AS PASSED SENATE

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

1 To amend Title 43 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to professions and 2 businesses, so as to change provisions relating to the regulation of physicians, acupuncture, 3 physician's assistants, cancer and glaucoma treatment, respiratory care, clinical perfusionists, 4 and orthotics and prosthetics practice; to provide for comprehensive revision to the regulation 5 of such professions; to provide for definitions; to establish the Georgia Composite Medical 6 Board to regulate physicians, acupuncturists, physician assistants, cancer and glaucoma 7 treatment, respiratory care practice, clinical perfusionists, orthotics and prosthetics, and 8 cosmetic laser services; to provide for the process of selection and removal to and from the 9 board; to provide for the powers and duties of the board; to provide for the requirement of 10 an oath of office for board members; to provide for the election of officers of the board; to 11 provide for allowances for the board members; to provide for a chairperson of the board; to 12 provide for powers and duties of the chairperson; to provide for peer review of certain 13 medical professionals; to require individuals regulated under Chapter 34 of said title to notify 14 the board upon the conviction of a felony; to provide for the suspension and reinstatement 15 under certain circumstances of a license, permit, or certificate granted under Chapter 34; to 16 provide for the renewal of a license, permit, or certificate granted under Chapter 34; to 17 provide for a short title; to provide that a license is required to practice medicine; to provide 18 for certain standards, conditions, and requirements to practice medicine; to provide for the 19 delegation of certain duties from physicians to nurses or physician assistants; to provide 20 penalties for practicing medicine without a license; to provide for the delegation of tasks 21 involving polysomnography; to require a license to practice acupuncture; to provide certain 22 standards, conditions, and requirements to practice acupuncture; to provide for a penalty for practicing acupuncture without a license; to require a license to act as a physician assistant; 23 24 to provide certain standards, conditions, and requirements prior to licensure as a physician assistant; to provide for certain responsibilities for physician assistants; to provide for the 25 review of physician assistants; to require certification to practice respiratory care; to provide 26 27 certain standards, conditions, and requirements prior to certification as a respiratory therapist; 28 to provide a penalty for practicing respiratory care without certification; to require a license 29 to act as a clinical perfusionist; to provide for a temporary license to act as a clinical

30 perfusionist; to provide for certain standards, conditions, and requirements prior to licensure 31 as a clinical perfusionist; to provide a penalty for acting as a clinical perfusionist without a 32 license; to require a license to practice orthotics and prosthetics; to provide for certain 33 standards, conditions, and requirements prior to licensure to practice orthotics and 34 prosthetics; to provide for a penalty for practicing orthotics and prosthetics without a license; 35 to revise laws relating to cosmetic laser services; to amend various other titles of the Official 36 Code of Georgia Annotated for purposes of conformity; to provide that a physician assistant 37 can make a pronouncement of death under certain circumstances for purposes of vital 38 records; to provide for related matters; to provide for a contingency and effective dates; to 39 repeal conflicting laws; and for other purposes.

40

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

41 **SECTION 1.** 42 Title 43 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to professions and businesses 43 is amended by revising Chapter 34 as follows:

44	"CHAPTER
45	ARTICLE

ARTICLE 1

34

46 43-34-1. 47 Reserved. 48 As used in this chapter, the term: 49 (1) 'Board' means the Georgia Composite Medical Board. 50 (2) 'Physician' means a person licensed to practice medicine pursuant to Article 2 of this 51 chapter. 52 (3) 'To practice medicine,' 'the practice of medicine,' or 'practicing medicine' shall have the same meaning as in paragraph (3) of Code Section 43-34-21. 53 54 43-34-2. 55 Reserved. 56 43-34-21 <u>43-34-2</u>.

(a) A board is established to be known as the Composite State Board of Medical 57 58 Examiners Georgia Composite Medical Board. All members of the board The board shall 59 be composed of 15 members, all of whom shall be citizens of the United States and

- 60 residents of this state. All appointments to the board shall be made by the Governor and 61 confirmed by the Senate. 62 (b) Twelve Thirteen of the members shall be actively practicing physicians of integrity and 63 ability and shall be duly licensed hold unrestricted licenses to practice medicine in this state. Ten Eleven of the 12 13 physician members shall be graduates of reputable medical 64 65 schools conferring the M.D. degree; the other two physician members shall be graduates 66 of reputable osteopathic medical schools conferring the D.O. degree. All of the physician 67 members shall have been engaged in the active practice of their profession within this state 68 for a period of at least five years prior to their appointment. Any vacancy occurring in a 69 post held by a holder of the D.O. degree shall be filled by a D.O. from the state at large and 70 any vacancy occurring in a post held by an M.D. degree shall be filled by an M.D. 71 (c) The thirteenth member of the board shall be appointed from the state at large and 72 fourteenth and fifteenth members of the board shall have no connection whatsoever with 73 the practice of medicine and may vote only on matters relating to administration and policy 74 which do not directly relate to practical and scientific examination of physicians in this 75 state. 76 (d) The board shall perform such duties and possess and exercise such powers relative to 77 the protection of the public health and the control of regulation of the practice of medicine 78 and osteopathy as this chapter prescribes and confers upon it and shall have the power to 79 carry out investigations, either through the executive director or independently; provided, 80 however, that the member of the board who is not a practicing physician may vote only on 81 matters relating to administration and policy which do not directly relate to practical and 82 scientific examination of physicians in this state. Any member of the board may be 83 removed from his or her position and generate an open position on the board: 84 (1) By a majority vote of the members of the board if a member of the board misses three 85 or more consecutive meetings or misses more than one-third of all meetings including meetings conducted by teleconference, without a valid medical reason or reasons deemed 86 excusable, which removal shall not be effective unless approved by the Governor; or 87 88 (2) By the Governor if the board member: 89 (A) Has willfully neglected his or her duty as a board member; (B) Has been convicted of a crime involving moral turpitude; 90 91 (C) Has been convicted of a felony; 92 (D) Is no longer in the active practice of medicine, if a physician member; (E) Is no longer a resident of the State of Georgia; or 93
- 94 (F) Has received any restriction of his or her medical license in Georgia or any other
 95 state, if a physician member.

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96 (e)(1) The board shall appoint a Physician's Physician Assistants Advisory Committee 97 composed of four physicians, at least two of whom shall be members of the board, and 98 four licensed physician's physician assistants, who shall each serve for terms of office of 99 two years and until their successors are appointed and qualified. The committee shall review matters to come before the board which relate to physician's physician assistants, 100 101 including but not limited to applicants for physician's physician assistant licensure and relicensure and education requirements therefor, and proposed board regulations 102 103 concerning physician's physician assistants. The committee shall periodically make 104 recommendations to the board regarding matters reviewed. Each member of the advisory 105 committee shall be entitled to the same expense allowances, mileage allowances, and 106 reimbursement as members of the board as provided for in subsection (f) of Code Section 107 43-1-2 for in this chapter.

(2) The committee shall appoint a physician's physician assistant in an advisory capacity
to the board. The advisory person shall serve at the pleasure of the committee as an ex
officio adviser to the board in all matters relating to physician's physician assistants and
shall share in the privileges and benefits of the board without a vote.

(f) The board shall examine applicants to test their review applicants' qualifications to
 practice medicine for licensure, certification, or permitting pursuant to this chapter.

114 (g) When funds are specifically appropriated for such purpose, the board shall publish an 115 informational booklet on breast cancer and the treatment of breast cancer. The booklet shall 116 contain a summary of the latest information on breast cancer and, in brief form, shall discuss the generally accepted and widely prevailing medical and surgical treatments for 117 118 breast cancer. The booklet shall include a valid assessment of the relative risks and benefits of the accepted and widely prevailing methods of treatment. A copy of the booklet shall be 119 120 made available by the board to every appropriate physician in the state. A letter by the 121 board shall accompany this booklet stating that the board urges the physician to distribute a copy of the booklet to each and every patient whose suspected disease, disease, or course 122 of treatment is covered by the material in the booklet. Copies shall also be available to any 123 124 person upon request at a fee prescribed by the executive director sufficient to cover the cost 125 of printing and distribution. The booklet shall be updated and redistributed at such times 126 as the board shall deem necessary.

- (h)(g) The board shall have the authority to contract with medical associations or other
 professionally qualified organizations to conduct impaired physicians programs.
- 129 43-34-22 <u>43-34-3</u>.

130The terms of office of members of the Composite State Board of Medical Examiners in

131 office on June 30, 1999, shall expire July 1, 1999, except that the Governor by executive

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- 132 order may provide that such terms expire after July 1, 1999, but no later than July 1, 2000, 133 and upon the appointment and qualification of their respective successors. Those 134 successors shall be appointed by the Governor for terms of office beginning on the later of 135 July 1, 1999, or the date immediately following the expiration of the terms of office of those members in office on June 30, 1999, with four of such successors to have initial 136 137 terms of one year, four of such successors to have initial terms of two years, and five of 138 such successors to have initial terms of three years. The Governor shall specify the initial 139 terms of office for each of those successors at the time of their appointment. Upon the 140 expiration of such initial terms, successors to members of the board whose terms of office 141 expire shall serve for terms of four years each.
- 142 (a) The members of the Composite State Board of Medical Examiners, now known as the Georgia Composite Medical Board, in office on June 30, 2009, shall continue to serve out 143 144 their respective terms and until their respective successors are appointed and qualified. The 145 two new board members added as of July 1, 2009, pursuant to Code Section 43-34-2 shall 146 be appointed by the Governor to serve as members of the board for terms of office beginning on July 1, 2009. The terms of office of the two new members shall be for two 147 148 years and three years, respectively, with the Governor to specify the initial term of office 149 for each new member at the time of his or her appointment. Upon the expiration of such 150 initial terms, successors to such members of the board whose terms of office expire shall 151 serve for terms of four years each.
- (b) Terms of office of members of the board shall be four years. Members of the board
 shall serve for the terms specified and until their respective successors are appointed and
 qualified. All reappointments and new appointments shall be made so that the various
 geographic regions of the state shall be represented. Any vacancy that may occur in the
 board as a result of death, resignation, removal relocation from the state, or other cause
 shall be filled for the unexpired term in the same manner as regular appointments are made.
- 158 <u>43-34-23</u> <u>43-34-4</u>.

Immediately and before entering upon the duties of office, the members of the board shall
take the constitutional oath of office and shall file the same in the office of the Governor,
who, upon receiving the oath of office, shall issue to each member a certificate of
appointment.

163 <u>43-34-24</u> <u>43-34-5</u>.

(a) Immediately after the appointment and qualification of the members, the <u>The</u> board
 shall meet and organize and shall <u>annually</u> elect a president and vice-president <u>chairperson</u>
 and vice chairperson. Each member of the board shall be reimbursed as provided for in

167	subsection (f) of Code Section 43-1-2 may receive the expense allowance as provided by
168	subsection (b) of Code Section 45-7-21 and the same mileage allowance for the use of a
169	personal car as that received by other state officials and employees or a travel allowance
170	of actual transportation cost if traveling by public carrier within the state. Each board
171	member shall also be reimbursed for any conference or meeting registration fee incurred
172	in the performance of his or her duties as a board member. For each day's service outside
173	of the state as a board member, such member shall receive actual expenses as an expense
174	allowance as well as the mileage allowance for the use of a personal car equal to that
175	received by other state officials and employees or a travel allowance of actual
176	transportation cost if traveling by public carrier or by rental motor vehicle. Expense
177	vouchers submitted by board members are subject to approval of the chairperson and
178	executive director. Out-of-state travel by board members must be approved by the board
179	chairperson and the executive director.
180	(b) The board shall hold two regular meetings each year, one in May or June and one in
181	October month, unless in the discretion of the chairperson it is deemed unnecessary for a
182	particular month. Called meetings may be held at the discretion of the president. The board
183	shall adopt a seal, which must be affixed to all licenses issued by the board chairperson.
184	(c) The board shall from time to time adopt such rules and regulations as it may deem
185	necessary for the performance of its duties and shall examine and pass upon the
186	qualifications of applicants for the practice of medicine have the following powers and
187	duties:
188	(1) To adopt, amend, and repeal such rules and regulations in accordance with this
189	chapter necessary for the proper administration and enforcement of this chapter;
190	(2) To adopt a seal by which the board shall authenticate the acts of the board;
191	(3) To establish a pool of qualified physicians to act as peer reviewers and expert
192	witnesses and to appoint or contract with physicians professionally qualified by education
193	and training, medical associations, or other professionally qualified organizations to serve
194	as peer reviewers; provided, however, that no licensing, investigative, or disciplinary
195	duties or functions of the board may be delegated to any medical association or related
196	entity by contract or otherwise;
197	(4) To employ a medical director and other staff to implement this chapter and provide
198	necessary and appropriate support who shall be subject to the same confidentiality
199	requirements of the board;
200	(5) To keep a docket of public proceedings, actions, and filings;
201	(6) To set its office hours:
202	(7) To set all reasonable fees by adoption of a schedule of fees approved by the board.
203	The board shall set such fees sufficient to cover costs of operation;

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204	(8) To establish rules regarding licensure and certification status, including but not
205	limited to inactive status, as the board deems appropriate;
206	(9) To issue, deny, or reinstate the licenses, certificates, or permits of duly qualified
207	applicants for licensure, certification, or permits under this chapter;
208	(10) To revoke, suspend, issue terms and conditions, place on probation, limit practice,
209	fine, require additional medical training, require medical community service, or otherwise
210	sanction licensees, certificate holders, or permit holders;
211	(11) To renew licenses, certificates, and permits and set renewal and expiration dates and
212	application and other deadlines;
213	(12) To approve such examinations as are necessary to determine competency to practice
214	under this chapter;
215	(13) To set examination standards, approve examinations, and set passing score
216	requirements;
217	(14) To adopt necessary rules concerning proceedings, hearings, review hearings,
218	actions, filings, depositions, and motions related to uncontested cases;
219	(15) To initiate investigations for the purposes of discovering violations of this chapter;
220	(16) To administer oaths, subpoena witnesses and documentary evidence including
221	medical records, and take testimony in all matters relating to its duties;
222	(17) To conduct hearings, reviews, and other proceedings according to Chapter 13 of
223	<u>Title 50;</u>
224	(18) To conduct investigative interviews;
225	(19) To issue cease and desist orders to stop the unlicensed practice of medicine or other
226	profession licensed, certified, or permitted under this chapter and impose penalties for
227	such violations;
228	(20) To request injunctive relief or refer cases for criminal prosecution to appropriate
229	enforcement authorities;
230	(21) To release investigative or applicant files to another enforcement agency or lawful
231	licensing authority in another state;
232	(22) To sue and be sued in a court of competent jurisdiction; and
233	(23) To enter into contracts.
234	(d) A license issued by the board shall not be limited or restricted to a particular medical
235	specialty.
236	43-34-24.1 <u>43-34-6</u> .

 $236 \qquad \frac{43-34-24.1}{43-34-6}.$

(a) The board shall not be under the jurisdiction of the Secretary of State but shall be an
independent state agency attached to the Department of Community Health for
administrative purposes only, as provided in Code Section 50-4-3, except that such

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department shall prepare and submit the budget for the board. The board shall not be a
professional licensing board but shall have with respect to all matters within the jurisdiction
of the Composite State Board of Medical Examiners board as provided under this chapter
the powers, duties, and functions of such professional licensing boards as provided in
Chapter 1 of this title.

(b) The board shall appoint and fix the compensation of an executive director of such
board who shall serve at the pleasure of the board. Any reference in this chapter to the
executive director shall mean the executive director appointed pursuant to this subsection.
The executive director shall have, with respect to the board, the same powers, duties, and
functions granted to the division director with respect to professional licensing boards
under Chapter 1 of this title but without being subject to any approval or other powers
exercised by the Secretary of State.

(c) Meetings and hearings of the board shall be held at the site of the office of the board
or at such other site as may be specified by the president chairperson of the board. A
majority of the members of the board shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of
business of the board.

- (d) Licenses, certificates, and permits issued by the board which are shall be subject to
 renewal and shall be valid for up to two years <u>unless otherwise specified by this chapter</u>
 and shall be renewable biennially on the renewal date established by the board.
- 259 (e) The board, through the executive director, may hire investigators for the purpose of 260 conducting investigations for the board and those persons shall be designated as 261 investigators and have the powers, duties, and status of investigators for professional 262 licensing boards under Code Section 43-1-5. Any person so employed shall be considered to be a peace officer and shall have all powers, duties, and status of a peace officer of this 263 264 state; provided, however, that such investigators shall only be authorized, upon written 265 approval of the executive director, notwithstanding Code Sections 16-11-126, 16-11-128, and 16-11-129, to carry firearms in the performance of their duties and exercise the powers 266 of arrest in the performance of their duties. 267
- Notwithstanding the provisions of Code Section 50-4-3 and with the concurrence of the
 board, the Department of Community Health shall be authorized to employ and provide for
 the compensation of staff as is necessary to assist in carrying out the functions of the board.
 Staff so hired shall be subject to the rules and confidentiality requirements of the board and
 to the supervision of the executive director of the board.
- (f) The venue of any action involving members of the board shall be governed by the laws
 of this state relating to venue the county in which is found the primary office of the
 governmental entity of which the defendant is an officer. The executive director of the
 board shall not be considered a member of the board in determining the venue of any such

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- 277 action and no court shall have jurisdiction of any such action solely by virtue of the executive director residing or maintaining a residence within its jurisdiction. 278 279 (g) The board shall give point credit to veterans in the same manner as required for 280 professional licensing boards under Code Sections 43-1-9 through 43-1-13. 281 (h) Persons appointed to the board shall be subject to Senate confirmation as provided in 282 Code Section 43-1-16 and subject to removal as provided in Code Section 43-1-17. 283 (i)(h) Initial judicial review of a final decision of the board shall be had solely in the 284 superior court of the county of domicile of the board.
- (j) The board, through the executive director, shall hire such personnel as it deems
 necessary to carry out its functions under this chapter and may appoint professionally
 qualified persons to serve as members of peer review committees; provided, however, that
 no licensing, investigative, or disciplinary duties or functions of the board may be
 delegated to any medical association or related entity by contract or otherwise.
- (k)(i) The board executive director shall make a report no later than December 31 of each
 year covering the activities of the board for that calendar year, which report shall be
 submitted to the commissioner of community health, and shall be made available to any
 member of the General Assembly upon request.
- (j) The executive director, with the approval of the board, notwithstanding any other
 provisions of law to the contrary, shall enter into such contracts as are deemed necessary
 to carry out this chapter to provide for all services required of the board.

<u>43-34-7.</u>

- The executive director shall prepare and maintain a roster containing the names and business addresses of all current licensees, certificate holders, and permit holders for each of the various professions regulated by the Georgia Composite Medical Board. A copy of the roster shall be available to any person upon request at a fee prescribed by the board sufficient to cover the cost of printing and distribution. The following shall be treated as confidential, not subject to Article 4 of Chapter 18 of Title 50, relating to open records, and shall not be disclosed without the approval of the board:
- 305 (1) Applications and other personal information submitted by applicants, except to the
 306 applicant, the staff, and the board;
- 307 (2) Information, favorable or unfavorable, submitted by a reference source concerning
 308 an applicant, except to the staff and the board;
- 309 (3) Examination questions and other examination materials, except to the staff and the
 310 board; and
- 311 (4) The deliberations of the board with respect to an application, an examination, a
 312 complaint, an investigation, or a disciplinary proceeding, except as may be contained in

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- official board minutes; provided, however, that such deliberations may be released only
 to another state or federal enforcement agency or lawful licensing authority. Releasing
 the documents pursuant to this paragraph shall not subject any otherwise privileged
 documents to the provisions of Code Section 50-18-70.
- 317 <u>43-34-37</u> <u>43-34-8</u>.

(a) The board shall have authority to refuse to grant a license, certificate, or permit to an
 applicant or to discipline a physician licensed under this chapter a person regulated under
 this chapter or any antecedent law upon a finding by the board that the licensee, certificate
 holder, or permit holder or applicant has:

- (1) Failed to demonstrate the qualifications or standards for a license, certificate, or
 permit contained in this chapter or in the rules and regulations of the board. It shall be
 incumbent upon the applicant to demonstrate to the satisfaction of the board that he or she
 meets all requirements for the issuance of a license; and, if the board is not satisfied as
 to the applicant's qualifications, it shall not issue a license, certificate, or permit;
- (2) Knowingly made misleading, deceptive, untrue, or fraudulent representations in the
 practice of medicine of a profession licensed, certified, or permitted under this chapter
 or in any document connected therewith, or practiced fraud or deceit or intentionally
 made any false statement in obtaining a license, certificate, or permit under this chapter
 to practice medicine pursuant to this chapter, or made a false statement or deceptive
 biennial registration with the board;
- 333 (3) Been convicted of a felony in the courts of this state or any other state, territory, 334 country, or of the United States. As used in this paragraph, the term 'conviction of a felony' shall include a conviction of an offense which if committed in this state would be 335 336 deemed a felony under either state or federal law, without regard to its designation 337 elsewhere. As used in this paragraph, the term 'conviction' shall include a finding or verdict of guilt, a plea of guilty resulting in first offender status, or a plea of nolo 338 contendere in a criminal proceeding, regardless of whether the adjudication of guilt or 339 340 sentence is withheld or not entered thereon;
- (4) Committed a crime involving moral turpitude, without regard to conviction; the
 conviction of a crime involving moral turpitude shall be evidence of the commission of
 such crime. As used in this paragraph, the term 'conviction' shall have the meaning
 prescribed in paragraph (3) of this subsection. For the purpose of this chapter, a
 conviction or plea of guilty or of nolo contendere to a charge or indictment by either
 federal or state government for income tax evasion shall not be considered a crime
 involving moral turpitude;

- (5) Had his <u>or her license, certificate, or permit</u> to practice <u>medicine pursuant to this</u>
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 (5) Chapter revoked, suspended, or annulled by any lawful licensing authority; or had other
 (5) disciplinary action taken against him <u>or her</u> by any lawful licensing authority; or been
 (5) denied a license by any lawful licensing authority;
- (6) Advertised for or solicited patients; obtained a fee or other thing of value on the
 representation that a manifestly incurable disease can be permanently cured; or made
 untruthful or improbable statements, or flamboyant or extravagant claims concerning his
 or her professional excellence or treatment protocols;
- 356 (7) Engaged in any unprofessional, unethical, deceptive, or deleterious conduct or practice harmful to the public, which conduct or practice need not have resulted in actual 357 injury to any person. As used in this paragraph, the term 'unprofessional conduct' shall 358 include any departure from, or failure to conform to, the minimal minimum standards of 359 360 acceptable and prevailing medical practice and shall also include, but not be limited to, 361 the prescribing or use of drugs, treatment, or diagnostic procedures which are detrimental 362 to the patient as determined by the minimal minimum standards of acceptable and prevailing medical practice or by rule of the board; 363
- 364 (8) Performed, procured, or aided or abetted in performing or procuring a criminal365 abortion;
- 366 (9) Knowingly maintained a professional connection or association with any person who 367 is in violation of this chapter or the rules or regulations of the board; or knowingly aided, 368 assisted, procured, or advised any person to practice medicine pursuant to this chapter 369 contrary to this chapter or to the rules and regulations of the board; or knowingly 370 performed any act which in any way aids, assists, procures, advises, or encourages any unlicensed person or entity to practice medicine pursuant to this chapter; or divided fees 371 372 or agreed to divide fees received for professional services with any person, firm, 373 association, corporation, or other entity for bringing or referring a patient;
- (10) Violated or attempted to violate a law, rule, or regulation of this state, any other
 state, the board, the United States, or any other lawful authority without regard to whether
 the violation is criminally punishable, which law, rule, or regulation relates to or in part
 regulates the practice of medicine, when the licensee or applicant knows or should know
 that such action is violative of such law, rule, or regulation; or violated a lawful order of
 the board, previously entered by the board in a disciplinary hearing;
- (11) Committed any act or omission which is indicative of bad moral character or
 untrustworthiness;
- (11.1) Failed to attempt to inform a patient, in a timely manner, that the physician has
 received the results of a laboratory test. The board shall promulgate rules for the
 implementation of this paragraph no later than January 1, 2002. Any physician who

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complies with the rules promulgated by the board for informing his or her patient that the
 results of any laboratory test have been received shall be immune from any civil or
 criminal liability for such disclosure;

(12) Been adjudged mentally incompetent by a court of competent jurisdiction, within 388 389 or outside this state. Any such adjudication shall automatically suspend the license, certificate, or permit of any such person and shall prevent the reissuance or renewal of 390 any license, certificate, or permit so suspended for as long as the adjudication of 391 392 incompetence is in effect unless the board, upon a finding that the licensee, certificate 393 holder, or permit holder is mentally competent, orders otherwise. Any applicant who has been so adjudged to be mentally incompetent shall not receive a license, certificate, or 394 395 permit unless the board, upon a finding that the applicant is mentally competent, orders 396 otherwise; or

397 (13) Become unable to practice medicine pursuant to this chapter with reasonable skill
398 and safety to patients by reason of illness or use of alcohol, drugs, narcotics, chemicals,
399 or any other type of material, or as a result of any mental or physical condition:

(A) In enforcing this paragraph the board may, upon reasonable grounds, require a 400 401 licensee, certificate holder, permit holder, or applicant to submit to a mental or physical 402 examination by physicians designated by the board. The expense of this examination 403 shall be borne by the licensee, certificate holder, or permit holder or applicant. The results of such examination shall be admissible in any hearing before the board, 404 405 notwithstanding any claim of privilege under a contrary rule of law or statute, 406 including, but not limited to, Code Section 24-9-21. Every person who shall accept the 407 privilege of practicing medicine in this state a profession regulated under this chapter or who shall file an application for a license to practice medicine a profession regulated 408 409 under this chapter in this state shall be deemed to have given his or her consent to 410 submit to such mental or physical examination and to have waived all objections to the admissibility of the results in any hearing before the board, upon the grounds that the 411 same constitutes a privileged communication. If a licensee, certificate holder, or permit 412 413 holder or applicant fails to submit to such an examination when properly directed to do 414 so by the board, unless such failure was due to circumstances beyond his or her control, the board may enter a final order upon proper notice, hearing, and proof of such refusal. 415 Any licensee, certificate holder, permit holder, or applicant who is prohibited from 416 practicing medicine pursuant to this chapter under this paragraph shall at reasonable 417 418 intervals be afforded an opportunity to demonstrate to the board that he or she can 419 resume or begin the practice of medicine pursuant to this chapter with reasonable skill and safety to patients; 420

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421 (B) For the purposes of this paragraph, the board may, upon reasonable grounds, obtain 422 any and all records relating to the mental or physical condition of a licensee, certificate 423 holder, or permit holder or applicant, including psychiatric records; and such records 424 shall be admissible in any hearing before the board, notwithstanding any privilege under a contrary rule of law or statute, including, but not limited to, Code Section 425 426 24-9-21. Every person who shall accept the privilege of practicing medicine pursuant 427 to this chapter in this state or who shall file an application to practice medicine pursuant 428 to this chapter in this state shall be deemed to have given his or her consent to the 429 board's obtaining any such records and to have waived all objections to the 430 admissibility of such records in any hearing before the board, upon the grounds that the 431 same constitute a privileged communication; and

432 (C) If any licensee, certificate holder, or permit holder or applicant could, in the absence of this paragraph, invoke a privilege to prevent the disclosure of the results of 433 434 the examination provided for in subparagraph (A) of this paragraph or the records 435 relating to the mental or physical condition of such licensee, certificate holder, or 436 permit holder or applicant obtained pursuant to subparagraph (B) of this paragraph, all 437 such information shall be received by the board in camera and shall not be disclosed to 438 the public, nor shall any part of the record containing such information be used against 439 any licensee, certificate holder, or permit holder or applicant in any other type of 440 proceeding-;

441 (14) Cheated on or attempted to subvert an examination by the board;

- 442 (15) Committed an act of sexual abuse, misconduct, or exploitation of a patient including
 443 guardians and parents of minors;
- 444 (16) Mistreated or abandoned a patient or his or her records; provided, however that a
 445 physician in compliance with Chapter 33 of Title 31 shall not be considered to have
 446 abandoned patient records;
- 447 (17) Entered into conduct which discredits the profession;
- 448 (18) Failed to furnish records, including, but not limited to, medical records, to the board
 449 in response to a subpoena or failed to answer questions on the renewal of the license,
 450 certificate, or permit;
- 451 (19) Failed to maintain appropriate medical or other records as required by board rule;
- 452 (20) Failed to follow generally accepted infection control procedures or Occupational
- 453 <u>Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) standards;</u>
- 454 (21) Failed to comply with federal laws and standards relating to the practice of medicine
- 455 or other health care profession regulated under this chapter, the regulations of drugs, the
 456 delivery of health care, or other related laws;

