House Bill 509 (COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE)

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By: Representatives Cooper of the 41st, Rice of the 51st, Lindsey of the 54th, Channell of the 116th, Lunsford of the 110th, and others

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

To amend Title 43 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to professions and businesses, so as to change provisions relating to the regulation of physicians, acupuncture, physician's assistants, cancer and glaucoma treatment, respiratory care, clinical perfusionists, and orthotics and prosthetics practice; to provide for comprehensive revision to the regulation of such professions; to provide for definitions; to establish the Georgia Composite Medical Board to regulate physicians, acupuncturists, physician assistants, cancer and glaucoma treatment, respiratory care practice, clinical perfusionists, orthotics and prosthetics, and cosmetic laser services; to provide for the process of selection and removal to and from the board; to provide for the powers and duties of the board; to provide for the requirement of an oath of office for board members; to provide for the election of officers of the board; to provide for allowances for the board members; to provide for a chairperson of the board; to provide for powers and duties of the chairperson; to provide for peer review of certain medical professionals; to require individuals regulated under Chapter 34 of said title to notify the board upon the conviction of a felony; to provide for the suspension and reinstatement under certain circumstances of a license, permit, or certificate granted under Chapter 34; to provide for the renewal of a license, permit, or certificate granted under Chapter 34; to provide for a short title; to provide for legislative intent; to provide that a license is required to practice medicine; to provide for certain standards, conditions, and requirements to practice medicine; to provide for the delegation of certain duties from physicians to nurses or physician assistants; to provide penalties for practicing medicine without a license; to require a license to practice acupuncture; to provide certain standards, conditions, and requirements to practice acupuncture; to provide for a penalty for practicing acupuncture without a license; to require a license to act as a physician assistant; to provide certain standards, conditions, and requirements prior to licensure as a physician assistant; to provide for certain responsibilities for physician assistants; to provide for the review of physician assistants; to require certification to practice respiratory care; to provide certain standards, conditions, and requirements prior to certification as a respiratory therapist; to provide a penalty for practicing respiratory care without certification; to require a license to act as a

29 clinical perfusionist; to provide for a temporary license to act as a clinical perfusionist; to provide for certain standards, conditions, and requirements prior to licensure as a clinical 30 perfusionist; to provide a penalty for acting as a clinical perfusionist without a license; to 31 32 require a license to practice orthotics and prosthetics; to provide for certain standards, 33 conditions, and requirements prior to licensure to practice orthotics and prosthetics; to 34 provide for a penalty for practicing orthotics and prosthetics without a license; to revise laws 35 relating to cosmetic laser services; to amend various other titles of the Official Code of 36 Georgia Annotated for purposes of conformity; to provide that a physician assistant can make 37 a pronouncement of death under certain circumstances for purposes of vital records; to 38 provide for related matters; to provide for a contingency and effective dates; to repeal 39 conflicting laws; and for other purposes.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

41 SECTION 1.

- 42 Title 43 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to professions and businesses
- 43 is amended by revising Chapter 34 as follows:
- 44 "CHAPTER 34
- 45 ARTICLE 1
- 46 43-34-1.

- 47 Reserved.
- 48 As used in this chapter, the term:
- 49 (1) 'Board' means the Georgia Composite Medical Board.
- 50 (2) 'Physician' means a person licensed to practice medicine pursuant to Article 2 of this
- 51 <u>chapter.</u>
- 52 (3) 'To practice medicine,' 'the practice of medicine,' or 'practicing medicine' shall have
- 53 the same meaning as in paragraph (3) of Code Section 43-34-22.
- 54 43-34-2.
- 55 Reserved.
- 56 43-34-21 <u>43-34-2</u>.
- 57 (a) A board is established to be known as the Composite State Board of Medical
- 58 Examiners Georgia Composite Medical Board. All members of the board The board shall
- 59 <u>be composed of 15 members, all of whom</u> shall be citizens of the United States and

residents of this state. All appointments to the board shall be made by the Governor and confirmed by the Senate.

- 62 (b) Twelve Thirteen of the members shall be actively practicing physicians of integrity and
- ability and shall be duly licensed hold unrestricted licenses to practice medicine in this
- state. Ten Eleven of the 12 13 physician members shall be graduates of reputable medical
- schools conferring the M.D. degree; the other two physician members shall be graduates
- of reputable osteopathic <u>medical</u> schools conferring the D.O. degree. All of the physician
- 67 members shall have been engaged in the active practice of their profession within this state
- for a period of at least five years <u>prior to their appointment</u>. Any vacancy occurring in a
- 69 post held by a holder of the D.O. degree shall be filled by a D.O. from the state at large and
- any vacancy occurring in a post held by an M.D. degree shall be filled by an M.D.
- 71 (c) The thirteenth member of the board shall be appointed from the state at large and
- 72 <u>fourteenth and fifteenth members of the board</u> shall have no connection whatsoever with
- 73 the practice of medicine and shall be eligible to vote on all matters brought before the
- 74 board.
- 75 (d) The board shall perform such duties and possess and exercise such powers relative to
- 76 the protection of the public health and the control of regulation of the practice of medicine
- and osteopathy as this chapter prescribes and confers upon it and shall have the power to
- 78 carry out investigations, either through the executive director or independently; provided,
- 79 however, that the member of the board who is not a practicing physician may vote only on
- 80 matters relating to administration and policy which do not directly relate to practical and
- 81 scientific examination of physicians in this state. Any member of the board may be
- 82 removed from his or her position and generate an open position on the board:
- 83 (1) By a majority vote of the members of the board if a member of the board misses three
- or more consecutive meetings or misses more than one-third of all meetings including
- 85 meetings conducted by teleconference, without a valid medical reason or reasons deemed
- 86 excusable, which removal shall not be effective unless approved by the Governor; or
- 87 (2) By the Governor if the board member:
- 88 (A) Has willfully neglected his or her duty as a board member;
- 89 (B) Has been convicted of a crime involving moral turpitude;
- 90 (C) Has been convicted of a felony;
- 91 (D) Is no longer in the active practice of medicine, if a physician member;
- 92 (E) Is no longer a resident of the State of Georgia; or
- 93 <u>(F) Has received any restriction of his or her medical license in Georgia or any other</u>
- 94 <u>state, if a physician member.</u>
- 95 (e)(1) The board shall appoint a Physician's Physician Assistants Advisory Committee
- composed of four physicians, at least two of whom shall be members of the board, and

four licensed physician's physician assistants, who shall each serve for terms of office of two years and until their successors are appointed and qualified. The committee shall review matters to come before the board which relate to physician's physician assistants, including but not limited to applicants for physician's physician assistant licensure and relicensure and education requirements therefor, and proposed board regulations concerning physician's physician assistants. The committee shall periodically make recommendations to the board regarding matters reviewed. Each member of the advisory committee shall be entitled to the same expense allowances, mileage allowances, and reimbursement as members of the board as provided for in subsection (f) of Code Section 43-1-2 for in this chapter.

- (2) The committee shall appoint a physician's physician assistant in an advisory capacity to the board. The advisory person shall serve at the pleasure of the committee as an ex officio adviser to the board in all matters relating to physician's physician assistants and shall share in the privileges and benefits of the board without a vote.
- (f) The board shall examine applicants to test their review applicants' qualifications to practice medicine for licensure, certification, or permitting pursuant to this chapter.
 - (g) When funds are specifically appropriated for such purpose, the board shall publish an informational booklet on breast cancer and the treatment of breast cancer. The booklet shall contain a summary of the latest information on breast cancer and, in brief form, shall discuss the generally accepted and widely prevailing medical and surgical treatments for breast cancer. The booklet shall include a valid assessment of the relative risks and benefits of the accepted and widely prevailing methods of treatment. A copy of the booklet shall be made available by the board to every appropriate physician in the state. A letter by the board shall accompany this booklet stating that the board urges the physician to distribute a copy of the booklet to each and every patient whose suspected disease, disease, or course of treatment is covered by the material in the booklet. Copies shall also be available to any person upon request at a fee prescribed by the executive director sufficient to cover the cost of printing and distribution. The booklet shall be updated and redistributed at such times as the board shall deem necessary.
- (h)(g) The board shall have the authority to contract with medical associations or other professionally qualified organizations to conduct impaired physicians programs.
- 128 43-34-22 <u>43-34-3</u>.

The terms of office of members of the Composite State Board of Medical Examiners in office on June 30, 1999, shall expire July 1, 1999, except that the Governor by executive order may provide that such terms expire after July 1, 1999, but no later than July 1, 2000, and upon the appointment and qualification of their respective successors. Those

133 successors shall be appointed by the Governor for terms of office beginning on the later of 134 July 1, 1999, or the date immediately following the expiration of the terms of office of 135 those members in office on June 30, 1999, with four of such successors to have initial 136 terms of one year, four of such successors to have initial terms of two years, and five of 137 such successors to have initial terms of three years. The Governor shall specify the initial 138 terms of office for each of those successors at the time of their appointment. Upon the 139 expiration of such initial terms, successors to members of the board whose terms of office 140 expire shall serve for terms of four years each. 141 (a) The members of the Composite State Board of Medical Examiners, now known as the 142 Georgia Composite Medical Board, in office on June 30, 2009, shall continue to serve out 143 their respective terms and until their respective successors are appointed and qualified. The two new board members added as of July 1, 2009, pursuant to Code Section 43-34-2 shall 144 145 be appointed by the Governor to serve as members of the board for terms of office beginning on July 1, 2009. The terms of office of the two new members shall be for two 146 147 years and three years, respectively, with the Governor to specify the initial term of office for each new member at the time of his or her appointment. Upon the expiration of such 148 initial terms, successors to such members of the board whose terms of office expire shall 149 150 serve for terms of four years each. 151 (b) Terms of office of members of the board shall be four years. Members of the board shall serve for the terms specified and until their respective successors are appointed and 152 153 qualified. All reappointments and new appointments shall be made so that the various 154 geographic regions of the state shall be represented. Any vacancy that may occur in the 155 board as a result of death, resignation, removal relocation from the state, or other cause 156 shall be filled for the unexpired term in the same manner as regular appointments are made.

- 157 43-34-23 <u>43-34-4</u>.
- 158 Immediately and before entering upon the duties of office, the members of the board shall
- take the constitutional oath of office and shall file the same in the office of the Governor,
- 160 who, upon receiving the oath of office, shall issue to each member a certificate of
- appointment.
- 162 43-34-24 <u>43-34-5</u>.
- 163 (a) Immediately after the appointment and qualification of the members, the <u>The</u> board
- shall meet and organize and shall annually elect a president and vice-president chairperson
- and vice chairperson. Each member of the board shall be reimbursed as provided for in
- subsection (f) of Code Section 43-1-2 may receive the expense allowance as provided by
- subsection (b) of Code Section 45-7-21 and the same mileage allowance for the use of a

personal car as that received by other state officials and employees or a travel allowance of actual transportation cost if traveling by public carrier within the state. Each board member shall also be reimbursed for any conference or meeting registration fee incurred in the performance of his or her duties as a board member. For each day's service outside of the state as a board member, such member shall receive actual expenses as an expense allowance as well as the mileage allowance for the use of a personal car equal to that received by other state officials and employees or a travel allowance of actual transportation cost if traveling by public carrier or by rental motor vehicle. Expense vouchers submitted by board members are subject to approval of the chairperson and executive director. Out-of-state travel by board members must be approved by the board <u>chairperson</u> and the executive director.

- 179 (b) The board shall hold two regular meetings each year, one in May or June and one in 180 October month, unless in the discretion of the chairperson it is deemed unnecessary for a 181 particular month. Called meetings may be held at the discretion of the president. The board 182 shall adopt a seal, which must be affixed to all licenses issued by the board chairperson.
- 183 (c) The board shall from time to time adopt such rules and regulations as it may deem 184 necessary for the performance of its duties and shall examine and pass upon the 185 qualifications of applicants for the practice of medicine have the following powers and duties:
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- (1) To adopt, amend, and repeal such rules and regulations in accordance with this 187 188 chapter necessary for the proper administration and enforcement of this chapter;
- 189 (2) To adopt a seal by which the board shall authenticate the acts of the board;
- 190 (3) To establish a pool of qualified physicians to act as peer reviewers and expert 191 witnesses and to appoint or contract with physicians professionally qualified by education 192 and training, medical associations, or other professionally qualified organizations to serve 193 as peer reviewers; provided, however, that no licensing, investigative, or disciplinary 194 duties or functions of the board may be delegated to any medical association or related 195 entity by contract or otherwise;
- (4) To employ a medical director and other staff to implement this chapter and provide 196 197 necessary and appropriate support who shall be subject to the same confidentiality 198 requirements of the board;
- 199 (5) To keep a docket of public proceedings, actions, and filings;
- 200 (6) To set its office hours;
- 201 (7) To set all fees by adoption of a schedule of fees approved by the board. The board 202 shall set such fees sufficient to cover costs of operation;
- 203 (8) To establish rules regarding licensure and certification status, including inactive 204 status and other licensure and certification categories the board deems appropriate;

205 (9) To issue, deny, or reinstate the licenses, certificates, or permits of duly qualified

- applicants for licensure, certification, or permits under this chapter and to restrict, issue
- with terms and conditions, or otherwise limit licensure, certification, or permits of
- 208 <u>applicants</u>;
- 209 (10) To revoke, suspend, issue terms and conditions, place on probation, limit practice,
- 210 <u>fine, require additional medical training, require medical community service, or otherwise</u>
- 211 <u>sanction licensees, certificate holders, or permit holders;</u>
- 212 (11) To renew licenses, certificates, and permits and set renewal and expiration dates and
- 213 <u>application and other deadlines;</u>
- 214 (12) To approve such examinations as are necessary to determine competency to practice
- 215 <u>under this chapter;</u>
- 216 (13) To set examination standards, approve examinations, and set passing score
- 217 <u>requirements;</u>
- 218 (14) To adopt necessary rules concerning proceedings, hearings, review hearings,
- 219 actions, filings, depositions, and motions related to uncontested cases;
- 220 (15) To initiate investigations for the purposes of discovering violations of this chapter;
- 221 (16) To administer oaths, subpoena witnesses and documentary evidence including
- 222 <u>medical records, and take testimony in all matters relating to its duties. The cost of</u>
- 223 producing documents and records subpoenaed by the board shall be borne by the
- subpoenaed party;
- 225 (17) To conduct hearings, reviews, and other proceedings according to Chapter 13 of
- 226 <u>Title 50;</u>
- 227 (18) To conduct investigative interviews;
- 228 (19) To issue cease and desist orders to stop the unlicensed practice of medicine or other
- 229 profession licensed, certified, or permitted under this chapter and impose penalties for
- 230 <u>such violations</u>;
- 231 (20) To request injunctive relief or refer cases for criminal prosecution to appropriate
- 232 <u>enforcement authorities; and</u>
- 233 (21) To release investigative or applicant files to another enforcement agency or lawful
- 234 <u>licensing authority in another state.</u>
- 235 (d) A license issued by the board shall not be restricted by a particular medical specialty
- 236 <u>area.</u>
- 237 43-34-24.1 <u>43-34-6</u>.
- 238 (a) The board shall not be under the jurisdiction of the Secretary of State but shall be an
- 239 independent state agency attached to the Department of Community Health for
- administrative purposes only, as provided in Code Section 50-4-3, except that such

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09 department shall prepare and submit the budget for the board. The board shall not be a professional licensing board but shall have with respect to all matters within the jurisdiction of the Composite State Board of Medical Examiners board as provided under this chapter the powers, duties, and functions of such professional licensing boards as provided in Chapter 1 of this title. (b) The board shall appoint and fix the compensation of an executive director of such board who shall serve at the pleasure of the board. Any reference in this chapter to the executive director shall mean the executive director appointed pursuant to this subsection. The executive director shall have, with respect to the board, the same powers, duties, and functions granted to the division director with respect to professional licensing boards under Chapter 1 of this title but without being subject to any approval or other powers exercised by the Secretary of State. (c) Meetings and hearings of the board shall be held at the site of the office of the board or at such other site as may be specified by the president chairperson of the board. A majority of the members of the board shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business of the board. (d) Licenses, certificates, and permits issued by the board which are shall be subject to renewal and shall be valid for up to two years unless otherwise specified by this chapter and shall be renewable biennially on the renewal date established by the board. (e) The board, through the executive director, may hire investigators for the purpose of conducting investigations for the board and those persons shall be designated as investigators and have the powers, duties, and status of investigators for professional licensing boards under Code Section 43-1-5. Any person so employed shall be considered to be a peace officer and shall have all powers, duties, and status of a peace officer of this state; provided, however, that such investigators shall only be authorized, upon written approval of the executive director, notwithstanding Code Sections 16-11-126, 16-11-128, and 16-11-129, to carry firearms in the performance of their duties and exercise the powers of arrest in the performance of their duties. Notwithstanding the provisions of Code Section 50-4-3 and with the concurrence of the board, the Department of Community Health shall be authorized to employ and provide for

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the compensation of staff as is necessary to assist in carrying out the functions of the board.

Staff so hired shall be subject to the rules and confidentiality requirements of the board and

to the supervision of the executive director of the board.

