>been selected and appointed to hear alleged cases regarding violations of probation for</u>
- 27 <u>administrative sanctioning.</u>
- 28 (6) 'Initial sanction' means the sanction set by the judge upon initial sentencing.
- 29 (7) 'Intensive probation' means a level of probation supervision which includes, but is not
- 30 <u>limited to, curfews, community service, drug testing, program participation, special</u>
- 31 conditions of probation, and general conditions of probation as set forth in Code Section
- 32 <u>42-8-35.</u>
- 33 (8) 'Options system day reporting center' means a state facility providing supervision of
- 34 probationers which includes, but is not limited to, mandatory reporting, program
- 35 participation, drug testing, community service, all special conditions of probation, and
- 36 general conditions of probation as set forth in Code Section 42-8-35.
- 37 (9) 'Options system probationer' means a probationer who has been sentenced to the
- 38 <u>sentencing options system.</u>
- 39 (10) 'Probation supervision' means a level of probation supervision which includes, but
- 40 <u>is not limited to, general conditions of probation as set forth in Code Section 42-8-35 and</u>
- 41 <u>all special conditions of probation.</u>
- 42 (11) 'Residential substance abuse treatment facility' means a state correctional facility
- 43 <u>that provides inpatient treatment for alcohol and drug abuse.</u>
- 44 (12) 'Sentencing options system' means a continuum of sanctions for probationers that
- 45 <u>includes the sanctions set forth in subsection (c) of Code Section 42-8-153.</u>
- 46 42-8-152.
- 47 (a) In addition to any other terms or conditions of probation provided for under this
- 48 chapter, the trial judge may require that defendants who are sentenced to probation
- 49 <u>pursuant to subsection (c) of Code Section 42-8-34 be ordered to the sentencing options</u>
- 50 <u>system.</u>
- 51 (b) Where a defendant has been ordered to the sentencing options system, the court shall
- 52 retain jurisdiction throughout the period of the probated sentence as provided in subsection
- 53 (g) of Code Section 42-8-34, and may modify or revoke any part of a probated sentence as
- 54 provided in Code Section 42-8-34.1 and subsection (c) of Code Section 42-8-38.
- 55 <u>42-8-153.</u>
- 56 (a) The department is authorized to establish by rules and regulations a system of
- 57 <u>administrative sanctions as an alternative to judicial modifications or revocations for</u>

58 probationers who violate the terms and conditions of the sentencing options system

- 59 <u>established under this article.</u> The department may not, however, sanction probationers for
- 60 <u>violations of special conditions of probation or general conditions of probation for which</u>
- 61 the sentencing judge has expressed an intention that such violations be heard by the court
- 62 pursuant to Code Section 42-8-34.1.
- (b) The department shall only impose restrictions which are equal to or less restrictive than
- 64 the sanction cap set by the sentencing judge.
- 65 (c) The administrative sanctions which may be imposed by the department are as follows,
- 66 <u>from most restrictive to least restrictive:</u>
- 67 (1) Probation detention center or residential substance abuse treatment facility;
- 68 (2) Probation boot camp;
- 69 (3) Department of Corrections day reporting center;
- 70 (4) Intensive probation;
- 71 (5) Electronic monitoring;
- 72 (6) Community service; or
- 73 (7) Probation supervision.
- 74 (d) The department may order offenders sanctioned pursuant to paragraphs (1) through (3)
- of subsection (c) of this Code section to be held in the local jail until transported to a
- designated facility.
- 77 <u>42-8-154.</u>
- 78 (a) Whenever an options system probationer is arrested on a warrant for an alleged
- 79 <u>violation of probation, an informal preliminary hearing shall be held within a reasonable</u>
- 80 <u>time not to exceed 15 days.</u>
- 81 (b) A preliminary hearing shall not be required when:
- 82 (1) The probationer is not under arrest on a warrant;
- 83 (2) The probationer signed a waiver of a preliminary hearing; or
- 84 (3) The administrative hearing referred to in Code Section 42-8-155 will be held within
- 85 <u>15 days of arrest.</u>
- 86 <u>42-8-155.</u>
- 87 (a) If an options system probationer violates the conditions of probation, the department
- 88 <u>may impose administrative sanctions as an alternative to judicial modification or revocation</u>
- 89 <u>of probation.</u>
- 90 (b) Upon issuance of a petition outlining the alleged probation violations, the chief
- 91 probation officer, or his or her designee, may conduct a hearing to determine whether an
- 92 options system probationer has violated a condition of probation. If the chief probation

93 <u>officer determines that the probationer has violated a condition of probation, the chief</u> 94 <u>probation officer is authorized to impose sanctions consistent with paragraphs (4) through</u>

- 95 (7) of subsection (c) of Code Section 42-8-153. The failure of an options system
- 96 probationer to comply with a sanction imposed by the chief probation officer shall
- 97 <u>constitute a violation of probation.</u>
- 98 (c)(1) Upon issuance of a petition outlining the alleged probation violations, the hearing
- 99 <u>officer may initiate an administrative proceeding to determine whether an options system</u>
- probationer has violated a condition of probation. If the hearing officer determines by a
- preponderance of the evidence that the probationer has violated a condition of probation,
- the hearing officer may impose sanctions consistent with Code Section 42-8-153.
- 103 (2) The administrative proceeding provided for under this subsection shall be
- commenced within 15 days, but not less than 48 hours after notice of the administrative
- proceeding has been served on the probationer. The administrative proceeding may be
- conducted electronically.
- 107 (d) The failure of a probationer to comply with the sanction or sanctions imposed by the
- chief probation officer or hearing officer shall constitute a violation of probation.
- (e) An options system probationer may at any time waive a hearing and voluntarily accept
- the sanctions proposed by the department.
- 111 <u>42-8-156.</u>
- 112 (a) The hearing officer's decision shall be final unless the options system probationer files
- a request for review with the senior hearing officer. A request for review must be filed
- within 15 days of the issuance of the department's decision. Such request shall not stay the
- department's decision. The senior hearing officer shall issue a response within seven days
- of receipt of the review request.
- (b) The senior hearing officer's decision shall be final unless the options system probationer
- files an appeal in the sentencing court. Such appeal shall name the commissioner as
- defendant and shall be filed within 30 days of the issuance of the decision by the senior
- hearing officer.
- (c) This appeal shall first be reviewed by the judge upon the record. At the judge's
- discretion, a de novo hearing may be held on the decision. The filing of the appeal shall not
- stay the department's decision.
- 124 (d) Where the sentencing judge does not act on the appeal within 30 days of the date of the
- filing of the appeal, the department's decision shall be affirmed by operation of law.

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| 126 | <u>42-8-157.</u> |
| 127 | Nothing contained in this article shall be construed as repealing any power given to any |
| 128 | court of this state to place offenders on probation or to supervise offenders. |
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| 129 | <u>42-8-158.</u> |
| 130 | This article shall only apply in judicial circuits where the department has allocated certified |
| 131 | hearing officers. |
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| 132 | <u>42-8-159.</u> |
| 133 | This article shall be liberally construed so that its purposes may be achieved." |
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| 134 | SECTION 2. |
| 135 | This Act shall become effective upon its approval by the Governor or upon its becoming law |
| 136 | without such approval. |

137 **SECTION 3.**

138 All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.