457	(22) Failed to comply with an order for child support as defined by Code Section
458	19-11-9.3; it shall be incumbent upon the applicant, licensee, certificate holder, or permit
459	holder to supply a notice of release to the board from the appropriate child support
460	authorities within the Department of Human Resources indicating that the licensee,
461	certificate holder, permit holder, or applicant has come into compliance with an order for
462	child support so that a license, certificate, or permit may be issued if all other conditions
463	for the issuance of a license, certificate, or permit are met;
464	(23) Failed to enter into satisfactory repayment status and is a borrower in default as
465	defined by Code Section 20-3-295; it shall be incumbent upon the applicant, licensee,
466	certificate holder, or permit holder to supply the notice of release to the board from the
467	Georgia Higher Education Assistance Corporation indicating that the licensee, certificate
468	holder, permit holder, or applicant has entered into satisfactory repayment status so that
469	a license, certificate, or permit may be issued or granted if all other conditions for
470	issuance of a license, certificate, or permit are met; or
471	(24) Except for practice settings identified in paragraph (7) of subsection (g) of Code
472	Section 43-34-26 and arrangements approved by the board prior to July 1, 2009, as set
473	forth in subsection (k) of Code Section 43-34-103, been a physician that has been or is
474	employed by one the physician:
475	(A) Delegates medical acts to:
475 476	 (A) Delegates medical acts to: (B) Enters a protocol or job description with; or
476	(B) Enters a protocol or job description with; or
476 477	(B) Enters a protocol or job description with; or(C) Is responsible for supervising.
476 477 478	 (B) Enters a protocol or job description with; or (C) Is responsible for supervising. (a.1) The provisions of Chapter 13 of Title 50, the 'Georgia Administrative Procedure Act,'
476 477 478 479	 (B) Enters a protocol or job description with; or (C) Is responsible for supervising. (a.1) The provisions of Chapter 13 of Title 50, the 'Georgia Administrative Procedure Act,' with respect to emergency action by a professional licensing board and summary
476 477 478 479 480	 (B) Enters a protocol or job description with; or (C) Is responsible for supervising. (a.1) The provisions of Chapter 13 of Title 50, the 'Georgia Administrative Procedure Act,' with respect to emergency action by a professional licensing board and summary suspension of a license are adopted and incorporated by reference into this Code section.
476 477 478 479 480 481	 (B) Enters a protocol or job description with; or (C) Is responsible for supervising. (a.1) The provisions of Chapter 13 of Title 50, the 'Georgia Administrative Procedure Act,' with respect to emergency action by a professional licensing board and summary suspension of a license are adopted and incorporated by reference into this Code section. (b)(1) When the board finds that any person is unqualified to be granted a license.
476 477 478 479 480 481 482	 (B) Enters a protocol or job description with; or (C) Is responsible for supervising. (a.1) The provisions of Chapter 13 of Title 50, the 'Georgia Administrative Procedure Act,' with respect to emergency action by a professional licensing board and summary suspension of a license are adopted and incorporated by reference into this Code section. (b)(1) When the board finds that any person is unqualified to be granted a license, certificate, or permit or finds that any person should be disciplined pursuant to
476 477 478 479 480 481 482 483	 (B) Enters a protocol or job description with; or (C) Is responsible for supervising. (a.1) The provisions of Chapter 13 of Title 50, the 'Georgia Administrative Procedure Act,' with respect to emergency action by a professional licensing board and summary suspension of a license are adopted and incorporated by reference into this Code section. (b)(1) When the board finds that any person is unqualified to be granted a license, certificate, or permit or finds that any person should be disciplined pursuant to subsection (a) of this Code section, the board may take any one or more of the following
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476 477 478 479 480 481 482 483 484 485 486	 (B) Enters a protocol or job description with; or (C) Is responsible for supervising. (a.1) The provisions of Chapter 13 of Title 50, the 'Georgia Administrative Procedure Act,' with respect to emergency action by a professional licensing board and summary suspension of a license are adopted and incorporated by reference into this Code section. (b)(1) When the board finds that any person is unqualified to be granted a license, certificate, or permit or finds that any person should be disciplined pursuant to subsection (a) of this Code section, the board may take any one or more of the following actions: (A) Refuse to grant a license, certificate, or permit to an applicant; (B) Place the licensee, certificate holder, or permit holder on probation for a definite
476 477 478 479 480 481 482 483 484 485 486 487	 (B) Enters a protocol or job description with; or (C) Is responsible for supervising. (a.1) The provisions of Chapter 13 of Title 50, the 'Georgia Administrative Procedure Act,' with respect to emergency action by a professional licensing board and summary suspension of a license are adopted and incorporated by reference into this Code section. (b)(1) When the board finds that any person is unqualified to be granted a license, certificate, or permit or finds that any person should be disciplined pursuant to subsection (a) of this Code section, the board may take any one or more of the following actions: (A) Refuse to grant a license, certificate, or permit to an applicant; (B) Place the licensee, certificate holder, or permit holder on probation for a definite or indefinite period with terms and conditions:
476 477 478 479 480 481 482 483 484 485 486 487 488	 (B) Enters a protocol or job description with; or (C) Is responsible for supervising. (a.1) The provisions of Chapter 13 of Title 50, the 'Georgia Administrative Procedure Act,' with respect to emergency action by a professional licensing board and summary suspension of a license are adopted and incorporated by reference into this Code section. (b)(1) When the board finds that any person is unqualified to be granted a license, certificate, or permit or finds that any person should be disciplined pursuant to subsection (a) of this Code section, the board may take any one or more of the following actions: (A) Refuse to grant a license, certificate, or permit to an applicant; (B) Place the licensee, certificate holder, or permit holder on probation for a definite or indefinite period with terms and conditions; (C) Administer a public or private reprimand, provided that a private reprimand shall
476 477 478 479 480 481 482 483 484 485 486 487 488 489	 (B) Enters a protocol or job description with; or (C) Is responsible for supervising. (a.1) The provisions of Chapter 13 of Title 50, the 'Georgia Administrative Procedure Act,' with respect to emergency action by a professional licensing board and summary suspension of a license are adopted and incorporated by reference into this Code section. (b)(1) When the board finds that any person is unqualified to be granted a license, certificate, or permit or finds that any person should be disciplined pursuant to subsection (a) of this Code section, the board may take any one or more of the following actions: (A) Refuse to grant a license, certificate, or permit to an applicant; (B) Place the licensee, certificate holder, or permit holder on probation for a definite or indefinite period with terms and conditions; (C) Administer a public or private reprimand, provided that a private reprimand shall not be disclosed to any person except the licensee, certificate holder, or permit holder;
476 477 478 479 480 481 482 483 484 485 486 485 486 487 488 489 490	 (B) Enters a protocol or job description with; or (C) Is responsible for supervising. (a.1) The provisions of Chapter 13 of Title 50, the 'Georgia Administrative Procedure Act,' with respect to emergency action by a professional licensing board and summary suspension of a license are adopted and incorporated by reference into this Code section. (b)(1) When the board finds that any person is unqualified to be granted a license, certificate, or permit or finds that any person should be disciplined pursuant to subsection (a) of this Code section, the board may take any one or more of the following actions: (A) Refuse to grant a license, certificate, or permit to an applicant; (B) Place the licensee, certificate holder, or permit holder on probation for a definite or indefinite period with terms and conditions; (C) Administer a public or private reprimand, provided that a private reprimand shall not be disclosed to any person except the licensee, certificate holder, or permit for a definite period;

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493 (F) Condition the penalty, or withhold formal disposition, upon the physician's 494 submission to the care, counseling, or treatment of physicians or other professional 495 persons, and the completion of such care, counseling, or treatment, as directed by the 496 board. 497 (G) Impose a fine not to exceed \$3,000.00 for each violation of a law, rule, or 498 regulation relating to the licensee, certificate holder, permit holder or applicant; 499 (H) Impose a fine in a reasonable amount to reimburse the board for the administrative 500 costs; 501 (I) Require passage of a board approved minimum competency examination; 502 (J) Require board approved medical education; 503 (K) Condition the penalty, or withhold formal disposition, which actions shall be kept 504 confidential, unless there is a public order upon the licensee or applicant, certificate 505 holder, or permit holder's submission to the care, counseling, or treatment by physicians 506 or other professional persons and the completion of such care, counseling, or treatment, 507 as directed by the board; or 508 (L) Require a board approved mental and physical evaluation of all licensees, 509 certificate holders, or permit holders. 510 (2) In addition to and in conjunction with the actions enumerated pursuant to 511 paragraph (1) of this subsection, the board may make a finding adverse to the licensee, 512 certificate holder, permit holder, or applicant but withhold imposition of judgment and 513 penalty; or it may impose the judgment and penalty but suspend enforcement thereof and 514 place the physician licensee, certificate holder, permit holder, or applicant on probation, 515 which probation may be vacated upon noncompliance with such reasonable terms as the 516 board may impose. 517 (3) Neither the issuance of a private reprimand nor the denial of a license, certificate, or 518 permit nor the denial of a request for reinstatement of a revoked license, certificate, or permit nor the refusal to issue a previously denied license, certificate, or permit shall be 519 considered to be a contested case within the meaning of Chapter 13 of Title 50, the 520 521 'Georgia Administrative Procedure Act'; notice and hearing within the meaning of said 522 chapter shall not be required, but the applicant or licensee, certificate holder, or permit holder shall be allowed to appear before the board if he or she so requests. A board may 523 524 resolve a pending action by the issuance of a letter of concern. Such letter shall not be 525 considered a disciplinary action or a contested case under Chapter 13 of Title 50 and shall not be disclosed to any person except the holder of a license, certificate, or permit or an 526 527 applicant. 528 (b.1) The board shall suspend the license, certificate, or permit of a person licensed by the board who has been certified by a federal agency and reported to the board for nonpayment 529

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530 or default or breach of a repayment or service obligation under any federal education loan, 531 loan repayment, or service conditional scholarship program. Prior to the suspension, the 532 licensee, certificate holder, or permit holder shall be entitled to notice of the board's 533 intended action and opportunity to appear before the board according to procedures set forth in the board's rules and regulations. A suspension of a license, certificate, or permit 534 535 under this subsection is not a contested case under Chapter 13 of Title 50, 'Georgia 536 Administrative Procedure Act.' A license, certificate, or permit suspended under this Code section shall not be reinstated or reissued until the person provides the board a written 537 538 release issued by the reporting agency stating that the person is making payments on the loan or satisfying the service requirements in accordance with an agreement approved by 539 540 the reporting agency. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for 541 issuance of a license, certificate, or permit during the period of suspension, reinstatement of the license, certificate, or permit shall be automatic upon receipt of the notice and 542 543 payment of any reinstatement fee which the board may impose.

(c) In its discretion, the board may restore and reissue a license, certificate, or permit to
 practice medicine issued under this chapter or any antecedent law and, as a condition
 thereof, may impose any disciplinary or corrective measure provided in this chapter.

547 (d) The executive director is vested with the power and authority to make, or cause to be 548 made through employees or agents of the board, such investigations as he or she, or the 549 board, or any district attorney may deem necessary or advisable in the enforcement of this 550 chapter. Any person properly conducting an investigation on behalf of the board shall have 551 access to and may examine any writing, document, or other material, except that as to 552 which privilege has not been denied or deemed waived by this chapter, and which is deemed by the president chairperson of the board, or vice-president vice chairperson if the 553 554 president chairperson is not available, to be related to the fitness of any licensee, certificate 555 holder, permit holder, or applicant to practice medicine pursuant to this chapter. The executive director or the president chairperson of the board, or vice-president vice 556 557 chairperson if the president chairperson is not available, may issue subpoenas to compel 558 such access. When a subpoena is disobeyed, the board may apply to the superior court of 559 the county where the person to whom the subpoena is issued resides for an order requiring obedience. Failure to comply with such order shall be punishable as for contempt of court. 560 561 The results of any investigations whatsoever shall be reported only to the board, and the records of such investigations shall be kept by the board; no part of any such record shall 562 563 be released for any purpose other than a hearing before the board and as provided in 564 Chapter 34A of this title; nor shall such records be subject to subpoena. The board shall 565 be authorized to release records that are not otherwise confidential or privileged only to

- another state or federal enforcement agency or lawful licensing authority and such release
 shall not alter the confidential or privileged nature of the documents.
- 568 (e) In any hearing to determine a licensee's, certificate holder's, permit holder's, or 569 applicant's fitness to practice medicine pursuant to this chapter, any record relating to any patient of the licensee, certificate holder, permit holder, or applicant shall be admissible 570 571 into evidence, regardless of any statutory privilege which such patient might otherwise be 572 able to invoke. In addition, no such patient may withhold testimony bearing upon a licensee's, certificate holder's, permit holder's, or applicant's fitness to practice medicine 573 574 pursuant to this chapter on the ground of privilege between such licensee, certificate holder, 575 permit holder, or applicant and such patient. Any testimony or written evidence relating to a patient of a licensee, certificate holder, permit holder, or applicant or to the record of 576 577 any such patient shall be received by the board in camera and shall not be disclosed to the 578 public.
- (f) In any hearing in which the fitness of a licensee, certificate holder, permit holder, or
 applicant to practice medicine pursuant to this chapter is in question, the board may
 exclude all persons from its deliberation of the appropriate action to be taken and may,
 when in its discretion it deems it necessary, speak to a licensee, certificate holder, permit
 holder, or applicant in private.
- 584 (g) This Code section is enacted in the public welfare and shall be liberally construed.
- 585 (h) A person, partnership, firm, corporation, association, authority, or other entity shall be 586 immune from civil and criminal liability for reporting or investigating the acts or omissions 587 of a licensee, certificate holder, permit holder, or applicant which violate the provisions of 588 subsection (a) of this Code section or any other provisions of law relating to a licensee's, 589 certificate holder's, permit holder's, or applicant's fitness to practice medicine pursuant to 590 this chapter or for initiating or conducting proceedings against such licensee, certificate 591 holder, permit holder, or applicant, if such report is made or action is taken in good faith 592 without fraud or malice. Any person who testifies in good faith without fraud or malice 593 before the board in any proceeding involving a violation of subsection (a) of this Code 594 section or any other law relating to a licensee's, certificate holder's, permit holder's, or 595 applicant's fitness to practice medicine pursuant to this chapter, or who makes a recommendation to the board in the nature of peer review, shall be immune from civil and 596 597 criminal liability for so testifying.
- (h) Peer review conducted pursuant to this Code section shall be subject to the provisions
 of Article 6 of Chapter 7 of Title 31, relating to medical peer review groups. Any person
 providing information for purposes of peer review under this Code section and any person
 providing information to the board under this Code section shall not be criminally or civilly
 liable in any way for such actions unless:

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- 603 (1) Such information is unrelated to the carrying out of peer review under this Code
 604 section; or
 605 (2) Such information is false and the person disclosing such information knew that such
 606 information was false.
- 607 (i) This Code section is enacted in the public welfare and shall be liberally construed.

608 (i)(j) The board shall investigate a licensee's, certificate holder's, or permit holder's fitness 609 to practice medicine pursuant to this chapter if the board has received a notification, 610 pursuant to Code Section 33-3-27, regarding that licensee, certificate holder, or permit 611 holder of a medical malpractice judgment or settlement in excess of \$100,000.00 or a 612 notification pursuant to Code Section 33-3-27 that there have been two or more previous 613 judgments against or settlements with the licensee, certificate holder, or permit holder 614 relating to the practice of medicine pursuant to this chapter involving an action for medical 615 malpractice. Every licensee, certificate holder, or permit holder shall notify the board of 616 any settlement or judgment involving the licensee, certificate holder, or permit holder 617 involving an action for medical malpractice.

- 618 (j)(k) The board shall may conduct an assessment of a licensee's, certificate holder's, or 619 permit holder's fitness to practice medicine pursuant to this chapter if it has disciplined the 620 licensee, certificate holder, or permit holder three times in the last ten years as a result of 621 an action for medical malpractice. The assessment shall include an examination of the 622 licensee's, certificate holder's, or permit holder's entire history with respect to the practice 623 of medicine pursuant to this chapter and a one-day on-site visit to the licensee's, certificate 624 holder's, or permit holder's current practice location. The assessment shall be completed 625 within six months of the third disciplinary action. As a result of its findings the board may 626 take any action it deems necessary to reduce medical errors and promote patient safety, 627 including revocation, suspension, or limiting the licensee's, certificate holder's, or permit 628 holder's license, certificate, or permit or requiring additional clinical training, additional continuing medical education, proctoring, or referral to appropriate rehabilitation facilities. 629 As used in this subsection, the term 'action for medical malpractice' shall have the same 630 631 meaning as provided in Code Section 9-3-70. The board shall implement this subsection upon the effective date of a specific appropriation of funds for purposes of this subsection 632 as expressed in a line item making specific reference to the full funding of this subsection 633 634 in an appropriations Act enacted by the General Assembly.
- (1) If any licensee, certificate holder, permit holder, or applicant after 30 days' notice fails
 to appear at any hearing of the board for that licensee, certificate holder, permit holder, or
 applicant, the board may proceed to hear the evidence against such licensee, certificate
 holder, permit holder, or applicant and take action as if such licensee, certificate holder,
 permit holder, or applicant had been present. A notice of hearing, initial or recommended

- 640 decision, or final decision of the board in a disciplinary proceeding shall be served personally upon the licensee, certificate holder, permit holder, or applicant or served by 641 642 certified mail, return receipt requested, to the last known address of record with the board. 643 If such material is served by certified mail and is returned marked 'unclaimed' or 'refused' or is otherwise undeliverable and if the licensee, certificate holder, permit holder, or 644 645 applicant cannot, after diligent effort, be located, the executive director shall be deemed to 646 be the agent for service for such licensee, certificate holder, permit holder, or applicant for 647 purposes of this Code section, and service upon the executive director shall be deemed to 648 be service upon the licensee, certificate holder, permit holder, or applicant.
- (m) The voluntary surrender of a license, certificate, or permit or the failure to renew a
 license, certificate, or permit by the end of the established penalty period shall have the
 same effect as a revocation of said license, certificate, or permit, subject to reinstatement
 in the discretion of the board. The board may restore and reissue a license, certificate, or
 permit to practice under this chapter and, as a condition thereof, may impose any
 disciplinary sanction provided by this Code section.
- (n) Subsections (a) and (b) of this Code section shall be supplemental to and shall not
 operate to prohibit the board from acting pursuant to those provisions of law which may
 now or hereafter authorize other disciplinary grounds and actions for the board. In cases
 where those other provisions are law so authorize other disciplinary grounds and actions
 but subsections (a) and (b) of this Code section limit such grounds for action, those other
 provisions shall apply.
- (o) The board shall publish all final public disciplinary actions taken against a licensee,
 certificate holder, or permit holder pursuant to this chapter on its official website.
- 663 <u>43-34-38</u> <u>43-34-9</u>.
- 664 Proceedings before the board wherein a licensee's, certificate holder's, or permit holder's 665 right to practice medicine pursuant to this chapter in this state is terminated, suspended, or 666 limited or wherein a public reprimand is administered shall require prior notice to the 667 licensee and an opportunity for hearing; and such proceedings shall be considered contested cases within the meaning of Chapter 13 of Title 50, the 'Georgia Administrative 668 669 Procedure Act.' Neither refusal of a license, certificate, or permit nor a private reprimand 670 nor a letter of concern shall be considered a contested case within the meaning of Chapter 671 13 of Title 50, and notice and hearing within the meaning of such chapter shall not be 672 required; but the applicant physician shall be allowed to appear before the board if he so 673 requests provided, however, that the applicant shall be allowed to appear before the board, 674 if the applicant so requests, prior to the board making a final decision regarding the 675 issuance of the license, certificate, or permit. The power to subpoena as set forth in

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Chapter 13 of Title 50 shall include the power to subpoen any book, writing, paper, or
document. If any licensee, certificate holder, or permit holder fails to appear at any hearing
after reasonable notice, the board may proceed to hear the evidence against such licensee,
certificate holder, or permit holder and take action as if such licensee, certificate holder,
or permit holder had been present.

<u>681</u> <u>43-34-10.</u>

Any licensee, certificate holder, or permit holder who is convicted under the laws of this state, the United States, or any other state, territory, or country of a felony as defined in paragraph (5) of Code Section 16-1-3 shall be required to notify the board of the conviction within ten days of the conviction. The failure to notify the board of a conviction shall be considered grounds for revocation of his or her license, certificate, permit, or other authorization to conduct a profession regulated under this chapter.

688 <u>43-34-3</u> <u>43-34-11</u>.

(a)(1) The board shall be authorized to require persons seeking renewal of a license, or 689 690 certificate, or permit under this chapter to complete board approved continuing education 691 of not less than 40 hours biennially. The board shall be authorized to approve courses offered by institutions of higher learning, specialty societies, or professional 692 693 organizations, including, but not limited to, the American Medical Association, the 694 National Medical Association, and the American Osteopathic Association, the number 695 of hours required, and the category in which these hours should be earned. This paragraph 696 shall not apply to respiratory care professionals or persons seeking renewal of 697 certification as respiratory care professionals.

698 (2) The board shall be authorized to require persons seeking renewal of certification as 699 respiratory care professionals under Article 6 of this chapter to complete board approved 700 continuing education. The board shall be authorized to establish the number of hours of 701 continuing education required biennially for renewal of certification as a respiratory care 702 professional and the categories in which these hours should be earned. The board shall 703 be authorized to approve courses offered by institutions of higher learning, specialty 704 societies, or professional organizations. Any action taken by the board pursuant to this 705 paragraph shall be taken in conformity with the provisions of Code Section 43-34-143. 706 (b)(1) The board shall be authorized to waive the continuing education requirement in 707 cases of hardship, disability, illness, or in cases where physicians or physicians' physician 708 assistants are serving in fellowships, new specialty residencies, postgraduate specialty 709 programs, the United States Congress or Georgia General Assembly, or under such other 710 circumstances as the board deems appropriate.

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- (2) The board shall require no more than 20 hours of continuing education annually for
 retired physicians who have an active license and who provide uncompensated health
 care services pursuant to Code Section 43-34-45.1 43-34-41 or Article 8 of Chapter 8 of
 Title 31; provided, however, that the board shall be authorized to require up to 40 hours
 of continuing education for retired physicians who have not had an active license to
 practice medicine for up to five years.
- (c) The board shall be authorized to promulgate rules and regulations to implement andensure compliance with the requirements of this Code section.
- 719 (d) This Code section shall apply to each licensing, certification, permit, and renewal cycle
- which begins after the 1990-1991 renewal.
- 721 <u>43-34-12.</u>
- (a) For purposes of this chapter, the term 'radiologist assistant' means an advanced level 722 certified diagnostic radiologic technologist who assists radiologists under levels of 723 supervision defined by the Georgia Composite Medical Board in performing advanced 724 725 diagnostic imaging procedures as determined by board rule, including, but not limited to, enteral and parenteral procedures when performed under the direction of the supervising 726 727 radiologist and may include injecting diagnostic agents to sites other than intravenous, 728 performing diagnostic aspirations and localizations, and assisting radiologists with other 729 invasive procedures.
- (b) This Code section is for definitional purposes only and shall not be construed to require
 any duties or obligations regarding radiology assistants that did not already exist as of June
 30, 2009.
- 733

ARTICLE 2

- 734 <u>43-34-20.</u>
- 735 This article shall be known as the 'Medical Practice Act of the State of Georgia.'
- 736 <u>43-34-21.</u>

As used in this article, the term:

- (1) 'Board' or 'Board of Medical Examiners' means the Composite State Board of
 Medical Examiners Georgia Composite Medical Board.
- (2) 'Internship' or any other similar term includes a clinical training program which is
 defined and approved by the board as a substitute for an internship.
- 742 (2.1) 'Physician' means a person licensed to practice medicine under this article.

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- 743 (2.1) 'Postgraduate training' means a program for the training of interns, residents, or
 744 postresidency fellows that is approved by the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical
 745 Education (ACGME), American Osteopathic Association (AOA), or the board.
 - 746 (3) 'To practice medicine,' 'the practice of medicine,' or 'practicing medicine' means to hold oneself out to the public as being engaged in the diagnosis or treatment of disease, 747 748 defects, or injuries of human beings; or the suggestion, recommendation, or prescribing of any form of treatment for the intended palliation, relief, or cure of any physical, 749 mental, or functional ailment or defect of any person with the intention of receiving 750 751 therefor, either directly or indirectly, any fee, gift, or compensation whatsoever; or the maintenance of an office for the reception, examination, and treatment of persons 752 753 suffering from disease, defect, or injury of body or mind; or attaching the title 'M.D.,' 'Oph.,' 'D.,' 'Dop.,' 'Surgeon,' 'Doctor,' 'D.O.,' 'Doctor of Osteopathy,' 'Allopathic 754 755 Physician,' 'Osteopathic Physician,' or 'Physician,' either alone or in connection with other 756 words, or any other words or abbreviations to one's name, indicating that such person is 757 engaged in the treatment or diagnosis of disease, defects, or injuries to human beings, provided that the terms 'doctors of medicine,' 'doctors of osteopathic medicine,' 'doctors 758 759 of medicine licensed to practice in the state,' and similar terms wherever used or 760 appearing in this article or elsewhere shall mean and include only those persons who are 761 licensed to practice medicine under this article.

762 43-34-25.

The board shall have authority to administer oaths, to summon witnesses, and to take
testimony in all matters relating to its duties.

765 <u>43-34-26</u> <u>43-34-22</u>.

(a) If any person shall hold himself or herself out to the public as being engaged in the 766 diagnosis or treatment of disease or injuries of human beings, or shall suggest, recommend, 767 or prescribe any form of treatment for the palliation, relief, or cure of any physical or 768 769 mental ailment of any person, with the intention of receiving therefor, either directly or indirectly, any fee, gift, or compensation whatsoever, or shall maintain an office for the 770 771 reception, examination, or treatment of diseased or injured human beings, or shall attach the title 'M.D.,' 'Oph.,' 'D.,' 'Dop.,' 'Surgeon,' 'Doctor,' 'D.O.,' 'Doctor of Osteopathy,' 772 773 'Osteopathic Physician,' or 'Physician,' either alone or in connection with other words, or 774 any other word or abbreviation to his <u>or her</u> name indicative that he <u>or she</u> is engaged in the treatment of diseased, defective, or injured human beings, and shall not in any of these 775 776 cases then possess a valid license to practice medicine under the laws of this state, he or she

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777 shall be deemed to be practicing medicine without complying with this chapter article and shall be deemed in violation of this chapter article. 778 779 (b) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to prohibit: 780 (1) Gratuitous services in cases of emergency; (2) The practice of the religious tenets or general beliefs of any church whatsoever; 781 782 (3) The requiring of a fee for examination by opticians, at their established places of business, who do not prescribe or use drugs or medicines or attach to their names titles 783 784 indicative that any such persons are engaged in the practice of medicine, as defined in this 785 chapter article; 786 (4) The performance of their duties for the federal government by federal physicians, 787 both military and civilian; 788 (5) The consultation on special cases <u>approved by the board</u> in this state of regularly licensed physicians from other states or territories; 789 790 (6) The licensed practice of dentistry, optometry, psychology, podiatry, or chiropractic; 791 (7) The licensed practice of midwifery or nursing; 792 (8) The utilization of a physician's physician assistant to perform tasks approved by the 793 board, and the performance of such tasks by the physician's physician assistant; the 794 delegation by a physician to a qualified person other than a physician's physician assistant 795 of any acts, duties, or functions which are otherwise permitted by law or established by 796 custom; and the performance of such acts, duties, or functions by such a person other than 797 a physician's physician assistant; or 798 (9) The performance of: 799 (A) Any medical task by a student enrolled in a medical college school, osteopathic college medical school, or physician's physician assistant training program approved 800 801 by the board; or 802 (B) Any dental task by a student enrolled in a dental college approved by the Georgia Board of Dentistry; or 803 (C) Any nursing task by a student enrolled in a nursing program approved by the 804 805 Georgia Board of Nursing where either type any such task is performed under the supervision of an authorized 806 instructor lawfully licensed in this state to perform such tasks. 807 808 (c) Nothing in this chapter article shall be construed as preventing any person holding a 809 valid license as a Doctor of Osteopathy on March 16, 1970, from engaging in the practice 810 of osteopathy as the same was practiced by such person at such time, subject to biennial 811 renewal of his or her license. Such limited renewal licenses shall not authorize the practice 812 of obstetrics or surgery other than the minor suturing of cuts.

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- 813 43-34-26.1 43-34-23.
- 814 (a) As used in this Code section, the term:
- 815 (1) 'Administer' means to give a unit dose of any drug or to perform any medical
 816 treatment or diagnostic study.

817 (2) 'Controlled substance' means any controlled substance, as defined in Code Section

- 818 16-13-21, except any Schedule I controlled substance listed in Code Section 16-13-25.
- (3) 'Dangerous drug' means any dangerous drug, as defined in Code Section 16-13-71,
 but does not include any controlled substance or Schedule I controlled substance.
- (3.1) 'Dispense' means to issue one or more doses of any drug in a suitable container with
 appropriate labeling for subsequent administration to, or use by, a patient.
- (4) 'Dispensing procedure' means a written document signed by a licensed pharmacist
 and a licensed physician which document establishes the appropriate manner under which
 drugs may be dispensed pursuant to this Code section.
- 826 (5) 'Drug' means any dangerous drug or controlled substance.
- (5.1) 'Job description' means a document signed by a licensed physician and describing
 the duties which may be performed by a physician's assistant, by which document the
 physician delegates to that physician's assistant the authority to perform certain medical
 acts pursuant to subsection (b) of this Code section and which acts shall include, without
 being limited to, the administering and ordering of any drug shall have the same meaning
 as in Code Section 43-34-102.
- (6) 'Nurse' means a person who is a registered professional nurse licensed as such under
 Article 1 of Chapter 26 of this title.
- (7) 'Nurse protocol' means a written document mutually agreed upon and signed by a
 nurse and a licensed physician, by which document the physician delegates to that nurse
 the authority to perform certain medical acts pursuant to subsection (b) of this Code
 section, and which acts shall include, without being limited to, the administering and
 ordering of any drug.
- (8) 'Order' means to select a drug, medical treatment, or diagnostic study through
 physician delegation in accordance with a nurse protocol or a physician's physician
 assistant's job description. Ordering under such delegation shall not be construed to be
 prescribing, which act can only be performed by the physician, nor shall ordering of a
 drug be construed to authorize the issuance of a written prescription.
- 845 (9) 'Physician's 'Physician assistant' means a person licensed as a physician's physician
 846 assistant pursuant to Article 4 of this chapter, the 'Physician's Physician Assistant Act.'
 847 (b)(1) A physician may delegate to:
- 848 (A) A physician's physician assistant in accordance with a job description; or

- 849 (B) A nurse recognized by the Georgia Board of Nursing as a certified nurse midwife, certified registered nurse anesthetist, certified nurse practitioner, or clinical nurse 850 851 specialist, psychiatric/mental health in accordance with a nurse protocol 852 the authority to order controlled substances selected from a formulary of such drugs 853 established by the Composite State Board of Medical Examiners board and the authority 854 to order dangerous drugs, medical treatments, and diagnostic studies. 855 (2) A physician may delegate to a nurse or physician's physician assistant the authority to order dangerous drugs, medical treatments, or diagnostic studies and a nurse or 856 857 physician's physician assistant is authorized to dispense dangerous drugs, in accordance
- 858 with a dispensing procedure and under the authority of an order issued in conformity with 859 a nurse protocol or job description, if that nurse or physician's <u>physician</u> assistant orders 860 or dispenses those dangerous drugs, medical treatments, or diagnostic studies:
- (A) As an agent or employee of:
 - (i) The Division of Public Health of the Department of Human Resources;
 - (ii) Any county board of health; or
- 864 (iii) Any organization:

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- 865 (I) Which is exempt from federal taxes pursuant to Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal
 866 Revenue Code, as defined in Code Section 48-1-2, other than an organization which
 867 is a hospital, preferred provider organization, health maintenance organization, or
 868 similar organization; or
- 869 (II) Established under the authority of or receiving funds pursuant to 42 U.S.C.
 870 Section 254b or 254c of the United States Public Health Service Act,
- which organization provides that those medical services and dangerous drugs which
 are ordered or dispensed by its physician's physician assistants and nurses will be
 provided at no cost to the patient or at a cost based solely upon the patient's ability to
 pay; and
- (B) In conformity with subsection (b) of Code Section 26-4-130 and the rules and
 regulations established pursuant thereto by the State Board of Pharmacy.
- (3) In addition, a physician may delegate to a nurse or physician's physician assistant the
 authority to order dangerous drugs, medical treatments, or diagnostic studies and a nurse
 or physician's physician assistant is authorized to dispense dangerous drugs, in
 accordance with a dispensing procedure and under the authority of an order issued in
 conformity with a nurse protocol or job description, if that nurse or physician's physician
 assistant orders or dispenses such drugs, treatments, or studies to a patient of an
 outpatient clinic:
- (A) Which is owned or operated by a licensed hospital;

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- (B) Which provides such drugs, treatments, or studies free or at a charge to the patient
 based solely upon the patient's ability to pay; provided, however, such charge shall not
 exceed the actual cost to the outpatient clinic; and
- 888 (C) Whose services are primarily provided to the medically disadvantaged

and that nurse or physician's physician orders or dispenses such drugs in conformity with
subsection (b) of Code Section 26-4-130 and the rules and regulations established
pursuant thereto by the State Board of Pharmacy.