(f) The venue of any action involving members of the board shall be governed by the laws 274 275

of this state relating to venue. The executive director of the board shall not be considered

a member of the board in determining the venue of any such action and no court shall have

jurisdiction of any such action solely by virtue of the executive director residing or

- 278 maintaining a residence within its jurisdiction.
- 279 (g) The board shall give point credit to veterans in the same manner as required for
- 280 professional licensing boards under Code Sections 43-1-9 through 43-1-13.
- (h) Persons appointed to the board shall be subject to Senate confirmation as provided in
- 282 Code Section 43-1-16 and subject to removal as provided in Code Section 43-1-17.
- 283 (i)(h) Initial judicial review of a final decision of the board shall be had solely in the
- superior court of the county of domicile of the board.
- 285 (j) The board, through the executive director, shall hire such personnel as it deems
- 286 necessary to carry out its functions under this chapter and may appoint professionally
- 287 qualified persons to serve as members of peer review committees; provided, however, that
- 288 no licensing, investigative, or disciplinary duties or functions of the board may be
- 289 delegated to any medical association or related entity by contract or otherwise.
- 290 (k)(i) The board executive director shall make a report no later than December 31 of each
- year covering the activities of the board for that calendar year, which report shall be
- submitted to the commissioner of community health, and shall be made available to any
- 293 member of the General Assembly upon request.
- 294 (j) The executive director, with the approval of the board, notwithstanding any other
- 295 provisions of law to the contrary, shall enter into such contracts as are deemed necessary
- 296 to carry out this chapter to provide for all services required of the board.
- 297 <u>43-34-7.</u>
- 298 The executive director shall prepare and maintain a roster containing the names and
- 299 <u>addresses of all current licensees, certificate holders, and permit holders for each of the</u>
- yarious professions regulated by the Georgia Composite Medical Board. A copy of the
- 301 roster shall be available to any person upon request at a fee prescribed by the board
- 302 <u>sufficient to cover the cost of printing and distribution. The following shall be treated as</u>
- 303 confidential, not subject to Article 4 of Chapter 18 of Title 50, relating to open records, and
- 304 <u>shall not be disclosed without the approval of the board:</u>
- 305 (1) Applications and other personal information submitted by applicants, except to the
- applicant, the staff, and the board;
- 307 (2) Information, favorable or unfavorable, submitted by a reference source concerning
- an applicant, except to the staff and the board;
- 309 (3) Examination questions and other examination materials, except to the staff and the
- 310 board; and
- 311 (4) The deliberations of the board with respect to an application, an examination, a
- 312 complaint, an investigation, or a disciplinary proceeding, except as may be contained in

official board minutes; provided, however, that such deliberations may be released only to another state or federal enforcement agency or lawful licensing authority.

- 315 43-34-37 <u>43-34-8</u>.
- 316 (a) The board shall have authority to refuse to grant a license, certificate, or permit to an
- 317 applicant or to discipline a physician licensed under this chapter a person regulated under
- 318 <u>this chapter</u> or any antecedent law upon a finding by the board that the licensee, <u>certificate</u>
- 319 <u>holder, or permit holder</u> or applicant has:
- 320 (1) Failed to demonstrate the qualifications or standards for a license, certificate, or
- 321 <u>permit</u> contained in this chapter or in the rules and regulations of the board. It shall be
- incumbent upon the applicant to demonstrate to the satisfaction of the board that he <u>or she</u>
- meets all requirements for the issuance of a license; and, if the board is not satisfied as
- to the applicant's qualifications, it shall not issue a license, certificate, or permit;
- 325 (2) Knowingly made <u>Made negligently</u> misleading, <u>or</u> deceptive, <u>untrue</u>, or fraudulent
- representations in the practice of medicine of a profession licensed, certified, or permitted
- 327 <u>under this chapter</u> or in any document connected therewith, or practiced fraud or deceit
- or intentionally negligently made any false statement in obtaining a license, certificate,
- 329 <u>or permit under this chapter</u> to practice <u>medicine pursuant to this chapter</u>, or made a false
- 330 <u>statement</u> or deceptive biennial registration with the board;
- 331 (3) Been convicted of a felony in the courts of this state or any other state, territory,
- country, or of the United States. As used in this paragraph, the term 'conviction of a
- felony' shall include a conviction of an offense which if committed in this state would be
- deemed a felony under either state or federal law, without regard to its designation
- elsewhere. As used in this paragraph, the term 'conviction' shall include a finding or
- verdict of guilt, a plea of guilty resulting in first offender status, or a plea of nolo
- contendere in a criminal proceeding, regardless of whether the adjudication of guilt or
- sentence is withheld or not entered thereon;
- 339 (4) Committed a crime involving moral turpitude, without regard to conviction; the
- conviction of a crime involving moral turpitude shall be evidence of the commission of
- such crime. As used in this paragraph, the term 'conviction' shall have the meaning
- prescribed in paragraph (3) of this subsection. For the purpose of this chapter, a
- conviction or plea of guilty or of nolo contendere to a charge or indictment by either
- federal or state government for income tax evasion shall not be considered a crime
- involving moral turpitude;
- 346 (5) Had his <u>or her license, certificate, or permit</u> to practice medicine <u>pursuant to this</u>
- 347 <u>chapter</u> revoked, suspended, or annulled by any lawful licensing authority; or had other

disciplinary action taken against him <u>or her</u> by any lawful licensing authority; or been denied a license by any lawful licensing authority;

- (6) Advertised for or solicited patients; obtained a fee or other thing of value on the representation that a manifestly incurable disease can be permanently cured; or made untruthful or improbable statements, or flamboyant or extravagant claims concerning his or her professional excellence or treatment protocols;
- (7) Engaged in any unprofessional, unethical, deceptive, or deleterious conduct or practice harmful to the public, which conduct or practice need not have resulted in actual injury to any person. As used in this paragraph, the term 'unprofessional conduct' shall include any departure from, or failure to conform to, the minimal minimum standards of acceptable and prevailing medical practice and shall also include, but not be limited to, the prescribing or use of drugs, treatment, or diagnostic procedures which are detrimental to the patient as determined by the minimal minimum standards of acceptable and prevailing medical practice or by rule of the board;
- 362 (8) Performed, procured, or aided or abetted in performing or procuring a criminal abortion;
 - (9) Knowingly maintained a professional connection or association with any person who is in violation of this chapter or the rules or regulations of the board; or knowingly aided, assisted, procured, or advised any person to practice medicine pursuant to this chapter contrary to this chapter or to the rules and regulations of the board; or knowingly performed any act which in any way aids, assists, procures, advises, or encourages any unlicensed person or entity to practice medicine pursuant to this chapter; or divided fees or agreed to divide fees received for professional services with any person, firm, association, corporation, or other entity for bringing or referring a patient;
 - (10) Violated or attempted to violate a law, rule, or regulation of this state, any other state, the board, the United States, or any other lawful authority without regard to whether the violation is criminally punishable, which law, rule, or regulation relates to or in part regulates the practice of medicine, when the licensee or applicant knows or should know that such action is violative of such law, rule, or regulation; or violated a lawful order of the board, previously entered by the board in a disciplinary hearing;
- 378 (11) Committed any act or omission which is indicative of bad moral character or untrustworthiness;
 - (11.1) Failed to attempt to inform a patient, in a timely manner, that the physician has received the results of a laboratory test. The board shall promulgate rules for the implementation of this paragraph no later than January 1, 2002. Any physician who complies with the rules promulgated by the board for informing his or her patient that the

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results of any laboratory test have been received shall be immune from any civil or criminal liability for such disclosure;

- (12) Been adjudged mentally incompetent by a court of competent jurisdiction, within or outside this state. Any such adjudication shall automatically suspend the license, certificate, or permit of any such person and shall prevent the reissuance or renewal of any license, certificate, or permit so suspended for as long as the adjudication of incompetence is in effect unless the board, upon a finding that the licensee, certificate holder, or permit holder is mentally competent, orders otherwise. Any applicant who has been so adjudged to be mentally incompetent shall not receive a license, certificate, or permit unless the board, upon a finding that the applicant is mentally competent, orders otherwise; or
- (13) Become unable to practice medicine pursuant to this chapter with reasonable skill and safety to patients by reason of illness or use of alcohol, drugs, narcotics, chemicals, or any other type of material, or as a result of any mental or physical condition:
 - (A) In enforcing this paragraph the board may, upon reasonable grounds, require a licensee, certificate holder, permit holder, or applicant to submit to a mental or physical examination by physicians designated by the board. The expense of this examination shall be borne by the licensee, certificate holder, or permit holder or applicant. The results of such examination shall be admissible in any hearing before the board, notwithstanding any claim of privilege under a contrary rule of law or statute, including, but not limited to, Code Section 24-9-21. Every person who shall accept the privilege of practicing medicine in this state a profession regulated under this chapter or who shall file an application for a license to practice medicine a profession regulated under this chapter in this state shall be deemed to have given his or her consent to submit to such mental or physical examination and to have waived all objections to the admissibility of the results in any hearing or informal proceeding before the board, upon the grounds that the same constitutes a privileged communication. If a licensee, <u>certificate holder</u>, or <u>permit holder</u> or applicant fails to submit to such an examination when properly directed to do so by the board, unless such failure was due to circumstances beyond his <u>or her</u> control, the board may enter a final order upon proper notice, hearing, and proof of such refusal. Any licensee, certificate holder, permit <u>holder</u>, or applicant who is prohibited from practicing <u>medicine</u> <u>pursuant to this chapter</u> under this paragraph shall at reasonable intervals be afforded an opportunity to demonstrate to the board that he or she can resume or begin the practice of medicine <u>pursuant to this chapter</u> with reasonable skill and safety to patients;
 - (B) For the purposes of this paragraph, the board may, upon reasonable grounds, obtain any and all records relating to the mental or physical condition of a licensee, certificate

holder, or permit holder or applicant, including psychiatric records; and such records shall be admissible in any hearing or informal proceeding before the board, notwithstanding any privilege under a contrary rule of law or statute, including, but not limited to, Code Section 24-9-21. Every person who shall accept the privilege of practicing medicine pursuant to this chapter in this state or who shall file an application to practice medicine pursuant to this chapter in this state shall be deemed to have given his or her consent to the board's obtaining any such records and to have waived all objections to the admissibility of such records in any hearing or any informal proceedings before the board, upon the grounds that the same constitute a privileged communication; and

- (C) If any licensee, certificate holder, or permit holder or applicant could, in the absence of this paragraph, invoke a privilege to prevent the disclosure of the results of the examination provided for in subparagraph (A) of this paragraph or the records relating to the mental or physical condition of such licensee, certificate holder, or permit holder or applicant obtained pursuant to subparagraph (B) of this paragraph, all such information shall be received by the board in camera and shall not be disclosed to the public, nor shall any part of the record containing such information be used against any licensee, certificate holder, or permit holder or applicant in any other type of proceeding:
- 440 (14) Cheated on or attempted to subvert an examination by the board;
- 441 (15) Committed an act of sexual abuse, misconduct, or exploitation of a patient including
- 442 guardians and parents of minors;
- 443 (16) Mistreated or abandoned a patient or his or her records; provided, however that a
- physician in compliance with Chapter 33 of Title 31 shall not be considered to have
- abandoned patient records;

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- 446 (17) Entered into conduct which discredits the profession;
- 447 (18) Failed to furnish records, including, but not limited to, medical records, to the board
- in response to a subpoena or failed to answer questions on the renewal of the license,
- 449 <u>certificate, or permit;</u>
- 450 (19) Failed to maintain appropriate medical or other records as required by board rule;
- 451 (20) Failed to follow generally accepted infection control procedures or Occupational
- 452 <u>Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) standards;</u>
- 453 (21) Failed to comply with federal laws and standards relating to the practice of medicine
- or other health care profession regulated under this chapter, the regulations of drugs, the
- delivery of health care, or other related laws;
- 456 (22) Failed to comply with an order for child support as defined by Code Section
- 457 <u>19-11-9.3; it shall be incumbent upon the applicant, licensee, certificate holder, or permit</u>

458 holder to supply a notice of release to the board from the appropriate child support authorities within the Department of Human Resources indicating that the licensee, 459 460 certificate holder, permit holder, or applicant has come into compliance with an order for 461 child support so that a license, certificate, or permit may be issued if all other conditions for the issuance of a license, certificate, or permit are met; or 462 463 (23) Failed to enter into satisfactory repayment status and is a borrower in default as 464 defined by Code Section 20-3-295; it shall be incumbent upon the applicant, licensee, certificate holder, or permit holder to supply the notice of release to the board from the 465 466 Georgia Higher Education Assistance Corporation indicating that the licensee, certificate 467 holder, permit holder, or applicant has entered into satisfactory repayment status so that a license, certificate, or permit may be issued or granted if all other conditions for 468 469 issuance of a license, certificate, or permit are met. 470 (a.1) The provisions of Chapter 13 of Title 50, the 'Georgia Administrative Procedure Act,' with respect to emergency action by a professional licensing board and summary 471 472 suspension of a license are adopted and incorporated by reference into this Code section. 473 (b)(1) When the board finds that any person is unqualified to be granted a license. 474 certificate, or permit or finds that any person should be disciplined pursuant to 475 subsection (a) of this Code section, the board may take any one or more of the following 476 actions: 477 (A) Refuse to grant a license, certificate, or permit to an applicant; 478 (B) Place the licensee, certificate holder, or permit holder on probation for a definite 479 or indefinite period with terms and conditions; 480 (C) Administer a public or private reprimand, provided that a private reprimand shall 481 not be disclosed to any person except the licensee, certificate holder, or permit holder; 482 (C)(D) Suspend any license, certificate, or permit for a definite or indefinite period; 483 (D)(E) Limit or restrict any license, certificate, or permit; 484 (E)(F) Revoke any license, certificate, or permit; or 485 (F) Condition the penalty, or withhold formal disposition, upon the physician's submission to the care, counseling, or treatment of physicians or other professional 486 487 persons, and the completion of such care, counseling, or treatment, as directed by the 488 489 (G) Impose a fine not to exceed \$5,000.00 for each violation of a law, rule, or 490 regulation relating to the licensee, certificate holder, permit holder or applicant; (H) Impose a fine in a reasonable amount to reimburse the board for the administrative 491 492 costs; 493 (I) Require passage of a board approved minimum competency examination;

(J) Require board approved medical education;

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(K) Condition the penalty, or withhold formal disposition, which actions shall be kept confidential, unless there is a public order upon the licensee or applicant, certificate holder, or permit holder's submission to the care, counseling, or treatment by physicians or other professional persons and the completion of such care, counseling, or treatment, as directed by the board; or (L) Require a board approved mental and physical evaluation of all licensees,

certificate holders, or permit holders.

In addition to and in conjunction with the actions enumerated pursuant to paragraph (1) of this subsection, the board may make a finding adverse to the licensee. certificate holder, permit holder, or applicant but withhold imposition of judgment and penalty; or it may impose the judgment and penalty but suspend enforcement thereof and place the physician licensee, certificate holder, permit holder, or applicant on probation, which probation may be vacated upon noncompliance with such reasonable terms as the board may impose.

(3) Neither the issuance of a private reprimand nor the denial of a license, certificate, or permit nor the denial of a request for reinstatement of a revoked license, certificate, or permit nor the refusal to issue a previously denied license, certificate, or permit shall be considered to be a contested case within the meaning of Chapter 13 of Title 50, the 'Georgia Administrative Procedure Act'; notice and hearing within the meaning of said chapter shall not be required, but the applicant or licensee, certificate holder, or permit holder shall be allowed to appear before the board if he or she so requests. A board may resolve a pending action by the issuance of a letter of concern. Such letter shall not be considered a disciplinary action or a contested case under Chapter 13 of Title 50 and shall not be disclosed to any person except the holder of a license, certificate, or permit or an applicant.

(b.1) The board shall suspend the license, certificate, or permit of a person licensed by the board who has been certified by a federal agency and reported to the board for nonpayment or default or breach of a repayment or service obligation under any federal education loan, loan repayment, or service conditional scholarship program. Prior to the suspension, the licensee, certificate holder, or permit holder shall be entitled to notice of the board's intended action and opportunity to appear before the board according to procedures set forth in the board's rules and regulations. A suspension of a license, certificate, or permit under this subsection is not a contested case under Chapter 13 of Title 50, 'Georgia Administrative Procedure Act.' A license, certificate, or permit suspended under this Code section shall not be reinstated or reissued until the person provides the board a written release issued by the reporting agency stating that the person is making payments on the loan or satisfying the service requirements in accordance with an agreement approved by

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the reporting agency. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for issuance of a license, certificate, or permit during the period of suspension, reinstatement of the license, certificate, or permit shall be automatic upon receipt of the notice and payment of any reinstatement fee which the board may impose.

(c) In its discretion, the board may restore and reissue a license, certificate, or permit to practice medicine issued under this chapter or any antecedent law and, as a condition thereof, may impose any disciplinary or corrective measure provided in this chapter.

(d) The executive director is vested with the power and authority to make, or cause to be made through employees or agents of the board, such investigations as he or she, or the board, or any district attorney may deem necessary or advisable in the enforcement of this chapter. Any person properly conducting an investigation on behalf of the board shall have access to and may examine any writing, document, or other material, except that as to which privilege has not been denied or deemed waived by this chapter, and which is deemed by the president chairperson of the board, or vice-president vice chairperson if the president chairperson is not available, to be related to the fitness of any licensee, certificate holder, permit holder, or applicant to practice medicine pursuant to this chapter. The executive director or the president chairperson of the board, or vice-president vice <u>chairperson</u> if the <u>president chairperson</u> is not available, may issue subpoenas to compel such access. When a subpoena is disobeyed, the board may apply to the superior court of the county where the person to whom the subpoena is issued resides for an order requiring obedience. Failure to comply with such order shall be punishable as for contempt of court. The results of any investigations whatsoever shall be reported only to the board, and the records of such investigations shall be kept by the board; no part of any such record shall be released for any purpose other than a hearing before the board and as provided in Chapter 34A of this title; nor shall such records be subject to subpoena. The board shall be authorized to release records that are not otherwise confidential or privileged only to another state or federal enforcement agency or lawful licensing authority.

(e) In any hearing to determine a licensee's, certificate holder's, permit holder's, or applicant's fitness to practice medicine pursuant to this chapter, any record relating to any patient of the licensee, certificate holder, permit holder, or applicant shall be admissible into evidence, regardless of any statutory privilege which such patient might otherwise be able to invoke. In addition, no such patient may withhold testimony bearing upon a licensee's, certificate holder's, permit holder's, or applicant's fitness to practice medicine pursuant to this chapter on the ground of privilege between such licensee, certificate holder, permit holder, or applicant and such patient. Any testimony or written evidence relating to a patient of a licensee, certificate holder, permit holder, or applicant or to the record of

any such patient shall be received by the board in camera and shall not be disclosed to the public.

- (f) In any hearing in which the fitness of a licensee, certificate holder, permit holder, or applicant to practice medicine pursuant to this chapter is in question, the board may exclude all persons from its deliberation of the appropriate action to be taken and may, when in its discretion it deems it necessary, speak to a licensee, certificate holder, permit
- 574 <u>holder</u>, or applicant in private.

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- 575 (g) This Code section is enacted in the public welfare and shall be liberally construed.
- 576 (h) A person, partnership, firm, corporation, association, authority, or other entity shall be 577 immune from civil and criminal liability for reporting or investigating the acts or omissions of a licensee, certificate holder, permit holder, or applicant which violate the provisions of 578 579 subsection (a) of this Code section or any other provisions of law relating to a licensee's. 580 <u>certificate holder's</u>, <u>permit holder's</u>, or applicant's fitness to practice <u>medicine</u> <u>pursuant to</u> 581 this chapter or for initiating or conducting proceedings against such licensee, certificate 582 holder, permit holder, or applicant, if such report is made or action is taken in good faith 583 without fraud or malice. Any person who testifies in good faith without fraud or malice 584 before the board in any proceeding involving a violation of subsection (a) of this Code
- section or any other law relating to a licensee's, certificate holder's, permit holder's, or applicant's fitness to practice medicine pursuant to this chapter, or who makes a

recommendation to the board in the nature of peer review, shall be immune from civil and

criminal liability for so testifying.

- (h) Peer review conducted pursuant to this Code section shall be subject to the provisions
 of Article 6 of Chapter 7 of Title 31, relating to medical peer review groups. Any person
 providing information for purposes of peer review under this Code section and any person
 providing information to the board under this Code section shall not be criminally or civilly
- 593 <u>liable in any way for such actions unless:</u>
- 594 (1) Such information is unrelated to the carrying out of peer review under this Code 595 section; or
- 596 (2) Such information is false and the person disclosing such information knew that such
 597 information was false.
- 598 (i) This Code section is enacted in the public welfare and shall be liberally construed.
- (i)(j) The board shall investigate a licensee's, certificate holder's, or permit holder's fitness to practice medicine pursuant to this chapter if the board has received a notification, pursuant to Code Section 33-3-27, regarding that licensee, certificate holder, or permit holder of a medical malpractice judgment or settlement in excess of \$100,000.00 or a notification pursuant to Code Section 33-3-27 that there have been two or more previous

judgments against or settlements with the licensee, certificate holder, or permit holder

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relating to the practice of medicine pursuant to this chapter involving an action for medical malpractice. Every licensee, certificate holder, or permit holder shall notify the board of any settlement or judgment involving the licensee, certificate holder, or permit holder involving an action for medical malpractice. (i)(k) The board shall may conduct an assessment of a licensee's, certificate holder's, or permit holder's fitness to practice medicine pursuant to this chapter if it has disciplined the licensee, certificate holder, or permit holder three times in the last ten years as a result of an action for medical malpractice. The assessment shall include an examination of the licensee's, certificate holder's, or permit holder's entire history with respect to the practice of medicine pursuant to this chapter and a one-day on-site visit to the licensee's, certificate holder's, or permit holder's current practice location. The assessment shall be completed within six months of the third disciplinary action. As a result of its findings the board may take any action it deems necessary to reduce medical errors and promote patient safety, including revocation, suspension, or limiting the licensee's, certificate holder's, or permit holder's license, certificate, or permit or requiring additional clinical training, additional continuing medical education, proctoring, or referral to appropriate rehabilitation facilities. As used in this subsection, the term 'action for medical malpractice' shall have the same meaning as provided in Code Section 9-3-70. The board shall implement this subsection upon the effective date of a specific appropriation of funds for purposes of this subsection as expressed in a line item making specific reference to the full funding of this subsection in an appropriations Act enacted by the General Assembly. (1) If any licensee, certificate holder, permit holder, or applicant after 30 days' notice fails to appear at any hearing of the board for that licensee, certificate holder, permit holder, or applicant, the board may proceed to hear the evidence against such licensee, certificate holder, permit holder, or applicant and take action as if such licensee, certificate holder, permit holder, or applicant had been present. A notice of hearing, initial or recommended decision, or final decision of the board in a disciplinary proceeding shall be served personally upon the licensee, certificate holder, permit holder, or applicant or served by certified mail, return receipt requested, to the last known address of record with the board. If such material is served by certified mail and is returned marked 'unclaimed' or 'refused' or is otherwise undeliverable and if the licensee, certificate holder, permit holder, or applicant cannot, after diligent effort, be located, the executive director shall be deemed to be the agent for service for such licensee, certificate holder, permit holder, or applicant for purposes of this Code section, and service upon the executive director shall be deemed to be service upon the licensee, certificate holder, permit holder, or applicant. (m) The voluntary surrender of a license, certificate, or permit or the failure to renew a license, certificate, or permit by the end of the established penalty period shall have the

same effect as a revocation of said license, certificate, or permit, subject to reinstatement in the discretion of the board. The board may restore and reissue a license, certificate, or permit to practice under this chapter and, as a condition thereof, may impose any disciplinary sanction provided by this Code section.

(n) Subsections (a) and (b) of this Code section shall be supplemental to and shall not operate to prohibit the board from acting pursuant to those provisions of law which may now or hereafter authorize other disciplinary grounds and actions for the board. In cases where those other provisions are law so authorize other disciplinary grounds and actions but subsections (a) and (b) of this Code section limit such grounds for action, those other provisions shall apply.

(o) The board shall publish all final public disciplinary actions taken against a licensee, certificate holder, or permit holder pursuant to this chapter on its official website.

43-34-38 <u>43-34-9</u>.

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Proceedings before the board wherein a licensee's, certificate holder's, or permit holder's right to practice medicine pursuant to this chapter in this state is terminated, suspended, or limited or wherein a public reprimand is administered shall require prior notice to the licensee and an opportunity for hearing; and such proceedings shall be considered contested cases within the meaning of Chapter 13 of Title 50, the 'Georgia Administrative Procedure Act.' Neither refusal of a license, certificate, or permit nor a private reprimand nor a letter of concern shall be considered a contested case within the meaning of Chapter 13 of Title 50, and notice and hearing within the meaning of such chapter shall not be required; but the applicant physician shall be allowed to appear before the board if he so requests provided, however, that the applicant shall be allowed to appear before the board, if the applicant so requests, prior to the board making a final decision regarding the issuance of the license, certificate, or permit. The power to subpoena as set forth in Chapter 13 of Title 50 shall include the power to subpoena any book, writing, paper, or document. If any licensee, certificate holder, or permit holder fails to appear at any hearing after reasonable notice, the board may proceed to hear the evidence against such licensee, <u>certificate holder</u>, or <u>permit holder</u> and take action as if such licensee, <u>certificate holder</u>, or permit holder had been present.

672 <u>43-34-10.</u>

Any licensee, certificate holder, or permit holder who is convicted under the laws of this state, the United States, or any other state, territory, or country of a felony as defined in paragraph (5) of Code Section 16-1-3 shall be required to notify the board of the conviction within ten days of the conviction. The failure to notify the board of a conviction shall be

considered grounds for revocation of his or her license, certificate, permit, or other authorization to conduct a profession regulated under this chapter.

43-34-3 <u>43-34-11</u>.

(a)(1) The board shall be authorized to require persons seeking renewal of a license, or certificate, or permit under this chapter to complete board approved continuing education of not less than 40 hours biennially. The board shall be authorized to approve courses offered by institutions of higher learning, specialty societies, or professional organizations, including, but not limited to, the American Medical Association, the National Medical Association, and the American Osteopathic Association, the number of hours required, and the category in which these hours should be earned. This paragraph shall not apply to respiratory care professionals or persons seeking renewal of certification as respiratory care professionals.

- (2) The board shall be authorized to require persons seeking renewal of certification as respiratory care professionals under Article 6 of this chapter to complete board approved continuing education. The board shall be authorized to establish the number of hours of continuing education required biennially for renewal of certification as a respiratory care professional and the categories in which these hours should be earned. The board shall be authorized to approve courses offered by institutions of higher learning, specialty societies, or professional organizations. Any action taken by the board pursuant to this paragraph shall be taken in conformity with the provisions of Code Section 43-34-143. (b)(1) The board shall be authorized to waive the continuing education requirement in cases of hardship, disability, illness, or in cases where physicians or physicians' physician assistants are serving in fellowships, new specialty residencies, postgraduate specialty programs, the United States Congress or Georgia General Assembly, or under such other circumstances as the board deems appropriate.
- (2) The board shall require no more than 20 hours of continuing education annually for retired physicians who have an active license and who provide uncompensated health care services pursuant to Code Section 43-34-45.1 43-34-42 or Article 8 of Chapter 8 of Title 31; provided, however, that the board shall be authorized to require up to 40 hours of continuing education for retired physicians who have not had an active license to practice medicine for up to five years.
- 708 (c) The board shall be authorized to promulgate rules and regulations to implement and ensure compliance with the requirements of this Code section.
- 710 (d) This Code section shall apply to each licensing, certification, permit, and renewal cycle which begins after the 1990-1991 renewal.

712 ARTICLE 2

- 713 <u>43-34-20.</u>
- 714 This article shall be known as the 'Medical Practice Act of the State of Georgia.'
- 715 <u>43-34-21.</u>
- The practice of medicine is a privilege granted by the people acting through their elected
- 717 representatives. It is not a natural right of individuals. In the interests of public health,
- safety, and welfare and to protect the public from the unprofessional, improper,
- incompetent, and unlawful practice of medicine, it is necessary to provide laws and
- 720 regulations to govern the granting and subsequent use of the privilege to practice medicine.
- 721 To that end, the regulation of that practice deserves a structure designed to concentrate on
- the practice of medicine. Thus, the primary responsibility and obligation of the Georgia
- 723 <u>Composite Medical Board are to protect the public.</u>
- 724 43-34-20. 43-34-22.
- As used in this article, the term:
- 726 (1) 'Board' or 'Board of Medical Examiners' means the Composite State Board of
- 727 <u>Medical Examiners Georgia Composite Medical Board.</u>
- 728 (2) 'Internship' or any other similar term includes a clinical training program which is
- defined and approved by the board as a substitute for an internship.
- 730 (2.1) 'Physician' means a person licensed to practice medicine under this article.
- 731 (2.1) 'Postgraduate training' means a program for the training of interns, residents, or
- postresidency fellows that is approved by the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical
- Education (ACGME), American Osteopathic Association (AOA), or the board.
- 734 (3) 'To practice medicine,' 'the practice of medicine,' or 'practicing medicine' means to
- hold oneself out to the public as being engaged in the diagnosis or treatment of disease,
- defects, or injuries of human beings; or the suggestion, recommendation, or prescribing
- of any form of treatment for the intended palliation, relief, or cure of any physical,
- mental, or functional ailment or defect of any person with the intention of receiving
- therefor, either directly or indirectly, any fee, gift, or compensation whatsoever; or the
- maintenance of an office for the reception, examination, and treatment of persons
- suffering from disease, defect, or injury of body or mind; or attaching the title 'M.D.,'
- 'Oph.,' 'D.,' 'Dop.,' 'Surgeon,' 'Doctor,' 'D.O.,' 'Doctor of Osteopathy,' 'Allopathic
- Physician, 'Osteopathic Physician, 'or 'Physician, 'either alone or in connection with other
- words, or any other words or abbreviations to one's name, indicating that such person is
- engaged in the treatment or diagnosis of disease, defects, or injuries to human beings,

provided that the terms 'doctors of medicine,' <u>'doctors of osteopathic medicine,'</u> 'doctors of medicine licensed to practice in the state,' and similar terms wherever used or

- appearing in this article or elsewhere shall mean and include only those persons who are
- 749 licensed to practice medicine under this article.
- 750 43-34-25.
- 751 The board shall have authority to administer oaths, to summon witnesses, and to take
- 752 testimony in all matters relating to its duties.
- 753 43-34-26 <u>43-34-23</u>.
- 754 (a) If any person shall hold himself <u>or herself</u> out to the public as being engaged in the
- diagnosis or treatment of disease or injuries of human beings, or shall suggest, recommend,
- or prescribe any form of treatment for the palliation, relief, or cure of any physical or
- mental ailment of any person, with the intention of receiving therefor, either directly or
- indirectly, any fee, gift, or compensation whatsoever, or shall maintain an office for the
- reception, examination, or treatment of diseased or injured human beings, or shall attach
- the title 'M.D.,' 'Oph.,' 'Dop.,' 'Surgeon,' 'Doctor,' 'D.O.,' 'Doctor of Osteopathy,'
- 761 'Osteopathic Physician,' or 'Physician,' either alone or in connection with other words, or
- any other word or abbreviation to his <u>or her</u> name indicative that he <u>or she</u> is engaged in
- the treatment of diseased, defective, or injured human beings, and shall not in any of these
- cases then possess a valid license to practice medicine under the laws of this state, he <u>or she</u>
- shall be deemed to be practicing medicine without complying with this chapter article and
- shall be deemed in violation of this chapter <u>article</u>.
- 767 (b) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to prohibit:
- 768 (1) Gratuitous services in cases of emergency;
- 769 (2) The practice of the religious tenets or general beliefs of any church whatsoever;
- 770 (3) The requiring of a fee for examination by opticians, at their established places of
- business, who do not prescribe or use drugs or medicines or attach to their names titles
- indicative that any such persons are engaged in the practice of medicine, as defined in this
- 773 chapter article;
- 774 (4) The performance of their duties for the federal government by federal physicians,
- both military and civilian;
- 776 (5) The consultation on special cases <u>approved by the board</u> in this state of regularly
- licensed physicians from other states or territories;
- 778 (6) The licensed practice of dentistry, optometry, psychology, <u>podiatry</u>, or chiropractic;
- 779 (7) The licensed practice of midwifery or nursing;

(8) The utilization of a physician's physician assistant to perform tasks approved by the board, and the performance of such tasks by the physician's physician assistant; the delegation by a physician to a qualified person other than a physician's physician assistant of any acts, duties, or functions which are otherwise permitted by law or established by custom; and the performance of such acts, duties, or functions by such a person other than a physician's physician assistant; or

786 (9) The performance of:

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- 787 (A) Any medical task by a student enrolled in a medical college school, osteopathic college medical school, or physician's physician assistant training program approved by the board; or
- (B) Any dental task by a student enrolled in a dental college approved by the Georgia
 Board of Dentistry; or
- 792 (C) Any nursing task by a student enrolled in a nursing program approved by the 793 Georgia Board of Nursing
- where either type any such task is performed under the supervision of an authorized instructor lawfully licensed in this state to perform such tasks: or
- 796 (10) The performance by medical assistants of medical tasks, including subcutaneous
 797 and intramuscular injections; obtaining vital signs; administering nebulizer treatments;
 798 or other tasks approved by the board pursuant to rule, if under the supervision by a
 799 physician in his or her office or the performance by medical assistants of medical tasks
 800 ordered by a physician assistant or advanced practice registered nurse delegated the
 801 authority to issue such an order in accordance with law and pursuant to rules of the board.
- (c) Nothing in this chapter article shall be construed as preventing any person holding a valid license as a Doctor of Osteopathy on March 16, 1970, from engaging in the practice of osteopathy as the same was practiced by such person at such time, subject to biennial renewal of his or her license. Such limited renewal licenses shall not authorize the practice of obstetrics or surgery other than the minor suturing of cuts.
- 807 43-34-26.1 <u>43-34-24</u>.
- 808 (a) As used in this Code section, the term:
- 809 (1) 'Administer' means to give a unit dose of any drug or to perform any medical treatment or diagnostic study.
- (2) 'Controlled substance' means any controlled substance, as defined in Code Section
- 812 16-13-21, except any Schedule I controlled substance listed in Code Section 16-13-25.
- 813 (3) 'Dangerous drug' means any dangerous drug, as defined in Code Section 16-13-71,
- but does not include any controlled substance or Schedule I controlled substance.