- (4) Delegation of authority to a physician's physician assistant pursuant to this subsection
 shall be authorized only if that delegation is contained in the job description approved for
 that physician's physician assistant by the Composite State Board of Medical Examiners
 <u>board</u>.
- 896 (5) Delegation of authority to a nurse pursuant to this subsection shall be authorized only
 897 if that delegation is contained in a nurse protocol for that nurse.
 - (c) The Composite State Board of Medical Examiners board shall be empowered to
 promulgate rules and regulations governing physicians and physician's physician assistants
 to carry out the intents and purposes of this Code section, including establishing criteria
 and standards governing physicians, physician's physician assistants, job descriptions, and
 nurse protocols. The board shall be authorized to require that protocols not falling within
 such established criteria and standards be submitted to the board for review and approval
 or rejection.
 - 905 (d) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, a physician's physician
 906 assistant or nurse may perform any act authorized to be performed by that person pursuant
 907 to and in conformity with this Code section without such act constituting the practice of
 908 medicine.
 - 909 (e) Nothing in this Code section shall be construed to limit or repeal this article and
 910 Articles 4 and 6 of this chapter, relating to physicians, osteopaths osteopathic physicians,
 911 physician's physician assistants, and respiratory therapists, or Article 1 of Chapter 26 of this
 912 title, relating to registered nurses.
 - (f) Nothing in this Code section shall be construed to limit or repeal any existing authority
 of a licensed physician to delegate to a qualified person any acts, duties, or functions which
 are otherwise permitted by law or established by custom.
 - (g) Nothing in this Code section shall be construed to authorize or permit the issuance of
 a Drug Enforcement Administration license to a nurse who is not an advanced practice
 registered nurse.
 - (h) Nothing in this Code section shall be construed to limit or repeal the authority of any
 organization described in division (i) or (ii) of subparagraph (b)(2)(A) of this Code section
 or any organization established under the authority of or receiving funds pursuant to 42

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U.S.C. Section 254b or 254c of the United States Public Health Service Act to supervise
its agents or employees or interfere with the employer and employee relationship of any
such agents or employees.

- (i) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, a physician's physician
 assistant or nurse may perform any act deemed necessary to provide treatment to a hospital
 or nursing home patient in a life-threatening situation when such act is authorized by
 standing procedures established by the medical staff of the hospital or nursing home.
- 929 <u>43-34-26.2</u> <u>43-34-24</u>.
- (a) As used in this Code section, the term 'pharmacist' means a person who meets therequirements specified in Code Section 26-4-50.
- (b) A physician may delegate to a pharmacist the authority to modify drug therapy as part 932 of drug therapy management. The physician making such delegation shall adequately 933 934 supervise the application of his or her order delegating the authority to modify drug therapy. Delegation of such authority shall only be made pursuant to the physician's 935 diagnosis, written order, and drug therapy protocol. Unless a drug therapy modification is 936 937 a substitution of a generic drug which is pharmaceutically and therapeutically equivalent 938 to the patient's initial prescription drug order pursuant to Code Section 26-4-81, that 939 protocol shall meet the applicable requirements for issuance of prescriptions provided in 940 Code Section 16-13-41 or 16-13-74, whichever is applicable. A drug therapy protocol 941 issued pursuant to this subsection may authorize a pharmacist to dispense a specific drug 942 contained in the protocol as an alternative drug which is not pharmaceutically and 943 therapeutically equivalent to the patient's initial prescription drug order and shall be 944 deemed to be the physician's separate and distinct prescription drug order. All protocols 945 authorized by this subsection shall:
- 946 (1) Identify the pharmacist who is authorized to modify drug therapy and the physician947 who is delegating the authority to modify drug therapy;
- 948 (2) Indicate the physician's diagnosis of condition or disease state of the patient whose949 drug therapy may be modified;
- (3) Identify each patient for whom the physician has delegated the authority to modifydrug therapy;
- 952 (4) Describe specific responsibilities and parameters for modification of drug therapy953 and patient monitoring authorized under the protocol;
- (5) Include a statement regarding the types and categories of medication as well as the
 maximum and minimum dosage levels within the types and categories of medication for
 which the pharmacist may modify drug therapy including:

- 957 (A) Additional procedures or plans which the pharmacist shall follow when the pharmacist modifies drug therapy; and 958 959 (B) The method of documentation and mechanism of communication of appropriate 960 medical care information or pharmacy care information, or both; description and required frequency of reports which shall include: 961 (i) Any problems or complications encountered; 962 (ii) A listing of recommendations by pharmacist; and 963 (iii) A complete list of each instance in which drug therapy was modified and how 964 965 such therapy was modified since the last report; and 966 (6) Stipulate that each such patient must be notified that the pharmacist is authorized to 967 modify drug therapy pursuant to protocol between the pharmacist and the physician. 968 (c) A physician delegating the authority to modify drug therapy must be available through communications for consultation, assistance, and direction. A physician may only delegate 969 970 the authority to modify drug therapy for a patient under the direct medical care and supervision of that physician. 971 972 (d) An order delegating the authority to modify drug therapy under this Code section shall 973 not be valid for more than two years from the date such order was issued. 974 (e) Nothing in this Code section shall be construed to expand or change any existing
 - authority for a pharmacist to substitute drugs under Code Section 26-4-81.(f) Nothing in this Code section shall be construed to prohibit hospital pharmacists from
 - participating in drug therapy management by protocol or other legal authority established
 or approved by a member of the hospital medical staff for the care and treatment of hospital
 patients.
 - 980 43-34-26.3 <u>43-34-25</u>.
 - 981 (a) As used in this Code section, the term:
 - 982 (1) 'Advanced practice registered nurse' shall have the same meaning as provided in983 paragraph (1.1) of Code Section 43-26-3.
 - (2) 'Birthing center' means a facility or building where human births occur on a regular
 or ongoing basis and which is classified by the Department of Community Health as a
 birthing center.
 - (3) 'Controlled substance' means any controlled substance as defined in Code Section
 16-13-21 but shall not include any Schedule I controlled substance included in Code
 Section 16-13-25 or any Schedule II controlled substance included in Code Section
 16-13-26.
 - 991 (4) 'Dangerous drug' means any dangerous drug as defined in Code Section 16-13-71.

- 992 (5) 'Delegating physician' means a physician who has entered into a nurse protocol993 agreement pursuant to this Code section.
- 994 (6) 'Diagnostic study' means a laboratory test, X-ray, ultrasound, or procedure used to
 995 identify a characteristic or distinguishing feature of a particular disease or condition.
- 996 (7) 'Drug' means any dangerous drug or controlled substance.
- 997 (8) 'Free health clinic' shall have the same meaning as provided in Code Section998 51-1-29.4.
- (9) 'Life threatening' means an emergency situation in which a patient's life or physicalwell-being will be harmed if certain testing is not performed immediately.
- (10) 'Nurse protocol agreement' means a written document mutually agreed upon and
 signed by an advanced practice registered nurse and a physician, by which document the
 physician delegates to that advanced practice registered nurse the authority to perform
 certain medical acts pursuant to this Code section, and which acts may include, without
 being limited to, the ordering of drugs, medical devices, medical treatments, diagnostic
 studies, or in life-threatening situations radiographic imaging tests. Such agreements
 shall conform to the provisions set forth in subsection (c) of this Code section.
- (11) 'Order' means to prescribe pursuant to a nurse protocol agreement which drug,
 medical device, medical treatment, diagnostic study, or in life-threatening situations
 radiographic imaging test is appropriate for a patient and to communicate the same in
 writing, orally, via facsimile, or electronically.
- 1012 (12) 'Physician' means a person licensed to practice medicine under this chapter article
 1013 and:

1014 (A) Whose principal place of practice is within this state; or

- 1015 (B) Whose principal place of practice is outside this state but is within 50 miles from
 - 1016 the location where the nurse protocol agreement is being utilized within this state.
 - 1017 (13) 'Prescription drug order' means a written or oral order of an advanced practice
 1018 registered nurse for a drug or medical device for a specific patient. Such term includes
 1019 an electronic visual image prescription drug order and an electronic data prescription drug
 1020 order.
 - 1021(14) 'Professional sample' means a complimentary dose of a drug, medication,1022medication voucher, or medical device provided by the manufacturer for use in patient1023care.
 - 1024 (15) 'Radiographic imaging test' means a computed tomography, magnetic resonance
 1025 imaging, positron emission tomography, or nuclear medicine.
 - (b) In addition to and without limiting the authority granted pursuant to Code Section
 43-34-26.1 43-34-23, a physician may delegate to an advanced practice registered nurse
 in accordance with a nurse protocol agreement the authority to order drugs, medical

- devices, medical treatments, diagnostic studies, or, in life-threatening situations,
 radiographic imaging tests.
- 1031 (c) A nurse protocol agreement between a physician and an advanced practice registered
 1032 nurse pursuant to this Code section shall:

1033 (1) Be between an advanced practice registered nurse who is in a comparable specialty
1034 area or field as that of the delegating physician;

1035 (2) Contain a provision for immediate consultation between the advanced practice
1036 registered nurse and the delegating physician; if the delegating physician is not available,
1037 the delegating physician for purposes of consultation may designate another physician
1038 who concurs with the terms of the nurse protocol agreement;

- (3) Identify the parameters under which delegated acts may be performed by the 1039 advanced practice registered nurse, including without limitation the number of refills 1040 which may be ordered, the kinds of diagnostic studies which may be ordered, the extent 1041 to which radiographic image tests may be ordered, and the circumstances under which 1042 a prescription drug order may be executed. In the event the delegating physician 1043 authorizes the advanced practice registered nurse to order an X-ray, ultrasound, or 1044 radiographic imaging test, the nurse protocol agreement shall contain provisions whereby 1045 1046 such X-ray, ultrasound, or radiographic imaging test shall be read and interpreted by a 1047 physician who is trained in the reading and interpretation of such tests; a report of such X-ray, ultrasound, or radiographic imaging test may be reviewed by the advanced 1048 1049 practice registered nurse; and a copy of such report shall be forwarded to the delegating 1050 physician, except that such provision for an ultrasound shall not be required for an 1051 advanced practice registered nurse acting within his or her scope of practice as authorized by Code Sections 43-26-3 and 43-26-5; 1052
- 1053 (4) Require documentation either in writing or by electronic means or other medium by
 1054 the advanced practice registered nurse of those acts performed by the advanced practice
 1055 registered nurse which are specific to the medical acts authorized by the delegating
 1056 physician;
- 1057 (5) Include a schedule for periodic review by the delegating physician of patient records.
 1058 Such patient records review may be achieved with a sampling of such records as
 1059 determined by the delegating physician;
- 1060 (6) Provide for patient evaluation or follow-up examination by the delegating physician 1061 or other physician designated by the delegating physician pursuant to paragraph (2) of 1062 this subsection, with the frequency of such evaluation or follow-up examination based 1063 on the nature, extent, and scope of the delegated act or acts as determined by the 1064 delegating physician in accordance with paragraph (3) of this subsection and accepted 1065 standards of medical practice as determined by the board;

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(7) Be reviewed, revised, or updated annually by the delegating physician and the advanced practice registered nurse;

- 1068 (8) Be available for review upon written request to the advanced practice registered nurse
 1069 by the Georgia Board of Nursing or to the physician by the board; and
- 1070 (9) Provide that a patient who receives a prescription drug order for any controlled
 1071 substance pursuant to a nurse protocol agreement shall be evaluated or examined by the
 1072 delegating physician or other physician designated by the delegating physician pursuant
 1073 to paragraph (2) of this subsection on at least a quarterly basis or at a more frequent
 1074 interval as determined by the board.
- 1075 (d) A written prescription drug order issued pursuant to this Code section shall be signed 1076 by the advanced practice registered nurse and shall be on a form which shall include, without limitation, the names of the advanced practice registered nurse and delegating 1077 physician who are parties to the nurse protocol agreement, the patient's name and address, 1078 1079 the drug or device ordered, directions with regard to the taking and dosage of the drug or use of the device, and the number of refills. A prescription drug order which is transmitted 1080 1081 either electronically or via facsimile shall conform to the requirements set out in paragraphs 1082 (1) and (2) of subsection (c) of Code Section 26-4-80, respectively.
- 1083 (e) An advanced practice registered nurse may be authorized under a nurse protocol 1084 agreement to request, receive, and sign for professional samples and may distribute 1085 professional samples to patients. The office or facility at which the advanced practice 1086 registered nurse is working shall maintain a list of the professional samples approved by 1087 the delegating physician for request, receipt, and distribution by the advanced practice 1088 registered nurse as well as a complete list of the specific number and dosage of each professional sample and medication voucher received and dispensed. In addition to the 1089 1090 requirements of this Code section, all professional samples shall be maintained as required 1091 by applicable state and federal laws and regulations.
- (f) A managed care system, health plan, hospital, insurance company, or other similar
 entity shall not require a physician or advanced practice registered nurse to be a party to
 a nurse protocol agreement as a condition for participation in or reimbursement from such
 entity.
- (g) A delegating physician may not enter into a nurse protocol agreement pursuant to this
 Code section with more than four advanced practice registered nurses at any one time,
 except this limitation shall not apply to an advanced practice registered nurse that is
 practicing:
- 1100 (1) In a hospital licensed under Title 31;
- 1101 (2) In any college or university as defined in Code Section 20-8-1;
- 1102 (3) In the Department of Human Resources;

- 1103 (4) In any county board of health;
- 1104 (5) In any free health clinic;
- 1105 (6) In a birthing center;
- 1106 (7) In any entity:
- (A) Which is exempt from federal taxes pursuant to Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal
 Revenue Code, as defined in Code Section 48-1-2, and primarily serves uninsured or
 indigent Medicaid and medicare patients; or
- 1110 (B) Which has been established under the authority of or is receiving funds pursuant
- 1111 to 42 U.S.C. Section 254b or 254c of the United States Public Health Service Act;
- 1112 (8) In any local board of education which has a school nurse program; or
- (9) In a health maintenance organization that has an exclusive contract with a medical
 group practice and arranges for the provision of substantially all physician services to
 enrollees in health benefits of the health maintenance organization.
- (h) Nothing in this Code section shall be construed to create a presumption of liability,
 either civil or criminal, on the part of a pharmacist duly licensed under Chapter 4 of Title
 26 who, in good faith, fills a prescription drug order of an advanced practice registered
 nurse issued pursuant to a nurse protocol agreement.
- (i) Nothing in this Code section shall be construed to apply to the practice of a certifiedregistered nurse anesthetist.
- (j) Nothing in this Code section shall be construed to require an advanced practice
 registered nurse to be a party to a nurse protocol agreement in order to practice as a
 registered professional nurse or an advanced practice registered nurse as otherwise
 permitted by Article 1 of Chapter 26 of this title.
- (k) Nothing in this Code section shall be construed to authorize an advanced practice
 registered nurse to issue a prescription drug order for a Schedule I or II controlled
 substance or authorize refills of any drug for more than 12 months from the date of the
 original order except in the case of oral contraceptives, hormone replacement therapy, or
 prenatal vitamins which may be refilled for a period of 24 months.
- (1) Nothing in this Code section shall be construed to allow an advanced practice registered
 nurse to perform an abortion or to administer, prescribe, or issue a drug order that is
 intended to cause an abortion to occur pharmacologically.
- (m) The board shall have the authority to promulgate rules and regulations governing a
 delegating physician in order to carry out the intents and purposes of this Code section.
 Further, the board shall be authorized to:
- (1) Require that a nurse protocol agreement shall be filed by the delegating physicianwith the board within a reasonable time from the date of execution;

- (2) Determine, after review of a filed nurse protocol agreement, if such nurse protocol
 agreement fails to meet accepted standards of medical practice as established by the
 board; and
- (3) Require the delegating physician to amend any such noncompliant nurse protocolagreement in order to meet such accepted standards.
- (n) Except for practice settings identified in paragraph (7) of subsection (g) of this Code
 section, it shall be unlawful for a physician to be an employee of an advanced practice
 registered nurse, alone or in combination with others, if the physician is required to
 supervise the employing advanced practice registered nurse. Such conduct shall be subject
 to sanctions by the Georgia Board of Nursing as to the advanced practice registered nurse
 and the board as to the physician.
- 1150 (o) An advanced practice registered nurse shall be allowed to make a pronouncement of
- 1151 <u>death pursuant to authority delegated by the supervising physician of the advanced practice</u>
- 1152 registered nurse and to certify such pronouncement in the same manner as a physician.
- 1153 43-34-27. <u>43-34-26.</u>
- 1154 (a)(1)(A) Any person who wishes to obtain the right to practice medicine in this state 1155 and who was not, prior to March 16, 1970, registered or licensed to practice medicine, 1156 either by the State Board of Medical Examiners or the State Board of Examiners in 1157 Osteopathy, shall, before it shall be lawful for him or her to practice medicine in this 1158 state, make application to the board through the executive director, upon such forms 1159 and in such manner as shall be adopted and prescribed by the board, and shall obtain from the board a license to practice medicine. Any person who practices medicine 1160 without first having obtained a license shall be deemed to have violated this chapter 1161 1162 article. All applicants for a license to practice medicine or for a renewal of any such 1163 license which has been revoked shall furnish the board with evidence of good moral character. Applications from candidates to practice medicine or surgery in any of its 1164 branches shall be accompanied by proof that the applicant is a graduate of one of the 1165 1166 two colleges of medicine now existing in this state, or from some other legally incorporated medical college school or osteopathic college medical school. 1167
- 1168(B) The board by rule or regulation may establish standards and procedures for1169evaluating, inspecting, and approving any medical school or osteopathic college not1170already approved by it on or before March 16, 1970 medical school. The evaluation1171procedure may include consideration of reports from any outside agency having1172expertise in medical school or osteopathic college medical school evaluation; provided,1173however, that the board shall make the final decision on approval of medical schools1174and osteopathic colleges medical schools. Nothing contained in this Code section shall

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1175prevent the approval of medical schools outside of the United States or the licensing of1176graduates of medical schools outside of the United States if such schools and their1177graduates comply with the standards established in this Code section and by rule of the1178board.

- 1179 (2) Each medical school or osteopathic medical school in good standing with the board
 1180 shall have a minimum preliminary educational requirement of the completion of a
 1181 two-year premedical college course.
- (3) Graduates of board approved medical schools or osteopathic colleges medical schools 1182 1183 and persons who are graduated on or before July 1, 1985, from medical schools or 1184 osteopathic colleges medical schools which are not approved by the board must complete one year of a board approved internship or postgraduate residency training program to 1185 1186 be eligible to stand any regular examination given by the board for a license to practice 1187 medicine in this state. Persons who are graduated after July 1, 1985, from medical schools or osteopathic colleges medical schools which are not approved by the board 1188 1189 must complete three years of internship, residency, fellowship, or other postgraduate medical training that is approved by the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical 1190 Education (ACGME), the American Osteopathic Association (AOA), or the board to be 1191 1192 eligible for a license to practice medicine in this state. Current certification of any 1193 applicant by a member board of the American Board of Medical Specialties may be 1194 considered by the board as evidence that such applicant's postgraduate medical training 1195 has satisfied the requirements of this paragraph. However, before any such person shall 1196 be eligible to receive a license to practice medicine in this state, he or she shall furnish 1197 the board with satisfactory evidence of attainments and qualifications under this Code section and the rules and regulations of the board. Nothing contained in this Code section 1198 1199 shall be construed so as to require a person who has previously passed an examination 1200 given by the board for a license to practice medicine in this state to stand another 1201 examination.
- (3)(4) If the applicant submits proof that he <u>or she</u> has had <u>postgraduate</u> training as an 1202 1203 intern or resident as required in paragraph (2)(3) of this subsection and if he or she 1204 furnishes satisfactory evidence of attainments and qualifications under this chapter article and the rules and regulations of the board, he or she shall be eligible to receive a license 1205 1206 from the board giving him or her absolute authority to practice medicine in this state, 1207 provided that the board shall, before approving any internship program not already 1208 approved by it on or before March 16, 1970, evaluate or inspect such internship program 1209 and determine that such internship program meets the standards of programs approved 1210 by the board on or before March 16, 1970.

- 1211(4)(5)If the date of graduation from an institution mentioned in subparagraph (B) of1212paragraph (1) of this subsection is on or before January 1, 1967, no proof of internship1213postgraduate training in an approved hospital need be submitted to obtain a license from1214the board.
- (b)(1) Students who have completed the academic curriculum in residence in a foreignmedical school and who:
- 1217 (A) Have studied medicine at a medical school located outside of the United States,
 1218 Puerto Rico, and Canada which is recognized by the World Health Organization
 1219 approved by the board; and
- (B) Have completed all of the formal requirements of the foreign medical school except
 internship or social service any postgraduate training equivalent
- 1222may substitute for the internship or social service postgraduate training equivalent required1223by a foreign country an academic year of supervised clinical training (clinical clerkship)1224prior to entrance into the first year of American Medical Association approved graduate1225education. The supervised clinical training must be under the direction of a medical school1226approved by the liaison committee on medical education.
- 1227 (2) Before beginning the supervised clinical training, the students must have their
 1228 academic records reviewed and approved by the medical schools supervising their
 1229 clinical training and shall pass the Educational Council for Foreign Medical Graduates
 1230 (ECFMG) qualifying examination.
- (3) Students who are judged by the sponsoring medical schools to have successfully
 completed the supervised clinical training shall be eligible to enter the first year of
 American Medical Association approved graduate training program without completing
 social service or internship obligations required by the foreign country and without
 obtaining Educational Council for Foreign Medical Graduates (ECFMG) certification.
- 1236 (c) Notwithstanding any other contrary provisions of this Code section, a person who has:
- 1237 (1) Completed the academic curriculum in residence in a nonapproved medical school,
 1238 as specified in subsection (b) of this Code section;
- 1239 (2) Completed one year of supervised clinical training in a teaching hospital in Georgia
 1240 that is approved by the board;
- 1241 (3) Satisfactorily completed one year of a board approved internship or residency
 1242 training program in Georgia that is approved by the board;
- 1243 (4) Received a favorable letter of recommendation from the program director of such
 1244 board approved internship or residency program; and
- 1245 (5) Satisfactorily completed components 1 and 2 of the Federation Licensing
 1246 Examination (FLEX)

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1247 shall be eligible to apply for a provisional license to practice medicine during the 1248 completion of such person's board approved internship or residency training program. Such 1249 provisional license, if approved by the board, shall allow the holder to practice medicine 1250 in a Health Professional Shortage Area designated as such by the United States Department 1251 of Health and Human Services, based on recommendations by the Department of 1252 Community Health. Such a provisional license shall not be approved pursuant to this 1253 subsection for more than two years and if the licensee leaves, quits, or is expelled from the 1254 approved residency program, the provisional license shall be deemed to be revoked. Such 1255 provisional license shall be issued only upon approval by the board and nothing contained 1256 in this subsection shall be construed to require the issuance of such license.

1257 (c) For any applicant who has not passed a board approved licensing examination or a 1258 board approved specialty board examination or recertification examination within seven 1259 years of the date of application, the board shall determine, by an evaluation program established by rule, such person's fitness to resume active status and may require the person 1260 1261 to complete a period of evaluated clinical experience and successful completion of an 1262 examination. The board may also require a licensee or applicant who is subject to 1263 discipline pursuant to Code Section 43-34-9 to take and pass a clinical competency 1264 assessment or similar examination approved by the board as a condition of licensure. Nothing contained in this Code section shall be construed so as to require a person who has 1265 previously passed an examination approved by the board for a license to practice medicine 1266 1267 in this state to stand another examination as a condition of renewal of a current unrestricted 1268 license.

1269 (d) The board may approve any examination or examinations that it deems must be passed 1270 in order to meet the requirements for licensure. Such examinations shall be in English. 1271 The board shall establish the passing score which all applicants for licensure shall meet or 1272 exceed. If an applicant fails for the third or any subsequent time any examination which 1273 is required to be passed in order to become a licensed practitioner in this state, the applicant 1274 shall not be eligible to retake any such examination until such applicant furnishes proof of 1275 having completed postgraduate one year of approved Accreditation Council for Graduate 1276 Medical Education (ACGME) training.

1277 43-34-28. <u>43-34-27.</u>

Any qualified applicant who is an alien, except for graduates of accredited Canadian medical schools as approved by the board, must have resided in the United States for one year. All qualified applicants who are aliens and who shall comply with all other requirements of this chapter article shall be eligible to stand the examination provided for in this chapter article and, upon his or her successful completion thereof, shall be granted

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1283a license to practice medicine upon compliance with all other requirements prescribed as1284a prerequisite to the issuance of a license. Graduates of accredited Canadian medical1285schools, as approved by the board, are exempt from the residency requirement of one year1286in the United States and may be granted a license by endorsement of the Licentiate Medical1287Counsel of Canada (LMCC) examination without further examination if the board1288determines that the applicant substantially meets the qualifications required for licensure1289in this state.

1290 43-34-29. <u>43-34-28.</u>

- 1291 The board may grant a license without examination to licensees of boards of other states 1292 requiring equal or higher qualifications., upon the same basis as such states reciprocate 1293 with this state, all upon the following terms and conditions:
- 1294 (1) If the date of the license from the board of such other state is on or before January 1, 1295 1967, no proof of interning in an approved hospital need be submitted to obtain a license from the board giving the applicant absolute authority to practice medicine in this state; 1296 1297 (2) The applicant shall prove to the satisfaction of the board that the applicant has 1298 graduated from a medical or osteopathic college approved by the board on the date of 1299 application, for the purposes of this chapter, provided that the applicant shall not be 1300 granted a license by reciprocity if the date of such applicant's graduation from such 1301 medical or osteopathic college shall have occurred prior to July 1, 1963, unless such 1302 medical or osteopathic college was approved for the purposes of this chapter by the 1303 Composite State Board of Medical Examiners or the State Board of Osteopathic 1304 Examiners as of the date of such graduation;
- 1305 (3) If the date of the license from the board of such other state is after April 18, 1967, the 1306 applicant shall submit proof that he has had the same training as is required for applicants 1307 for examination in paragraph (2) of subsection (a) of Code Section 43-34-27, in which 1308 event the board shall grant the applicant a license from the board giving the applicant absolute authority to practice medicine in this state, provided that if the date of 1309 1310 completion of such internship program occurred prior to July 1, 1963, the board shall not 1311 grant such license by reciprocity, except as allowed pursuant to the final proviso of this paragraph, unless the internship program was approved by the board as of the date of 1312 1313 completion of such internship program by the applicant; and provided, further, that the 1314 board may, in its discretion, waive the requirements of this paragraph after determining 1315 that an applicant licensed to practice medicine in another state which does not require an 1316 internship or residency has been actively engaged in the practice of medicine in such other state for at least two years. 1317

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1318 43-34-29.1 43-34-29.
1319 Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, the board may issue, in its discretion,
1320 without examination, a teacher's license to licensed physicians of other states and foreign
1321 countries for the sole purpose of teaching or demonstrating medicine in a board approved
1322 medical college or its affiliated clinic in this state. If issued after January 1, 1999, a
1323 teacher's license shall be valid for up to two years and may only be renewed, at the board's
1324 discretion, for one additional year.

1325 43-34-30.

1326The board may grant a license without examination to an alien licensee of a board of1327another state which requires equal or higher qualifications for licenses, upon the same basis1328as such state reciprocates with this state, if such an applicant for a license has resided1329within the United States for at least one year.

1330 43-34-31. <u>43-34-30.</u>

Licensed physicians of other states and foreign countries may be permitted to enter this 1331 state for consultation with any licensed physician of this state. A physician from another 1332 1333 state or from a foreign country shall not be permitted to establish offices in this state for 1334 the practice of his or her profession, either temporary or permanent, or practice under another physician's license, unless he or she obtains a license from the board. A license 1335 1336 may be issued to a physician of another state or a foreign country by comity or reciprocity 1337 if the standards for medical licensure of such a state or foreign country equal those of this 1338 state, and after such state or foreign country agrees to license physicians of this state on a 1339 like basis, provided such agreements are not in conflict with this article.

1340 <u>43-34-31.1</u> <u>43-34-31</u>.

1341 (a) A person who is physically located in another state or foreign country and who, through the use of any means, including electronic, radiographic, or other means of 1342 1343 telecommunication, through which medical information or data is are transmitted, performs 1344 an act that is part of a patient care service located in this state, including but not limited to the initiation of imaging procedures or the preparation of pathological material for 1345 1346 examination, and that would affect the diagnosis or treatment of the patient is engaged in the practice of medicine in this state. Any person who performs such acts through such 1347 means shall be required to have a license to practice medicine in this state and shall be 1348 1349 subject to regulation by the board. Any such out-of-state or foreign practitioner shall not have ultimate authority over the care or primary diagnosis of a patient who is located in this 1350 1351 state.

- 09 HB509/SCSFA/1 1352 (b) This Code section shall not apply to: 1353 (1) The acts of a doctor of medicine or doctor of osteopathy osteopathic medicine located 1354 in another state or foreign country who: 1355 (A) Provides consultation services at the request of a physician licensed in this state; 1356 and 1357 (B) Provides such services on an occasional rather than on a regular or routine basis; 1358 (2) The acts of a physician or osteopath osteopathic physician licensed in another state 1359 or foreign country who: 1360 (A) Provides consultation services in the case of an emergency; 1361 (B) Provides consultation services without compensation, remuneration, or other 1362 expectation thereof; or 1363 (C) Provides consultation services to a medical school which is located within this state 1364 and approved by the board; or (3) The acts of a physician or osteopath osteopathic physician located in another state or 1365 1366 foreign country when invited as a guest of any medical school or osteopathic medical 1367 school approved by the board or a state medical society or component thereof, for the sole purpose of engaging in professional education through lectures, clinics, or 1368 1369 demonstrations, provided that such physician or osteopath osteopathic physician is 1370 licensed to practice medicine or osteopathy osteopathic medicine in the state or foreign 1371 country in which he or she is located. 1372 (c) This Code section shall not be construed to alter the scope of practice of any health 1373 care provider or authorize the delivery of health care services in a setting or in a manner 1374 not otherwise authorized by the laws of this state. (d) All persons subject to the provisions of this Code section shall be required to comply 1375 1376 with all applicable requirements of the laws of this state relating to the maintenance of 1377 patient records and the confidentiality of patient information, regardless of where such physician or health care provider may be located and regardless of where or how the 1378 1379 records of any patient located in this state are maintained. 1380 43-34-32.
 - The executive director, with the approval of the president <u>chairperson</u> of the board, may 1381 1382 in his or her discretion issue a temporary license to an applicant, which license shall have 1383 the same force and effect as a permanent license until the next regular meeting of the board 1384 when the temporary license shall become void. A temporary license shall not be recorded.

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1385 43-34-33. 1386 (a) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, any person who has resided in the 1387 United States for one year, who is a graduate of a school accredited and approved as 1388 provided in Code Section 43-34-27, and who is employed by this state in any state operated 1389 institution, or who is employed by any state medical college approved by the board may 1390 upon the request of the superintendent of such state institution or the dean of such medical 1391 college employing the physician be granted an institutional license authorizing such 1392 physician to practice medicine, under proper medical supervision in accordance with this 1393 Code section, in the state institution or medical college employing the licensee under 1394 exceptional circumstances the board may consider applications from institutions on behalf 1395 of physicians who are graduates of international medical schools who the institution wishes 1396 to employ but who do not have independent licenses to practice medicine in the State of Georgia. The board shall review the credentials of physicians to ensure that they have 1397 1398 adequate training and experience and have confirmation of supervisory oversight of any 1399 such physician, prior to awarding any such institutional license. The institutional license 1400 shall be jointly awarded to the institution and the physician, indicating that the license to 1401 practice medicine is limited to that institution and under proper medical supervision in 1402 accordance with this Code section. The institutional license may be renewable biennially, 1403 so long as the licensee remains in the employ of the state institution or medical college 1404 requesting the license, provided that such institutional license shall not be prima-facie 1405 evidence that the holder thereof meets the minimum basic requirements for examination 1406 by the board or for the issuance of a permanent license to practice medicine.

(b) Any residency requirement may be waived at the discretion of the board if a job
 description is submitted to the board indicating that the applicant's duties in one of the
 medical colleges in this state are strictly of a teaching nature as opposed to direct patient
 care.

1411(c)(b)A person issued an institutional license pursuant to this Code section shall not1412engage in the private practice of medicine and shall not receive fees or any other1413remuneration from his or her patients. Persons practicing medicine pursuant to an1414institutional license issued in accordance with this Code section shall receive as their sole1415remuneration for the practice of medicine the salary and other remuneration paid by the1416institution. The license of any person who violates this Code section shall be subject to1417revocation by the board after notice and opportunity for hearing.

1418(d)(c)Any physician applying for an institutional license who meets all other requirements1419of the board must also furnish documentation of one year of American Medical Association1420or American Osteopathic Association approved postgraduate training (internship or1421residency), or other training acceptable to the board. Any postgraduate training requirement

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1422 may be waived for those physicians whose duties are strictly of a teaching nature in one of 1423 the medical colleges in this state. 1424 (e)(d) Institutional license holders shall not be permitted to apply for a Drug Enforcement Agency registration number to write prescriptions to be filled outside the institution. 1425 1426 (f) On and after July 1, 1983, no institutional license may be granted to any person who 1427 previously had not been granted such a license. Any person first granted an institutional 1428 license before July 1, 1980, who holds an institutional license on July 1, 1983, may continue to renew that license biennially under the conditions otherwise specified in this 1429 1430 Code section. Any person first granted an institutional license on or after July 1, 1980, who

- holds an institutional license on July 1, 1983, may continue to renew that license biennially
 under the conditions otherwise specified in this Code section, but these licenses shall expire
- 1433 July 1, 1985, and may not thereafter be renewed.

1434 43-34-34.

1435 (a) The board, in its discretion, may issue a provisional license to an applicant who demonstrates to the board that he possesses all the qualifications and meets all requirements 1436 1437 necessary to become a licensed practitioner in this state except for having passed any 1438 required examination. In such a case, the board may waive the examination requirement 1439 and grant a provisional license which shall be valid only so long as the applicant shall 1440 practice in the geographic locality specified upon such license. A practitioner so licensed 1441 shall annually renew his license and in doing so shall furnish such proof as the board may 1442 require to indicate that he has practiced in the geographic location specified upon such 1443 license, provided that any such provisional license shall expire 12 months after its issue and 1444 may be renewed for only one additional 12 month period following such expiration; 1445 provided, further, that a provisional license issued to a person serving on April 16, 1979, 1446 as a district health director or as a director of a county board of health shall be renewable 1447 annually without such one-time-only renewal limitation, as long as such person continues to meet the other requirements specified in this Code section and continues to serve in such 1448 1449 position. The board shall not issue any such provisional license unless it determines, in its 1450 discretion, that there is an unfulfilled need for such medical services in the locality 1451 specified.

1452(b) Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this Code section, a provisional license issued to a1453A person who held a valid provisional license on or before April 16, 1979, shall be1454renewable able to renew such license annually without any one-time-only renewal1455limitation, as long as such person continues to meet the other requirements specified in this1456Code section article and does not otherwise violate this article.

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(c) If a license applicant fails, for the third or any subsequent time, any examination which
 is required to be passed in order to become a licensed practitioner in this state, the applicant
 shall not be eligible to retake any such examination until such applicant furnishes proof of
 having completed one year of appropriate education and training as approved by the board.
 (d) The board shall have the power to promulgate such rules and regulations as may be
 necessary to implement the intent of this Code section.

1463 43-34-35.

- (a) The board shall issue licenses to practice medicine to all persons who shall furnish
 satisfactory evidence of attainments and qualifications under this chapter article and the
 rules and regulations of the board. Such license shall give absolute authority to the person
 to whom it is issued to practice medicine in this state <u>unless restricted as otherwise</u>
 authorized by law.
- (b) It shall be the duty of the executive director, under the direction of the board, to aid in
 the enforcement of this chapter and in the prosecution of all persons charged with
 violations of its provisions.
- (c) Every person holding a license issued by the board under this article shall display it in
 a conspicuous place in the licensee's principal place of practice.

1474 43-34-36.

1475 Before any person who obtains a license from the board may lawfully practice medicine, 1476 he shall cause the license to be recorded in the office of the clerk of the superior court of 1477 the county in which he resides. The license shall be recorded by the clerk in a book kept for that purpose and shall be indexed in the name of the person to whom the license is 1478 1479 granted. The clerk's fee for recording the license shall be the same as for recording a deed. 1480 The clerk shall make a report to the executive director, on December 31 of each year, of all licenses registered with him. Each applicant receiving a license from the board shall 1481 1482 cause the same to be registered within 30 days.

1483 43-34-39.

1484In all cases wherein a license has been revoked and no appeal has been entered within the1485time allowed by law, it shall be the duty of the executive director, immediately after the1486expiration of the time allowed for appeal, to transmit to the clerk of the superior court in1487whose office the revoked license is recorded a copy of the order of the board revoking the1488license, certified by the executive director, with the appropriate fee; and it shall be the duty1489of the clerk to cancel the record of the license by entering upon the face thereof a copy of1490the certified order. In a case in which appeal proceedings are had and not sustained, the

- revoked license shall be canceled in the manner above provided, immediately after the final
 termination of such case.
- 1493 <u>43-34-40</u> <u>43-34-36</u>.

1494 The board is authorized to pass upon the good standing and reputation of any medical 1495 school or osteopathic college medical school. Only such medical schools or osteopathic colleges medical schools will be considered in good standing as that possess a full and 1496 1497 complete faculty for the teaching of medicine, surgery, and obstetrics in all their branches; 1498 that afford their students adequate clinical and hospital facilities; that have adequate 1499 curricula as determined by the board in its discretion; that fulfill all their published promises, requirements, and other claims respecting advantages to their students and the 1500 1501 course of instruction; that exact a preliminary educational requirement equal to that specified by this chapter article; that require students to furnish testimonials of good moral 1502 1503 standing; and that give advanced standing only on cards from accredited medical schools 1504 or osteopathic colleges medical schools. In determining the reputation of the medical 1505 school or osteopathic college medical school, the right to investigate and make a personal 1506 inspection of the same is authorized.

1507 43-34-41.

Each medical or osteopathic school or college in good standing with the board shall have
 a minimum preliminary educational requirement of the completion of a two-year
 premedical college course.

1511 43-34-42. <u>43-34-37.</u>

1512(a) Physicians and surgeons licensed to practice medicine in accordance with and under1513this article shall be the only persons authorized to administer or perform artificial1514insemination upon any female human being. Any other person or persons who shall attempt1515to administer or perform or who shall actually administer or perform artificial insemination1516upon any female human being shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall1517be punished by imprisonment in the penitentiary for not less than one year nor more than1518five years.

(b) Any physician or surgeon who obtains written authorization signed by both the
husband and the wife authorizing him to perform or administer artificial insemination shall
be relieved of civil liability to the husband and wife or to any child conceived by artificial
insemination for the result or results of said artificial insemination, provided that the
written authorization provided for in this Code section shall not relieve any physician or

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1524 surgeon from any civil liability arising from his own negligent administration or1525 performance of artificial insemination.

1526 <u>43-34-42.1</u> <u>43-34-38</u>.

(a) This Code section shall be known and may be cited as the 'Access to MedicalTreatment Act.'

(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, and except as provided in subsection (c) of this Code section, an individual shall have the right to be treated for any illness or disease which is potentially life threatening or chronically disabling by a person licensed to practice medicine under this article with any experimental or nonconventional medical treatment that such individual desires or the legal representative of such individual authorizes if such person licensed to practice medicine under this article has personally examined such individual and agrees to treat such individual.

- (c) A person licensed to practice medicine under this article may provide any medical
 treatment to an individual described in subsection (b) of this Code section if:
- (1) There is no reasonable basis to conclude that the medical treatment itself, when
 administered as directed, poses an unreasonable and significant risk of danger to such
 individual; and
- 1541 (2) The person licensed to practice medicine under this article has provided the patient 1542 with a written statement and an oral explanation, which the patient has acknowledged by 1543 the patient's signature or the signature of the patient's legal representative, that discloses 1544 the facts regarding the nature of the treatment, specifically including that the treatment 1545 offered is experimental or nonconventional, that the drug or medical device has not been approved by the Food and Drug Administration for any indication, as well as the material 1546 risks generally recognized by reasonably prudent physicians of such treatment's side 1547 1548 effects.
- 1549(d) The treatment of patients in compliance with this Code section by a person licensed to1550practice medicine under this article shall not by itself constitute unprofessional practice or1551conduct.
- 1552 <u>43-34-43</u> <u>43-34-39</u>.

In addition to any other remedy or criminal prosecution, whenever it shall appear to the board that any person, firm, company, partnership, association, or corporation or the agent, officer, or director of such firm, company, partnership, association, or corporation is or has been violating any of the provisions of this chapter <u>article</u> or any of the laws of the state relating to the practice of medicine, the board may, on its own motion or on the verified complaint in writing of any person, file a complaint in its own name in the superior court

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1559 having venue and jurisdiction over the parties, alleging the facts and praying for a temporary restraining order and an injunction and permanent injunction against such 1560 1561 person, firm, company, partnership, association, or corporation, including any agent, officer, or director of same, restraining him or her from violating such law. Upon proof 1562 thereof, the court shall issue such restraining order, injunction, and permanent injunction 1563 1564 without requiring allegation or proof that the petitioner therefor has no adequate remedy 1565 at law. No restraining order or injunction, whether temporary, permanent, or otherwise, 1566 shall be granted without a hearing after at least ten days' notice. It is declared that such 1567 violation of this chapter article is a menace and a nuisance dangerous to the public health, 1568 safety, and welfare.

1569 <u>43-34-44</u> <u>43-34-40</u>.

Any person who shall buy, sell, or fraudulently obtain any diploma, license, record, or 1570 registration to practice osteopathy osteopathic medicine, illegally obtained or signed, or 1571 issued unlawfully or under fraudulent representation; or who shall use any of the forms or 1572 1573 letters, 'Osteopathy,' 'Osteopath,' 'Osteopathist,' 'Diplomate in Osteopathy,' 'D.O.,' 'D.Sc.O.,' 1574 'Osteopathic Physician,' 'Doctor of Osteopathy,' or any other title or letters, either alone or 1575 with other qualifying words or phrases, under such circumstances as to induce the belief 1576 that the person who uses such term or terms is engaged in the practice of osteopathy 1577 osteopathic medicine, or anyone who shall hold himself or herself out as practicing any 1578 other nondrug-giving school of medical practice, without having complied with this article, 1579 shall be guilty of a misdemeanor felony.

- 1580 43-34-45.
- Any person who, by fraud or misrepresentation, shall practice, pretend to practice, or use
 the science of osteopathy or other nondrug-giving school of medical practice in treating
 diseases of the human body shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.
- 1584 <u>43-34-45.1</u> <u>43-34-41</u>.

(a) This Code section shall be known and may be cited as the 'Georgia Volunteers inMedicine Health Care Act.'

- (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the board shall issue a special license to
 qualifying physicians under the terms and conditions set forth in this Code section. The
 special license shall only be issued to a person who:
- (1) Is currently licensed to practice medicine in any medical-licensing jurisdiction in theUnited States and whose license is unrestricted and in good standing; or

- (2) Is retired from the practice of medicine and not currently engaged in such practice
 either full time or part time and has, prior to retirement, maintained full licensure in good
 standing in any medical-licensing jurisdiction in the United States.
- As used in this subsection, the term 'unrestricted' means that no restrictions have been placed on a physician's license by the board, no sanctions or disciplinary actions have been imposed by the board on a physician, and a physician is not under probation or suspension by the board.

(c) The special licensee shall be permitted to practice medicine only in the
noncompensated employ of public agencies or institutions or not for profit agencies, not
for profit institutions, nonprofit corporations, or not for profit associations which persons
that provide medical services only to indigent patients in medically underserved or critical
need population areas of the state, as determined by the board, or pursuant to Article 8 of
Chapter 8 of Title 31.

- (d) The person applying for the special license under this Code section shall submit to the
 board a copy of his or her medical degree, a copy of his or her license in his or her current
 or previous licensing and regulating jurisdiction, and a notarized statement from the
 employing agency, institution, corporation, association, or health care program, on a form
 prescribed by the board, whereby he or she agrees unequivocally not to receive
 compensation for any medical services he or she may render while in possession of the
 special license.
- (e) The examination by the board, any application fees, and all licensure and renewal fees
 must shall be waived for the holder of the special license under this Code section and do
 not apply to such person.
- (f) If at the time application is made for the special license the physician is not in
 compliance with the continuing medical education requirements established by the board,
 the physician shall be issued a nonrenewable temporary license to practice for six months
 provided the applicant is otherwise qualified for such license such person must document
 such compliance before a special license is issued.
- (g)(1) Except as provided for in paragraph (2) of this subsection, the liability of persons
 practicing medicine under and in compliance with a special license issued under this
 Code section and the liability of their employers for such practice shall be governed by
 Code Section 51-1-29.1.
- 1624 (2) The liability of persons practicing medicine pursuant to Article 8 of Chapter 8 of
 1625 Title 31 under and in compliance with a special license issued under this Code section
 1626 and the liability of their employers shall be governed by the provisions of such article.

(h) Nothing contained in this Code section shall be construed to authorize the holder of the special license provided for in this Code section to perform surgery or any surgical procedure.

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(i) This Code section, being in derogation of the common law, shall be strictly construed.

1631 43-34-46 <u>43-34-42</u>.

(a) Any person who practices medicine without complying with this article or who
otherwise violates any provision of this article shall be guilty of a felony and, upon
conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than \$500.00 nor more than
\$1,000.00 per each violation or by imprisonment from two to five years, or both.

(b) Any person presenting or attempting to file as his <u>or her</u> own the diploma or certificate
or credentials of another, or who shall give false or forged evidence of any kind to the
board or any member thereof in connection with an application for a license to practice
medicine, or who shall practice medicine under a false or assumed name, or who shall
falsely impersonate any other practitioner of a like or different name shall be guilty of a
felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than \$500.00
nor more than \$1,000.00 \$5,000.00 or by imprisonment from two to five years, or both.

1643 <u>43-34-47</u> <u>43-34-43</u>.

1644 (a) As used in this Code section, the term:

1645 (1) 'Program director' means a physician licensed in this state who is responsible for
1646 screening, selecting, and supervising physicians enrolled in one or more of an institution's
1647 postgraduate training programs.

- (2) 'Temporary postgraduate training permit' means a permit issued by the board to a
 graduate of a board approved medical <u>school</u> or osteopathic <u>medical</u> school who is
 enrolled in a postgraduate training program deemed acceptable by the board and who
 does not currently hold a full and unrestricted license in this state.
- 1652(3) 'Training institution' means an institution that sponsors and conducts a postgraduate1653training program approved by the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education1654(ACGME), the American Osteopathic Association (AOA), or other program approved1655by the board for the training of interns, residents, or postresidency fellows including1656Canadian schools.
- (b)(1) An individual seeking to pursue postgraduate medical training in this state who
 does not hold a license to practice medicine issued under this chapter article shall apply
 to the board for a temporary postgraduate training permit. The application shall be made
 on forms that the board shall furnish and shall be accompanied by the application and
 permit fees set by the board. Such application shall include the following:

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(A) Evidence satisfactory to the board that the applicant has been accepted or appointed to participate at a training institution in this state in one of the following:

- 1664(i) An internship or residency program accredited by either the Accreditation Council1665for Graduate Medical Education or the American Osteopathic Association; or
- (ii) A clinical fellowship program at an institution with a residency program
 accredited either by the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education or the
 American Osteopathic Association that is in a clinical field the same as or related to
 the clinical field of the fellowship program;
- (B) Information satisfactory to the board that identifies the beginning and ending dates
 of the period for which the applicant has been accepted or appointed to participate in
 the internship, residency, or clinical fellowship program; and
- 1673 (C) Any other information that the board requires.
- 1674Nothing in this Code section shall prohibit an individual from obtaining a full and1675unrestricted license to practice medicine under this article.
- (2) If the applicant meets the requirements of paragraph (1) of this subsection, the board 1676 shall issue a temporary postgraduate training permit to the applicant. A temporary 1677 postgraduate training permit issued pursuant to this subsection shall be valid only for a 1678 1679 period of one year but may, in the discretion of the board and upon application duly made 1680 and payment of the renewal fee required by the board, be renewed annually for the 1681 duration of the postgraduate training program for a period not to exceed seven years. The 1682 board shall maintain a registry of all individuals who hold temporary postgraduate 1683 training permits.
- 1684 (3) The holder of a valid temporary postgraduate training permit shall be entitled to perform such acts as may be prescribed by or incidental to the holder's postgraduate 1685 1686 residency training program, but the holder shall not be entitled otherwise to engage in the 1687 practice of medicine in this state. The holder shall train only under the supervision of the physicians responsible for supervision as part of the postgraduate training program. The 1688 temporary postgraduate training permit shall authorize the person receiving the permit 1689 1690 to practice in facilities affiliated with the postgraduate training program only if such practice is part of the training program. 1691
- (4) Prior to participating in a postgraduate medical training program in this state,
 individuals must either hold a license to practice medicine or a temporary postgraduate
 training permit issued by the board or have applied for a temporary postgraduate training
 permit. The board shall issue temporary postgraduate training permits to applicants
 meeting the board's qualifications within 30 days of receipt by the board of the
 application.

- (5) A temporary postgraduate training permit issued pursuant to this Code section shall
 expire upon the permit holder's withdrawal or termination from, or completion of, the
 postgraduate training program or upon obtaining a license to practice medicine under this
 article.
- (6) The board shall have the authority to discipline the holder of a temporary
 postgraduate training permit in the same manner and based upon any ground or violation
 enumerated in Code Sections 43-1-19 and 43-34-37 Section 43-34-8.
- (7) By obtaining a temporary postgraduate training permit, the permit holder consents
 to the release of information pursuant to subsection (d) of this Code section from program
 directors and supervising physicians and authorizes the president chairperson of the board
 to be an agent for service.
- (c)(1) The board shall have the authority to refuse to issue or renew or to suspend,
 revoke, or limit a temporary postgraduate training permit based upon any of the grounds
 or violations enumerated in Code Sections 43-1-19 and 43-34-37 Section 43-34-8.
- (2) The refusal, suspension, revocation, or limitation of a temporary postgraduate
 training permit shall not be deemed to be a contested case under Chapter 13 of Title 50,
 the 'Georgia Administrative Procedure Act,' and notice and a hearing within the meaning
 of such chapter shall not be required. The individual or permit holder shall be allowed to
 appear before the board if he or she so requests regarding such refusal, suspension,
 revocation, or limitation.
- (d)(1) It is the responsibility of the program director for the training program to notify
 the board upon the permit holder's withdrawal or termination from, or completion of, the
 postgraduate training program.
- (2) Program directors shall comply with all other reporting requirements which the boardby rule and regulation may require.
- (3) Failure to comply with the board's reporting requirements shall be grounds fordisciplinary action by the board.
- (e) The board may adopt such rules and regulations as necessary to effect the purpose ofthis Code section.
- <u>43-34-44.</u>
- 1728Nothing in this article shall be construed to prohibit the performance by medical assistants1729of medical tasks, including subcutaneous and intramuscular injections; obtaining vital1730signs; administering nebulizer treatments; or other tasks approved by the board pursuant1731to rule, if under the supervision by a physician in his or her office; provided, however, that1732this shall not require on-site supervision at all times, or the performance by medical1733assistants of medical tasks ordered by a physician assistant or advanced practice registered

- 1734 <u>nurse delegated the authority to issue such an order in accordance with law and pursuant</u>
 1735 <u>to rules of the board.</u>
- 1736 <u>43-34-45.</u> 1737 (a) As used in this Code section, the term: 1738 (1) 'Polysomnography' means the treatment, management, diagnostic testing, control, 1739 education, and care of patients with sleep and wake disorders. Polysomnography includes, but is not limited to, the process of analysis, monitoring, and recording of 1740 1741 physiologic data during sleep and wakefulness to assist in the treatment of disorders, 1742 syndromes, and dysfunctions that are sleep related, manifest during sleep, or disrupt normal sleep activities. Polysomnography also includes, but is not limited to, the 1743 1744 therapeutic and diagnostic use of low-flow oxygen, the use of positive airway pressure 1745 including continuous positive airway pressure (CPAP) and bi-level modalities, adaptive servo-ventilation, and maintenance of nasal and oral airways that do not extend into the 1746 1747 trachea. 1748 (2) 'Polysomnographic technologist' means any person performing polysomnography 1749 services under the supervision of a person licensed under this article. 1750 (3) 'Supervision' means that the supervising physician licensed under this article shall 1751 remain available, either in person or through telephonic or electronic means, at the time 1752 that polysomnography services are provided. 1753 (b) A physician may delegate tasks involving polysomnography to a polysomnographic 1754 technologist without regard to whether such technologist is certified or licensed as a 1755 respiratory care therapist under Article 6 of this chapter. 1756 (c) Nothing in this Code section shall be construed to: 1757 (1) Permit the practice of medicine as defined in this article by polysomnographic 1758 technologists; 1759 (2) Prohibit a health care provider licensed in this state from engaging in the practice for 1760 which he or she is licensed, including, but not limited to, respiratory care professionals 1761 certified under Article 6 of this chapter; or 1762 (3) Authorize a polysomnographic technologist to treat, manage, control, educate, or care 1763 for patients other than those with sleep or wake disorders or to provide diagnostic testing 1764 for patients other than those with suspected sleep or wake disorders.

- 1765 **ARTICLE 3** 1766 43-34-60. 1767 This article shall be known and may be cited as the 'Acupuncture Act of Georgia.' 43-34-61. 1768 1769 The General Assembly finds and declares that the practice of acupuncture in Georgia affects the public health, safety, and welfare and that it is necessarily a proper subject of 1770 1771 regulation and control. 1772 43-34-62. 1773 As used in this article, the term: 1774 (1) 'Acupuncture' means a form of therapy developed from traditional and modern Oriental concepts for health care that employs Oriental medical techniques, treatment, 1775 1776 and adjunctive therapies for the promotion, maintenance, and restoration of health and 1777 the prevention of disease. (2) 'Auricular (ear) detoxification therapy' means the insertion of disposable acupuncture 1778 1779 needles into the five auricular acupuncture points stipulated by the National Acupuncture 1780 Detoxification Association protocol for the sole purpose of treatment of chemical 1781 dependency. 1782 (3) 'Board' means the Georgia Composite State Medical Board of Medical Examiners 1783 created by Code Section 43-34-21. 1784 (4) 'Practice of acupuncture' means the insertion of disposable acupuncture needles and the application of moxibustion to specific areas of the human body based upon Oriental 1785 1786 medical principles as a therapeutic modality. Dry needling is a technique of the practice of acupuncture. Adjunctive therapies within the scope of acupuncture may include 1787 manual, mechanical, herbal, thermal, electrical, and electromagnetic treatment and the 1788 1789 recommendation of dietary guidelines and exercise, but only if such treatments, 1790 recommendations, and exercises are based on concepts of traditional Oriental medicine 1791 and are directly related to acupuncture therapy.
- 43-34-63.
- 1793 The board, in consultation with the advisory committee, shall have the power and 1794 responsibility to:
- 1795 (1) Determine the qualifications and fitness of applicants for licensure and renewal of1796 licensure;

- (2) Adopt and revise rules consistent with the laws of this state that are necessary toconduct its business, carry out its duties, and administer this article;
- (3) Examine for, approve, issue, deny, revoke, suspend, and renew the licenses of
 acupuncture applicants and licensed acupuncturists under this article and conduct
 hearings in connection with these actions;
- (4) Conduct hearings on complaints concerning violations of this article and the rulesadopted under this article and cause the prosecution and enjoinder of the violations;
- 1804 (5) Establish application, examination, and licensure fees;
- (6) Request and receive the assistance of state educational institutions or other state
 agencies and prepare information of consumer interest describing the regulatory functions
 of the board and the procedures by which consumer complaints are filed with and
 resolved by the board. The board shall make the information available to the public and
 appropriate state agencies; and
- 1810 (7) Establish continuing education requirements.
- 1811 43-34-64.
- 1812 (a) Each applicant for a license to practice acupuncture shall meet the following1813 requirements:
- 1814 (1) Be at least 21 years of age;
- 1815 (2) Submit a completed application required by the board;
- 1816 (3) Submit any fees required by the board;
- 1817 (4) Be certified in acupuncture by a national certification agency accredited by the1818 National Organization of Competency Assurance and approved by the board;
- 1819 (5) Have successfully completed a nationally recognized clean needle technique course1820 approved by the board; and
- 1821 (6) Have obtained professional liability insurance in the amount of at least
 1822 \$100,000.00/\$300,000.00-;
- 1823 (7) Have passed an acupuncture examination offered by an organization accredited by
- 1824 the National Organization of Competency Assurance and approved by the board; and
- 1825 (8) Have successfully completed a degree in acupuncture or a formal course of study and
- 1826training in acupuncture. The applicant shall submit documentation satisfactory to the1827board to show that such education or course of study and training was:
- 1828(A) Completed at a school that is accredited by the Accreditation Commission for1829Acupuncture and Oriental Medicine (ACAOM) or other accrediting entity approved by1830the board: or

- 09 HB509/SCSFA/1 (B) Completed by means of a program of acupuncture study and training that is 1831 substantially equivalent to the acupuncture education offered by an accredited school 1832 1833 of acupuncture approved by the board. (b) Reserved. 1834 (c) Before any person licensed to practice acupuncture under this article, who has less than 1835 1836 one year of postgraduate clinical experience, may practice on his or her own, such person must engage in one year of active practice under the supervision of a licensed acupuncturist 1837 with a minimum of four years active licensed clinical practice. Such supervising 1838 1839 acupuncturist may be licensed in Georgia or any other state or country with licensing requirements substantially equal to Georgia's licensing requirements and may accumulate 1840 the required four years of active licensed clinical practice in any combination of states so 1841 long as the licensing requirements of such other states or countries are substantially equal 1842 to Georgia's licensing requirements. 1843 1844 (d) Each applicant for a license to perform auricular (ear) detoxification therapy as an 1845 auricular (ear) detoxification technician shall meet the following requirements: (1) Be at least 21 years of age; 1846 1847 (2) Submit a completed application required by the board; 1848 (3) Submit any fees required by the board; 1849 (4) Have successfully completed a nationally recognized training program in auricular 1850 (ear) detoxification therapy for the treatment of chemical dependency as approved by the 1851 board; and 1852 (5) Have successfully completed a nationally recognized clean needle technique course 1853 approved by the board. (e) The practice of auricular (ear) detoxification therapy may take place in a city, county, 1854 1855 state, federal, or private chemical dependency program approved by the board under the 1856 direct supervision of a licensed acupuncturist or a person authorized to practice acupuncture by the board who is also authorized to practice medicine under Article 2 of 1857 1858 this chapter.
- 1859 43-34-65.

1860After evaluation of an application and other evidence submitted by an applicant, the board1861shall notify such applicant that the application and evidence submitted are satisfactory and1862accepted or unsatisfactory and rejected. If an application is rejected, the notice shall state1863the reasons for rejection.

43-34-66.

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- (a) Any document evidencing licensure issued by the board is the property of the boardand must be surrendered on demand.
- (b) Every person who holds a license issued by the board in accordance with this article
 and who is engaged in the active practice of acupuncture or the active practice of auricular
 (ear) detoxification therapy as an auricular (ear) detoxification technician shall display the
 document evidencing licensure in an appropriate and public manner.
- 1871 (c) Every person who holds a license issued by the board shall inform the board of any1872 change of address.
- 1873 43-34-67.

(a) A license issued under this article shall be renewed biennially if the person holding
such license is not in violation of this article at the time of application for renewal and if
the application fulfills current requirements of continuing education as established by the
board.

- (b) Each person licensed under this article is responsible for renewing his or her licensebefore the expiration date.
- (c) Under procedures and conditions established by the board, a license holder may request
 that his or her license be declared inactive. The licensee may apply for active status at any
 time and, upon meeting the conditions set by the board, shall be declared active.
- 1883 43-34-68.
- (a) Any person who undergoes acupuncture must consent to such procedure and shall beinformed in general terms of the following:
- 1886 (1) That the practice of acupuncture is based upon the Oriental arts and is completely1887 distinct and different from traditional western medicine;
- (2) That the acupuncturist cannot practice medicine, is not making a medical diagnosis
 of the person's disease or condition, and that such person should see a physician if he or
 she wants to obtain a medical diagnosis; and
- 1891 (3) The nature and the purpose of the acupuncture treatment.
- (b) The board shall develop a standard informed consent form to be used by persons
 licensed under this article. Such informed consent form shall include the information set
 forth in subsection (a) of this Code section as well as any other and additional information
 the board deems appropriate. The information set forth in the informed consent form shall
 be in language which is easy to read and readily understandable to the consuming public.

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1897 43-34-69.

1898The board, in consultation with the advisory committee, may impose any sanction1899authorized under subsection (d) (b) of Code Section 43-1-19 43-34-8 upon a finding of any1900conduct specified in subsection (a) of Code Section 43-1-19 43-34-8 or a finding that such1901conduct involved dividing or agreeing to divide a fee for acupuncture services with any1902person who refers a patient, notwithstanding that such board is not a professional licensing1903board.

1904 43-34-70.

The board shall appoint an acupuncture advisory committee. The advisory committee shall 1905 1906 be representative of a cross section of the cultural backgrounds of the include members of 1907 the acupuncture profession licensed to practice acupuncture under this article, persons 1908 licensed to practice medicine under Article 2 of this chapter who are acupuncturists, and 1909 such members as the board in its discretion may determine. Members shall receive no 1910 compensation for service on the committee. The committee shall have such advisory duties 1911 and responsibilities as the board may determine. The charter acupuncture advisory 1912 committee may include persons eligible for licensing under this article. Subsequent 1913 acupuncture Acupuncture advisory committee members must be licensed pursuant to this 1914 article.