(3.1) 'Dispense' means to issue one or more doses of any drug in a suitable container with appropriate labeling for subsequent administration to, or use by, a patient.

- (4) 'Dispensing procedure' means a written document signed by a licensed pharmacist and a licensed physician which document establishes the appropriate manner under which
- drugs may be dispensed pursuant to this Code section.
- (5) 'Drug' means any dangerous drug or controlled substance.
- (5.1) 'Job description' means a document signed by a licensed physician and describing
- the duties which may be performed by a physician's assistant, by which document the
- physician delegates to that physician's assistant the authority to perform certain medical
- acts pursuant to subsection (b) of this Code section and which acts shall include, without
- being limited to, the administering and ordering of any drug shall have the same meaning
- 826 <u>as in Code Section 43-34-102</u>.
- 827 (6) 'Nurse' means a person who is a registered professional nurse licensed as such under
- Article 1 of Chapter 26 of this title.
- (7) 'Nurse protocol' means a written document mutually agreed upon and signed by a
- nurse and a licensed physician, by which document the physician delegates to that nurse
- the authority to perform certain medical acts pursuant to subsection (b) of this Code
- section, and which acts shall include, without being limited to, the administering and
- ordering of any drug.
- 834 (8) 'Order' means to select a drug, medical treatment, or diagnostic study through
- physician delegation in accordance with a nurse protocol or a physician's physician
- assistant's job description. Ordering under such delegation shall not be construed to be
- prescribing, which act can only be performed by the physician, nor shall ordering of a
- drug be construed to authorize the issuance of a written prescription.
- (9) 'Physician's 'Physician assistant' means a person licensed as a physician's physician
- assistant pursuant to Article 4 of this chapter, the 'Physician's Physician Assistant Act.'
- 841 (b)(1) A physician may delegate to:
- 842 (A) A physician's physician assistant in accordance with a job description; or
- (B) A nurse recognized by the Georgia Board of Nursing as a certified nurse midwife,
- certified registered nurse anesthetist, certified nurse practitioner, or clinical nurse
- specialist, psychiatric/mental health in accordance with a nurse protocol
- the authority to order controlled substances selected from a formulary of such drugs
- 847 established by the Composite State Board of Medical Examiners board and the authority
- to order dangerous drugs, medical treatments, and diagnostic studies.
- 849 (2) A physician may delegate to a nurse or physician's physician assistant the authority
- 850 to order dangerous drugs, medical treatments, or diagnostic studies and a nurse or
- physician's physician assistant is authorized to dispense dangerous drugs, in accordance

with a dispensing procedure and under the authority of an order issued in conformity with a nurse protocol or job description, if that nurse or physician's physician assistant orders or dispenses those dangerous drugs, medical treatments, or diagnostic studies:

- (A) As an agent or employee of:
 - (i) The Division of Public Health of the Department of Human Resources;
 - (ii) Any county board of health; or
- (iii) Any organization:
 - (I) Which is exempt from federal taxes pursuant to Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, as defined in Code Section 48-1-2, other than an organization which is a hospital, preferred provider organization, health maintenance organization, or similar organization; or
 - (II) Established under the authority of or receiving funds pursuant to 42 U.S.C. Section 254b or 254c of the United States Public Health Service Act, which organization provides that those medical services and dangerous drugs which

are ordered or dispensed by its <u>physician</u>'s <u>physician</u> assistants and nurses will be provided at no cost to the patient or at a cost based solely upon the patient's ability to

pay; and

- (B) In conformity with subsection (b) of Code Section 26-4-130 and the rules and regulations established pursuant thereto by the State Board of Pharmacy.
- (3) In addition, a physician may delegate to a nurse or physician's physician assistant the authority to order dangerous drugs, medical treatments, or diagnostic studies and a nurse or physician's physician assistant is authorized to dispense dangerous drugs, in accordance with a dispensing procedure and under the authority of an order issued in conformity with a nurse protocol or job description, if that nurse or physician's physician assistant orders or dispenses such drugs, treatments, or studies to a patient of an outpatient clinic:
 - (A) Which is owned or operated by a licensed hospital;
 - (B) Which provides such drugs, treatments, or studies free or at a charge to the patient based solely upon the patient's ability to pay; provided, however, such charge shall not exceed the actual cost to the outpatient clinic; and
- (C) Whose services are primarily provided to the medically disadvantaged and that nurse or physician's physician orders or dispenses such drugs in conformity with subsection (b) of Code Section 26-4-130 and the rules and regulations established pursuant thereto by the State Board of Pharmacy.
- (4) Delegation of authority to a physician's physician assistant pursuant to this subsection
 shall be authorized only if that delegation is contained in the job description approved for

that physician's physician assistant by the Composite State Board of Medical Examiners

- 889 <u>board</u>.
- (5) Delegation of authority to a nurse pursuant to this subsection shall be authorized only
- if that delegation is contained in a nurse protocol for that nurse.
- 892 (c) The Composite State Board of Medical Examiners board shall be empowered to
- promulgate rules and regulations governing physicians and physician's physician assistants
- to carry out the intents and purposes of this Code section, including establishing criteria
- and standards governing physicians, physician assistants, job descriptions, and
- nurse protocols. The board shall be authorized to require that protocols not falling within
- such established criteria and standards be submitted to the board for review and approval
- 898 or rejection.
- 899 (d) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, a physician's physician
- assistant or nurse may perform any act authorized to be performed by that person pursuant
- to and in conformity with this Code section without such act constituting the practice of
- 902 medicine.
- 903 (e) Nothing in this Code section shall be construed to limit or repeal this article and
- Articles 4 and 6 of this chapter, relating to physicians, osteopaths osteopathic physicians,
- 905 physician's physician assistants, and respiratory therapists, or Article 1 of Chapter 26 of this
- 906 title, relating to registered nurses.
- 907 (f) Nothing in this Code section shall be construed to limit or repeal any existing authority
- of a licensed physician to delegate to a qualified person any acts, duties, or functions which
- are otherwise permitted by law or established by custom.
- 910 (g) Nothing in this Code section shall be construed to authorize or permit the issuance of
- a Drug Enforcement Administration license to a nurse who is not an advanced practice
- 912 registered nurse.
- 913 (h) Nothing in this Code section shall be construed to limit or repeal the authority of any
- organization described in division (i) or (ii) of subparagraph (b)(2)(A) of this Code section
- or any organization established under the authority of or receiving funds pursuant to 42
- 916 U.S.C. Section 254b or 254c of the United States Public Health Service Act to supervise
- 917 its agents or employees or interfere with the employer and employee relationship of any
- 918 such agents or employees.
- 919 (i) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, a physician's physician
- assistant or nurse may perform any act deemed necessary to provide treatment to a hospital
- or nursing home patient in a life-threatening situation when such act is authorized by
- standing procedures established by the medical staff of the hospital or nursing home.

- 923 43-34-26.2 <u>43-34-25</u>.
- 924 (a) As used in this Code section, the term 'pharmacist' means a person who meets the
- 925 requirements specified in Code Section 26-4-50.
- 926 (b) A physician may delegate to a pharmacist the authority to modify drug therapy as part
- of drug therapy management. The physician making such delegation shall adequately
- 928 supervise the application of his or her order delegating the authority to modify drug
- 929 therapy. Delegation of such authority shall only be made pursuant to the physician's
- diagnosis, written order, and drug therapy protocol. Unless a drug therapy modification is
- a substitution of a generic drug which is pharmaceutically and therapeutically equivalent
- to the patient's initial prescription drug order pursuant to Code Section 26-4-81, that
- protocol shall meet the applicable requirements for issuance of prescriptions provided in
- Code Section 16-13-41 or 16-13-74, whichever is applicable. A drug therapy protocol
- issued pursuant to this subsection may authorize a pharmacist to dispense a specific drug
- ontained in the protocol as an alternative drug which is not pharmaceutically and
- 937 therapeutically equivalent to the patient's initial prescription drug order and shall be
- deemed to be the physician's separate and distinct prescription drug order. All protocols
- authorized by this subsection shall:
- 940 (1) Identify the pharmacist who is authorized to modify drug therapy and the physician
- who is delegating the authority to modify drug therapy;
- 942 (2) Indicate the physician's diagnosis of condition or disease state of the patient whose
- drug therapy may be modified;
- 944 (3) Identify each patient for whom the physician has delegated the authority to modify
- 945 drug therapy;
- 946 (4) Describe specific responsibilities and parameters for modification of drug therapy
- and patient monitoring authorized under the protocol;
- 948 (5) Include a statement regarding the types and categories of medication as well as the
- maximum and minimum dosage levels within the types and categories of medication for
- which the pharmacist may modify drug therapy including:
- 951 (A) Additional procedures or plans which the pharmacist shall follow when the
- pharmacist modifies drug therapy; and
- 953 (B) The method of documentation and mechanism of communication of appropriate
- medical care information or pharmacy care information, or both; description and
- required frequency of reports which shall include:
- 956 (i) Any problems or complications encountered;
- 957 (ii) A listing of recommendations by pharmacist; and
- 958 (iii) A complete list of each instance in which drug therapy was modified and how
- such therapy was modified since the last report; and

960 (6) Stipulate that each such patient must be notified that the pharmacist is authorized to modify drug therapy pursuant to protocol between the pharmacist and the physician.

- 962 (c) A physician delegating the authority to modify drug therapy must be available through
- ommunications for consultation, assistance, and direction. A physician may only delegate
- the authority to modify drug therapy for a patient under the direct medical care and
- supervision of that physician.
- 966 (d) An order delegating the authority to modify drug therapy under this Code section shall
- not be valid for more than two years from the date such order was issued.
- 968 (e) Nothing in this Code section shall be construed to expand or change any existing
- authority for a pharmacist to substitute drugs under Code Section 26-4-81.
- 970 (f) Nothing in this Code section shall be construed to prohibit hospital pharmacists from
- participating in drug therapy management by protocol or other legal authority established
- or approved by a member of the hospital medical staff for the care and treatment of hospital
- 973 patients.
- 974 43-34-26.3 43-34-26.
- 975 (a) As used in this Code section, the term:
- 976 (1) 'Advanced practice registered nurse' shall have the same meaning as provided in
- 977 paragraph (1.1) of Code Section 43-26-3.
- 978 (2) 'Birthing center' means a facility or building where human births occur on a regular
- or ongoing basis and which is classified by the Department of Community Health as a
- 980 birthing center.
- 981 (3) 'Controlled substance' means any controlled substance as defined in Code Section
- 982 16-13-21 but shall not include any Schedule I controlled substance included in Code
- 983 Section 16-13-25 or any Schedule II controlled substance included in Code Section
- 984 16-13-26.
- 985 (4) 'Dangerous drug' means any dangerous drug as defined in Code Section 16-13-71.
- 986 (5) 'Delegating physician' means a physician who has entered into a nurse protocol
- agreement pursuant to this Code section.
- 988 (6) 'Diagnostic study' means a laboratory test, X-ray, ultrasound, or procedure used to
- identify a characteristic or distinguishing feature of a particular disease or condition.
- 990 (7) 'Drug' means any dangerous drug or controlled substance.
- 991 (8) 'Free health clinic' shall have the same meaning as provided in Code Section
- 992 51-1-29.4.
- 993 (9) 'Life threatening' means an emergency situation in which a patient's life or physical
- well-being will be harmed if certain testing is not performed immediately.

995 (10) 'Nurse protocol agreement' means a written document mutually agreed upon and signed by an advanced practice registered nurse and a physician, by which document the physician delegates to that advanced practice registered nurse the authority to perform certain medical acts pursuant to this Code section, and which acts may include, without being limited to, the ordering of drugs, medical devices, medical treatments, diagnostic studies, or in life-threatening situations radiographic imaging tests. Such agreements shall conform to the provisions set forth in subsection (c) of this Code section.

- (11) 'Order' means to prescribe pursuant to a nurse protocol agreement which drug, medical device, medical treatment, diagnostic study, or in life-threatening situations radiographic imaging test is appropriate for a patient and to communicate the same in writing, orally, via facsimile, or electronically.
- 1006 (12) 'Physician' means a person licensed to practice medicine under this chapter article and:
- 1008 (A) Whose principal place of practice is within this state; or

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- 1009 (B) Whose principal place of practice is outside this state but is within 50 miles from the location where the nurse protocol agreement is being utilized within this state.
- 1011 (13) 'Prescription drug order' means a written or oral order of an advanced practice 1012 registered nurse for a drug or medical device for a specific patient. Such term includes 1013 an electronic visual image prescription drug order and an electronic data prescription drug 1014 order.
- 1015 (14) 'Professional sample' means a complimentary dose of a drug, medication, 1016 medication voucher, or medical device provided by the manufacturer for use in patient 1017 care.
- 1018 (15) 'Radiographic imaging test' means a computed tomography, magnetic resonance imaging, positron emission tomography, or nuclear medicine.
- (b) In addition to and without limiting the authority granted pursuant to Code Section 43-34-26.1 43-34-24, a physician may delegate to an advanced practice registered nurse in accordance with a nurse protocol agreement the authority to order drugs, medical devices, medical treatments, diagnostic studies, or, in life-threatening situations, radiographic imaging tests.
- 1025 (c) A nurse protocol agreement between a physician and an advanced practice registered nurse pursuant to this Code section shall:
- 1027 (1) Be between an advanced practice registered nurse who is in a comparable specialty area or field as that of the delegating physician;
- 1029 (2) Contain a provision for immediate consultation between the advanced practice registered nurse and the delegating physician; if the delegating physician is not available,

the delegating physician for purposes of consultation may designate another physician who concurs with the terms of the nurse protocol agreement;

- (3) Identify the parameters under which delegated acts may be performed by the advanced practice registered nurse, including without limitation the number of refills which may be ordered, the kinds of diagnostic studies which may be ordered, the extent to which radiographic image tests may be ordered, and the circumstances under which a prescription drug order may be executed. In the event the delegating physician authorizes the advanced practice registered nurse to order an X-ray, ultrasound, or radiographic imaging test, the nurse protocol agreement shall contain provisions whereby such X-ray, ultrasound, or radiographic imaging test shall be read and interpreted by a physician who is trained in the reading and interpretation of such tests; a report of such X-ray, ultrasound, or radiographic imaging test may be reviewed by the advanced practice registered nurse; and a copy of such report shall be forwarded to the delegating physician, except that such provision for an ultrasound shall not be required for an advanced practice registered nurse acting within his or her scope of practice as authorized by Code Sections 43-26-3 and 43-26-5;
- (4) Require documentation either in writing or by electronic means or other medium by the advanced practice registered nurse of those acts performed by the advanced practice registered nurse which are specific to the medical acts authorized by the delegating physician;
- 1051 (5) Include a schedule for periodic review by the delegating physician of patient records.
- Such patient records review may be achieved with a sampling of such records as determined by the delegating physician;
 - (6) Provide for patient evaluation or follow-up examination by the delegating physician or other physician designated by the delegating physician pursuant to paragraph (2) of this subsection, with the frequency of such evaluation or follow-up examination based on the nature, extent, and scope of the delegated act or acts as determined by the delegating physician in accordance with paragraph (3) of this subsection and accepted standards of medical practice as determined by the board;
- 1060 (7) Be reviewed, revised, or updated annually by the delegating physician and the advanced practice registered nurse;
- 1062 (8) Be available for review upon written request to the advanced practice registered nurse 1063 by the Georgia Board of Nursing or to the physician by the board; and
- 1064 (9) Provide that a patient who receives a prescription drug order for any controlled substance pursuant to a nurse protocol agreement shall be evaluated or examined by the delegating physician or other physician designated by the delegating physician pursuant

to paragraph (2) of this subsection on at least a quarterly basis or at a more frequent interval as determined by the board.