1915 43-34-71.

(a) Unless licensed under this article or exempted under subsection (b) of this Codesection, no person shall:

1918

1919 (2) Represent himself or herself to be an acupuncturist or auricular (ear) detoxification
 1920 specialist technician who is licensed under this article.

(1) Practice acupuncture or auricular (ear) detoxification therapy; or

1921 (b) The prohibition in subsection (a) of this Code section does not apply to:

1922 (1) Any person licensed to practice medicine under Article 2 of this chapter;

1923 (2) The practice of acupuncture which is an integral part of the program of study by 1924 students enrolled in an acupuncture education program under the direct clinical supervision of a licensed acupuncturist with at least five years of clinical experience; or 1925 1926 The practice of acupuncture by any person licensed or certified to perform (3) 1927 acupuncture in any other jurisdiction that has requirements equivalent to or more stringent than this article where such person is doing so in the course of regular 1928 1929 instruction in an approved educational program of acupuncture or in an educational 1930 seminar of an approved professional organization of acupuncture, provided that in the 1931 latter case the practice is supervised directly by a person licensed to practice acupuncture

pursuant to this article or an acupuncturist who is licensed to practice medicine under
Article 2 of this chapter.
(c) Any person violating subsection (a) of this Code section shall, upon conviction thereof,
be guilty of a misdemeanor.

1936 43-34-72.

(a) The titles 'Licensed Acupuncturist' (L. Ac.) and 'Acupuncturist' may only be used by
persons licensed under this article.

- 1939 (b) The title 'Auricular Detoxification Specialist <u>Technician</u>' (A.D.S.) (A.D.T.) may only
- be used by persons licensed to practice auricular (ear) detoxification therapy under this
 article. Possession of a license to practice as an A.D.S. A.D.T. does not by itself entitle a
- 1942person to identify himself or herself as an acupuncturist. An auricular (ear) detoxification1943specialist technician is strictly limited to five ear points' treatment for detoxification for
- 1944 substance abuse, chemical dependency, or both.
- (c) No person licensed under this article may advertise or hold himself or herself out to the
 public as being authorized to practice medicine under Article 2 of this chapter.

1947

ARTICLE 4

- 1948 43-34-100.
- 1949 This article shall be known and may be cited as the 'Physician's Physician Assistant Act.'

1950 43-34-101.

(a) To alleviate the growing shortage and geographic maldistribution of health care
services in this state, the General Assembly intends, by this article, to establish a new
category of health care, namely, assistants to physicians, which category includes new
types of health care personnel, as well as those persons licensed in presently established
categories of health care recognize physician assistants and their role in addressing this
growing health care shortage.

(b) This article is intended to encourage the more effective utilization of the skills of
physicians by enabling them to delegate health care tasks to such assistants where such
delegation is consistent with the patient's health and welfare. Toward this end, the General
Assembly intends to remove legal constraints which presently constitute unnecessary
hindrances to the more effective delivery of health care services.

- 43-34-102. 1962 1963 As used in this article, the term: 1964 (1) 'Applicant' means an individual seeking licensure as a physician assistant pursuant 1965 to this article. (1)(2) 'Alternate supervising physician' means a physician to whom a board approved 1966 1967 primary supervising physician has delegated the responsibility of supervising a 1968 physician's physician assistant who is licensed to that primary supervising physician and who agrees to supervise the physician's physician assistant for the primary supervising 1969 1970 physician and who is on record with the board. (2)(3) 'Board' means the Georgia Composite State Medical Board of Medical Examiners 1971 1972 as created by Code Section 43-34-21. 1973 (3) 'Carry out a prescription drug or device order' means to complete, on a form established and approved by the board, a written prescription drug order or a prescription 1974 device order pursuant to the authority delegated by a supervising physician. 1975 (4) 'Evaluation agency' means a public or private hospital, school, laboratory, clinic, 1976 1977 federal or state institution or agency, or similar facility which has been approved by the 1978 board as possessing personnel and equipment and as having had practice in a health care 1979 field sufficient to be able to make an objective appraisal, in a manner prescribed by the 1980 board, of the proposed physician's assistant's qualifications to perform the tasks described 1981 in the job description. 1982 (5)(4) 'Job description' means a document, signed by the primary supervising physician 1983 and the physician's assistant whom the primary supervising physician is supervising, physician assistant, in which the primary supervising physician delegates to that 1984 physician assistant authority to perform certain medical acts and which describes the 1985
- 1986professional background and specialty of the primary supervising physician; and the1987qualifications; including related experience of the physician's physician assistant; and1988includes a general description of how the physician's physician assistant will be utilized1989in the practice. A job description shall not be required to contain every activity the1990physician deems the physician's physician assistant qualified to perform but shall confine1991the activities of the physician's physician assistant to those in the scope of practice of the1992primary supervising physician.
- 1993(5) 'Order' means to prescribe pursuant to a job description which drug, medical device,1994medical treatment, or diagnostic study is appropriate for a patient and to communicate the1995same in writing, orally, via facsimile, or electronically.
- (6) 'Physician' means a person lawfully licensed in this state to practice medicine andsurgery pursuant to Article 2 of this chapter.

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- 1998(7) 'Physician's Physician assistant' means a skilled person who is licensed to a1999supervising physician and who is qualified by academic and practical training to provide2000patients' services not necessarily within the physical presence but under the personal2001direction or supervision of the applying supervising physician.
- 2002(8) 'Prescription drug order' means a written or oral order of a physician assistant for a2003drug or medical device for a specific patient. Such term includes an electronic visual2004image prescription drug order and an electronic data prescription drug order.
- 2005 (8)(9) 'Primary supervising physician' means the physician to whom the board licenses
 2006 a physician's physician assistant pursuant to a board approved job description and who
 2007 has the primary responsibility for supervising the practice of that physician's a physician
 2008 assistant pursuant to that physician assistant's job description.

2009 43-34-103.

(a)(1) In order to obtain approval for the utilization of a person as a physician's assistant,
 whether the utilization is in a private practice or through a public or private health care
 institution or organization, the licensed physician who will be responsible for the
 performance of that assistant licensure as a physician assistant, an applicant shall submit
 an application to the board. Such application shall include:

- 2015 (1)(A) Evidence submitted by the proposed physician's assistant applicant of his or her
 2016 good moral character; and
- 2017(2)(B)Evidence of his or her competency in a health care area related to the job2018description which, as a minimum, shall include:
- 2019(A)(i) Evidence of satisfactory completion of a training program approved by the2020board. If the applicant is not a graduate of an accredited school approved by the2021board, he or she shall be required to receive board approved refresher training and2022testing;
- 2023(B) A finding by the board approved evaluation agency that the proposed physician's2024assistant is qualified to perform the tasks described in the job description;
- 2025(C) Any nursing task by a student enrolled in a nursing program approved by the2026Georgia Board of Nursing where any such task is performed under the supervision of2027an authorized instructor lawfully licensed in this state to perform such tasks; and
- 2028(D)(ii)Evidence that the person who is to be used as a physician's assistant has2029achieved a satisfactory score on an appropriate examination outlined, approved, or2030administered by the board applicant has passed the Physician Assistant National2031Certification Examination (PANCE) administered by the National Commission for2032the Certification of Physician Assistants (NCCPA), or its successor, or the National2033Association for the Certification of Anesthesia Assistants, (NACAA) or its successor.

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2034 The board may issue a temporary permit to any applicant for licensure who has satisfied the provisions of subparagraphs (A) and (B) division (i) of this paragraph subparagraph 2035 2036 and who is an applicant for the next available board approved or administered 2037 examination or who has completed this examination and is awaiting the results of such 2038 examination. The temporary permit shall expire upon notification of the applicant's 2039 failure to achieve a satisfactory score on the board approved or administered examination. 2040 A physician assistant licensed pursuant to this paragraph shall not be authorized to perform any medical acts of any sort except as approved for utilization by a physician in 2041 2042 a job description pursuant to paragraph (2) of this subsection. The board may grant an inactive licensure status to a physician's physician assistant who is licensed pursuant to 2043 2044 this article but who is not practicing with the supervision of a board approved primary 2045 supervising physician;.

2046 (2) In order to obtain approval for the utilization of a physician assistant, whether the
 2047 utilization is in a private practice or through a public or private health care institution or
 2048 organization, the licensed physician who will be responsible for the performance of such
 2049 physician assistant shall submit an application to the board which shall include:

- 2050(i) Evidence that the physician assistant is licensed pursuant to paragraph (1) of this2051subsection;
- 2052(3)(ii) A job description meeting the requirements of paragraph (5) (4) of Code2053Section 43-34-102; and
- 2054(4)(iii)A fee, established by the board; provided, however, that no fee will be2055required if the physician's physician assistant is an employee of the state or <u>a</u> county2056government.
- (b)(1) No primary supervising physician shall have more than four physician's physician
 assistants licensed to him or her at a time; provided, however, that no physician may
 supervise more than two physician's physician assistants at any one time except as
 provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection.
- (2)(A) A physician may supervise as many as four physician's physician assistants at
 any one time while practicing in a group practice in which other physician members of
 such group practice are primary supervising physicians.
- 2064 (B) A physician may supervise as many as four physician's physician assistants at any
 2065 one time while acting as an alternate supervising physician:
 - (i) In an institutional setting such as a hospital or clinic;
- 2067

2066

- (ii) On call for a primary supervising physician or a group practice; or
- 2068 (iii) If otherwise approved by the board to act as an alternate supervising physician.

2069 (3) A primary supervising physician shall designate in writing to the board such other
 2070 physicians who may serve as an alternate supervising physician for each physician's

- 2071 <u>physician</u> assistant licensed to such primary supervising physician. The board shall have
 2072 authority to approve or deny such designations in whole or in part; provided, however,
 2073 a physician may be listed as an alternate supervising physician for any number of
 2074 <u>physician</u> assistants so long as he or she only supervises as many physician's
 2075 <u>physician</u> assistants at any one time as allowed by paragraph (2) of this subsection.
- 2076 (c)(1) At all times while providing patient services, a physician assistant shall have a
 2077 signed job description submitted by his or her primary supervising physician and
 2078 approved by the board.
- 2079 (2) Nothing in this article shall prevent a primary supervising physician from submitting
 2080 to the board a new or amended physician assistant job description when a physician's
 2081 assistant, by reason of further education or experience and successfully passing additional
 2082 tests as shall be outlined and administered by the board, becomes capable of performing
 2083 a wider range of medical tasks.
- 2084 (d) A physician's assistant shall be allowed to perform his duties only in the principal offices of the applying physicians, which shall be physician assistant is authorized to 2085 practice in those public or private places or health facilities where the applying supervising 2086 2087 physician or alternate supervising physician regularly sees patients, provided that nothing 2088 in this article shall prohibit the rendering of services to a patient by a physician assistant 2089 who is not in the physical presence of the supervising physician or preclude a physician's 2090 physician assistant from making house calls and hospital rounds, performing hospital 2091 duties, serving as an ambulance attendant, or performing any functions performed 2092 authorized by the applying supervising physician which the physician's physician assistant 2093 is qualified to perform.
- 2094 (e) A physician's physician assistant may not be utilized to perform the duties of a
 2095 pharmacist licensed under Chapter 4 of Title 26, relating to pharmacists.
- 2096 (e.1)(1) In addition to and without limiting the authority granted by Code Section 2097 43-34-26.1 43-34-23, a physician may delegate to a physician's physician assistant in accordance with a job description, the authority to issue shall be allowed to carry out a 2098 2099 prescription drug order or orders for any device as defined in Code Section 26-4-5, or to 2100 issue any dangerous drug as defined in Code Section 16-13-71, or any Schedule III, IV, or V controlled substance as defined in Code Section 16-13-21 on a prescription drug 2101 2102 order or prescription device order form as specified in paragraph (3) of this subsection, 2103 pursuant to the authority delegated by the supervising physician of that physician's 2104 assistant. Delegation of such authority shall be contained in the job description required 2105 by this Code section. The delegating physician shall remain responsible for the medical 2106 acts of the physician's physician assistant performing such delegated acts and shall 2107 adequately supervise the physician's physician assistant. If an existing job description

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for a physician's physician assistant does not contain such authority to carry out order a prescription drug or device order as provided by this subsection, that physician's physician assistant may not issue any such prescription drug or device order until a new job description delegating such authority is submitted to and approved by the board. Nothing in this Code section shall be construed to authorize the written prescription drug order of a Schedule I or II controlled substance.

2114 (2) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to create a presumption of liability, either civil or criminal, on the part of a pharmacist who is duly licensed under Title 26 2115 2116 and who in good faith fills a prescription drug or device order presented by a patient pursuant to this subsection. The pharmacist shall presume that the prescription drug or 2117 device order was issued by a physician's physician assistant duly licensed under this 2118 chapter article who has qualified under this Code section to prescribe pharmaceutical 2119 2120 agents. The pharmacist shall also presume that the pharmaceutical agent prescribed by the physician's physician assistant is an approved pharmaceutical agent, unless the 2121 pharmacist has actual or constructive knowledge to the contrary. 2122

- (3) The physician's physician assistant shall only be authorized to exercise the rights 2123 granted under this subsection using a prescription drug or device order form which 2124 2125 includes the name, address, and telephone number of the prescribing supervising or 2126 alternate supervising physician, the patient's name and address, the drug or device 2127 prescribed, the number of refills, and directions to the patient with regard to the taking 2128 and dosage of the drug. A prescription drug order which is transmitted either 2129 electronically or via facsimile shall conform to the requirements set out in paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (c) of Code Section 26-4-80, respectively. Such form shall be 2130 signed by the physician's assistant using the following language: 2131
- 2132This prescription authorized through: (M.D. or D.O.) by (the physician's assistant)2133PHYSICIAN'S ASSISTANT.

The name of the prescribing supervising physician shall be handwritten in the appropriate space by the physician's assistant on the prescription drug or device order form. Any form containing less information than that described in this paragraph shall not be offered to or accepted by any pharmacist who is duly licensed under Title 26.

- (4) The physician's physician assistant or office staff shall inform notify the patient that
 the patient has the right to see the physician prior to any prescription drug or device order
 being carried out issued by the physician's physician assistant.
- 2141 (5) Unless otherwise restricted by the board or a board approved job description, the
 2142 physician's assistant shall not carry out a prescription drug or device order for more than
 2143 a 30 day supply, except in cases of chronic illnesses where a 90 day supply may be
 2144 ordered. The physician's assistant may authorize refills up to six months from the date

- 2145of the original prescription drug or device order; provided, however, that refills may be2146authorized up to 12 months from the date of the original prescription drug or device order2147for oral contraceptives or other drugs or devices approved by the board.
- 2148 (5) Nothing in this Code section shall be construed to authorize a physician assistant to
 2149 authorize refills of any drug for more than 12 months from the date of the original
 2150 prescription drug or device order.
- (6) A supervising physician <u>or alternate supervising physician</u> shall personally reevaluate
 evaluate or examine, at least every three months, any patient receiving controlled
 substances or, at least every six months, any patient receiving other prescription drugs or
 devices.
- (7) In addition to the copy of the prescription drug or device order delivered to the
 patient, a record of such prescription shall be maintained in the physician's office patient's
 <u>medical record</u> in the following manner:
- (A) A copy of the prescription drug or device order shall be appended to or otherwise
 maintained in the patient's medical file <u>The physician assistant carrying out a</u>
 prescription drug or device order shall document such order either in writing or by
 electronic means; and
- 2162 (B) Except in facilities operated by the Division of Public Health of the Department 2163 of Human Resources, the The supervising physician shall countersign review the prescription drug or device order copy or and medical record entry for each prescription 2164 2165 drug or device order orders issued within the past 30 days by the physician assistant. 2166 a reasonable time, not to exceed seven working days, unless such countersignature is 2167 required sooner by a specific regulation, policy, or requirement Such review may be 2168 achieved with a sampling of no less than 50 percent of such prescription drug or device 2169 order copies and medical record entries.
- (8) A physician's physician assistant is not permitted to prescribe drugs or devices except
 as authorized in the physician's physician assistant's job description and in accordance
 with this chapter article.
- 2173 (9) The board shall adopt rules establishing:
- 2174 (A) The content and use of prescription drug or device order forms;
- 2175 (B) Procedures procedures to evaluate an application for a job description containing
- 2176 the authority to carry out <u>order</u> a prescription drug or device order; <u>and</u>
- 2177 (C) A formulary of prescription drugs or devices which may or may not be included
 2178 in a job description;
- 2179 (D) The maintenance and custody of records for prescription drug or device orders;

- 2180(E) A minimum of three continuing medical education hours biennially in practice2181specific pharmaceuticals in which the physician's assistant has prescriptive order2182privileges; and
- 2183 (F) Any any other rules the board may deem deems necessary or appropriate to carry 2184 out the intent and purpose of this Code section or to protect the public welfare.
- (10) Nothing in this Code section is intended to repeal any rules established by the board
 relating to the requirements and duties of physician's physician assistants in remote
 practice sites.
- 2188 (11) A physician assistant authorized by a primary supervising physician to order
 2189 controlled substances pursuant to this Code section is authorized to register with the
 2190 federal Drug Enforcement Administration.
- (12) A physician assistant delegated the authority by the primary supervising physician
 to issue a prescription drug or device order shall be required to complete a minimum of
 three hours of continuing education biennially in practice specific pharmaceuticals in
 which the physician assistant has prescriptive order privileges.
- A managed care system, health plan, hospital, insurance company, or other similar entity
 shall not require a physician to be a party to a job description as a condition for
 participation in or reimbursement from such entity.
- 2198 (e.2) A physician's physician assistant shall be allowed to request, receive, and sign for 2199 professional samples and may distribute professional samples to patients, pursuant to 2200 authority delegated by the supervising physician of that physician's physician assistant. 2201 Delegation of such authority shall be contained in the job description required by this Code 2202 section; provided, however, the office or facility at which the physician's physician 2203 assistant is working must maintain a list of professional samples approved by the 2204 supervising physician for request, receipt, and distribution by the physician's physician 2205 assistant as well as a complete list of the specific number and dosage of each professional 2206 sample received and dispensed. In addition to the requirements of this Code section, all professional samples shall be maintained as required by applicable state and federal law 2207 2208 and regulations. As used in this subsection, the term 'professional samples' means 2209 complimentary doses of a drug, medication vouchers, or medical devices provided by the manufacturer for use in patient care. 2210
- (f) A physician employed by the Department of Human Resources or by any institution
 thereof or by a local health department whose duties are administrative in nature and who
 does not normally provide health care to patients as such employee shall not be authorized
 to apply for or utilize the services of any physician's physician assistant employed by the
 Department of Human Resources or by any institution thereof or by a local health
 department.

- (g) Nothing in this article shall be construed to prohibit a physician's physician assistant
 from performing those acts the performance of which have been delegated to that
 physician's physician assistant pursuant to and in conformity with Code Section 43-34-26.1
 43-34-23.
- 2221 (h) A physician and a physician's physician assistant may enter into a temporary practice 2222 agreement exempt from any filing fees with the board by which agreement the physician 2223 supervises the services provided by the physician's physician assistant to patients at a specific facility or program operated by any organization exempt from federal taxes 2224 2225 pursuant to Section 501(c)(3) of the federal Internal Revenue Code that provides medical 2226 services only to indigent patients in medically underserved or critical need population areas of the state, as determined by the board, or pursuant to Article 8 of Chapter 8 of Title 31, 2227 2228 provided that:
- (1) Such services are provided primarily to financially disadvantaged patients;
- (2) Such services are free or at a charge to the patient based solely on the patient's ability
 to pay and provided, further, that such charges do not exceed the actual cost to the facility
 or program;
- (3) The supervising physician and the physician's physician assistant voluntarily and
 gratuitously donate their services;
- (4) Prior to providing any patient services, a copy of the temporary practice agreement,
 signed by both the supervising physician and the physician's physician assistant, is on file
 at the facility or program and is sent to the board;
- (5) The temporary practice agreement is for a specified period of time, limits the services
 of the physician's physician assistant to those within the usual scope of practice of the
 supervising physician, and is signed by both the supervising physician and the physician's
 physician assistant prior to the physician's physician assistant providing patient services;
 and
- (6) The facility or program has notified the board of its intent to provide patient services
 and utilize licensed physicians and physician's physician assistants under the conditions
 set out in this subsection.
- (i)(1) Notwithstanding any provision of this article to the contrary, a physician's 2246 physician assistant licensed pursuant to this article or licensed, certified, or otherwise 2247 2248 authorized to practice in any other state or federal jurisdiction and whose license, 2249 certification, or authorization is in good standing who responds to a need for medical care 2250 created by conditions which characterize those of a state of emergency or public health 2251 emergency may render such care that the physician's physician assistant is able to provide 2252 with such supervision as is available at the immediate scene or at the local site where 2253 such need for medical care exists or at a relief site established as part of a state or local

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- 2254 safety plan established pursuant to Chapter 3 of Title 38. Such services shall be provided 2255 by a physician's physician assistant in response to the request of an appropriate state or 2256 local official implementing a state or local emergency management plan or program, and 2257 in accordance with applicable guidelines established by such officials or plans. The 2258 authority granted by this Code section shall last no longer than 48 hours or such time as 2259 the board may establish under guidelines for supervision of the physician's physician 2260 assistant rendering medical care.
- (2) For the purposes of this subsection, the term 'public health emergency' has the same
 meaning as in paragraph (6) of Code Section 38-3-3, and the term 'state of emergency'
 has the same meaning as in paragraph (7) of Code Section 38-3-3.
- (j) A physician assistant shall be allowed to make a pronouncement of death pursuant to
 authority delegated by the supervising physician of the physician assistant and to certify
 such pronouncement in the same manner as a physician.
- (k) It shall be unlawful for a physician to be an employee of a physician assistant, alone
 or in combination with others, if the physician is required to supervise the physician
 assistant; provided, however, that this shall not apply to arrangements of this nature which
 were approved by the board on or before July 1, 2009. Arrangements approved prior to
 such date are nontransferable. Such conduct shall be subject to sanctions by the board as
 to the physician and the physician assistant.

43-34-104.

(a) Within a reasonable time after receipt of the documents required by Code Section
43-34-103 this article, the board shall give to the applicant written notice of approval or
disapproval of the <u>physician assistant's</u> application; and, if approval of the application is
given, the board shall issue to the assistant a license authorizing the assistant to perform
medical tasks under the direction and supervision of the applying physician.

(b) The board shall not approve an application unless it finds from the information
 forwarded with the application that the proposed physician's assistant is fully qualified to
 perform the tasks described in the job description and will be utilized in a manner that will
 not endanger the health and welfare of patients upon whom he may perform the described
 medical tasks applicant has complied with the requirements in this article.

43-34-105.

2285 On receipt of notice of the board's approval, a physician's physician assistant, under the 2286 direction of the applying physician, may perform the tasks described in the job description, 2287 provided that nothing in this Code section shall make unlawful the performance of a 2288 medical task by the physician's physician assistant, whether or not such task is specified

- in the general job description, when it is performed under the direct supervision and in thepresence of the physician utilizing him <u>or her</u>.
- 43-34-106.
- Any physician, clinic, or hospital using a physician's physician assistant shall post a notice
 to that effect in a prominent place.
- 43-34-107.
- 2295 (a) The approval of a physician's utilization of a physician's physician assistant may be 2296 terminated and the license revoked by the board when, after due notice and a hearing, in 2297 accordance with this Code section, it shall find that the assistant is incompetent or has 2298 committed unethical or immoral acts, including, but not limited to, holding himself or 2299 herself out or permitting another to represent him or her as a licensed physician; 2300 performing otherwise than at the direction of a physician approved by the board to utilize 2301 the assistant's services; habitually using intoxicants or drugs to such an extent that he or she 2302 is unable safely to perform as an assistant to the physician; or being convicted in any court, 2303 state or federal, of any felony or other criminal offense involving moral turpitude.
- (b) Before the board shall give written notice to the physician's physician assistant of
 termination of approval granted by it to an assistant, it will give to the assistant a timely
 and reasonable written notice indicating the general nature of the charges, accusation, or
 complaint preferred against him and stating that the assistant will be given an opportunity
 to be heard concerning such charges or complaints; and it shall hold a public hearing within
 a reasonable time. Following such hearing, the board shall determine, on the basis of its
 regulations, whether the approval of the assistant shall be terminated.
- (c) In hearings held pursuant to this Code section, the board shall apply the rules of
 evidence as prescribed in Chapter 13 of Title 50, the 'Georgia Administrative Procedure
 Act.'
- (d) The board may impose on a physician assistant any sanction authorized under
 subsection (b) of Code Section 43-34-8 upon a finding of any conduct specified in
 subsection (a) of Code Section 43-34-8.
- 43-34-108.
- In addition to the powers specifically delegated to it in this article, the board shall have the authority to perform all acts which are necessary, proper, or incidental to the efficient development of the category of health care established by this article. The board shall have the authority to promulgate rules and regulations governing the definitions of delegation by physicians to qualified persons other than physician's physician assistants of any acts,

duties, or functions which are permitted by law or established by custom. Any power vested by law in the board, but not implemented by specific provisions for the exercise thereof, may be executed and carried out by the board in a reasonable manner, pursuant to such rules, regulations, and procedures as the board may adopt and subject to such limitations as may be provided by law.

<u>43-34-109.</u>

- 2329 If a patient receives medical services from a physician assistant more than two times in a
- 2330 <u>12 month period, the primary or alternate supervising physician shall see such patient on</u>
- 2331 no less than one following visit by the patient during the same 12 month period.
- <u>43-34-110.</u>

Nothing in this article shall be construed to allow a physician assistant to perform an abortion or to administer, prescribe, or issue a drug order that is intended to cause abortion to occur pharmacologically.

2336

ARTICLE 5

- 2337 43-34-120.
- This article shall be known and may be cited as the 'Controlled Substances TherapeuticResearch Act.'
- 43-34-121.

(a) The General Assembly finds and declares that the potential medicinal value of
marijuana has received insufficient study due to a lack of financial incentives for the
undertaking of appropriate research by private drug manufacturing concerns. Individual
physicians cannot feasibly utilize marijuana in clinical trials because of federal
governmental controls which involve expensive, time-consuming approval and monitoring
procedures.

(b) The General Assembly further finds and declares that limited studies throughout the
nation indicate that marijuana and certain of its derivatives possess valuable and, in some
cases, unique therapeutic properties, including the ability to relieve nausea and vomiting
which routinely accompany chemotherapy and irradiation used to treat cancer patients.
Marijuana also may be effective in reducing intraocular pressure in glaucoma patients who
do not respond well to conventional medications.

(c) The General Assembly further finds and declares that, in enabling individualphysicians and their patients to participate in a state-sponsored program for the

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- investigational use of marijuana and its derivatives, qualified physicians and surgeons
 throughout the state will be able to study the benefits of the drug in a controlled clinical
 setting, and additional knowledge will be gained with respect to dosage and effects.
- 2358 (d) It is the intent of the General Assembly in enacting this article to permit research into 2359 the therapeutic applications of marijuana and its derivatives in cancer and glaucoma 2360 patients. This would allow qualified physicians approved by the Patient Qualification Review Board created by Code Section 43-34-124 to provide the drug on a compassionate 2361 basis to seriously ill persons suffering from the severe side effects of chemotherapy or 2362 2363 radiation treatment and to persons suffering from glaucoma who are not responding to conventional treatment, which persons would otherwise have no lawful access to it. It is 2364 the further intent of the General Assembly to facilitate clinical trials of marijuana and its 2365 2366 derivatives, particularly with respect to persons suffering from cancer and glaucoma who would be benefited by use of the drug. 2367
- (e) This article is limited to clinical trials and research into therapeutic applications of
 marijuana only for use in treating glaucoma and in treating the side effects of
 chemotherapeutic agents and radiation and should not be construed as either encouraging
 or sanctioning the social use of marijuana. Nothing in this article shall be construed to
 encourage the use of marijuana in lieu of or in conjunction with other accepted medical
 treatment, but only as an adjunct to such accepted medical treatment.
- 43-34-122.

As used in this article, the term:

- (1) 'Composite board' 'Board' means the Georgia Composite State Medical Board of
 Medical Examiners established pursuant to Article 2 of this chapter.
- (2) 'Marijuana' means marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinol, as defined or listed in Article
 2379 2 of Chapter 13 of Title 16.
- (3) 'Physician' means a person licensed to practice medicine pursuant to Article 2 of thischapter.
- (4) 'Program' means the Controlled Substances Therapeutic Research Program
 established pursuant to Code Section 43-34-123.
- (5) 'Review board' means the Patient Qualification Review Board established pursuant
 to Code Section 43-34-124.

2386 43-34-123.

(a) There is established under the <u>Georgia</u> Composite <u>State Medical</u> Board of <u>Medical</u>
 Examiners the Controlled Substances Therapeutic Research Program, which shall be
 administered by the <u>composite</u> board. Under the program, the <u>composite</u> board shall act as

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2390 a sponsor of state-wide investigational studies, utilizing as drug investigators individual 2391 physicians who elect to participate in accordance with the guidelines and protocols 2392 developed by the composite board. Such guidelines and protocols shall be designed to 2393 ensure that stringent security and record-keeping requirements for research drugs are met 2394 and that participants in the program meet those research standards necessary to establish 2395 empirical bases for the evaluation of marijuana as a medically recognized therapeutic 2396 substance. The composite board shall promulgate such rules and regulations as it deems necessary or advisable to administer the program. In promulgating such guidelines, 2397 2398 protocols, rules, and regulations, the composite board shall take into consideration those 2399 pertinent rules and regulations promulgated by the Federal Drug Enforcement Agency, the Food and Drug Administration, and the National Institute on Drug Abuse. 2400

(b) The program shall be limited to patients who are certified to the composite board bya physician as being:

(1) Cancer patients involved in a life-threatening situation in which treatment bychemotherapy or radiology has produced severe side effects; or

2405 (2) Glaucoma patients who are not responding to conventional controlled substances.

(c) No patient may be admitted to the program without full disclosure by the physician of
the experimental nature of the program and of the possible risks and side effects of the
proposed treatment.

(d) The cost of any blood test required by the federal Food and Drug Administration prior
to entrance into the program shall be paid by the patient seeking entrance into the program.
(e) Only the following persons shall have access to the names and other identifying
characteristics of patients in the program for whom marijuana has been prescribed under
this article:

- 2414 (1) The composite board;
- 2415 (2) The review board created by Code Section 43-34-124;
- 2416 (3) The Attorney General or his <u>or her</u> designee;
- (4) Any person directly connected with the program who has a legitimate need for theinformation; and
- 2419 (5) Any federal agency having responsibility for the program.
- 2420 43-34-124.
- (a) The composite board shall appoint the Patient Qualification Review Board. Each
 member of the review board shall be approved for such membership by a majority vote of
 the composite board and shall serve at the pleasure of the composite board. The review
 board shall be composed of:
- 2425 (1) A board certified physician in ophthalmology;

- 2426 (2) A board certified physician in surgery; (3) A board certified physician in internal medicine and medical oncology; 2427 2428 (4) A board certified physician in psychiatry; 2429 (5) A board certified physician in radiology; and (6) A pharmacist licensed under Chapter 4 of Title 26, relating to pharmacists, pharmacy, 2430 2431 and drugs. 2432 (b) The review board shall elect from its members a chairman chairperson and a vice-chairman vice chairperson. The review board shall hold regular meetings at least once 2433 2434 every 60 days and shall meet at such additional times as shall be called by the chairman 2435 chairperson of the review board or the president chairperson of the composite board. Each
- 2436 member of the review board shall receive for services for each day's attendance upon 2437 meetings of such board the same amount authorized by law for members of the General 2438 Assembly for attendance upon meetings of the General Assembly.
- (c) The composite board shall adopt such rules and regulations as it deems necessary for
 the performance of the duties of the review board.
- (d) The review board shall review all patient applicants for the program and their
 physicians and shall certify those qualified for participation in the program. The review
 board shall additionally certify pharmacies which are licensed by the state and which are
 otherwise qualified and certify physicians regarding the distribution of marijuana pursuant
 to Code Section 43-34-125. Meetings of the review board to certify patients, physicians,
 or pharmacies shall not be open to the public, as otherwise required by Chapter 14 of
 Title 50.
- 2448 43-34-125.
- (a) The composite board shall apply to contract with the National Institute on Drug Abuse
 for receipt of marijuana pursuant to this article and pursuant to regulations promulgated by
 the National Institute on Drug Abuse, the Food and Drug Administration, and the Federal
 Drug Enforcement Agency.
- (b) The composite board shall cause marijuana approved for use in the program to be
 transferred to a certified pharmacy, licensed by the state, for distribution to the certified
 patient by a licensed pharmacist upon a written order for research medication of the
 certified physician, pursuant to this article. Any reasonable costs incurred by the composite
 board in obtaining or testing marijuana shall be charged to participating physicians who
 may seek reimbursement from their research subjects utilizing the marijuana.

43-34-126.

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2460 Patient participants in the program are immune from state prosecution for possession of 2461 marijuana as authorized by this article and under the program established in this article. A 2462 person authorized under this program shall not possess an amount of marijuana in excess of the amount prescribed under the authority of this article. The amount prescribed shall 2463 2464 be maintained in the container in which it was placed at the time the prescription was filled. 2465 Physician, pharmacy, and pharmacist participants in the program are immune from state prosecution for possession, distribution, and any other use of marijuana, which use is 2466 2467 authorized such persons by this article. Any such possession, distribution, or other use not authorized by this article shall be enforced and punished as provided in Chapter 13 of Title 2468 16, relating to controlled substances and dangerous drugs, and Chapter 4 of Title 26, 2469 2470 relating to pharmacists and pharmacies.

ARTICLE 6

247243-34-140.

2473 This article shall be known and may be cited as the 'Respiratory Care Practices Act.'

2474 43-34-141.

The General Assembly finds and declares that the practice of respiratory care in Georgia affects the public health, safety, and welfare and that it is necessarily a proper subject of regulation and control.

2478 43-34-142.

As used in this article, the term:

- (1) 'Board' means the <u>Georgia</u> Composite State <u>Medical</u> Board of <u>Medical Examiners as</u>
 created by Code Section 43-34-21.
- (2) 'Respiratory care' means the rendering of services to patients with deficiencies or
 abnormalities which affect the pulmonary and cardiac systems and which services
 involve therapy, management, rehabilitation, diagnostic evaluation, education, or care of
 such patients with regard to such deficiencies or abnormalities.
- (3) 'Respiratory care professional' means any person certified under this article to
 practice respiratory care.

2488 43-34-143.

The board, in consultation with the advisory committee, shall have the power and responsibility to:

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- (1) Determine the qualifications and fitness of applicants for certification, renewal of the
 certificate, and reciprocal certification;
 (2) Adopt and revise rules consistent with the laws of the State of Georgia that are
- 2493 (2) Adopt and revise fulles consistent with the faws of the state of Georgia that are 2494 necessary to conduct its business, carry out its duties, and administer this article;
- (3) Examine for, approve, issue, deny, revoke, suspend, and renew the certification of
 respiratory care professional applicants and certificate holders under this article and
 conduct hearings in connection with these actions;
- (4) Conduct hearings on complaints concerning violations of this article and the rulesadopted under this article and cause the prosecution and enjoinder of the violations;
- 2500 (5) Establish application, examination, and certification fees;
- (6) Request and receive the assistance of state educational institutions or other stateagencies;
- (7) Prepare information of consumer interest describing the regulatory functions of the
 board and describing the procedures by which consumer complaints are filed with and
 resolved by the board. The board shall make the information available to the general
 public and appropriate state agencies; and
- 2507 (8) Establish continuing education requirements.
- 2508 43-34-144.
- 2509 The board shall, upon application and payment of fees, issue a certification to perform 2510 respiratory care to persons who are not certified under this article but who were practicing 2511 respiratory care in this state on April 27, 1993, upon written evidence of such practice 2512 verified under oath. Such persons shall complete their application for certification no later than 18 months following April 27, 1993. A person granted a certification under this Code 2513 2514 section shall be subject to the other provisions of this article relating to persons granted 2515 such certifications under Code Section 43-34-145, including but not limited to continuing education requirements. 2516
- 2517 <u>43-34-145</u> <u>43-34-144</u>.

(a) Each applicant for certification as a respiratory care professional shall meet thefollowing requirements:

- (1) Is at least 18 years of age;
- 2521 (2) Has submitted a completed application as required by the board;
- 2522 (3) Has submitted any fees required by the board;

(4) Has successfully passed the entry level examination given by the National Board for
Respiratory Care, Inc., or such other examination as the board may in its discretion
administer or approve; and

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- (5) Has met such other requirements as may be prescribed by the board.
- (b) In addition to the requirements specified in subsection (a) of this Code section, each
 applicant for certification under this chapter article shall be working under the supervision
 or direction of a person licensed under Article 2 of this chapter and shall, in order to
 maintain certification, continue to work under the supervision or direction of a person
 licensed under Article 2 of this chapter.
- 2532 43-34-146 <u>43-34-145</u>.

After evaluation of an application and other evidence submitted, the board shall notify each applicant that the application and evidence submitted are satisfactory and accepted or unsatisfactory and rejected. If rejected, the notice shall state the reasons for the rejection.

- 2536 <u>43-34-147</u> <u>43-34-146</u>.
- (a) Any document evidencing certification issued by the board is the property of the boardand must be surrendered on demand.
- (b) The certificate holder shall display the document evidencing certification in anappropriate and public manner.
- (c) The certificate holder shall inform the board of any change of his address.
- (d) The certificate shall be renewed biennially if the certificate holder is not in violation
 of this article at the time of application for renewal and if the applicant fulfills current
 requirements of continuing education as established by the board.
- (e) Each person certified under this article is responsible for renewing his <u>or her</u> certificate
 before the expiration date.
- (f) Under procedures and conditions established by the board, a certificate holder may
 request that his <u>or her</u> certification be declared inactive. The certificate holder may apply
 for active status at any time and upon meeting the conditions set by the board shall be
 declared active.
- 2551 (g) The board shall be authorized to:
- 2552(1) Require persons seeking renewal of certification as respiratory care professionals2553under this article to complete board approved continuing education;
- 2554 (2) Establish the number of hours of continuing education to be completed as well as the
- 2555 categories in which the continuing education is to be completed; and
- 2556 (3) Approve courses offered by institutions of higher learning, specialty societies, or
 2557 professional organizations.

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43-34-147.1 43-34-147.

2559 Upon payment of a fee determined by the board, a temporary permit may be issued to 2560 practice respiratory care for a period of:

- (1) Twelve For a period of 12 months to an applicant for certification under Code
 Section 43-34-147.2 43-34-148 providing that applicant presents written evidence
 verified by oath that the applicant was certified, licensed, or practicing respiratory care
 within the last 12 months in another state; or
- 2565 (2) Eighteen months to <u>To</u> a person who is a graduate of an accredited respiratory 2566 therapy program accredited by the Commission on Accreditation of Allied Health 2567 Education Programs, or the equivalent thereof as accepted by the board, pending 2568 completion of the other requirements for certification under this article.
- 2569 <u>43-34-147.2</u> <u>43-34-148</u>.

An individual who has been granted certification, registration, licensure, or other authority by whatever name known to practice respiratory care in another state having requirements for such authority to practice which are substantially equal to or which exceed the requirements for a similar certificate in this state may petition the board for reciprocity in this state and, upon submission of an application and requisite fees and upon verification by oath and submission of evidence acceptable to the board, may be granted a certificate to practice respiratory care in Georgia.

- 2577 <u>43-34-148.</u> <u>43-34-149.</u>
- 2578 (a) The board, in consultation with the advisory committee, may: impose on a respiratory
- 2579 <u>care professional any sanction authorized under subsection (b) of Code Section 43-34-8</u>
- 2580 <u>upon a finding of any conduct specified in subsection (a) of Code Section 43-34-8.</u>
- 2581 (1) Refuse to grant or renew certification to an applicant;
- 2582 (2) Administer a public or private reprimand, but a private reprimand shall not be
 2583 disclosed to any person except the certificate holder;
- 2584 (3) Suspend the certificate of any certificate holder for a definite period or for an
 2585 indefinite period in connection with any condition which may be attached to the
 2586 restoration of said certificate;
- 2587 (4) Limit or restrict any certificate as the board deems necessary for the protection of the
 2588 public;
- 2589 (5) Revoke any certificate;
- 2590 (6) Levy a fine; and

- (7) Condition any penalty or withhold formal disposition of any matter pending the
 applicant's or certificate holder's submission to such care, counseling, or treatment as the
 board may direct.
- (b) The board may take any action specified in subsection (a) of this Code section upon
 a finding by the board that the certificate holder or applicant has:
- (1) Failed to demonstrate the qualifications or standards for certification contained in this
 Code section, or under the laws, rules, or regulations under which certification is sought
 or held; it shall be incumbent upon the applicant to demonstrate to the satisfaction of the
 board that he meets all the requirements for certification, and, if the board is not satisfied
 as to the applicant's qualifications, it may deny certification without a prior hearing;
 provided, however, that the applicant shall be allowed to appear before the board if he so
 desires;
- 2603 (2) Knowingly made misleading, deceptive, untrue, or fraudulent representations in the
 2604 practice of a business or profession certified under this title or on any document
 2605 connected therewith, or practiced fraud or deceit or intentionally made any false
 2606 statement in obtaining certification to practice a certified business or profession, or made
 2607 a false statement or deceptive registration with the board;
- 2608 (3) Been convicted of any felony or of any crime involving moral turpitude in the courts
 2609 of this state or any other state, territory, or country or in the courts of the United States.
 2610 As used in this paragraph and paragraph (4) of this subsection, the term 'felony' shall
 2611 include any offense which, if committed in this state, would be deemed a felony, without
 2612 regard to its designation elsewhere; and, as used in this paragraph, the term 'conviction'
 2613 shall include a finding or verdict of guilty or a plea of guilty, regardless of whether an
 2614 appeal of the conviction has been sought;
- 2615 (4) Been arrested, charged, and sentenced for the commission of any felony or any crime
 2616 involving moral turpitude where:
- 2617 (A) A plea of nolo contendere was entered to the charge;
- 2618 (B) First offender treatment without adjudication of guilt pursuant to the charge was
 2619 granted; or
- 2620 (C) An adjudication or sentence was otherwise withheld or not entered on the charge.
 2621 The plea of nolo contendere or the order entered pursuant to the provisions of Article 3
 2622 of Chapter 8 of Title 42, relating to probation of first offenders, or other first offender
 2623 treatment shall be conclusive evidence of arrest and sentencing for such crime;
- 2624 (5) Had his certificate under this article revoked, suspended, or annulled by any lawful
 2625 authority other than the board; or had other disciplinary action taken against him by any
 2626 such lawful authority other than the board; or was refused the renewal of certification by
 2627 any such lawful authority other than the board, pursuant to disciplinary proceedings;

- 2628 (6) Engaged in any unprofessional, immoral, unethical, deceptive, or deleterious conduct or practice harmful to the public, which conduct or practice materially affects the fitness 2629 2630 of the certificate holder or applicant to practice a business or profession certified under 2631 this article, or of a nature likely to jeopardize the interest of the public, which conduct or 2632 practice need not have resulted in actual injury to any person or be directly related to the 2633 practice of the certified business or profession but shows that the certificate holder or 2634 applicant has committed any act or omission which is indicative of bad moral character or untrustworthiness. Unprofessional conduct shall include any departure from, or the 2635 2636 failure to conform to, the minimal standards of acceptable and prevailing practice of the 2637 business or profession certified under this article;
- 2638 (7) Knowingly performed any act which in any way aids, assists, procures, advises, or
 2639 encourages any uncertified person or any certificate holder whose certificate has been
 2640 suspended or revoked by the board to engage in any practice outside the scope of any
 2641 disciplinary limitation placed upon the certificate holder by the board;
- 2642 (8) Violated, without regard to whether the violation is criminally punishable, a statute, law, or any rule or regulation of this state, any other state, the professional licensing 2643 board regulating the business or profession licensed under this title, the United States, or 2644 2645 any other lawful authority, which statute, law, or rule or regulation relates to or in part 2646 regulates the practice of a business or profession certified under this article, when the certificate holder or applicant knows or should know that such action is violative of such 2647 2648 statute, law, or rule; or violated a lawful order of the board previously entered by the 2649 board in a disciplinary hearing, consent decree, or certification reinstatement;
- 2650 (9) Been adjudged mentally incompetent by a court of competent jurisdiction inside or
 2651 outside this state. Any such adjudication shall automatically suspend the license of any
 2652 such person and shall prevent the reissuance or renewal of any license so suspended for
 2653 as long as the adjudication of incompetence is in effect; or
- (10) Displayed an inability to practice a business or profession certified under this article
 with reasonable skill and safety to the public or has become unable to practice the
 certified business or profession with reasonable skill and safety to the public by reason
 of illness, use of alcohol, drugs, narcotics, chemicals, or any other type of material.
- 2658 <u>43-34-149.</u> <u>43-34-150.</u>
- The board shall appoint a respiratory care advisory committee. The committee shall be composed of persons engaged in the practice of respiratory therapy, persons licensed under Article 2 of this chapter who specialize or are board certified in pulmonary medicine, and such members as the board at its discretion may determine. Members shall receive no

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2663 compensation for service on the committee. The committee shall have such advisory duties2664 and responsibilities as the board may determine.

 2665
 43-34-150.
 43-34-151.

(a) Unless certified under this article or exempted under subsection (b) of this Codesection, no person shall:

2668 (1) Practice respiratory care; or

2669 (2) Represent himself or herself to be a respiratory care professional who is certified2670 under this article.

2671 (b) The prohibition in subsection (a) of this Code section does not apply to:

(1) The delivery of respiratory care by health care personnel who have been formally
trained in these modalities and who are duly licensed to provide that care under any other
provision of this title;

(2) The practice of respiratory care which is an integral part of the program of study by
students enrolled in a respiratory care education program recognized by the Joint Review
Committee for Respiratory Therapy Education and the American Medical Association
Committee on Allied Health Education and Accreditation (CAHEA) or the equivalent
thereof as accepted by the board. Students enrolled in respiratory therapy education
programs shall be identified as 'student-RCP' and shall only provide respiratory care
under direct clinical supervision;

2682 (3) Self-care by a patient or gratuitous care by a friend or family member who does not
2683 represent or hold himself or herself out to be a respiratory care professional;

2684 (4) Respiratory care services rendered in the course of an emergency or disaster;

2685 (5) Persons in the military services or working in federal facilities when functioning in
2686 the course of their assigned duties;

(6) The performance of respiratory care diagnostic testing by individuals who are
certified or registered as pulmonary function technologist technologists by the National
Board for Respiratory Care, or equivalent certifying agency, as recognized by the board;
(7) The delivery, assembly, setup, testing, and demonstration of oxygen and aerosol
equipment upon the order of a physician licensed under Article 2 of this chapter; or

- 2692 (8) Persons who perform limited respiratory care procedures under the supervision of a
 2693 certified respiratory care professional in a hospital or nursing home when the board has
 2694 defined the competencies required to perform such limited respiratory care procedures:
 2695 or
- 2696 (9) Persons who perform polysomnography under Code Section 43-34-45.

(c) Any person violating the prohibition of subsection (a) of this Code section shall beguilty of a misdemeanor.

09 HB509/SCSFA/1 2699 (d) Practitioners regulated under this article shall be covered pursuant to Code Section 2700 51-1-29. 2701 (e) Nothing in this article shall be construed to permit the practice of medicine as defined 2702 by this chapter. 2703 43-34-151. <u>43-34-152.</u> Proceedings under this article shall be governed by Chapter 13 of Title 50, the 'Georgia 2704 Administrative Procedure Act.' 2705 2706 **ARTICLE 7** 2707 43-34-170. This article shall be known and may be cited as the 'Clinical Perfusionist Licensure Act.' 2708 2709 43-34-171. 2710 As used in this article, the term: 2711 (1) 'Advisory committee' means the committee appointed pursuant to Code Section 2712 43-34-180. 2713 (2) 'Board' means the Georgia Composite State Medical Board of Medical Examiners 2714 created by Code Section 43-34-21. 2715 (3) 'Extracorporeal circulation' means the diversion of a patient's blood through a 2716 heart-lung machine or a similar device that assumes the function of the patient's heart, lungs, kidneys, liver, or other organ. 2717 2718 (4) 'License' means a license to practice as a licensed clinical perfusionist or provisional 2719 licensed clinical perfusionist. 2720 (5) 'Licensed clinical perfusionist' means a person licensed as such pursuant to this 2721 article. 2722 (6) 'Perfusion' means the functions necessary for the support, treatment, measurement, 2723 or supplementation of the cardiovascular, circulatory, or respiratory system or other 2724 organ, or a combination of such activities, and to ensure the safe management of 2725 physiologic functions by monitoring and analyzing the parameters of the systems under 2726 the order and supervision of a physician, including, but not limited to: 2727 (A) The use of extracorporeal circulation; long-term cardiopulmonary support 2728 techniques, including extracorporeal carbon dioxide removal and extracorporeal 2729 membrane oxygenation; and associated therapeutic and diagnostic technologies;

2730	(B) Counterpulsation, ventricular assistance, autotransfusion, blood conservation
2731	techniques, myocardial and organ preservation, extracorporeal life support, and isolated
2732	limb perfusion;
2733	(C) The use of techniques involving blood management, advanced life support, and
2734	other related functions;
2735	(D) In the performance of the acts described in subparagraphs (A) through (C) of this
2736	paragraph:
2737	(i) The administration of:
2738	(I) Pharmacological and therapeutic agents; or
2739	(II) Blood products or anesthetic agents through the extracorporeal circuit or
2740	through an intravenous line as ordered by a physician; or
2741	(ii) The performance and use of:
2742	(I) Coagulation monitoring and analysis;
2743	(II) Physiologic monitoring and analysis;
2744	(III) Blood gas and chemistry monitoring and analysis;
2745	(IV) Hematological monitoring and analysis;
2746	(V) Hypothermia and hyperthermia;
2747	(VI) Hemoconcentration and hemodilution; and
2748	(VII) Hemodialysis; and
2749	(E) The observation of signs and symptoms related to perfusion services, the
2750	determination of whether the signs and symptoms exhibit abnormal characteristics, and
2751	the implementation of appropriate reporting, clinical perfusion protocols, or changes
2752	in, or the initiation of, emergency procedures.
2753	(7) 'Perfusion protocols' means perfusion related policies and protocols developed or
2754	approved by a licensed health care facility or a physician through collaboration with
2755	administrators, licensed clinical perfusionists, and other health care professionals.
2756	(8) 'Physician' means a person licensed to practice medicine under Article 2 of this
2757	chapter.
2758	(9) 'Provisional licensed clinical perfusionist' means a person provisionally licensed
2759	pursuant to this article.
2760	43-34-172.
2761	The board, in consultation with the advisory committee, shall have the power and
2762	responsibility to:
2763	(1) Determine the qualifications and fitness of applicants for licensure and renewal of
2764	licensure;

- (2) Adopt and revise rules consistent with the laws of this state that are necessary to
 conduct its business, carry out its duties, and administer this article;
 (3) Examine for, approve, issue, deny, revoke, suspend, sanction, and renew the licenses
- 2768 of board applicants for licensure as licensed clinical perfusionists and provisional
 2769 licensed clinical perfusionists under this article and conduct hearings in connection with
 2770 these actions;
- (4) Conduct hearings on complaints concerning violations of this article and the rulesadopted under this article and cause the prosecution and enjoinder of the violations;
- 2773 (5) Establish application, examination, and licensure fees;
- (6) Request and receive the assistance of state educational institutions or other state
 agencies and prepare information of consumer interest describing the regulatory
 functions of the board and the procedures by which consumer complaints are filed with
 and resolved by the board. The board shall make the information available to the public
 and appropriate state agencies; and
- 2779 (7) Establish education, examination, and continuing education requirements.
- 2780 43-34-173.
- (a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (b) of this Code section, each applicant for
 a license to practice as a licensed clinical perfusionist shall meet the following
 requirements:
- (1) Be at least 21 years of age;
- 2785 (2) Submit a completed application required by the board;
- 2786 (3) Submit any fees required by the board;
- (4) Have successfully completed a perfusion education program approved by the board,
 which program has educational standards at least as stringent as programs approved by
 the Committee on Allied Health Education and Accreditation (CAHEA) prior to 1994 or
 the Commission on Accreditation of Allied Health Education Programs (CAAHEP) or
 its successor;
- (5) Pass a competency examination prepared or approved by the board and administered
 to qualified applicants at least once each calendar year, which examination may be or
 may include the complete examination given by the American Board of Cardiovascular
 Perfusion (ABCP) or its successor; and
- (6) Have met such other requirements as may be prescribed by the board.
- (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this Code section, a person may
 apply to the board before January 1, 2003, and be granted a license as a licensed clinical
 perfusionist upon satisfactory proof that the person was operating cardiopulmonary bypass
 systems during cardiac surgical cases in a licensed health care facility as the person's

primary function for at least six of those eight years immediately preceding the date of
application.
(b) The executive director, with the approval of the chairperson of the board, may in his
or her discretion issue a temporary license to an applicant, which license shall have the
same force and effect as a permanent license until the next regular meeting of the board at
which time the temporary license shall become void.

2807 43-34-174.

- (a) A license is not the property of the holder but is the property of the board. A license
 to practice perfusion is valid for two years. The board may provide that licenses expire on
 various dates. A person may renew an unexpired license by submitting proof of <u>current</u>
 certification by the American Board of Cardiovascular Perfusion (ABCP) or its successor
 and compliance with the continuing professional education requirements prescribed by the
 board and paying the required renewal fee to the board before the expiration date of the
 license.
- (b) The license holder must:
 - (1) Display the license in an appropriate and public manner; or
- (2) Maintain on file at all times during which the license holder provides services in a
 health care facility a true and correct copy of the license certificate in the appropriate
 records of the facility and keep the board informed of any change of address.
- (c) A license issued by the board is the property of the board and shall be surrendered ondemand.
- (d) Each person licensed under this article shall be responsible for renewing his or herlicense before the expiration date.
- (e) If a person's license has been expired for not more than two years three months, the
 person may renew the license by submitting proof, satisfactory to the board, of compliance
 with the continuing professional education requirements prescribed by the board and any
 penalty fee prescribed by the board.
- (f) If a person's license has been expired for more than two years three months, the person may not renew the license. The person may obtain a new license by submitting to reexamination and complying with the current requirements and procedures for obtaining a license.
- (g) The board may renew reinstate without reexamination an expired license of a person
 who was licensed in this state, moved to another state or states, is currently licensed or
 certified, and has been in practice in another state or states for two years immediately
 preceding the person's application to renew reinstate a license. The person shall pay the
 required fee as established by the board.

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43-34-175.

2837

(a) A license as a provisional licensed clinical perfusionist may be issued by the board to
a person who submits to the board evidence of having successfully completed an approved
perfusion education program required for licensure under Code Section 43-34-173 and
upon the filing of an application and payment of the application fee.

(b) A provisional licensed clinical perfusionist shall be under the supervision and direction
of a licensed clinical perfusionist at all times during which the provisional licensed clinical
perfusionist performs perfusion. The board may promulgate rules governing such
supervision and direction but shall not require the immediate physical presence of the
supervising licensed clinical perfusionist.

(c) A provisional license shall be valid for two years from the date it is issued and may not
be renewed. The provisional licensee must comply with all of the requirements for
licensure under Code Section 43-34-173 prior to the expiration of the two-year provisional
license period. A provisional licensee may submit an application for licensure as a licensed
clinical perfusionist once he or she has complied with all of the requirements for licensure
under Code Section 43-34-173.

(d) If a person fails to meet the requirements for licensure under Code Section 43-34-173
on or before the expiration of the two-year provisional license period, such person's
provisional license shall be automatically revoked and surrendered to the board.

2856 43-34-176.

- 2857 On receipt of an application and application fee, the board may waive the examination and 2858 educational requirements for an applicant who at the time of application:
- (1) Is appropriately licensed or certified in another state, territory, or possession whose
 requirements for the license or certificate are substantially equal to the requirements of
 this article; or
- (2) Holds a current certificate as a certified clinical perfusionist issued by the American
 Board of Cardiovascular Perfusion (ABCP) or its successor.

2864 43-34-177.

(a) A person may not engage or offer to engage in perfusion or use the title or represent
or imply that the person has the title of 'licensed clinical perfusionist' or 'provisional
licensed clinical perfusionist' or use the letters 'L.C.P.' or 'P.L.C.P.' and may not use any
facsimile of such titles in any manner to indicate or imply that the person is a licensed
clinical perfusionist or provisional licensed clinical perfusionist unless the person holds an
appropriate license issued pursuant to this article or is exempted under the provisions of
Code Section 43-34-178.

- (b) A person may not use the title or represent or imply that such person has the title
 'certified clinical perfusionist' or use the letters 'C.C.P.' and may not use any facsimile of
 such title in any manner to indicate or imply that such person is a certified clinical
 perfusionist certified by the American Board of Cardiovascular Perfusion (ABCP) unless
 the person holds a certificate as a certified clinical perfusionist issued by the American
 Board of Cardiovascular Perfusion (ABCP).
- (c) Any person who violates the provisions of subsection (a) or (b) of this Code section
- shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.
- 2880 43-34-178.
- (a) The provisions of Code Section 43-34-177 shall not apply to:
- 2882 (1) A person licensed as a physician pursuant to Article 2 of this chapter;
- (2) A person licensed under this title as a registered professional nurse or a licensed
 physician's physician assistant or certified as a respiratory care professional under this
 title if:
- (A) The person does not represent to the public, directly or indirectly, that the person
 is licensed pursuant to this article and does not use any name, title, or designation
 indicating that he or she is licensed pursuant to this article; and
- (B) The person limits his or her acts or practice to the scope of practice authorized bythe appropriate licensing agency;
- (3) Any person performing autotransfusion who possesses appropriate training and
 practices within the guidelines of the American Association of Blood Banks under the
 supervision of a perfusionist licensed under this article or a physician licensed under
 <u>Article 2 of</u> this chapter;
- (4) A student enrolled in an accredited perfusion education program if the perfusionservices performed are:
- 2897 (A) An integral part of the student's course of study; and
- (B) Performed under the direct supervision of a licensed clinical perfusionist who is
 assigned to supervise the student and is on duty and immediately available in the
 assigned patient care area;
- (5) The practice of any legally qualified perfusionist employed by the United Statesgovernment while in the discharge of his or her official duties; or
- (6) A person working as a dialysis care technician in an end stage renal disease facility
 licensed pursuant to Chapter 44 of Title 31 or a licensed hospital.
- (b) Any person violating the prohibition of subsection (a) of this Code section shall beguilty of a felony.

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2907 43-34-179. 2908 (a) The board, in consultation with the advisory committee, may: impose on a licensed 2909 clinical perfusionist or a provisional licensed clinical perfusionist any sanction authorized under subsection (b) of Code Section 43-34-8 upon a finding of any conduct specified in 2910 2911 subsection (a) of Code Section 43-34-8. 2912 (1) Refuse to grant or renew licensure to an applicant; 2913 (2) Administer a public or private reprimand, but a private reprimand shall not be 2914 disclosed to any person except the license holder; 2915 (3) Suspend the license of any license holder for a definite period or for an indefinite 2916 period in connection with any condition which may be attached to the restoration of such 2917 license; 2918 (4) Limit or restrict any license as the board deems necessary for the protection of the 2919 public; 2920 (5) Revoke any license; 2921 (6) Levy a fine; and 2922 (7) Condition any penalty or withhold formal disposition of any matter pending the 2923 applicant's or license holder's submission to such care, counseling, or treatment as the 2924 board may direct. 2925 (b) The board may take any action specified in subsection (a) of this Code section upon 2926 a finding by the board that the license holder or applicant has: 2927 (1) Failed to demonstrate the qualifications or standards for licensure contained in this 2928 article or under the laws, rules, or regulations under which licensure is sought or held. 2929 The applicant shall demonstrate to the satisfaction of the board that he or she meets all 2930 the requirements for licensure, and, if the board is not satisfied as to the applicant's 2931 qualifications, it may deny licensure without a prior hearing; provided, however, that the 2932 applicant shall be allowed to appear before the board if he or she so desires; 2933 (2) Knowingly made misleading, deceptive, untrue, or fraudulent representations in the practice of a business or profession licensed under this title or on any document 2934 2935 connected therewith; practiced fraud or deceit or intentionally made any false statement 2936 in obtaining licensure to practice a licensed business or profession; or made a false statement or deceptive registration with the board; 2937 2938 (3) Been convicted of any felony or of any crime involving moral turpitude in the courts 2939 of this state or any other state, territory, or country or in the courts of the United States. 2940 As used in this paragraph and paragraph (4) of this subsection, the term 'felony' shall 2941 include any offense which, if committed in this state, would be deemed a felony, without 2942 regard to its designation elsewhere; and as used in this paragraph, the term 'conviction'

- shall include a finding or verdict of guilty or a plea of guilty, regardless of whether an
 appeal of the conviction has been sought;
 (4) Been arrested, charged, and sentenced for the commission of any felony or any crime
 involving moral turpitude where:
- 2947 (A) A plea of nolo contendere was entered to the charge;
- 2948 (B) First offender treatment without adjudication of guilt pursuant to the charge was
 2949 granted; or
- 2950 (C) An adjudication or sentence was otherwise withheld or not entered on the charge.
 2951 The plea of nolo contendere or the order entered pursuant to the provisions of Article 3
 2952 of Chapter 8 of Title 42, relating to probation of first offenders, or other first offender
 2953 treatment shall be conclusive evidence of arrest and sentencing for such crime;
- (5) Had his or her license under this article revoked, suspended, or annulled by any
 lawful authority other than the board; had other disciplinary action taken against him or
 her by any such lawful authority other than the board; or was refused the renewal of
 licensure by any such lawful authority other than the board, pursuant to disciplinary
 proceedings;
- 2959 (6) Engaged in any unprofessional, immoral, unethical, deceptive, or deleterious conduct 2960 or practice harmful to the public, which conduct or practice materially affects the fitness 2961 of the license holder or applicant to practice a business or profession licensed under this 2962 article, or of a nature likely to jeopardize the interest of the public, which conduct or 2963 practice need not have resulted in actual injury to any person or be directly related to the 2964 practice of the licensed business or profession but shows that the license holder or 2965 applicant has committed any act or omission which is indicative of bad moral character or untrustworthiness. Unprofessional conduct shall include any departure from, or the 2966 2967 failure to conform to, the minimal standards of acceptable and prevailing practice of the 2968 business or profession licensed under this article;
- (7) Knowingly performed any act which in any way aids, assists, procures, advises, or
 encourages any unlicensed person or any license holder whose license has been
 suspended or revoked by the board to engage in any practice outside the scope of any
 disciplinary limitation placed upon the license holder by the board;
- (8) Violated, without regard to whether the violation is criminally punishable, a statute,
 law, or any rule or regulation of this state, any other state, the professional licensing
 board regulating the business or profession licensed under this article, the United States,
 or any other lawful authority, which statute, law, or rule or regulation relates to or in part
 regulates the practice of a business or profession licensed under this article, when the
 license holder or applicant knows or should know that such action is in violation of such

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2979	statute, law, or rule; or violated a lawful order of the board previously entered by the
2980	board in a disciplinary hearing, consent decree, or licensure reinstatement;
2981	(9) Been adjudged mentally incompetent by a court of competent jurisdiction inside or
2982	outside this state. Any such adjudication shall automatically suspend the license of any
2983	such person and shall prevent the reissuance or renewal of any license so suspended for
2984	as long as the adjudication of incompetence is in effect; or
2985	(10) Displayed an inability to practice a business or profession licensed under this article

- 2986 with reasonable skill and safety to the public or has become unable to practice the
- 2987 licensed business or profession with reasonable skill and safety to the public by reason
- 2988 of illness or the use of alcohol, drugs, narcotics, chemicals, or any other type of material.
- 43-34-180.