- 1069 (d) A written prescription drug order issued pursuant to this Code section shall be signed
- by the advanced practice registered nurse and shall be on a form which shall include,
- without limitation, the names of the advanced practice registered nurse and delegating
- physician who are parties to the nurse protocol agreement, the patient's name and address,
- the drug or device ordered, directions with regard to the taking and dosage of the drug or
- use of the device, and the number of refills. A prescription drug order which is transmitted
- either electronically or via facsimile shall conform to the requirements set out in paragraphs
- 1076 (1) and (2) of subsection (c) of Code Section 26-4-80, respectively.
- 1077 (e) An advanced practice registered nurse may be authorized under a nurse protocol
- agreement to request, receive, and sign for professional samples and may distribute
- professional samples to patients. The office or facility at which the advanced practice
- registered nurse is working shall maintain a list of the professional samples approved by
- the delegating physician for request, receipt, and distribution by the advanced practice
- registered nurse as well as a complete list of the specific number and dosage of each
- professional sample and medication voucher received and dispensed. In addition to the
- requirements of this Code section, all professional samples shall be maintained as required
- by applicable state and federal laws and regulations.
- 1086 (f) A managed care system, health plan, hospital, insurance company, or other similar
- entity shall not require a physician or advanced practice registered nurse to be a party to
- a nurse protocol agreement as a condition for participation in or reimbursement from such
- 1089 entity.
- 1090 (g) A delegating physician may not enter into a nurse protocol agreement pursuant to this
- 1091 Code section with more than four advanced practice registered nurses at any one time,
- except this limitation shall not apply to an advanced practice registered nurse that is
- 1093 practicing:
- (1) In a hospital licensed under Title 31;
- 1095 (2) In any college or university as defined in Code Section 20-8-1;
- 1096 (3) In the Department of Human Resources;
- 1097 (4) In any county board of health;
- 1098 (5) In any free health clinic;
- 1099 (6) In a birthing center;
- 1100 (7) In any entity:
- (A) Which is exempt from federal taxes pursuant to Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal
- 1102 Revenue Code, as defined in Code Section 48-1-2, and primarily serves uninsured or
- indigent Medicaid and medicare patients; or

1104 (B) Which has been established under the authority of or is receiving funds pursuant to 42 U.S.C. Section 254b or 254c of the United States Public Health Service Act;

- 1106 (8) In any local board of education which has a school nurse program; or
- 1107 (9) In a health maintenance organization that has an exclusive contract with a medical 1108 group practice and arranges for the provision of substantially all physician services to
- enrollees in health benefits of the health maintenance organization.
- 1110 (h) Nothing in this Code section shall be construed to create a presumption of liability,
- either civil or criminal, on the part of a pharmacist duly licensed under Chapter 4 of Title
- 26 who, in good faith, fills a prescription drug order of an advanced practice registered
- nurse issued pursuant to a nurse protocol agreement.
- 1114 (i) Nothing in this Code section shall be construed to apply to the practice of a certified
- registered nurse anesthetist.
- 1116 (j) Nothing in this Code section shall be construed to require an advanced practice
- registered nurse to be a party to a nurse protocol agreement in order to practice as a
- registered professional nurse or an advanced practice registered nurse as otherwise
- permitted by Article 1 of Chapter 26 of this title.
- 1120 (k) Nothing in this Code section shall be construed to authorize an advanced practice
- registered nurse to issue a prescription drug order for a Schedule I or II controlled
- substance or authorize refills of any drug for more than 12 months from the date of the
- original order except in the case of oral contraceptives, hormone replacement therapy, or
- prenatal vitamins which may be refilled for a period of 24 months.
- (1) Nothing in this Code section shall be construed to allow an advanced practice registered
- nurse to perform an abortion or to administer, prescribe, or issue a drug order that is
- intended to cause an abortion to occur pharmacologically.
- 1128 (m) The board shall have the authority to promulgate rules and regulations governing a
- delegating physician in order to carry out the intents and purposes of this Code section.
- Further, the board shall be authorized to:
- 1131 (1) Require that a nurse protocol agreement shall be filed by the delegating physician
- with the board within a reasonable time from the date of execution;
- 1133 (2) Determine, after review of a filed nurse protocol agreement, if such nurse protocol
- agreement fails to meet accepted standards of medical practice as established by the
- board; and
- 1136 (3) Require the delegating physician to amend any such noncompliant nurse protocol
- agreement in order to meet such accepted standards.
- (n) Except for practice settings identified in paragraph (7) of subsection (g) of this Code
- section, it shall be unlawful for a physician to be an employee of an advanced practice
- registered nurse, alone or in combination with others, if the physician is required to

supervise the employing advanced practice registered nurse. Such conduct shall be subject to sanctions by the Georgia Board of Nursing as to the advanced practice registered nurse and the board as to the physician.

1144 43-34-27.

(a)(1)(A) Any person who wishes to obtain the right to practice medicine in this state and who was not, prior to March 16, 1970, registered or licensed to practice medicine, either by the State Board of Medical Examiners or the State Board of Examiners in Osteopathy, shall, before it shall be lawful for him or her to practice medicine in this state, make application to the board through the executive director, upon such forms and in such manner as shall be adopted and prescribed by the board, and shall obtain from the board a license to practice medicine. Any person who practices medicine without first having obtained a license shall be deemed to have violated this chapter article. All applicants for a license to practice medicine or for a renewal of any such license which has been revoked shall furnish the board with evidence of good moral character. Applications from candidates to practice medicine or surgery in any of its branches shall be accompanied by proof that the applicant is a graduate of one of the two colleges of medicine now existing in this state, or from some other legally incorporated medical college school or osteopathic college medical school.

- (B) The board by rule or regulation may establish standards and procedures for evaluating, inspecting, and approving any medical school or osteopathic college not already approved by it on or before March 16, 1970 medical school. The evaluation procedure may include consideration of reports from any outside agency having expertise in medical school or osteopathic college medical school evaluation; provided, however, that the board shall make the final decision on approval of medical schools and osteopathic colleges medical schools. Nothing contained in this Code section shall prevent the approval of medical schools outside of the United States or the licensing of graduates of medical schools outside of the United States if such schools and their graduates comply with the standards established in this Code section and by rule of the board.
- (2) Each medical school or osteopathic medical school in good standing with the board shall have a minimum preliminary educational requirement of the completion of a two-year premedical college course.
- (3) Graduates of board approved medical schools or osteopathic colleges medical schools and persons who are graduated on or before July 1, 1985, from medical schools or osteopathic colleges medical schools which are not approved by the board must complete one year of a board approved internship or postgraduate residency training program to

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be eligible to stand any regular examination given by the board for a license to practice medicine in this state. Persons who are graduated after July 1, 1985, from medical schools or osteopathic colleges medical schools which are not approved by the board must complete three years of internship, residency, fellowship, or other postgraduate medical training that is approved by the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education (ACGME), the American Osteopathic Association (AOA), or the board to be eligible for a license to practice medicine in this state. Current certification of any applicant by a member board of the American Board of Medical Specialties may be considered by the board as evidence that such applicant's postgraduate medical training has satisfied the requirements of this paragraph. However, before any such person shall be eligible to receive a license to practice medicine in this state, he or she shall furnish the board with satisfactory evidence of attainments and qualifications under this Code section and the rules and regulations of the board. Nothing contained in this Code section shall be construed so as to require a person who has previously passed an examination given by the board for a license to practice medicine in this state to stand another examination. (3)(4) If the applicant submits proof that he or she has had postgraduate training as an intern or resident as required in paragraph (2)(3) of this subsection and if he or she furnishes satisfactory evidence of attainments and qualifications under this chapter article and the rules and regulations of the board, he or she shall be eligible to receive a license from the board giving him or her absolute authority to practice medicine in this state, provided that the board shall, before approving any internship program not already approved by it on or before March 16, 1970, evaluate or inspect such internship program and determine that such internship program meets the standards of programs approved by the board on or before March 16, 1970; provided, however, that the board may limit or restrict a license based on lapses in recent clinical training or experience or any other deficiencies identified by the board. (4)(5) If the date of graduation from an institution mentioned in subparagraph (B) of paragraph (1) of this subsection is on or before January 1, 1967, no proof of internship postgraduate training in an approved hospital need be submitted to obtain a license from medical school and who:

- 1208 (b)(1) Students who have completed the academic curriculum in residence in a foreign 1209
- (A) Have studied medicine at a medical school located outside of the United States, 1210 1211 Puerto Rico, and Canada which is recognized by the World Health Organization 1212 approved by the board; and

1213 (B) Have completed all of the formal requirements of the foreign medical school except internship or social service any postgraduate training equivalent 1214 1215 may substitute for the internship or social service postgraduate training equivalent required by a foreign country an academic year of supervised clinical training (clinical clerkship) 1216 1217 prior to entrance into the first year of American Medical Association approved graduate 1218 education. The supervised clinical training must be under the direction of a medical school 1219 approved by the liaison committee on medical education. 1220 (2) Before beginning the supervised clinical training, the students must have their 1221 academic records reviewed and approved by the medical schools supervising their clinical training and shall pass the Educational Council for Foreign Medical Graduates 1222 (ECFMG) qualifying examination. 1223 1224 (3) Students who are judged by the sponsoring medical schools to have successfully completed the supervised clinical training shall be eligible to enter the first year of 1225 American Medical Association approved graduate training program without completing 1226 social service or internship obligations required by the foreign country and without 1227 obtaining Educational Council for Foreign Medical Graduates (ECFMG) certification. 1228 1229 (c) Notwithstanding any other contrary provisions of this Code section, a person who has: 1230 (1) Completed the academic curriculum in residence in a nonapproved medical school, 1231 as specified in subsection (b) of this Code section; 1232 (2) Completed one year of supervised clinical training in a teaching hospital in Georgia that is approved by the board; 1233 1234 (3) Satisfactorily completed one year of a board approved internship or residency 1235 training program in Georgia that is approved by the board; (4) Received a favorable letter of recommendation from the program director of such 1236 1237 board approved internship or residency program; and 1238 (5) Satisfactorily completed components 1 and 2 of the Federation Licensing 1239 Examination (FLEX) shall be eligible to apply for a provisional license to practice medicine during the 1240 1241 completion of such person's board approved internship or residency training program. Such 1242 provisional license, if approved by the board, shall allow the holder to practice medicine in a Health Professional Shortage Area designated as such by the United States Department 1243 1244 of Health and Human Services, based on recommendations by the Department of 1245 Community Health. Such a provisional license shall not be approved pursuant to this subsection for more than two years and if the licensee leaves, quits, or is expelled from the 1246

in this subsection shall be construed to require the issuance of such license.

approved residency program, the provisional license shall be deemed to be revoked. Such

provisional license shall be issued only upon approval by the board and nothing contained

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(c) For any applicant who has not passed a board approved licensing examination or a board approved specialty board examination or recertification examination within seven years of the date of application, the board shall determine, by an evaluation program established by rule, such person's fitness to resume active status and may require the person to complete a period of evaluated clinical experience and successful completion of an examination. The board may also require a licensee or applicant who is subject to discipline pursuant to Code Section 43-34-9 to take and pass a clinical competency assessment or similar examination approved by the board as a condition of licensure. Nothing contained in this Code section shall be construed so as to require a person who has previously passed an examination approved by the board for a license to practice medicine in this state to stand another examination as a condition of renewal of a current unrestricted license. (d) The board may approve any examination or examinations that it deems must be passed in order to meet the requirements for licensure. Such examinations shall be in English. The board shall establish the passing score which all applicants for licensure shall meet or exceed. If an applicant fails for the third or any subsequent time any examination which is required to be passed in order to become a licensed practitioner in this state, the applicant shall not be eligible to retake any such examination until such applicant furnishes proof of having completed postgraduate one year of approved Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education (ACGME) training.

1270 43-34-28.

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Any qualified applicant who is an alien, except for graduates of accredited Canadian medical schools as approved by the board, must have resided in the United States for one year. All qualified applicants who are aliens and who shall comply with all other requirements of this chapter article shall be eligible to stand the examination provided for in this chapter article and, upon his or her successful completion thereof, shall be granted a license to practice medicine upon compliance with all other requirements prescribed as a prerequisite to the issuance of a license. Graduates of accredited Canadian medical schools, as approved by the board, are exempt from the residency requirement of one year in the United States and may be granted a license by endorsement of the Licentiate Medical Counsel of Canada (LMCC) examination without further examination if the board determines that the applicant substantially meets the qualifications required for licensure in this state.

1283 43-34-29.

The board may grant a license without examination to licensees of boards of other states requiring equal or higher qualifications, upon the same basis as such states reciprocate with this state, all upon the following terms and conditions:

(1) If the date of the license from the board of such other state is on or before January 1, 1967, no proof of interning in an approved hospital need be submitted to obtain a license from the board giving the applicant absolute authority to practice medicine in this state; (2) The applicant shall prove to the satisfaction of the board that the applicant has graduated from a medical or osteopathic college approved by the board on the date of application, for the purposes of this chapter, provided that the applicant shall not be granted a license by reciprocity if the date of such applicant's graduation from such medical or osteopathic college shall have occurred prior to July 1, 1963, unless such medical or osteopathic college was approved for the purposes of this chapter by the Composite State Board of Medical Examiners or the State Board of Osteopathic Examiners as of the date of such graduation;

(3) If the date of the license from the board of such other state is after April 18, 1967, the applicant shall submit proof that he has had the same training as is required for applicants for examination in paragraph (2) of subsection (a) of Code Section 43-34-27, in which event the board shall grant the applicant a license from the board giving the applicant absolute authority to practice medicine in this state, provided that if the date of completion of such internship program occurred prior to July 1, 1963, the board shall not grant such license by reciprocity, except as allowed pursuant to the final proviso of this paragraph, unless the internship program was approved by the board as of the date of completion of such internship program by the applicant; and provided, further, that the board may, in its discretion, waive the requirements of this paragraph after determining that an applicant licensed to practice medicine in another state which does not require an internship or residency has been actively engaged in the practice of medicine in such other state for at least two years.

1311 43-34-29.1 <u>43-34-30</u>.

Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, the board may issue, in its discretion, without examination, a teacher's license to licensed physicians of other states and foreign countries for the sole purpose of teaching or demonstrating medicine in a board approved medical college or its affiliated clinic in this state. If issued after January 1, 1999, a teacher's license shall be valid for up to two years and may only be renewed, at the board's discretion, for one additional year.

- 1318 43-34-30.
- The board may grant a license without examination to an alien licensee of a board of
- another state which requires equal or higher qualifications for licenses, upon the same basis
- as such state reciprocates with this state, if such an applicant for a license has resided
- within the United States for at least one year.
- 1323 43-34-31.
- Licensed physicians of other states and foreign countries may be permitted to enter this
- state for consultation with any licensed physician of this state. A physician from another
- state or from a foreign country shall not be permitted to establish offices in this state for
- the practice of his <u>or her</u> profession, either temporary or permanent, or practice under
- another physician's license, unless he <u>or she</u> obtains a license from the board. A license
- may be issued to a physician of another state or a foreign country by comity or reciprocity
- if the standards for medical licensure of such a state or foreign country equal those of this
- state, and after such state or foreign country agrees to license physicians of this state on a
- like basis, provided such agreements are not in conflict with this article.
- 1333 43-34-31.1 <u>43-34-32</u>.
- 1334 (a) A person who is physically located in another state or foreign country and who,
- through the use of any means, including electronic, radiographic, or other means of
- telecommunication, through which medical information or data is are transmitted, performs
- an act that is part of a patient care service located in this state, including but not limited to
- the initiation of imaging procedures or the preparation of pathological material for
- examination, and that would affect the diagnosis or treatment of the patient is engaged in
- the practice of medicine in this state. Any person who performs such acts through such
- means shall be required to have a license to practice medicine in this state and shall be
- subject to regulation by the board. Any such out-of-state or foreign practitioner shall not
- have ultimate authority over the care or primary diagnosis of a patient who is located in this
- 1344 state.
- 1345 (b) This Code section shall not apply to:
- 1346 (1) The acts of a doctor of medicine or doctor of osteopathy osteopathic medicine located
- in another state or foreign country who:
- (A) Provides consultation services at the request of a physician licensed in this state;
- 1349 and
- (B) Provides such services on an occasional rather than on a regular or routine basis;
- 1351 (2) The acts of a physician or osteopath osteopathic physician licensed in another state
- or foreign country who:

(A) Provides consultation services in the case of an emergency;

1354 (B) Provides consultation services without compensation, remuneration, or other expectation thereof; or

- (C) Provides consultation services to a medical school which is located within this state and approved by the board; or
- 1358 (3) The acts of a physician or osteopath osteopathic physician located in another state or
 1359 foreign country when invited as a guest of any medical school or osteopathic medical
 1360 school approved by the board or a state medical society or component thereof, for the sole
 1361 purpose of engaging in professional education through lectures, clinics, or
 1362 demonstrations, provided that such physician or osteopath osteopathic physician is
 1363 licensed to practice medicine or osteopathy osteopathic medicine in the state or foreign
 1364 country in which he or she is located.
- 1365 (c) This Code section shall not be construed to alter the scope of practice of any health care provider or authorize the delivery of health care services in a setting or in a manner not otherwise authorized by the laws of this state.
- (d) All persons subject to the provisions of this Code section shall be required to comply with all applicable requirements of the laws of this state relating to the maintenance of patient records and the confidentiality of patient information, regardless of where such physician or health care provider may be located and regardless of where or how the records of any patient located in this state are maintained.
- 1373 43-34-32 <u>43-34-33</u>.

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- The executive director, with the approval of the <u>president chairperson</u> of the board, may in his <u>or her</u> discretion issue a temporary license to an applicant, which license shall have the same force and effect as a permanent license until the next regular meeting of the board when the temporary license shall become void. A temporary license shall not be recorded.
- 1378 43-34-33 <u>43-34-34</u>.

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(a) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, any person who has resided in the United States for one year, who is a graduate of a school accredited and approved as provided in Code Section 43-34-27, and who is employed by this state in any state operated institution, or who is employed by any state medical college approved by the board may upon the request of the superintendent of such state institution or the dean of such medical college employing the physician be granted an institutional license authorizing such physician to practice medicine, under proper medical supervision in accordance with this Code section, in the state institution or medical college employing the licensee. The institutional license may be renewable biennially, so long as the licensee remains in the

1388 employ of the state institution or medical college requesting the license, provided that such 1389 institutional license shall not be prima-facie evidence that the holder thereof meets the 1390 minimum basic requirements for examination by the board or for the issuance of a 1391 permanent license to practice medicine. 1392 (b) Any residency requirement may be waived at the discretion of the board if a job 1393 description is submitted to the board indicating that the applicant's duties in one of the 1394 medical colleges in this state are strictly of a teaching nature as opposed to direct patient 1395 care. 1396 (c) A person issued an institutional license pursuant to this Code section shall not engage 1397 in the private practice of medicine and shall not receive fees or any other remuneration 1398 from his patients. Persons practicing medicine pursuant to an institutional license issued 1399 in accordance with this Code section shall receive as their sole remuneration for the 1400 practice of medicine the salary and other remuneration paid by the institution. The license 1401 of any person who violates this Code section shall be subject to revocation by the board 1402 after notice and opportunity for hearing. 1403 (d) Any physician applying for an institutional license who meets all other requirements 1404 of the board must also furnish documentation of one year of American Medical Association 1405 or American Osteopathic Association approved postgraduate training (internship or 1406 residency), or other training acceptable to the board. Any postgraduate training requirement 1407 may be waived for those physicians whose duties are strictly of a teaching nature in one of 1408 the medical colleges in this state. 1409 (e) Institutional license holders shall not be permitted to apply for a Drug Enforcement 1410 Agency registration number to write prescriptions to be filled outside the institution. 1411 (f) On and after July 1, 1983, no institutional license may be granted to any person who 1412 previously had not been granted such a license. Any person first granted an institutional 1413 license before July 1, 1980, who holds an institutional license on July 1, 1983, may 1414 continue to renew that license biennially under the conditions otherwise specified in this 1415 Code section. Any person first granted an institutional license on or after July 1, 1980, who holds an institutional license on July 1, 1983, may continue to renew that license biennially 1416 1417 under the conditions otherwise specified in this Code section, but these licenses shall expire 1418 July 1, 1985, and may not thereafter be renewed. 1419 43-34-34 <u>43-34-35</u>. (a) The board, in its discretion, may issue a provisional license to an applicant who 1420 1421 demonstrates to the board that he possesses all the qualifications and meets all requirements 1422 necessary to become a licensed practitioner in this state except for having passed any

required examination. In such a case, the board may waive the examination requirement

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and grant a provisional license which shall be valid only so long as the applicant shall practice in the geographic locality specified upon such license. A practitioner so licensed shall annually renew his license and in doing so shall furnish such proof as the board may require to indicate that he has practiced in the geographic location specified upon such license, provided that any such provisional license shall expire 12 months after its issue and may be renewed for only one additional 12 month period following such expiration; provided, further, that a provisional license issued to a person serving on April 16, 1979, as a district health director or as a director of a county board of health shall be renewable annually without such one-time-only renewal limitation, as long as such person continues to meet the other requirements specified in this Code section and continues to serve in such position. The board shall not issue any such provisional license unless it determines, in its discretion, that there is an unfulfilled need for such medical services in the locality specified.

(b) Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this Code section, a provisional license issued to a

- 1437 (b) Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this Code section, a provisional license issued to a
 1438 A person who held a valid provisional license on or before April 16, 1979, shall be
 1439 renewable able to renew such license annually without any one-time-only renewal
 1440 limitation, as long as such person continues to meet the other requirements specified in this
 1441 Code section article and does not otherwise violate this article.
- (c) If a license applicant fails, for the third or any subsequent time, any examination which is required to be passed in order to become a licensed practitioner in this state, the applicant shall not be eligible to retake any such examination until such applicant furnishes proof of having completed one year of appropriate education and training as approved by the board.

 (d) The board shall have the power to promulgate such rules and regulations as may be necessary to implement the intent of this Code section.
- 1448 43-34-35 <u>43-34-36</u>.

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- 1449 (a) The board shall issue licenses to practice medicine to all persons who shall furnish satisfactory evidence of attainments and qualifications under this chapter article and the rules and regulations of the board. Such license shall give absolute authority to the person to whom it is issued to practice medicine in this state unless restricted pursuant to this article.
- 1454 (b) It shall be the duty of the executive director, under the direction of the board, to aid in
 1455 the enforcement of this chapter and in the prosecution of all persons charged with
- 1456 violations of its provisions.
- 1457 (c) Every person holding a license issued by the board under this article shall display it in 1458 a conspicuous place in the licensee's principal place of practice.

1459 43-34-36.

Before any person who obtains a license from the board may lawfully practice medicine, he shall cause the license to be recorded in the office of the clerk of the superior court of the county in which he resides. The license shall be recorded by the clerk in a book kept for that purpose and shall be indexed in the name of the person to whom the license is granted. The clerk's fee for recording the license shall be the same as for recording a deed. The clerk shall make a report to the executive director, on December 31 of each year, of all licenses registered with him. Each applicant receiving a license from the board shall cause the same to be registered within 30 days.

1468 43-34-39.

In all cases wherein a license has been revoked and no appeal has been entered within the time allowed by law, it shall be the duty of the executive director, immediately after the expiration of the time allowed for appeal, to transmit to the clerk of the superior court in whose office the revoked license is recorded a copy of the order of the board revoking the license, certified by the executive director, with the appropriate fee; and it shall be the duty of the clerk to cancel the record of the license by entering upon the face thereof a copy of the certified order. In a case in which appeal proceedings are had and not sustained, the revoked license shall be canceled in the manner above provided, immediately after the final termination of such case.

1478 43-34-40 <u>43-34-37</u>.

The board is authorized to pass upon the good standing and reputation of any medical school or osteopathic college medical school. Only such medical schools or osteopathic colleges medical schools will be considered in good standing as that possess a full and complete faculty for the teaching of medicine, surgery, and obstetrics in all their branches; that afford their students adequate clinical and hospital facilities; that have adequate curricula as determined by the board in its discretion; that fulfill all their published promises, requirements, and other claims respecting advantages to their students and the course of instruction; that exact a preliminary educational requirement equal to that specified by this chapter article; that require students to furnish testimonials of good moral standing; and that give advanced standing only on cards from accredited medical schools or osteopathic colleges medical schools. In determining the reputation of the medical school or osteopathic college medical school, the right to investigate and make a personal inspection of the same is authorized.

- 1492 43-34-41.
- Each medical or osteopathic school or college in good standing with the board shall have
- 1494 a minimum preliminary educational requirement of the completion of a two-year
- 1495 premedical college course.
- 1496 43-34-42. <u>43-34-38.</u>
- 1497 (a) Physicians and surgeons licensed to practice medicine in accordance with and under
- this article shall be the only persons authorized to administer or perform artificial
- insemination upon any female human being. Any other person or persons who shall attempt
- to administer or perform or who shall actually administer or perform artificial insemination
- upon any female human being shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall
- be punished by imprisonment in the penitentiary for not less than one year nor more than
- 1503 five years.
- 1504 (b) Any physician or surgeon who obtains written authorization signed by both the
- husband and the wife authorizing him to perform or administer artificial insemination shall
- be relieved of civil liability to the husband and wife or to any child conceived by artificial
- insemination for the result or results of said artificial insemination, provided that the
- written authorization provided for in this Code section shall not relieve any physician or
- surgeon from any civil liability arising from his own negligent administration or
- performance of artificial insemination.
- 1511 43-34-42.1 <u>43-34-39</u>.
- 1512 (a) This Code section shall be known and may be cited as the 'Access to Medical
- 1513 Treatment Act.'
- 1514 (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, and except as provided in subsection (c)
- of this Code section, an individual shall have the right to be treated for any illness or
- disease which is potentially life threatening or chronically disabling by a person licensed
- to practice medicine under this article with any experimental or nonconventional medical
- treatment that such individual desires or the legal representative of such individual
- authorizes if such person licensed to practice medicine under this article has personally
- examined such individual and agrees to treat such individual.
- (c) A person licensed to practice medicine under this article may provide any medical
- treatment to an individual described in subsection (b) of this Code section if:
- 1523 (1) There is no reasonable basis to conclude that the medical treatment itself, when
- administered as directed, poses an unreasonable and significant risk of danger to such
- individual; and

(2) The person licensed to practice medicine under this article has provided the patient with a written statement and an oral explanation, which the patient has acknowledged by the patient's signature or the signature of the patient's legal representative, that discloses the facts regarding the nature of the treatment, specifically including that the treatment offered is experimental or nonconventional, that the drug or medical device has not been approved by the Food and Drug Administration for any indication, as well as the material risks generally recognized by reasonably prudent physicians of such treatment's side effects.

(d) The treatment of patients in compliance with this Code section by a person licensed to practice medicine under this article shall not by itself constitute unprofessional practice or conduct.

43-34-43 <u>43-34-40</u>.

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In addition to any other remedy or criminal prosecution, whenever it shall appear to the board that any person, firm, company, partnership, association, or corporation or the agent, officer, or director of such firm, company, partnership, association, or corporation is or has been violating any of the provisions of this chapter article or any of the laws of the state relating to the practice of medicine, the board may, on its own motion or on the verified complaint in writing of any person, file a complaint in its own name in the superior court having venue and jurisdiction over the parties, alleging the facts and praying for a temporary restraining order and an injunction and permanent injunction against such person, firm, company, partnership, association, or corporation, including any agent, officer, or director of same, restraining him or her from violating such law. Upon proof thereof, the court shall issue such restraining order, injunction, and permanent injunction without requiring allegation or proof that the petitioner therefor has no adequate remedy at law. No restraining order or injunction, whether temporary, permanent, or otherwise, shall be granted without a hearing after at least ten days' notice. It is declared that such violation of this chapter article is a menace and a nuisance dangerous to the public health, safety, and welfare.

1554 43-34-44 <u>43-34-41</u>.

Any person who shall buy, sell, or fraudulently obtain any diploma, license, record, or registration to practice osteopathy osteopathic medicine, illegally obtained or signed, or issued unlawfully or under fraudulent representation; or who shall use any of the forms or letters, 'Osteopathy,' 'Osteopath,' 'Osteopathist,' 'Diplomate in Osteopathy,' 'D.O.,' 'D.Sc.O.,' 'Osteopathic Physician,' 'Doctor of Osteopathy,' or any other title or letters, either alone or with other qualifying words or phrases, under such circumstances as to induce the belief

that the person who uses such term or terms is engaged in the practice of osteopathy

- osteopathic medicine, or anyone who shall hold himself or herself out as practicing any
- other nondrug-giving school of medical practice, without having complied with this article,
- shall be guilty of a misdemeanor felony.
- 1565 43-34-45.
- Any person who, by fraud or misrepresentation, shall practice, pretend to practice, or use
- the science of osteopathy or other nondrug-giving school of medical practice in treating
- diseases of the human body shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.
- 1569 43-34-45.1 43-34-42.
- 1570 (a) This Code section shall be known and may be cited as the 'Georgia Volunteers in
- 1571 Medicine Health Care Act.'
- 1572 (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the board shall issue a special license to
- qualifying physicians under the terms and conditions set forth in this Code section. The
- special license shall only be issued to a person who:
- 1575 (1) Is currently licensed to practice medicine in any medical-licensing jurisdiction in the
- United States and whose license is unrestricted and in good standing; or
- 1577 (2) Is retired from the practice of medicine and not currently engaged in such practice
- either full time or part time and has, prior to retirement, maintained full licensure in good
- standing in any medical-licensing jurisdiction in the United States.
- As used in this subsection, the term 'unrestricted' means that no restrictions have been
- placed on a physician's license by the board, no sanctions or disciplinary actions have been
- imposed by the board on a physician, and a physician is not under probation or suspension
- by the board.
- 1584 (c) The special licensee shall be permitted to practice medicine only in the
- noncompensated employ of public agencies or institutions or not for profit agencies, not
- for profit institutions, nonprofit corporations, or not for profit associations which provide
- medical services only to indigent patients in medically underserved or critical need
- population areas of the state, as determined by the board, or pursuant to Article 8 of
- 1589 Chapter 8 of Title 31.
- 1590 (d) The person applying for the special license under this Code section shall submit to the
- board a copy of his or her medical degree, a copy of his or her license in his or her current
- or previous licensing and regulating jurisdiction, and a notarized statement from the
- employing agency, institution, corporation, association, or health care program, on a form
- prescribed by the board, whereby he or she agrees unequivocally not to receive

compensation for any medical services he or she may render while in possession of the special license.

- (e) The examination by the board, any application fees, and all licensure and renewal fees
- 1598 must shall be waived for the holder of the special license under this Code section and do
- not apply to such person.
- 1600 (f) If at the time application is made for the special license the physician is not in
- 1601 compliance with the continuing medical education requirements established by the board,
- the physician shall be issued a nonrenewable temporary license to practice for six months
- provided the applicant is otherwise qualified for such license such person must document
- such compliance before a special license is issued.
- 1605 (g)(1) Except as provided for in paragraph (2) of this subsection, the liability of persons
- practicing medicine under and in compliance with a special license issued under this
- 1607 Code section and the liability of their employers for such practice shall be governed by
- 1608 Code Section 51-1-29.1.
- 1609 (2) The liability of persons practicing medicine pursuant to Article 8 of Chapter 8 of
- Title 31 under and in compliance with a special license issued under this Code section
- and the liability of their employers shall be governed by the provisions of such article.
- 1612 (h) Nothing contained in this Code section shall be construed to authorize the holder of the
- special license provided for in this Code section to perform surgery or any surgical
- procedure.
- 1615 (i) This Code section, being in derogation of the common law, shall be strictly construed.
- 1616 43-34-46 43-34-43.
- 1617 (a) Any person who practices medicine without complying with this article or who
- otherwise violates any provision of this article shall be guilty of a felony and, upon
- 1619 conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than \$500.00 nor more than
- \$1,000.00 per each violation or by imprisonment from two to five years, or both.
- 1621 (b) Any person presenting or attempting to file as his <u>or her</u> own the diploma or certificate
- or credentials of another, or who shall give false or forged evidence of any kind to the
- board or any member thereof in connection with an application for a license to practice
- medicine, or who shall practice medicine under a false or assumed name, or who shall
- falsely impersonate any other practitioner of a like or different name shall be guilty of a
- felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than \$500.00
- nor more than \$1,000.00 \$5,000.00 or by imprisonment from two to five years, or both.
- 1628 43-34-47 <u>43-34-44</u>.
- 1629 (a) As used in this Code section, the term:

1630 (1) 'Program director' means a physician licensed in this state who is responsible for screening, selecting, and supervising physicians enrolled in one or more of an institution's postgraduate training programs.

- (2) 'Temporary postgraduate training permit' means a permit issued by the board to a graduate of a board approved medical <u>school</u> or osteopathic <u>medical</u> school who is enrolled in a postgraduate training program deemed acceptable by the board and who does not currently hold a full and unrestricted license in this state.
- (3) 'Training institution' means an institution that sponsors and conducts a postgraduate training program approved by the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education (ACGME), or the American Osteopathic Association (AOA), or other program approved by the board for the training of interns, residents, or postresidency fellows including Canadian schools.
- (b)(1) An individual seeking to pursue postgraduate medical training in this state who does not hold a license to practice medicine issued under this chapter article shall apply to the board for a temporary postgraduate training permit. The application shall be made on forms that the board shall furnish and shall be accompanied by the application and permit fees set by the board. Such application shall include the following:
 - (A) Evidence satisfactory to the board that the applicant has been accepted or appointed to participate at a training institution in this state in one of the following:
 - (i) An internship or residency program accredited by either the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education or the American Osteopathic Association; or
 - (ii) A clinical fellowship program at an institution with a residency program accredited either by the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education or the American Osteopathic Association that is in a clinical field the same as or related to the clinical field of the fellowship program;
 - (B) Information satisfactory to the board that identifies the beginning and ending dates of the period for which the applicant has been accepted or appointed to participate in the internship, residency, or clinical fellowship program; and
- (C) Any other information that the board requires.
- Nothing in this Code section shall prohibit an individual from obtaining a full and unrestricted license to practice medicine under this article.
 - (2) If the applicant meets the requirements of paragraph (1) of this subsection, the board shall issue a temporary postgraduate training permit to the applicant. A temporary postgraduate training permit issued pursuant to this subsection shall be valid only for a period of one year but may, in the discretion of the board and upon application duly made and payment of the renewal fee required by the board, be renewed annually for the duration of the postgraduate training program for a period not to exceed seven years. The

board shall maintain a registry of all individuals who hold temporary postgraduate training permits.