2990 The board shall appoint an advisory committee. The advisory committee shall be 2991 representative of a cross section of the cultural backgrounds of the include clinical 2992 perfusionists licensed under this article and such members as the board in its discretion 2993 may determine. Members shall receive no compensation for service on the committee. The 2994 committee shall have such advisory duties and responsibilities as the board may determine. 2995 The initial members of the advisory committee may include persons eligible for licensing 2996 under this article. Subsequent advisory Advisory committee members must be licensed 2997 pursuant to this article.

2998

ARTICLE 8

43-34-190.
This article shall be known and may be cited as the 'Orthotics and Prosthetics Practice Act.'

3001 43-34-191.

3002 The General Assembly finds that the practice of orthotics and prosthetics in this state is an 3003 allied health profession recognized by the American Medical Association, with educational 3004 standards established by the Commission on Accreditation of Allied Health Education 3005 Programs. The increasing population of elderly and physically challenged individuals who 3006 need orthotic and prosthetic services requires that the orthotic and prosthetic professions 3007 be regulated to ensure the provision of high-quality services and devices. The people of 3008 this state deserve the best care available and will benefit from the assurance of initial and 3009 ongoing professional competence of the orthotists and prosthetists practicing in this state. 3010 The practice of orthotics and prosthetics serves to improve and enhance the lives of 3011 individuals with disabilities by enabling them to resume productive lives following serious

illness, injury, or trauma. Unregulated dispensing of orthotic and prosthetic care does not
 adequately meet the needs or serve the interests of the public. In keeping with
 requirements imposed on similar health disciplines, licensure of the orthotic and prosthetic
 professions will help ensure the health and safety of consumers, as well as maximize their
 functional abilities and productivity levels. This article shall be liberally construed to best
 carry out these subjects and purposes.

3018 43-34-192.

3019 As used in this article, the term:

3020 (1) 'Assistant' means a person who assists an orthotist, prosthetist, or prosthetist orthotist
3021 with patient care services and fabrication of orthoses or prostheses under the supervision
3022 of a licensed orthotist or prosthetist.

3023 (2) 'Board' means the <u>Georgia</u> Composite <u>Medical</u> Board of State Medical Examiners
 3024 created by Code Section 43-34-21.

3025 (3) 'Custom fabricated and fitted device' means that an orthosis or prosthesis is fabricated
3026 to original measurements or a mold, or both, for use by a patient in accordance with a
3027 prescription and which requires substantial clinical and technical judgment in its design
3028 and fitting.

- 3029 (4) 'Custom fitted device' means a prefabricated orthosis or prosthesis sized; or modified,
 3030 or both, for use by a patient in accordance with a prescription and which requires
 3031 substantial clinical judgment and substantive alteration for appropriate use.
- 3032(5) 'Facility' means the business location where orthotic or prosthetic care is provided3033and which has the appropriate clinical and laboratory space and equipment to provide3034comprehensive orthotic or prosthetic care. Licensed orthotists and prosthetists must be3035available to either provide care or supervise the provision of care by nonlicensed staff.
- 3036 (6) 'Level of competence' means a hierarchical position that an individual occupies
 3037 within a field or profession relative to other practitioners in the profession.

3038 (7) 'Licensed orthotist' means a person licensed under this article to practice orthotics and
 3039 who represents himself or herself to the public by title and description of services that
 3040 includes the term 'orthotic,' 'orthotist,' 'brace,' or a similar title or description of services.

- 3041 (8) 'Licensed physician' means a person licensed to practice medicine under Article 2 of
 3042 this chapter.
- 3043 (9) 'Licensed podiatrist' means a person licensed to practice podiatry under Chapter 35
 3044 of this title, the 'Georgia Podiatry Practice Act.'

(10) 'Licensed prosthetist' means a person licensed under this article to practice
 prosthetics and who represents himself or herself to the public by title and description of

- 3047 services that includes the term 'prosthetic,' 'prosthetist,' 'artificial limb,' or a similar title
 3048 or description of services.
 3049 (11) 'Off-the-shelf device' means a prefabricated prosthesis or orthosis sized or modified,
 - 3050or both, for use by a patient in accordance with a prescription and which does not require3051substantial clinical judgment and substantive alteration for appropriate use.
 - 3052 (12) 'Orthosis' means a custom designed, fabricated, fitted, modified, or fitted and
 3053 modified device to correct, support, or compensate for a neuromusculoskeletal disorder
 3054 or acquired condition. Orthosis does not include fabric or elastic supports, corsets, arch
 3055 supports, low-temperature plastic splints, trusses, elastic hoses, canes, crutches, soft
 3056 cervical collars, dental appliances, or other similar devices that are carried in stock and
 3057 sold as over-the-counter items by a drug store, department store, corset shop, or surgical
 3058 supply facility.
 - 3059 (13) 'Orthotic and prosthetic education program' means a course of instruction accredited
 3060 by the Commission on Accreditation of Allied Health Education Programs consisting of:
 - 3061 (A) A basic curriculum of college level instruction in math, physics, biology,
 3062 chemistry, and psychology; and
 - 3063 (B) A specific curriculum in orthotic or prosthetic courses, including:
 - (i) Lectures covering pertinent anatomy, biomechanics, pathomechanics, prosthetic
 or orthotic components and materials, training and functional capabilities, prosthetic
 or orthotic performance evaluation, prescription considerations, etiology of
 amputations and disease processes necessitating prosthetic or orthotic use, and
 medical management;
 - 3069 (ii) Subject matter related to pediatric and geriatric problems;
 - 3070 (iii) Instruction in acute care techniques, such as immediate and early postsurgical
 - 3071 prosthetics and fracture bracing techniques; and
 - 3072 (iv) Lectures, demonstrations, and laboratory experiences related to the entire process
 3073 of measuring, casting, fitting, fabricating, aligning, and completing prostheses or
 3074 orthoses.
 - 3075 (14) 'Orthotic and prosthetic scope of practice' means a list that includes the role played
 3076 by an occupant of a particular level of competence, what he or she can be expected to do
 3077 and not to do, and his or her relation to others in the field. These should be based on
 3078 nationally accepted standards of orthotic and prosthetic certifying agencies with
 3079 accreditation by the National Commission for Certifying Agencies.
 - 3080 (15) 'Orthotics' means the science and practice of evaluating, measuring, designing,
 3081 fabricating, assembling, fitting, adjusting, or servicing an orthosis under an order from
 3082 a licensed physician or podiatrist for the correction or alleviation of neuromuscular or
 3083 musculoskeletal dysfunction, disease, injury, or deformity.

- 3084 (16) 'Orthotist' means an allied health professional who is specifically trained and
 3085 educated to provide or manage the provision of a custom designed, fabricated, or
 3086 modified and fitted external orthosis to an orthotic patient based on a clinical assessment
 3087 and a physician's or podiatrist's prescription to restore physiological function or cosmesis
 3088 or both and who represents himself or herself to the public by such title as providing
 3089 orthotic services.
- 3090 (17) 'Over-the-counter device' means a prefabricated, mass produced device that is
 3091 prepackaged and requires no professional advice or judgment in either size selection or
 3092 use and includes fabric or elastic supports, corsets, generic arch supports, and elastic
 3093 hoses.
- 3094 (18) 'Person' means a natural person.
- 3095 (19) 'Prosthesis' means a custom designed, fabricated, fitted, modified, or fitted and
 3096 modified device to replace an absent external limb for purposes of restoring physiological
 3097 function or cosmesis or both. Prosthesis does not include artificial eyes, ears, fingers, or
 3098 toes; dental appliances; cosmetic devices such as artificial breasts, eyelashes, or wigs; or
 3099 other devices that do not have a significant impact on the musculoskeletal functions of
 3100 the body.
- 3101 (20) 'Prosthetics' means the science and practice of evaluating, measuring, designing,
 3102 fabricating, assembling, fitting, adjusting, or servicing a prosthesis under an order from
 3103 a licensed physician or podiatrist.
- (21) 'Prosthetist' means an allied health professional who is specifically trained and
 educated to provide or manage the provision of a custom designed, fabricated, modified,
 and fitted external limb prosthesis to a prosthetic patient based on a clinical assessment
 and a physician's or podiatrist's prescription; to restore physiological function or cosmesis
 or both and who represents himself or herself to the public by such title as providing
 prosthetic services.
- 3110 (22) 'Prosthetist orthotist' means a person who practices both disciplines of prosthetics
 3111 and orthotics and who represents himself or herself to the public by such title as
 3112 providing prosthetic and orthotic services.
- 3113 (23) 'Resident' means a person who has completed an education program in either
 3114 orthotics or prosthetics and is continuing his or her clinical education in a residency
 3115 accredited by the National Commission on Orthotic and Prosthetic Education.
- 3116 (24) 'Technician' means a person who assists an orthotist, prosthetist, or prosthetist
 3117 orthotist with fabrication of orthoses or prostheses but does not provide direct patient
 3118 care.

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3119 43-34-193. 3120 This article shall not be construed to prohibit: (1) A licensed physician from engaging in the practice for which he or she is licensed; 3121 (2) A person licensed in this state under any other law from engaging in the practice for 3122 3123 which he or she is licensed; 3124 (3) The practice of orthotics or prosthetics by a person who is employed by the federal 3125 government or any bureau, division, or agency of the federal government while in the discharge of the employee's official duties; 3126 3127 (4) The practice of orthotics or prosthetics by: 3128 (A) A student enrolled in a school of orthotics or prosthetics; or (B) A resident continuing his or her clinical education in a residency accredited by the 3129 3130 National Commission on Orthotic and Prosthetic Education; 3131 (5) The practice of orthotics or prosthetics by a person who is an orthotist or prosthetist licensed under the laws of another state or territory of the United States or another 3132 3133 country and has applied in writing to the board, in a form and substance satisfactory to 3134 the board, for a license as an orthotist or prosthetist and who is qualified to receive the 3135 license until: 3136 (A) The expiration of six months after the filing of the written application; 3137 (B) The withdrawal of the application; or (C) The denial of the application by the board; 3138 (6) A person licensed by this state as a physical therapist or occupational therapist from 3139 3140 engaging in his or her profession; 3141 (7) A licensed podiatrist from engaging in his or her profession; (8) A licensed athletic trainer from engaging in his or her profession; 3142 3143 (9) A registered pharmacist from engaging in the practice for which he or she is 3144 registered; (10) Any person licensed, certified, or permitted under any other article of this chapter 3145 from engaging in the practice for which he or she is licensed, certified, or permitted; 3146 3147 (11) The measuring, molding, or fitting of knee braces by any person; (12) Employees or authorized representatives of an orthotic manufacturer from engaging 3148 in one or more of the following: evaluating, adjusting, measuring, designing, fabricating, 3149 3150 assembling, fitting, servicing, training, repairing, replacing, or delivering an orthotic device under the order, direction, or prescription of a physician or health provider 3151 operating within his or her licensed scope of practice and meeting the criteria of the Part 3152 II Policy and Procedures for Orthotics and Prosthetics Services pursuant to Title XIX of 3153 the federal Social Security Act, as amended; or 3154

- 3155 (13) A board certified pedorthist from manufacturing, fabricating, dispensing, or any
 3156 combination thereof custom foot orthotics or foot or ankle gauntlets.
- 3157 43-34-194.

An application for an original license shall be made to the board on a form prescribed thereby and shall be accompanied by the required fee, which shall not be refundable. An application shall require information that in the judgment of the board will enable it to determine the qualifications of the applicant for a license.

3162 43-34-195.

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3163 (a) To qualify for a license to practice orthotics or prosthetics, a person shall:

(1)(A) Possess a baccalaureate degree from a college or university;

- (B) Have completed the amount of formal training, including, but not limited to, any
 hours of classroom education and clinical practice, established and approved by the
 board; and
- 3168 (C) Complete a clinical residency in the professional area for which a license is sought 3169 in accordance with standards, guidelines, or procedures for residencies inside or outside 3170 this state established and approved by the board. The majority of training must be 3171 devoted to services performed in the discipline for which the license will be sought and 3172 under the supervision of a practitioner licensed in orthotics or prosthetics or a person 3173 certified as an orthotist, prosthetist, or prosthetist orthotist, provided that the 3174 certification was obtained before the date this article becomes effective; or
- 3175 (2)(A) Possess an associate's degree from a college or university with specific courses
 3176 of study in human anatomy, physiology, physics, chemistry, and biology; and
- 3177 (B) Have completed at least five years of continued work experience performed in the
 3178 discipline for which the license will be sought under the supervision of a practitioner
 3179 licensed in such discipline or certified in such discipline by an agency accredited by the
 3180 National Commission for Certifying Agencies;
- 3181 (3) Pass all written, practical, and oral examinations that are required and approved by3182 the board;
- 3183 (4) Be qualified to practice in accordance with nationally accepted standards of orthotic3184 and prosthetic care; and
 - (5) Have met such other requirements as may be prescribed by the board.
- (b) The standards and requirements for licensure established by the board shall be
 substantially equal to or in excess of standards commonly accepted in the profession of
 orthotics or prosthetics. The board shall adopt rules as necessary to set the standards and
 requirements.

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3190 (c) A person may be licensed in more than one discipline.

- 3191 43-34-196. 3192 The board, in consultation with the advisory committee, may impose on a licensed orthotist 3193 or prosthetist any sanction authorized under subsection (b) of Code Section 43-34-8 upon 3194 a finding of any conduct specified in subsection (a) of Code Section 43-34-8. shall have the 3195 power and responsibility to: 3196 (1) Determine the qualifications and fitness of applicants for licensure and renewal of 3197 licensure; 3198 (2) Adopt and revise rules consistent with the laws of this state that are necessary to conduct its business, carry out its duties, and administer this article; 3199 3200 (3) Examine for, approve, issue, deny, revoke, suspend, sanction, and renew the licenses 3201 of board applicants for licensure as licensed orthotists and prosthetists and provisional 3202 licensed orthotists and prosthetists under this article and conduct hearings in connection 3203 with these actions; 3204 (4) Conduct hearings on complaints concerning violations of this article and the rules 3205 adopted under this article and cause the prosecution and enjoinder of the violations; 3206 (5) Establish application, examination, and licensure fees; 3207 (6) Request and receive the assistance of state educational institutions or other state 3208 agencies and prepare information of consumer interest describing the regulatory functions 3209 of the board and the procedures by which consumer complaints are filed with and 3210 resolved by the board. The board shall make the information available to the public and 3211 appropriate state agencies; and 3212 (7) Establish education, examination, and continuing education requirements. 3213 43-34-197. 3214 (a) No person shall work as an assistant to an orthotist, prosthetist, or prosthetist orthotist 3215 and provide patient care services or fabrication of orthoses or prostheses unless he or she 3216 is doing the work under the supervision of a licensed orthotist, prosthetist, or prosthetist 3217 orthotist. 3218 (b) No person shall work as a technician unless the work is performed under the
- 3219 (b) The person shall work as a technician unless the work is performed under 3219 supervision of a person licensed under this article.
 - 3220 43-34-198.
 - (a) Until July 1, 2007, a person certified as an orthotist, prosthetist, or prosthetist orthotist
 by the American Board for Certification in Orthotics and Prosthetics, Incorporated or the
 Board of Orthotist/Prosthetist Certification, or holding similar certifications from other

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- accrediting bodies with equivalent educational requirements and examination standards,
 may apply for and may be granted orthotic or prosthetic licensure under this article upon
 payment of the required fee. After that date, any applicant for licensure as an orthotist or
 a prosthetist shall meet the requirements of subsection (a) of Code Section 43-34-195.
- (b) On and after July 1, 2007, no person shall practice orthotics or prosthetics in this state
 and hold himself or herself out as being able to practice such professions unless he or she
 is licensed in accordance with this article or is exempt from such licensing. A person who
 violates this subsection shall, upon conviction thereof, be guilty of a misdemeanor.
- 3232 (c) Not later than August 30, 2006, a person who has practiced full time for a minimum 3233 of the past seven years in this state in a prosthetic orthotic facility as an orthotist or 3234 prosthetist may file with the board an application and the license fee determined by the 3235 board in order to continue to practice orthotics or prosthetics without satisfaction of the 3236 examination and education requirements. The board shall investigate the work history, 3237 qualifications, and fitness of the applicant. The investigation may include, but not be 3238 limited to, completion by the applicant of a questionnaire regarding the applicant's work history and scope of practice. The board shall complete its investigation for purposes of 3239 3240 this Code section within six months of receipt of a fully completed application. If, after 3241 receipt of the application fee, a fully completed application, and the completion of the 3242 investigation, the board determines that the applicant satisfied the work history 3243 requirements of this Code section and met all other qualifications for licensure, except the 3244 examination and education requirements, the board shall issue a license to practice orthotics or prosthetics. A license issued to a person under this subsection shall not be 3245 3246 renewed without compliance with the requirements of Code Section 43-34-195.
- 3247 43-34-199.

A licensed orthotist may provide care or services only if the care or services are provided pursuant to an order from a licensed physician or podiatrist. A licensed prosthetist may provide care or services only if the care or services are provided pursuant to an order from a licensed physician or podiatrist.

3252 43-34-200.

(a) The expiration date and renewal period for each license issued under this article shall
be set by the board. A license shall be valid for a period of up to two years and shall be
renewed biennially as provided by rule of the board. The board shall establish continuing
education requirements for the renewal of a license. These requirements shall be based on
established standards of competence in the field of orthotics or prosthetics.

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- 3258 (b) A person who has permitted his or her license to expire or who has had his or her3259 license on inactive status may have his or her license restored by:
- 3260 (1) Making application to the board;
- 3261 (2) Filing proof acceptable to the board of his or her fitness to have his or her license
 3262 restored including, but not limited to, sworn evidence certifying to active practice in
 3263 another jurisdiction satisfactory to the board; and
- 3264 (3) Paying the required restoration fee.

3265 If the person has not maintained an active practice in another jurisdiction satisfactory to the 3266 board, the board shall determine, by an evaluation program established by rule, such 3267 person's fitness to resume active status and may require the person to complete a period of 3268 evaluated clinical experience and successful completion of an examination.

- 3269 (c) A person whose license expired while he or she was:
- (1) In federal service on active duty within the armed forces of the United States or withthe state militia and called into service or training; or
- 3272 (2) In training or education under the supervision of the United States preliminary to3273 induction into military service
- may have his or her license renewed or restored without paying a lapsed renewal fee if, within two years after termination from the service, training, or education except under conditions other than honorable, he or she furnishes the board with satisfactory evidence that he or she has been so engaged and that his or her service, training, or education has been terminated.
- 3279 43-34-201.

A person who notifies the board on forms prescribed thereby may elect to place his or her license on an inactive status and shall, subject to rules of the board, be excused from payment of renewal fees until he or she notifies the board of his or her desire to resume active status. A person requesting restoration from inactive status shall be required to pay the current renewal fee and shall be required to restore his or her license as provided in Code Section 43-34-200. An orthotist or prosthetist whose license is on inactive status shall not practice orthotics or prosthetics in this state.

- *43-34-202.*
- The board may, at its discretion, license as an orthotist or prosthetist, without examination and on payment of the required fee, an applicant who is an orthotist or prosthetist and is: (1) Licensed under the laws of another state, territory, or country, if the requirements for licensure in that state, territory, or country in which the applicant is licensed were, at the

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date of his or her licensure, equal to or more stringent than the requirements in force in
this state on that date; or
(2) Certified as an orthotist or prosthetist by a national certifying organization that is
accredited by the National Commission for Certifying Agencies and has educational and

testing standards equal to or more stringent than the licensing requirements of this state.

- 3297 43-34-203.
- 3298 (a) The board, in consultation with the advisory committee, may:
- 3299 (1) Refuse to grant or renew a license to an applicant;
- 3300 (2) Administer a public or private reprimand, but a private reprimand shall not be
 3301 disclosed to any person except the licensee;
- 3302 (3) Suspend any license for a definite period or for an indefinite period in connection
 3303 with any condition which may be attached to the restoration of said license;
- 3304 (4) Limit or restrict any license as the board deems necessary for the protection of the
 3305 public;
- 3306 (5) Revoke any license;
- 3307 (6) Levy a fine; and
- 3308 (7) Condition any penalty or withhold formal disposition of any matter pending the
 3309 applicant's or licensee's submission to such care, counseling, or treatment as the board
 3310 may direct.
- 3311 (b) The board may take any action specified in subsection (a) of this Code section upon
 3312 a finding by the board that the licensee or applicant has:
- 3313 (1) Failed to demonstrate the qualifications or standards for licensure contained in this
 article, or under the laws, rules, or regulations under which licensure is sought or held;
 it shall be incumbent upon the applicant to demonstrate to the satisfaction of the board
 that he or she meets all the requirements for issuance of a license, and, if the board is not
 satisfied as to the applicant's qualifications, it may deny a license without a prior hearing;
 provided, however, that the applicant shall be allowed to appear before the board if he or
 she so desires;
- 3320 (2) Knowingly made misleading, deceptive, untrue, or fraudulent representations in the
 3321 practice of a business or profession licensed under this title or on any document
 3322 connected therewith, practiced fraud or deceit or intentionally made any false statement
 3323 in obtaining certification to practice a licensed business or profession, or made a false
 3324 statement or deceptive registration with the board;
- 3325 (3) Been convicted of any felony or of any crime involving moral turpitude in the courts
 3326 of this state or any other state, territory, or country or in the courts of the United States.
 3327 As used in this paragraph and paragraph (4) of this subsection, the term 'felony' shall

- include any offense which, if committed in this state, would be deemed a felony, without
 regard to its designation elsewhere; and, as used in this paragraph, the term 'conviction'
 shall include a finding or verdict of guilty or a plea of guilty, regardless of whether an
 appeal of the conviction has been sought;
- 3332 (4) Been arrested, charged, and sentenced for the commission of any felony or any crime
 3333 involving moral turpitude where:
- 3334 (A) A plea of nolo contendere was entered to the charge;
- 3335 (B) First offender treatment without adjudication of guilt pursuant to the charge was
 3336 granted; or
- 3337 (C) An adjudication or sentence was otherwise withheld or not entered on the charge.
 3338 The plea of nolo contendere or the order entered pursuant to the provisions of Article 3
 3339 of Chapter 8 of Title 42, relating to probation of first offenders, or other first offender
 3340 treatment shall be conclusive evidence of arrest and sentencing for such crime;
- 3341 (5) Had his or her license under this article revoked, suspended, or annulled by any
 3342 lawful authority other than the board; or had other disciplinary action taken against him
 3343 or her by any such lawful authority other than the board; or was refused the renewal of
 a license by any such lawful authority other than the board, pursuant to disciplinary
 3345 proceedings;
- 3346 (6) Engaged in any unprofessional, immoral, unethical, deceptive, or deleterious conduct 3347 or practice harmful to the public, which conduct or practice materially affects the fitness 3348 of the licensee or applicant to practice a business or profession licensed under this article, 3349 or of a nature likely to jeopardize the interest of the public, which conduct or practice 3350 need not have resulted in actual injury to any person or be directly related to the practice of the licensed business or profession but shows that the licensee or applicant has 3351 3352 committed any act or omission which is indicative of bad moral character or 3353 untrustworthiness. Unprofessional conduct shall include any departure from, or the 3354 failure to conform to, the minimal standards of acceptable and prevailing practice of the business or profession licensed under this article; 3355
- 3356 (7) Knowingly performed any act which in any way aids, assists, procures, advises, or
 3357 encourages any unlicensed person or any licensee whose license has been suspended or
 3358 revoked by the board to engage in any practice outside the scope of any disciplinary
 3359 limitation placed upon the licensee by the board;
- 3360 (8) Violated, without regard to whether the violation is criminally punishable, a statute,
 3361 law, or any rule or regulation of this state, any other state, the professional licensing
 3362 board regulating the business or profession licensed under this title, the United States, or
 3363 any other lawful authority, which statute, law, or rule or regulation relates to or in part
 3364 regulates the practice of a business or profession licensed under this article, when the

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- licensee or applicant knows or should know that such action is violative of such statute,
 law, or rule; or violated a lawful order of the board previously entered by the board in a
 disciplinary hearing, consent decree, or license reinstatement;
 Been adjudged mentally incompetent by a court of competent jurisdiction inside or
 outside this state. Any such adjudication shall automatically suspend the license of any
 such person and shall prevent the reissuance of renewal of any license so suspended for
- 3371 as long as the adjudication of incompetence is in effect; or
- 3372 (10) Displayed any inability to practice a business or profession licensed under this
- 3373 article with reasonable skill and safety to the public or has become unable to practice the
- 3374 licensed business or profession with reasonable skill and safety to the public by reason
 3375 of illness or use of alcohol, drugs, narcotics, chemicals, or any other type of material.
- 3376 <u>43-34-204</u> <u>43-34-203</u>.

The board shall appoint the advisory committee. The advisory committee shall be 3377 3378 representative of a cross section of the cultural backgrounds of the include licensed 3379 orthotists and prosthetists licensed under this article and such members as the board in its discretion may determine. Members shall receive no compensation for service on the 3380 3381 committee. The committee shall have such advisory duties and responsibilities as the 3382 board may determine. The initial members of the advisory committee may include persons eligible for licensing under this article. Subsequent advisory committee members must be 3383 3384 licensed pursuant to this article.

3385

ARTICLE 9

- **3386 43-34-240**.
- 3387 This article shall be known and may be cited as the 'Georgia Cosmetic Laser Services Act.'
- 3388 43-34-241.

3389 This article is enacted for the purpose of safeguarding the public health, safety, and welfare 3390 by providing for state administrative control, supervision, and regulation of the practice of 3391 providing cosmetic laser services. It is the intention of the General Assembly that cosmetic 3392 laser services be made available and affordable to the people of this state in a safe, reliable 3393 manner. Unregulated cosmetic laser services do not adequately meet the needs or serve the 3394 interests of the public. Licensure of those performing cosmetic laser services and required 3395 education and training of such practitioners will help ensure the health and safety of 3396 consumers. The practice of providing cosmetic laser services is declared to be affected

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with the public interest; and this article shall be liberally construed so as to accomplish thepurpose stated in this Code section.

43-34-242.