- (3) The holder of a valid temporary postgraduate training permit shall be entitled to perform such acts as may be prescribed by or incidental to the holder's postgraduate residency training program, but the holder shall not be entitled otherwise to engage in the practice of medicine in this state. The holder shall train only under the supervision of the physicians responsible for supervision as part of the postgraduate training program. The temporary postgraduate training permit shall authorize the person receiving the permit to practice in facilities affiliated with the postgraduate training program only if such practice is part of the training program.
- (4) Prior to participating in a postgraduate medical training program in this state, individuals must either hold a license to practice medicine or a temporary postgraduate training permit issued by the board or have applied for a temporary postgraduate training permit. The board shall issue temporary postgraduate training permits to applicants meeting the board's qualifications within 30 days of receipt by the board of the application.
- (5) A temporary postgraduate training permit issued pursuant to this Code section shall expire upon the permit holder's withdrawal or termination from, or completion of, the postgraduate training program or upon obtaining a license to practice medicine under this article.
- 1687 (6) The board shall have the authority to discipline the holder of a temporary postgraduate training permit in the same manner and based upon any ground or violation enumerated in Code Sections 43-1-19 and 43-34-37 Section 43-34-8.
 - (7) By obtaining a temporary postgraduate training permit, the permit holder consents to the release of information pursuant to subsection (d) of this Code section from program directors and supervising physicians and authorizes the president chairperson of the board to be an agent for service.
 - (c)(1) The board shall have the authority to refuse to issue or renew or to suspend, revoke, or limit a temporary postgraduate training permit based upon any of the grounds or violations enumerated in Code Sections 43-1-19 and 43-34-37 Section 43-34-8.
- (2) The refusal, suspension, revocation, or limitation of a temporary postgraduate training permit shall not be deemed to be a contested case under Chapter 13 of Title 50, the 'Georgia Administrative Procedure Act,' and notice and a hearing within the meaning of such chapter shall not be required. The individual or permit holder shall be allowed to appear before the board if he or she so requests regarding such refusal, suspension, revocation, or limitation.

(d)(1) It is the responsibility of the program director for the training program to notify

- the board upon the permit holder's withdrawal or termination from, or completion of, the
- postgraduate training program.
- 1706 (2) Program directors shall comply with all other reporting requirements which the board
- by rule and regulation may require.
- 1708 (3) Failure to comply with the board's reporting requirements shall be grounds for
- disciplinary action by the board.
- 1710 (e) The board may adopt such rules and regulations as necessary to effect the purpose of
- this Code section.
- 1712 ARTICLE 3
- 1713 43-34-60.
- 1714 This article shall be known and may be cited as the 'Acupuncture Act of Georgia.'
- 1715 43-34-61.
- 1716 The General Assembly finds and declares that the practice of acupuncture in Georgia
- affects the public health, safety, and welfare and that it is necessarily a proper subject of
- 1718 regulation and control.
- 1719 43-34-62.
- 1720 As used in this article, the term:
- (1) 'Acupuncture' means a form of therapy developed from traditional and modern
- Oriental concepts for health care that employs Oriental medical techniques, treatment,
- and adjunctive therapies for the promotion, maintenance, and restoration of health and
- the prevention of disease.
- 1725 (2) 'Auricular (ear) detoxification therapy' means the insertion of disposable acupuncture
- needles into the five auricular acupuncture points stipulated by the National Acupuncture
- 1727 Detoxification Association protocol for the sole purpose of treatment of chemical
- dependency.
- 1729 (3) 'Board' means the Georgia Composite State Medical Board of Medical Examiners
- 1730 created by Code Section 43-34-21.
- 1731 (4) 'Practice of acupuncture' means the insertion of disposable acupuncture needles and
- the application of moxibustion to specific areas of the human body based upon Oriental
- medical principles as a therapeutic modality. <u>Dry needling is a technique of the practice</u>
- of acupuncture. Adjunctive therapies within the scope of acupuncture may include
- manual, mechanical, herbal, thermal, electrical, and electromagnetic treatment and the

1736 recommendation of dietary guidelines and exercise, but only if such treatments,

- 1737 recommendations, and exercises are based on concepts of traditional Oriental medicine
- and are directly related to acupuncture therapy.
- 1739 43-34-63.
- 1740 The board, in consultation with the advisory committee, shall have the power and
- 1741 responsibility to:
- 1742 (1) Determine the qualifications and fitness of applicants for licensure and renewal of
- 1743 licensure;
- 1744 (2) Adopt and revise rules consistent with the laws of this state that are necessary to
- 1745 conduct its business, carry out its duties, and administer this article;
- 1746 (3) Examine for, approve, issue, deny, revoke, suspend, and renew the licenses of
- acupuncture applicants and licensed acupuncturists under this article and conduct
- hearings in connection with these actions;
- (4) Conduct hearings on complaints concerning violations of this article and the rules
- adopted under this article and cause the prosecution and enjoinder of the violations;
- 1751 (5) Establish application, examination, and licensure fees;
- 1752 (6) Request and receive the assistance of state educational institutions or other state
- agencies and prepare information of consumer interest describing the regulatory functions
- of the board and the procedures by which consumer complaints are filed with and
- resolved by the board. The board shall make the information available to the public and
- appropriate state agencies; and
- 1757 (7) Establish continuing education requirements.
- 1758 43-34-64.
- 1759 (a) Each applicant for a license to practice acupuncture shall meet the following
- requirements:
- 1761 (1) Be at least 21 years of age;
- 1762 (2) Submit a completed application required by the board;
- 1763 (3) Submit any fees required by the board;
- 1764 (4) Be certified in acupuncture by a national certification agency accredited by the
- National Organization of Competency Assurance and approved by the board;
- 1766 (5) Have successfully completed a nationally recognized clean needle technique course
- approved by the board; and
- 1768 (6) Have obtained professional liability insurance in the amount of at least
- 1769 \$100,000.00/\$300,000.00.;

1770 (7) Have passed an acupuncture examination offered by an organization accredited by

- the National Organization of Competency Assurance and approved by the board; and
- 1772 (8) Have successfully completed a degree in acupuncture or a formal course of study and
- training in acupuncture. The applicant shall submit documentation satisfactory to the
- board to show that such education or course of study and training was:
- 1775 (A) Completed at a school that is accredited by the Accreditation Commission for
- 1776 <u>Acupuncture and Oriental Medicine (ACAOM) or other accrediting entity approved by</u>
- the board: or
- (B) Completed by means of a program of acupuncture study and training that is
- substantially equivalent to the acupuncture education offered by an accredited school
- of acupuncture approved by the board.
- 1781 (b) Reserved.
- (c) Before any person licensed to practice acupuncture under this article, who has less than
- one year of postgraduate clinical experience, may practice on his or her own, such person
- must engage in one year of active practice under the supervision of a licensed acupuncturist
- with a minimum of four years active licensed clinical practice. Such supervising
- acupuncturist may be licensed in Georgia or any other state or country with licensing
- requirements substantially equal to Georgia's licensing requirements and may accumulate
- the required four years of active licensed clinical practice in any combination of states so
- long as the licensing requirements of such other states or countries are substantially equal
- to Georgia's licensing requirements.
- (d) Each applicant for a license to perform auricular (ear) detoxification therapy <u>as an</u>
- 1792 <u>auricular (ear) detoxification technician</u> shall meet the following requirements:
- 1793 (1) Be at least 21 years of age;
- (2) Submit a completed application required by the board;
- 1795 (3) Submit any fees required by the board;
- 1796 (4) Have successfully completed a nationally recognized training program in auricular
- (ear) detoxification therapy for the treatment of chemical dependency as approved by the
- board; and
- 1799 (5) Have successfully completed a nationally recognized clean needle technique course
- approved by the board.
- (e) The practice of auricular (ear) detoxification therapy may take place in a city, county,
- state, federal, or private chemical dependency program approved by the board under the
- direct supervision of a licensed acupuncturist or a person authorized to practice
- acupuncture by the board who is also authorized to practice medicine under Article 2 of
- this chapter.

- 1806 43-34-65.
- 1807 After evaluation of an application and other evidence submitted by an applicant, the board
- shall notify such applicant that the application and evidence submitted are satisfactory and
- accepted or unsatisfactory and rejected. If an application is rejected, the notice shall state
- the reasons for rejection.
- 1811 43-34-66.
- 1812 (a) Any document evidencing licensure issued by the board is the property of the board
- and must be surrendered on demand.
- (b) Every person who holds a license issued by the board in accordance with this article
- and who is engaged in the active practice of acupuncture or the active practice of auricular
- 1816 (ear) detoxification therapy as an auricular (ear) detoxification technician shall display the
- document evidencing licensure in an appropriate and public manner.
- 1818 (c) Every person who holds a license issued by the board shall inform the board of any
- change of address.
- 1820 43-34-67.
- 1821 (a) A license issued under this article shall be renewed biennially if the person holding
- such license is not in violation of this article at the time of application for renewal and if
- the application fulfills current requirements of continuing education as established by the
- 1824 board.
- (b) Each person licensed under this article is responsible for renewing his or her license
- before the expiration date.
- 1827 (c) Under procedures and conditions established by the board, a license holder may request
- that his or her license be declared inactive. The licensee may apply for active status at any
- time and, upon meeting the conditions set by the board, shall be declared active.
- 1830 43-34-68.
- (a) Any person who undergoes acupuncture must consent to such procedure and shall be
- informed in general terms of the following:
- 1833 (1) That the practice of acupuncture is based upon the Oriental arts and is completely
- distinct and different from traditional western medicine;
- 1835 (2) That the acupuncturist cannot practice medicine, is not making a medical diagnosis
- of the person's disease or condition, and that such person should see a physician if he or
- she wants to obtain a medical diagnosis; and
- 1838 (3) The nature and the purpose of the acupuncture treatment.

1839 (b) The board shall develop a standard informed consent form to be used by persons 1840 licensed under this article. Such informed consent form shall include the information set 1841 forth in subsection (a) of this Code section as well as any other and additional information 1842 the board deems appropriate. The information set forth in the informed consent form shall 1843 be in language which is easy to read and readily understandable to the consuming public.

- 1844 43-34-69.
- The board, in consultation with the advisory committee, may impose any sanction 1845 1846 authorized under subsection (d) (b) of Code Section 43-1-19 43-34-8 upon a finding of any 1847 conduct specified in subsection (a) of Code Section 43-1-19 43-34-8 or a finding that such 1848 conduct involved dividing or agreeing to divide a fee for acupuncture services with any 1849 person who refers a patient, notwithstanding that such board is not a professional licensing
- 1850 board.
- 1851 43-34-70.
- The board shall appoint an acupuncture advisory committee. The advisory committee shall 1852 1853 be representative of a cross section of the cultural backgrounds of the include members of 1854 the acupuncture profession licensed to practice acupuncture under this article, persons 1855 licensed to practice medicine under Article 2 of this chapter who are acupuncturists, and 1856 such members as the board in its discretion may determine. Members shall receive no 1857 compensation for service on the committee. The committee shall have such advisory duties 1858 and responsibilities as the board may determine. The charter acupuncture advisory 1859 committee may include persons eligible for licensing under this article. Subsequent 1860

acupuncture Acupuncture advisory committee members must be licensed pursuant to this

43-34-71. 1862

article.

1861

- (a) Unless licensed under this article or exempted under subsection (b) of this Code 1863 1864 section, no person shall:
- 1865 (1) Practice acupuncture or auricular (ear) detoxification therapy; or
- 1866 (2) Represent himself or herself to be an acupuncturist or auricular (ear) detoxification 1867 specialist technician who is licensed under this article.
- (b) The prohibition in subsection (a) of this Code section does not apply to: 1868
- (1) Any person licensed to practice medicine under Article 2 of this chapter; 1869
- 1870 (2) The practice of acupuncture which is an integral part of the program of study by 1871 students enrolled in an acupuncture education program under the direct clinical 1872 supervision of a licensed acupuncturist with at least five years of clinical experience; or

1873 The practice of acupuncture by any person licensed or certified to perform acupuncture in any other jurisdiction that has requirements equivalent to or more 1874 1875 stringent than this article where such person is doing so in the course of regular 1876 instruction in an approved educational program of acupuncture or in an educational 1877 seminar of an approved professional organization of acupuncture, provided that in the 1878 latter case the practice is supervised directly by a person licensed to practice acupuncture 1879 pursuant to this article or an acupuncturist who is licensed to practice medicine under 1880 Article 2 of this chapter.

- (c) Any person violating subsection (a) of this Code section shall, upon conviction thereof,
- be guilty of a misdemeanor.
- 1883 43-34-72.
- 1884 (a) The titles 'Licensed Acupuncturist' (L. Ac.) and 'Acupuncturist' may only be used by
- persons licensed under this article.
- 1886 (b) The title 'Auricular Detoxification Specialist Technician' (A.D.S.) (A.D.T.) may only
- be used by persons licensed to practice auricular (ear) detoxification therapy under this
- article. Possession of a license to practice as an A.D.S. A.D.T. does not by itself entitle a
- person to identify himself or herself as an acupuncturist. An auricular (ear) detoxification
- specialist technician is strictly limited to five ear points' treatment for detoxification for
- substance abuse, chemical dependency, or both.
- (c) No person licensed under this article may advertise or hold himself or herself out to the
- public as being authorized to practice medicine under Article 2 of this chapter.

1894 ARTICLE 4

- 1895 43-34-100.
- This article shall be known and may be cited as the 'Physician's Physician Assistant Act.'
- 1897 43-34-101.
- 1898 (a) To alleviate the growing shortage and geographic maldistribution of health care
- services in this state, the General Assembly intends, by this article, to establish a new
- 1900 category of health care, namely, assistants to physicians, which category includes new
- types of health care personnel, as well as those persons licensed in presently established
- categories of health care recognize physician assistants and their role in addressing this
- 1903 growing health care shortage.
- 1904 (b) This article is intended to encourage the more effective utilization of the skills of
- physicians by enabling them to delegate health care tasks to such assistants where such

delegation is consistent with the patient's health and welfare. Toward this end, the General

Assembly intends to remove legal constraints which presently constitute unnecessary

hindrances to the more effective delivery of health care services.

- 1909 43-34-102.
- 1910 As used in this article, the term:
- (1) 'Applicant' means an individual seeking licensure as a physician assistant pursuant
- to this article.
- 1913 (1)(2) 'Alternate supervising physician' means a physician to whom a <u>board approved</u>
- 1914 primary supervising physician has delegated the responsibility of supervising a
- 1915 <u>physician's physician</u> assistant who is licensed to <u>approved for supervision by</u> that
- primary supervising physician and who agrees to supervise the physician's physician
- assistant for the primary supervising physician and who is on record with the board.
- 1918 (2)(3) 'Board' means the Georgia Composite State Medical Board of Medical Examiners
- 1919 as created by Code Section 43-34-21.
- 1920 (3)(4) 'Carry out a prescription drug or device order' means to complete, on a form
- 1921 established and approved by the board, a written prescription drug order or a prescription
- device order pursuant to the authority delegated by a supervising physician.
- (4) 'Evaluation agency' means a public or private hospital, school, laboratory, clinic,
- 1924 federal or state institution or agency, or similar facility which has been approved by the
- board as possessing personnel and equipment and as having had practice in a health care
- 1926 field sufficient to be able to make an objective appraisal, in a manner prescribed by the
- board, of the proposed physician's assistant's qualifications to perform the tasks described
- in the job description.
- 1929 (5) 'Job description' means a document, signed by the primary supervising physician and
- the physician's assistant whom the primary supervising physician is supervising,
- 1931 physician assistant, in which the primary supervising physician delegates to that
- 1932 <u>physician assistant authority to perform certain medical acts and</u> which describes the
- professional background and specialty of the primary supervising physician; and the
- qualifications; including related experience of the physician's physician assistant; and
- includes a general description of how the physician's physician assistant will be utilized
- in the practice. A job description shall not be required to contain every activity the
- physician deems the <u>physician's physician</u> assistant qualified to perform but shall confine
- the activities of the physician's physician assistant to those in the scope of practice of the
- primary supervising physician.
- 1940 (6) 'Physician' means a person lawfully licensed in this state to practice medicine and
- surgery pursuant to Article 2 of this chapter.

1942 (7) 'Physician's Physician assistant' means a skilled person an individual licensed pursuant to this article who is qualified by academic and practical training to provide 1943 1944 patients' services not necessarily within the physical presence but under the personal 1945 direction or supervision of the applying physician to perform certain medical acts and who must practice with physician supervision and direction pursuant to the job 1946 1947 description required by this article. (8) 'Primary supervising physician' means the physician to whom the board grants the 1948 1949 licenses a physician's assistant pursuant to a board approved job description and who has 1950 the primary responsibility for supervising the practice of that physician's a physician 1951 assistant pursuant to that physician assistant's job description. 1952 43-34-103. 1953 (a)(1) In order to obtain approval for the utilization of a person as a physician's assistant, 1954 whether the utilization is in a private practice or through a public or private health care 1955 institution or organization, the licensed physician who will be responsible for the 1956 performance of that assistant licensure as a physician assistant, an applicant shall submit 1957 an application to the board. Such application shall include: 1958 (1)(A) Evidence submitted by the proposed physician's assistant applicant of his or her 1959 good moral character; and 1960 (2)(B) Evidence of his or her competency in a health care area related to the job description which, as a minimum, shall include: 1961 1962 (A)(i) Evidence of satisfactory completion of a training program approved by the 1963 board. If the applicant is not a graduate of an accredited school approved by the 1964 board, he or she shall be required to receive board approved refresher training and 1965 testing; 1966 (B) A finding by the board approved evaluation agency that the proposed physician's 1967 assistant is qualified to perform the tasks described in the job description; (C) Any nursing task by a student enrolled in a nursing program approved by the 1968 1969 Georgia Board of Nursing where any such task is performed under the supervision of 1970 an authorized instructor lawfully licensed in this state to perform such tasks; and 1971 (D)(ii) Evidence that the person who is to be used as a physician's assistant has 1972 achieved a satisfactory score on an appropriate examination outlined, approved, or 1973 administered by the board applicant has passed the Physician Assistant National Certification Examination (PANCE) administered by the National Commission for 1974 the Certification of Physician Assistants (NCCPA), or its successor, or the National 1975

Association for the Certification of Anesthesia Assistants, (NACAA) or its successor.