3400 As used in this article, the term:

- 3401 (1) 'Board' means the Composite State Board of Medical Examiners Georgia Composite
 3402 <u>Medical Board</u> created by Code Section 43-34-21 <u>43-34-2</u>.
- 3403 (2) 'Consulting physician' means a person licensed to practice medicine under this3404 chapter and:

3405 (A) Whose principal place of practice is within this state; or

- (B) Whose principal place of practice is outside this state but is within 50 miles from
 the facility with whom he or she has an agreement to provide services in accordance
 with Code Section 43-34-248.
- 3409 (3) 'Consumer' means a person on whom cosmetic laser services are or are to be3410 performed.
- 3411 (4) 'Cosmetic laser practitioner' means a person licensed under this article to provide
 3412 cosmetic laser services as defined in this article and whose license is in good standing.
- 3413 (5) 'Cosmetic laser services' means nonablative elective cosmetic light based skin, photo
 3414 rejuvenation, or hair removal using lasers and pulsed light devices approved by the
 3415 United States Food and Drug Administration for noninvasive procedures. Such services
 3416 and the provision thereof shall not be considered to be the practice of medicine.
- 3417 (6) 'Facility' means any location, place, area, structure, office, institution, or business or
 3418 a part thereof in which is performed or provided cosmetic laser services regardless of
 3419 whether a fee is charged for such services.
- 3420 (7) 'License' means a valid and current certificate of registration issued by the board
 3421 which shall give the person to whom it is issued authority to engage in the practice
 3422 prescribed thereon.
- 3423 (8) 'Licensee' means any person holding a license under this article.
- 3424 (9) 'Medical practitioner' means a registered professional nurse, licensed practical nurse,
 3425 nurse practitioner, physician's physician assistant, or physician.
- 3426 (10) 'Nurse' means a registered professional nurse, licensed practical nurse, or nurse
 3427 practitioner.
- 3428 (11) 'Person' means a natural person.
- 3429 43-34-243.
- 3430 This article shall not be construed to prohibit:
- 3431 (1) A licensed physician from engaging in the practice for which he or she is licensed;

- 3432 (2) A licensed physician's physician assistant from engaging in the practice for which he 3433 or she is licensed; 3434 (3) A person licensed by this state as a registered professional nurse, licensed practical 3435 nurse, or nurse practitioner from engaging in his or her profession; (4) A licensed esthetician from engaging in his or her profession; 3436 3437 (5) A master cosmetologist from engaging in his or her profession; 3438 (6) Any person licensed under any other article of this chapter from engaging in the 3439 practice for which he or she is licensed; 3440 (7) A person licensed in this state under any other law from engaging in the practice for 3441 which he or she is licensed: (8) The practice of providing cosmetic laser services by a person who is employed by the 3442 3443 federal government or any bureau, division, or agency of the federal government while 3444 in the discharge of the employee's official duties; (9) The practice of providing cosmetic laser services by a student enrolled in an 3445 3446 accredited school of nursing or medical school as part of his or her training; or (10) Employees or authorized representatives of a manufacturer of a laser used for 3447 cosmetic laser services from engaging in one or more of the following: evaluating, 3448 3449 adjusting, measuring, designing, fabricating, assembling, fitting, servicing, training, 3450 repairing, replacing, or delivering a laser used to provide cosmetic laser services under the order, direction, or prescription of a physician or health provider operating within his 3451
- 3452 or her licensed scope of practice.
- 3453 43-34-244.
- (a) There shall be two levels of a license for a cosmetic laser practitioner: assistant laser
 practitioner and senior laser practitioner.
- 3456 (b) Any person desiring to obtain a license as a cosmetic laser practitioner under the terms3457 of this article shall make application to the board as follows:
- 3458 (1) An applicant for an 'assistant laser practitioner' license shall present proof that he or3459 she:
- (A) Holds a current valid license or certificate of registration as a physician's physician
 assistant, nurse, esthetician, or master cosmetologist, or has previously held a license
 or certificate of registration as a medical practitioner; and
- 3463 (B) Has received at least three laser certificates from attending laser/intense pulsed
 3464 light (IPL) courses as approved by the board, directly taught by a licensed physician or
 3465 certified continuing medical education or continuing education educator.
- 3466If, after review of the application, it is determined that the applicant is at least 21 years3467of age; has met the minimum educational requirements; is of good moral character; and

- is possessed of the requisite skill to perform properly cosmetic laser services, a license
 shall be issued to the applicant entitling the applicant to practice the occupation of
 cosmetic laser practitioner at the assistant laser practitioner level under the direct
 supervision of a senior laser practitioner.
- 3472 (2) An applicant for a 'senior laser practitioner' license shall present proof that he or she:
 3473 (A) Holds a current valid license or certificate of registration as a physician's physician
 3474 assistant or nurse or has previously held a license or certificate of registration as a
 3475 medical practitioner;
- 3476 (B) Has at least three years of clinical or technological medical experience, or both;
- 3477 (C) Has been or was licensed or nationally board certified as a medical practitioner for3478 at least three years; and
- 3479 (D) Has received at least two laser certificates from attending laser/intense pulsed light
 3480 (IPL) continuing medical education courses as approved by the board, directly taught
 3481 by a licensed physician or certified continuing medical education or continuing
 3482 education educator.
- 3483 If, after review of the application, it is determined that the applicant is at least 21 years 3484 of age; has met the minimum educational and clinical training requirements to perform 3485 cosmetic laser services with indirect supervision; is of good moral character; and is 3486 possessed of the requisite skill to perform properly these services, a license shall be 3487 issued to the applicant entitling the applicant to practice the occupation of cosmetic laser 3488 practitioner at the senior laser practitioner level pursuant to the protocols of a consulting 3489 physician.
- 3490 (c) The board shall be authorized to waive any education requirements under this Code
 3491 section in cases of hardship, disability, or illness or under such other circumstances as the
 3492 board deems appropriate with respect to any applicant who has practiced as a cosmetic
 3493 laser practitioner prior to July 1, 2007.
- 3494 (d) Should an applicant have a current cosmetic laser practitioner license or certificate of 3495 registration in force from another state, country, territory of the United States, or the 3496 District of Columbia, where similar reciprocity is extended to this state and licensure 3497 requirements are substantially equal to those in this state, and have paid a fee and have submitted an application, the applicant may be issued a license at the appropriate level 3498 3499 entitling him or her to practice the occupation of a cosmetic laser practitioner at that level, 3500 unless the board, in its discretion, sees fit to require a written or a practical examination 3501 subject to the terms and provisions of this article. The board shall be authorized to waive 3502 any education or experience requirements applicable to any person who holds a current 3503 license or certificate to practice as a cosmetic laser practitioner outside of this state and 3504 who desires to obtain a license at a level authorized under this Code section to practice as

a cosmetic laser practitioner in this state in cases of hardship, disability, or illness or under
 such other circumstances as the board deems appropriate.

3507 43-34-245.

(a) All licenses shall expire biennially unless renewed. All applications for renewal of a 3508 3509 license shall be filed with the board prior to the expiration date, accompanied by the 3510 biennial renewal fee prescribed by the board. A license which has expired for failure of 3511 the holder to renew may only be restored after application and payment of the prescribed 3512 restoration fee within the time period established by the board and provided the applicant 3513 meets such requirements as the board may establish by rule. Any license which has not 3514 been restored within such period following its expiration may not be renewed, restored, or 3515 reissued thereafter. The holder of such a canceled license may apply for and obtain a valid 3516 license only upon compliance with all relevant requirements for issuance of a new license. 3517 (b) As a condition of license renewal, the board shall require licensees to provide proof, 3518 in a form approved by the board, of a minimum of five hours of continuing education 3519 courses as approved by the board in the area of cosmetic laser services, equipment safety and operation, procedures, and relative skin modalities, directly taught by a licensed 3520 3521 physician or certified continuing medical education or continuing education educator.

3522 43-34-246.

(a) The board shall have authority to refuse to grant or restore a license to an applicant or
 to discipline a cosmetic laser practitioner under this article upon a finding by the board that
 the licensee or applicant has: may impose on a cosmetic laser practioner or applicant any
 sanction authorized under subsection (b) of Code Section 43-34-8 upon a finding of any
 conduct specified in subsection (a) of Code Section 43-34-8.

- 3528 (1) Displayed an inability or has become unable to practice as a cosmetic laser
 3529 practitioner with reasonable skill and safety to consumers by reason of illness, use of
 alcohol, drugs, narcotics, chemicals, or any other type of material, or as a result of any
 3531 mental or physical condition:
- 3532 (A) In enforcing this paragraph the board may, upon reasonable grounds, require a 3533 licensee or applicant to submit to a mental or physical examination by an appropriate 3534 practitioner of the healing arts designated by the board. The expense of such mental or 3535 physical examination shall be borne by the licensee or applicant. The results of such examination shall be admissible in any hearing before the board, notwithstanding any 3536 3537 claim of privilege under a contrary rule of law or statute, including, but not limited to, Code Section 24-9-21. Every person who shall accept the privilege of practicing 3538 3539 cosmetic laser services in this state or who shall file an application for a license to

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3540 provide cosmetic laser services in this state shall be deemed to have given his or her consent to submit to such mental or physical examination and to have waived all 3541 3542 objections to the admissibility of the results in any hearing before the board upon the 3543 grounds that the same constitutes a privileged communication. If a licensee or 3544 applicant fails to submit to such an examination when properly directed to do so by the 3545 board, unless such failure was due to circumstances beyond his or her control, the board 3546 may enter a final order upon proper notice, hearing, and proof of such refusal. Any licensee or applicant who is prohibited from practicing cosmetic laser services under 3547 3548 this paragraph shall at reasonable intervals be afforded an opportunity to demonstrate to the board that he or she can resume or begin the practice of cosmetic laser 3549 practitioner with reasonable skill and safety to consumers; 3550

3551 (B) For the purposes of this paragraph, the board may, upon reasonable grounds, obtain any and all records relating to the mental or physical condition of a licensee or 3552 3553 applicant, including psychiatric records; and such records shall be admissible in any hearing before the board, notwithstanding any privilege under a contrary rule of law or 3554 3555 statute, including, but not limited to, Code Section 24-9-21. Every person who shall 3556 accept the privilege of practicing as a cosmetic laser practitioner in this state or who 3557 shall file an application to practice cosmetic laser services in this state shall be deemed 3558 to have given his or her consent to the board's obtaining any such records and to have 3559 waived all objections to the admissibility of such records in any hearing before the 3560 board upon the grounds that the same constitute a privileged communication; and

3561 (C) If any licensee or applicant could, in the absence of this paragraph, invoke a 3562 privilege to prevent the disclosure of the results of the examination provided for in 3563 subparagraph (A) of this paragraph or the records relating to the mental or physical 3564 condition of such licensee or applicant obtained pursuant to subparagraph (B) of this 3565 paragraph, all such information shall be received by the board in camera and shall not 3566 be disclosed to the public, nor shall any part of the record containing such information 3567 be used against any licensee or applicant in any other type of proceeding;

3568 (2) Been convicted of a felony or crime involving moral turpitude in the courts of this 3569 state, the United States, or the conviction of an offense in another jurisdiction which if 3570 committed in this state would be deemed a felony. For the purpose of this Code section, 3571 a 'conviction' shall include a finding or verdict of guilty, a plea of guilty, or a plea of nolo 3572 contendere in a criminal proceeding regardless of whether the adjudication of guilt or 3573 sentence is withheld or not entered thereon pursuant to the provisions of Code Sections 3574 42-8-60 through 42-8-64, relating to first offenders, or any comparable rule or statute; 3575 (3) Knowingly made misleading, deceptive, untrue, or fraudulent representations to a 3576 consumer or other person or entity in connection with the practice of providing cosmetic

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- laser services or in any document connected therewith; practiced fraud or deceit or
 intentionally made any false statement in obtaining or attempting to obtain a license to
 practice cosmetic laser services or as a cosmetic laser practitioner; or made a false or
 deceptive biennial registration with the board;
- 3581 (4) Has had a license or certificate of registration as a medical practitioner revoked,
 3582 suspended, or denied;
- 3583 (5) Practiced cosmetic laser services contrary to this article or to the rules and regulations
 of the board; knowingly aided, assisted, procured, or advised any person to provide
 cosmetic laser services contrary to this article or to the rules and regulations of the board;
 or knowingly performed any act which in any way aids, assists, procures, advises, or
 encourages any unlicensed person to provide cosmetic laser services;
- 3588 (6) Engaged in any unprofessional, unethical, deceptive, or deleterious conduct or
 3589 practice harmful to the public, which conduct or practice need not have resulted in actual
 injury to any person, as determined as a result of an investigation initiated upon the
 board's own motion or as a result of a sworn written request for investigation, by or on
 behalf of a consumer, of an act or acts which occurred within three years of such
 initiation or request; or
- 3594 (7) Failed to report to the board any act or omission of a licensee or applicant or any
 3595 other person which violates the provisions of this article.
- 3596 (b)(1) When the board finds that any person is unqualified to be granted a license or
 3597 finds that any person should be disciplined pursuant to subsection (a) of this Code
 3598 section, the board may take any one or more of the following actions:

3599 (A) Refuse to grant or restore a license to an applicant;

- 3600 (B) Administer a public or private reprimand, but a private reprimand shall not be
- 3601 disclosed to any person except the licensee;
- 3602 (C) Suspend any license for a definite period;
- 3603 (D) Limit or restrict any license;
- 3604 (E) Revoke any license;
- 3605 (F) Condition the penalty or withhold formal disposition, upon the cosmetic laser
 3606 practitioner's submission to the care, counseling, or treatment of physicians or other
 3607 professional persons, and the completion of such care, counseling, or treatment, as
 3608 directed by the board; or
- 3609 (G) Impose a fine not to exceed \$500.00 for each violation of law, rule, or regulation
 3610 of the board.
- 3611 (2) In addition to or in conjunction with the actions enumerated pursuant to paragraph (1)
- 3612 of this subsection the board may make a finding adverse to the licensee or applicant but
- 3613 withhold imposition of judgment and penalty, or it may impose the judgment and penalty

- 3614but suspend enforcement thereof and place the licensee or applicant on probation, which3615probation may be vacated upon noncompliance with such reasonable terms as the board3616may impose.
- 3617 (c) In its discretion, the board may restore and reissue a license issued under this article
 3618 and, as a condition thereof, it may impose any disciplinary or corrective measure provided
 3619 in this article.
- 3620 (d) A person, firm, corporation, association, authority, or other entity shall be immune 3621 from civil and criminal liability for reporting the acts or omissions of a licensee or 3622 applicant which violate the provisions of subsection (a) of this Code section or any other 3623 provision of law relating to a licensee's or applicant's fitness to practice as a cosmetic laser practitioner, if such report is made in good faith without fraud or malice. Any person who 3624 3625 testifies without fraud or malice before the board in any proceeding involving a violation 3626 of the provisions of subsection (a) of this Code section or any other law relating to a 3627 licensee's or applicant's fitness to practice as a cosmetic laser practitioner shall be immune 3628 from civil and criminal liability for so testifying.
- 3629 43-34-247.
- 3630 The practice of providing cosmetic laser services is declared to be an activity affecting the 3631 public interest and involving the health, safety, and welfare of the public. Such practice 3632 when engaged in by a person who is not licensed as a cosmetic laser practitioner or 3633 otherwise licensed to practice a profession which is permitted under law to perform 3634 cosmetic laser services is declared to be harmful to the public health, safety, and welfare. 3635 The board or the district attorney of the circuit where such unlicensed practice exists, or 3636 any person or organization having an interest therein, may bring a petition to restrain and 3637 enjoin such unlicensed practice in the superior court of the county where such unlicensed 3638 person resides. It shall not be necessary in order to obtain an injunction under this Code 3639 section to allege or prove that there is no adequate remedy at law, or to allege or prove any 3640 special injury.
- 3641 43-34-248.
- Any facility providing cosmetic laser services shall have an agreement with a consultingphysician who shall:
- 3644 (1) Be trained in laser modalities;
- 3645 (2) Establish proper protocols for the cosmetic laser services provided at the facility and
 3646 file such protocols with the board; and
- 3647 (3) Be available for emergency consultation with the cosmetic laser practitioner or3648 anyone employed by the facility.

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3649 43-34-249.

- (a) Prior to receiving cosmetic laser services from a cosmetic laser practitioner, a person
 must consent in writing to such services and shall be informed in writing of the general
 terms of the following:
- 3653 (1) The nature and purpose of such proposed procedure;
- 3654 (2) Any material risks generally recognized and associated with the cosmetic laser 3655 service to be performed which, if disclosed to a reasonably prudent person in the 3656 customer's position, could reasonably be expected to cause such prudent person to decline 3657 such proposed cosmetic laser services on the basis of the material risk of injury that could 3658 result from such proposed services;
- 3659 (3) The type of license the individual who will be performing the cosmetic laser service3660 has obtained; and
- 3661 (4) The steps to be followed after the cosmetic laser service is performed in the event of3662 any complications.
- (b) It shall be the responsibility of the cosmetic laser practitioner to ensure that the
 information required by subsection (a) of this Code section is disclosed and that the consent
 provided for in this Code section is obtained.
- 3666 (c) Where the consumer is under 18 years of age, the consent of the consumer's parent or3667 legal guardian shall be required.
- 3668 (d) The board shall be required to adopt and have the authority to promulgate rules and
 3669 regulations governing and establishing the standards necessary to implement this Code
 3670 section specifically including but not limited to the disciplining of a cosmetic laser
 3671 practitioner who fails to comply with this Code section.
- (e) Nothing in this Code section shall prohibit the information provided for in this Code
 section from being disclosed through the use of video tapes, audio tapes, pamphlets,
 booklets, or other means of communication or through conversations with the cosmetic
 laser practitioner; provided, however, that such information is also provided in writing and
 attached to the consent form which the consumer signs.
- **3677 43-34-250**.
- The board shall appoint an advisory committee. The advisory committee shall be representative of a cross section of the cultural backgrounds, to the extent practical, of the include licensed cosmetic laser practitioners licensed under this article and such members as the board in its discretion may determine. Members shall receive no compensation for service on the committee. The committee shall have such advisory duties and responsibilities as the board may determine, including but not limited to consulting with the board on the issuance, denial, suspension, and revocation of licenses and the

promulgation of rules and regulations under this article. The initial members of the advisory committee may include persons eligible for licensing under this article. Subsequent advisory committee members must be licensed pursuant to this article.

3688 43-34-251.

(a) It shall be unlawful for any person licensed as a cosmetic laser practitioner to perform
cosmetic laser services within any area within one inch of the nearest part of the eye socket
of any consumer.

3692 (b) It shall be unlawful for any person licensed as a cosmetic laser practitioner to3693 administer any pharmaceutical agent or other substance by injection.

3694 43-34-252.

3695 Any person who owns a facility in which cosmetic laser services are offered or performed 3696 in noncompliance with the requirements of this article shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

3697 43-34-253.

3698 Any person convicted of violating any provision of this article shall be guilty of a 3699 misdemeanor."

- 3700 **SECTION 2.** 3701 The following Code sections of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated are amended by 3702 replacing "Composite State Board of Medical Examiners" or "Composite State Board of 3703 Medical Examiners of Georgia" wherever either occurs with "Georgia Composite Medical 3704 Board": 3705 (1) Code Section 20-3-476, relating to the authorization and administration of loan 3706 programs for attendance at the college of osteopathic medicine; 3707 (2) Code Section 20-3-512, relating to medical student loans and scholarships; 3708 (3) Code Section 20-3-513, relating to the State Medical Education Board and student 3709 loans and scholarships; (4) Code Section 31-9-6.1, relating to the disclosure of information to persons 3710 3711 undergoing certain surgical or diagnostic procedures; (5) Code Section 31-9A-6.1, relating to civil and professional penalties for violation of 3712 3713 the Woman's Right to Know Act; 3714 (6) Code Section 31-11-81, relating to definitions regarding emergency services;
- 3715 (7) Code Section 31-34-4, relating to loan applicant qualifications;
- 3716 (8) Code Section 31-38-2, relating to certain exemptions to Chapter 38 of Title 31;

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3717	(9) Code Section 33-3-27, relating to the reports of awards under medical malpractice
3718	insurance policies;
3719	(10) Code Section 33-20B-2, relating to definitions regarding rural health care access;
3720	(11) Code Section 34-9-1, relating to definitions regarding workers' compensation;
3721	(12) Code Section 43-5-13, relating to certain exemptions to the operation of Chapter 5
3722	of Title 43;
3723	(13) Code Section 43-34A-2, relating to definitions regarding a patient's rights;
3724	(14) Code Section 43-34A-3, relating to physician profiles and the dissemination of such
3725	profiles to the public;
3726	(15) Code Section 43-34A-6, relating to a patient's right to file a grievance with the state
3727	board; and
3728	(16) Code Section 43-35-3, relating to definitions regarding the practice of podiatry.
3729	SECTION 3.
3730	The following Code sections of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated are amended by
3731	replacing "physician's assistant" and "physician's assistants" wherever either occurs with
3732	"physician assistant" and "physician assistants", respectively:
3733	(1) Code Section 20-2-774, relating to self-administration of asthma medication by a
3734	public school student;
3735	(2) Code Section 24-9-67.1, relating to expert opinion testimony in civil actions;
3736	(3) Code Section 26-4-80, relating to dispensing prescription drugs;
3737	(4) Code Section 31-7-16, relating to determination or pronouncement of death of patient
3738	in a nursing home;
3739	(5) Code Section 31-9-6.1, relating to disclosure of certain information to persons
3740	undergoing certain surgical or diagnostic procedures;
3741	(6) Code Section 31-9A-2, relating to definitions relative to the "Woman's Right to
3742	Know Act";
3743	(7) Code Section 31-11-60.1, relating to a program for physician control over emergency
3744	medical services to nonhospital patients;
3745	(8) Code Section 31-22-9.1, relating to who may perform HIV tests;
3746	(9) Code Section 33-20A-3, relating to definitions relative to the "Patient Protection Act
3747	of 1996";
3748	(10) Code Section 33-24-58.2, relating to minimum health benefit policy coverage for
3749	newborn babies and their mothers;
3750	(11) Code Section 33-24-72, relating to health benefit policy requirements under the
3751	"Breast Cancer Patient Care Act";
3752	(12) Code Section 34-9-415, relating to testing in drug-free workplace programs;

- (13) Code Section 40-6-392, relating to chemical tests for alcohol or drugs in blood for
 driving under the influence of alcohol, drugs, or other intoxicating substances;
 (14) Code Section 42-4-70, relating to definitions relative to deductions from inmate
 accounts for expenses;
 (15) Code Section 42-5-55, relating to deductions from inmate accounts for payment of
 certain damages and medical costs;
- 3759 (16) Code Section 43-1-28, relating to the "Georgia Volunteers in Health Care
 3760 Specialties Act"; and
- 3761 (17) Code Section 51-2-5.1, relating to relationship between hospital and health care
 3762 provider prerequisite to liability.

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SECTION 4.

Article 2 of Chapter 13 of Title 16 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to the
 regulation of controlled substances, is amended by revising paragraph (23) of Code Section
 16-13-21, relating to definitions regarding the regulation of controlled substances, as follows:

3767 "(23) 'Practitioner' means:

- (A) A physician, dentist, pharmacist, podiatrist, veterinarian, scientific investigator, or
 other person licensed, registered, or otherwise authorized under the laws of this state
 to distribute, dispense, conduct research with respect to, or to administer a controlled
 substance in the course of professional practice or research in this state;
- (B) A pharmacy, hospital, or other institution licensed, registered, or otherwise
 authorized by law to distribute, dispense, conduct research with respect to, or to
 administer a controlled substance in the course of professional practice or research in
 this state;
- 3776 (C) An advanced practice registered nurse acting pursuant to the authority of Code Section 43-34-26.3 43-34-25. For purposes of this chapter and Code Section 3777 43-34-26.3 <u>43-34-25</u>, an advanced practice registered nurse is authorized to register 3778 with the federal Drug Enforcement Administration and appropriate state authorities; or 3779 3780 (D) A physician's physician assistant acting pursuant to the authority of subsection (e.1) of Code Section 43-34-103. For purposes of this chapter and subsection (e.1) of 3781 Code Section 43-34-103, a physician's physician assistant is authorized to register with 3782 the federal Drug Enforcement Administration and appropriate state authorities." 3783

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SECTION 5.

Article 3 of Chapter 13 of Title 16 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to
dangerous drugs, is amended by revising paragraph (4.1) of Code Section 16-13-72, relating
to the sale, distribution, or possession of dangerous drugs, as follows:

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3788 "(4.1) A physician in conformity with Code Section 43-34-26.1 43-34-23 may delegate
3789 to a nurse or a physician's physician assistant the authority to possess vaccines and such
3790 other drugs as specified by the physician for adverse reactions to those vaccines, and a
anurse or physician's physician assistant may possess such drugs pursuant to that
delegation; provided, however, that nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to restrict
any authority of nurses or physician's physician assistants existing under other provisions
of law;"

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SECTION 6.

- Article 3 of Chapter 4 of Title 26 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to the
 practice of pharmacy, is amended by revising Code Section 26-4-50, relating to certification
 for drug therapy modification, as follows:
- 3799 "26-4-50.
- (a) No pharmacist shall be authorized to modify drug therapy pursuant to Code Section
 43-34-26.2 43-34-24 unless that pharmacist:
- 3802 (1) Is licensed to practice as a pharmacist in this state;
- 3803 (2) Has successfully completed a course of study regarding modification of drug therapy3804 and approved by the board;
- 3805 (3) Annually successfully completes a continuing education program regarding
 3806 modification of drug therapy and approved by the board; and
- 3807 (4) Is certified by the board as meeting the requirements of paragraphs (1) through (3)3808 of this subsection.
- (b) Nothing in this Code section shall be construed to expand or change any existing
 authority for a pharmacist to substitute drugs."

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SECTION 7.

- Article 5 of Chapter 4 of Title 26 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to
 prescription drugs, is amended by revising paragraph (3) of subsection (d) of Code Section
 26-4-85, relating to patient counseling and optimizing drug therapy, as follows:
- 3815 "(3) Patients receiving drugs from the Department of Human Resources Division of
 3816 Public Health; provided, however, that pharmacists who provide drugs to patients in
 3817 accordance with Code Section 43-34-26.1 43-34-23 shall include in all dispensing
 3818 procedures a written process whereby the patient or the caregiver of the patient is
 3819 provided with the information required under this Code section."

09 HB509/SCSFA/1 3820 **SECTION 8.** 3821 Article 7 of Chapter 4 of Title 26 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to 3822 practitioners of the healing arts, is amended by revising subsection (b) of Code Section 3823 26-4-130, relating to the regulation of dispensing drugs, as follows: 3824 (b) The other provisions of this chapter and Article 3 of Chapter 13 of Title 16 shall not 3825 apply to practitioners of the healing arts prescribing or compounding their own 3826 prescriptions and dispensing drugs except as provided in this Code section. Nor shall such 3827 provisions prohibit the administration of drugs by a practitioner of the healing arts or any 3828 person under the supervision of such practitioner or by the direction of such practitioner 3829 except as provided in this Code section. Any term used in this subsection and defined in 3830 Code Section 43-34-26.1 43-34-23 shall have the meaning provided for such term in Code 3831 Section 43-34-26.1 43-34-23. The other provisions of this chapter and Articles 2 and 3 of 3832 Chapter 13 of Title 16 shall not apply to persons authorized by Code Section 43-34-26.1 3833 43-34-23 to order, dispense, or administer drugs when such persons order, dispense, or 3834 administer those drugs in conformity with Code Section 43-34-26.1 43-34-23. When a 3835 person dispenses drugs pursuant to the authority delegated to that person under the provisions of Code Section 43-34-26.1 43-34-23, with regard to the drugs so dispensed, 3836 3837 that person shall comply with the requirements placed upon practitioners by subsections 3838 (c) and (d) of this Code section."

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SECTION 9.

Chapter 10 of Title 31 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to vital records,
is amended by revising Code Section 31-10-16, relating to criteria for determining death, as
follows:

3843 "31-10-16.

(a) A person may be pronounced dead by a qualified physician, or by a registered
professional nurse authorized to make a pronouncement of death under Code Section
31-7-176.1, or by a physician assistant authorized to make a pronouncement of death under
subsection (j) of Code Section 43-34-103, if it is determined that the individual has
sustained either (1) irreversible cessation of circulatory and respiratory function; or (2)
irreversible cessation of all functions of the entire brain, including the brain stem.

- (b) A person who acts in good faith in accordance with the provisions of subsection (a) of
 this Code section shall not be liable for damages in any civil action or subject to
 prosecution in any criminal proceeding for such act.
- 3853 (c) The criteria for determining death authorized in subsection (a) of this Code section
 3854 shall be cumulative to and shall not prohibit the use of other medically recognized criteria
 3855 for determining death."

09 HB509/SCSFA/1 3856 **SECTION 10.** 3857 Chapter 11 of Title 31 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to emergency 3858 medical services, is amended by revising paragraphs (5) and (6) of Code Section 31-11-2, 3859 relating to definitions, as follows: 3860 ''(5) 'Cardiac technician' means a person who, having been trained and certified as an 3861 emergency medical technician and having completed additional training in advanced 3862 cardiac life support techniques in a training course approved by the department, is so 3863 certified by the Composite State Board of Medical Examiners, now known as the Georgia 3864 Composite Medical Board, prior to January 1, 2002, or the Department of Human 3865 Resources on and after January 1, 2002. 3866 (6) 'Composite board' means the Composite State Board of Medical Examiners Georgia 3867 Composite Medical Board." 3868 **SECTION 11.** 3869 Article 1 of Chapter 24 of Title 33 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to 3870 general provisions regarding insurance, is amended by revising subsections (c) and (d) of 3871 Code Section 33-24-56.4, relating to the payment for telemedicine services, as follows:

- "(c) It is the intent of the General Assembly to mitigate geographic discrimination in the delivery of health care by recognizing the application of and payment for covered medical care provided by means of telemedicine, provided that such services are provided by a physician or by another health care practitioner or professional acting within the scope of practice of such health care practitioner or professional and in accordance with the provisions of Code Section 43-34-31.1 43-34-31.
- (d) On and after July 1, 2005, every health benefit policy that is issued, amended, or
 renewed shall include payment for services that are covered under such health benefit
 policy and are appropriately provided through telemedicine in accordance with Code
 Section 43-34-31.1 43-34-31 and generally accepted health care practices and standards
 prevailing in the applicable professional community at the time the services were provided.
 The coverage required in this Code section may be subject to all terms and conditions of
 the applicable health benefit plan."

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SECTION 12.

Article 1 of Chapter 26 of Title 43 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to nurses, is amended by revising paragraph (12) of subsection (a) of Code Section 43-26-5, relating to the general powers of the Georgia Board of Nursing, as follows:

3889 "(12) Be authorized to enact rules and regulations for registered professional nurses in
 3890 their performing acts under a nurse protocol as authorized in Code Section 43-34-26.1

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<u>43-34-23</u> and enact rules and regulations for advanced practice registered nurses in performing acts as authorized in Code Section <u>43-34-26.3</u> <u>43-34-25</u>;"

3893	SECTION 13.
3894	Chapter 30 of Title 43 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to optometrists,
3895	is amended by revising subsection (a) of Code Section 43-30-13, relating to the construction
3896	of the chapter, as follows:
3897	"(a) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to apply to physicians and surgeons duly
3898	licensed to practice medicine, nor to prevent persons from selling spectacles or eyeglasses
3899	on prescription from any duly qualified optometrist or physician, nor to prevent any person
3900	from selling glasses as articles of merchandise or from using test cards in connection with
3901	the sale of such glasses at a permanently located place when not trafficking or attempting
3902	to traffic upon assumed skill in optometry; nor shall anything in this chapter be construed
3903	to authorize any registered optometrist to prescribe or administer drugs except as permitted
3904	by law or practice medicine or surgery in any manner as defined by the laws of this state;
3905	nor shall this chapter be construed to authorize any such person to use the title of 'M.D.' or
3906	any other title mentioned in Code Section 43-34-20 or 43-34-26 <u>43-34-21 or 43-34-22</u> ."

3907 SECTION 14.
3908 Chapter 34A of Title 43 of the Official Code of Georgia, relating to a patient's right to know,
3909 is amended by revising paragraph (3) of Code Section 43-34A-2, relating to definitions
3910 regarding a patient's right to know, as follows:

- 3911 "(3) 'Disciplinary action' means any final hospital disciplinary action or any final
 3912 disciplinary action taken by the Composite State Board of Medical Examiners Georgia
 3913 Composite Medical Board under subsection (b) of Code Section 43-34-37 43-34-8 within
 3914 the immediately preceding ten-year period. No such disciplinary action taken prior to
 3915 April 11, 2001, shall be included within the definition of this term."
- 3916

SECTION 15.

- Article 2 of Chapter 2 of Title 45 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to the
 eligibility and qualifications for office, is amended by revising subsection (d) of Code
 Section 45-2-7, relating to the employment of aliens, as follows:
- 3920 "(d) The prohibitions of subsection (a) of this Code section shall not apply to the
 3921 employment of aliens licensed under Code Section 43-34-33 43-34-27, relating to the
 3922 licensing of aliens to practice medicine or pharmacy."

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3923	SECTION 16.
3924	Chapter 1 of Title 51 of the Official Code of Georgia, relating to torts, is amended by
3925	revising paragraph (14) of subsection (a) of Code Section 51-1-29.5, relating to definitions,
3926	as follows:
3927	"(14) 'Medical care' means any act defined as the practice of medicine under Code
3928	Section 43-34-20 <u>43-34-21</u> ."
3929	SECTION 17.
3930	Code Sections 43-34-240 through 43-34-253 shall become effective as amended in Section
3931	1 of this Act only if funds are specially appropriated for the purposes of Ga. L. 2007, p. 626
3932	in a General Appropriations Act making specific reference to such Act and shall become
3933	effective when funds so appropriated become available for expenditure. All other provisions
3934	of this Act shall become effective on July 1, 2009.
3935	SECTION 18.
3936	All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.