1976

The board may issue a temporary permit to any applicant for licensure who has satisfied the provisions of subparagraphs (A) and (B) division (i) of this paragraph subparagraph and who is an applicant for the next available board approved or administered examination or who has completed this examination and is awaiting the results of such examination. The temporary permit shall expire upon notification of the applicant's failure to achieve a satisfactory score on the board approved or administered examination. A physician assistant licensed pursuant to this paragraph shall not be authorized to perform any medical acts of any sort except as approved for utilization by a physician in a job description pursuant to paragraph (2) of this subsection. The board may grant an inactive licensure status to a physician's physician assistant who is licensed pursuant to this article but who is not practicing with the supervision of a board approved primary supervising physician;.

- (2) In order to obtain approval for the utilization of a physician assistant, whether the utilization is in a private practice or through a public or private health care institution or organization, the licensed physician who will be responsible for the performance of such physician assistant shall submit an application to the board which shall include:
- 1993 (i) Evidence that the physician assistant is licensed pursuant to paragraph (1) of this subsection;
- 1995 (3)(ii) A job description meeting the requirements of paragraph (5) of Code Section 43-34-102; and
- 1997 (4)(iii) A fee, established by the board; provided, however, that no fee will be required if the physician's physician assistant is an employee of the state or a county government.
 - (b)(1) No primary supervising physician shall have more than four physician's assistants licensed to him or her be a party to a job description with more than four physician assistants for supervising at a time; provided, however, that no physician may supervise more than two physician's physician assistants at any one time except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection.
 - (2)(A) A physician may supervise as many as four physician's physician assistants at any one time while practicing in a group practice in which other physician members of such group practice are primary supervising physicians.
 - (B) A physician may supervise as many as four physician's physician assistants at any one time while acting as an alternate supervising physician:
 - (i) In an institutional setting such as a hospital or clinic;
 - (ii) On call for a primary supervising physician or a group practice; or
- 2012 (iii) If otherwise approved by the board to act as an alternate supervising physician.

(3) A primary supervising physician shall designate in writing to the board such other physicians who may serve as an alternate supervising physician for each physician's physician assistant licensed to approved for supervision by such primary supervising physician. The board shall have authority to approve or deny such designations in whole or in part; provided, however, a physician may be listed as an alternate supervising physician for any number of physician's physician assistants so long as he or she only supervises as many physician's physician assistants at any one time as allowed by paragraph (2) of this subsection.

- (c)(1) At all times while providing patient services, a physician assistant shall have a signed job description submitted by his or her primary supervising physician and approved by the board.
- (2) Nothing in this article shall prevent a <u>primary supervising</u> physician from submitting to the board a new <u>or amended physician assistant</u> job description—when a <u>physician</u>'s assistant, by reason of further education or experience and successfully passing additional tests as shall be outlined and administered by the board, becomes capable of performing a wider range of medical tasks.
 - (d) A physician's assistant shall be allowed to perform his duties only in the principal offices of the applying physicians, which shall be physician assistant is authorized to practice in those public or private places or health facilities where the applying supervising physician regularly sees patients, provided that nothing in this article shall prohibit the rendering of services to a patient by a physician assistant who is not in the physical presence of the supervising physician or preclude a physician assistant from making house calls and hospital rounds, performing hospital duties, serving as an ambulance attendant, or performing any functions performed authorized by the applying supervising physician which the physician's physician assistant is qualified to perform.
- (e) A physician's physician assistant may not be utilized to perform the duties of a pharmacist licensed under Chapter 4 of Title 26, relating to pharmacists.
 - (e.1)(1) In addition to the authority granted by Code Section 43-34-26.1 43-34-24, a physician's physician assistant shall be allowed to carry out a prescription drug order or orders for any device as defined in Code Section 26-4-5, any dangerous drug as defined in Code Section 16-13-71, or any Schedule III, IV, or V controlled substance as defined in Code Section 16-13-21 on a prescription drug order or prescription device order form as specified in paragraph (3) of this subsection, pursuant to the authority delegated by the supervising physician of that physician's physician assistant. Delegation of such authority shall be contained in the job description required by this Code section. The delegating physician shall remain responsible for the medical acts of the physician's physician assistant performing such delegated acts and shall adequately supervise the physician's

physician assistant. If an existing job description for a physician's physician assistant does not contain such authority to carry out a prescription drug or device order as provided by this subsection, that physician's physician assistant may not issue any such prescription drug or device order until a new job description delegating such authority is submitted to and approved by the board. Nothing in this Code section shall be construed to authorize the written prescription drug order of a Schedule I or II controlled substance.

(2) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to create a presumption of liability, either civil or criminal, on the part of a pharmacist who is duly licensed under Title 26 and who in good faith fills a prescription drug or device order presented by a patient pursuant to this subsection. The pharmacist shall presume that the prescription drug or device order was issued by a physician's physician assistant duly licensed under this chapter article who has qualified under this Code section to prescribe pharmaceutical agents. The pharmacist shall also presume that the pharmaceutical agent prescribed by the physician's physician assistant is an approved pharmaceutical agent, unless the pharmacist has actual or constructive knowledge to the contrary.

- (3) The physician's physician assistant shall only be authorized to exercise the rights granted under this subsection using a prescription drug or device order form which includes the name, address, and telephone number of the prescribing supervising physician, the patient's name and address, the drug or device prescribed, the number of refills, and directions to the patient with regard to the taking and dosage of the drug. Such form shall be signed by the physician's physician assistant using the following language:
- This prescription authorized through: (the prescribing supervising physician) (M.D. or D.O.) by (the physician's assistant) (the physician assistant) PHYSICIAN'S ASSISTANT PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT.
- The name of the prescribing supervising physician shall be handwritten in the appropriate space by the physician's physician assistant on the prescription drug or device order form.

 Any form containing less information than that described in this paragraph shall not be offered to or accepted by any pharmacist who is duly licensed under Title 26.
 - (4) The physician's assistant shall inform the patient that the patient has the right to see the physician prior to any prescription drug or device order being carried out by the physician's assistant.
 - (5) Unless otherwise restricted by the board or a board approved job description, the physician's assistant shall not carry out a prescription drug or device order for more than a 30 day supply, except in cases of chronic illnesses where a 90 day supply may be ordered. The physician's assistant may authorize refills up to six months from the date of the original prescription drug or device order; provided, however, that refills may be

2087 authorized up to 12 months from the date of the original prescription drug or device order 2088 for oral contraceptives or other drugs or devices approved by the board. 2089 (4) Nothing in this Code section shall be construed to authorize a physician assistant to 2090 authorize refills of any drug for more than 12 months from the date of the original 2091 prescription drug or device order. 2092 (6)(5) A supervising physician shall personally reevaluate evaluate or examine, at least 2093 every three months, any patient receiving controlled substances or, at least every six 2094 months, any patient receiving other prescription drugs or devices. 2095 (7)(6) In addition to the copy of the prescription drug or device order delivered to the 2096 patient, a record of such prescription shall be maintained in the physician's office patient's 2097 medical record in the following manner: 2098 (A) A copy of the prescription drug or device order shall be appended to or otherwise maintained in the patient's medical file The physician assistant carrying out a 2099 2100 prescription drug or device order shall document such order either in writing or by 2101 electronic means; and 2102 (B) The supervising physician shall countersign the prescription drug or device order 2103 copy or medical record entry for each prescription drug or device order within a 2104 reasonable time, not to exceed seven working days, unless such countersignature is 2105 required sooner by a specific regulation, policy, or requirement The supervising 2106 physician of a physician assistant who carries out a prescription drug or device order 2107 shall conduct a periodic review of the records of patients to whom a physician assistant 2108 issues a prescription drug or device order. Such review may be achieved with a 2109 sampling of such records as determined by the board. (8)(7) A physician's physician assistant is not permitted to prescribe drugs or devices 2110 2111 except as authorized in the physician's physician assistant's job description and in 2112 accordance with this chapter article. 2113 (9)(8) The board shall may adopt any rules establishing: (A) The content and use of prescription drug or device order forms; 2114 2115 (B) Procedures to evaluate an application for a job description containing the authority to carry out a prescription drug or device order; 2116 2117 (C) A formulary of prescription drugs or devices which may or may not be included 2118 in a job description; 2119 (D) The maintenance and custody of records for prescription drug or device orders; (E) A minimum of three continuing medical education hours biennially in practice 2120 2121 specific pharmaceuticals in which the physician's assistant has prescriptive order 2122 privileges; and

2123 (F) Any other rules the board may deem deems necessary or appropriate to carry out the intent and purpose of this Code section or to protect the public welfare.

2125 (10)(9) Nothing in this Code section is intended to repeal any rules established by the

board relating to the requirements and duties of physician's physician assistants in remote

- 2127 practice sites.
- 2128 (10) A physician assistant authorized by a primary supervising physician to order
- 2129 <u>controlled substances pursuant to this Code section is authorized to register with the</u>
- 2130 <u>federal Drug Enforcement Administration.</u>
- 2131 (11) A physician assistant delegated the authority by the primary supervising physician
- 2132 <u>to carry out a prescription drug or device order shall be required to complete a minimum</u>
- 2133 of three hours of continuing education biennially in practice specific pharmaceuticals in
- which the physician assistant has prescriptive order privileges.
- 2135 (e.2) A physician's physician assistant shall be allowed to request, receive, and sign for
- professional samples and may distribute professional samples to patients, pursuant to
- authority delegated by the supervising physician of that physician's physician assistant.
- 2138 Delegation of such authority shall be contained in the job description required by this Code
- section; provided, however, the office or facility at which the physician's physician
- assistant is working must maintain a list of professional samples approved by the
- supervising physician for request, receipt, and distribution by the physician's physician
- 2142 assistant as well as a complete list of the specific number and dosage of each professional
- sample received and dispensed. In addition to the requirements of this Code section, all
- professional samples shall be maintained as required by applicable state and federal law
- and regulations. As used in this subsection, the term 'professional samples' means
- complimentary doses of a drug, medication vouchers, or medical devices provided by the
- 2147 manufacturer for use in patient care.
- 2148 (f) A physician employed by the Department of Human Resources or by any institution
- thereof or by a local health department whose duties are administrative in nature and who
- does not normally provide health care to patients as such employee shall not be authorized
- 2151 to apply for or utilize the services of any physician's physician assistant employed by the
- Department of Human Resources or by any institution thereof or by a local health
- 2153 department.
- 2154 (g) Nothing in this article shall be construed to prohibit a physician's physician assistant
- from performing those acts the performance of which have been delegated to that
- 2156 physician's physician assistant pursuant to and in conformity with Code Section 43-34-26.1
- 2157 <u>43-34-24</u>.
- 2158 (h) A physician and a physician's physician assistant may enter into a temporary practice
- agreement exempt from any filing fees with the board by which agreement the physician

supervises the services provided by the physician's physician assistant to patients at a specific facility or program operated by any organization exempt from federal taxes pursuant to Section 501(c)(3) of the federal Internal Revenue Code, provided that:

- 2163 (1) Such services are provided primarily to financially disadvantaged patients;
- 2164 (2) Such services are free or at a charge to the patient based solely on the patient's ability 2165 to pay and provided, further, that such charges do not exceed the actual cost to the facility 2166 or program;
- 2167 (3) The supervising physician and the physician's physician assistant voluntarily and gratuitously donate their services;
- 2169 (4) Prior to providing any patient services, a copy of the temporary practice agreement, 2170 signed by both the supervising physician and the physician's physician assistant, is on file 2171 at the facility or program and is sent to the board;

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- (5) The temporary practice agreement is for a specified period of time, limits the services of the physician's physician assistant to those within the usual scope of practice of the supervising physician, and is signed by both the supervising physician and the physician's physician assistant prior to the physician's physician assistant providing patient services; and
- 2177 (6) The facility or program has notified the board of its intent to provide patient services 2178 and utilize licensed physicians and physician's physician assistants under the conditions 2179 set out in this subsection.
 - (i)(1) Notwithstanding any provision of this article to the contrary, a physician's physician assistant licensed pursuant to this article or licensed, certified, or otherwise authorized to practice in any other state or federal jurisdiction and whose license, certification, or authorization is in good standing who responds to a need for medical care created by conditions which characterize those of a state of emergency or public health emergency may render such care that the physician's physician assistant is able to provide with such supervision as is available at the immediate scene or at the local site where such need for medical care exists or at a relief site established as part of a state or local safety plan established pursuant to Chapter 3 of Title 38. Such services shall be provided by a physician's physician assistant in response to the request of an appropriate state or local official implementing a state or local emergency management plan or program, and in accordance with applicable guidelines established by such officials or plans. The authority granted by this Code section shall last no longer than 48 hours or such time as the board may establish under guidelines for supervision of the physician's physician assistant rendering medical care.

(2) For the purposes of this subsection, the term 'public health emergency' has the same meaning as in paragraph (6) of Code Section 38-3-3, and the term 'state of emergency' has the same meaning as in paragraph (7) of Code Section 38-3-3.

- 2198 (j) A physician assistant shall be allowed to make a pronouncement of death pursuant to
- 2199 <u>authority delegated by the supervising physician of the physician assistant and to certify</u>
- 2200 <u>such pronouncement in the same manner as a physician.</u>
- 2201 (k) It shall be unlawful for a physician to be an employee of a physician assistant, alone
- or in combination with others, if the physician is required to supervise the physician
- 2203 <u>assistant; provided, however, that this shall not apply to arrangements of this nature which</u>
- were approved by the board on or before July 1, 2009. Such conduct shall be subject to
- sanctions by the board as to the physician and the physician assistant.
- 2206 43-34-104.
- 2207 (a) Within a reasonable time after receipt of the documents required by Code Section
- 2208 43-34-103 this article, the board shall give to the applicant written notice of approval or
- disapproval of the <u>physician assistant's</u> application; and, if approval of the application is
- 2210 given, the board shall issue to the assistant a license authorizing the assistant to perform
- 2211 medical tasks under the direction and supervision of the applying physician.
- 2212 (b) The board shall not approve an application unless it finds from the information
- forwarded with the application that the proposed physician's assistant is fully qualified to
- 2214 perform the tasks described in the job description and will be utilized in a manner that will
- 2215 not endanger the health and welfare of patients upon whom he may perform the described
- 2216 medical tasks applicant has complied with the requirements in this article.
- 2217 43-34-105.
- On receipt of notice of the board's approval, a physician's physician assistant, under the
- direction of the applying physician, may perform the tasks described in the job description,
- provided that nothing in this Code section shall make unlawful the performance of a
- medical task by the physician's physician assistant, whether or not such task is specified
- in the general job description, when it is performed under the direct supervision and in the
- presence of the physician utilizing him <u>or her.</u>
- 2224 43-34-106.
- 2225 Any physician, clinic, or hospital using a physician's physician assistant shall post a notice
- to that effect in a prominent place.

- 2227 43-34-107.
- 2228 (a) The approval of a physician's utilization of a physician's physician assistant may be
- terminated and the license revoked by the board when, after due notice and a hearing, in
- accordance with this Code section, it shall find that the assistant is incompetent or has
- committed unethical or immoral acts, including, but not limited to, holding himself or
- herself out or permitting another to represent him or her as a licensed physician;
- performing otherwise than at the direction of a physician approved by the board to utilize
- 2234 the assistant's services; habitually using intoxicants or drugs to such an extent that he or she
- is unable safely to perform as an assistant to the physician; or being convicted in any court,
- state or federal, of any felony or other criminal offense involving moral turpitude.
- 2237 (b) Before the board shall give written notice to the physician's physician assistant of
- termination of approval granted by it to an assistant, it will give to the assistant a timely
- and reasonable written notice indicating the general nature of the charges, accusation, or
- complaint preferred against him and stating that the assistant will be given an opportunity
- 2241 to be heard concerning such charges or complaints; and it shall hold a public hearing within
- a reasonable time. Following such hearing, the board shall determine, on the basis of its
- regulations, whether the approval of the assistant shall be terminated.
- (c) In hearings held pursuant to this Code section, the board shall apply the rules of
- evidence as prescribed in Chapter 13 of Title 50, the 'Georgia Administrative Procedure
- 2246 Act.'
- 2247 (d) The board may impose on a physician assistant any sanction authorized under
- subsection (b) of Code Section 43-34-8 upon a finding of any conduct specified in
- subsection (a) of Code Section 43-34-8.
- 2250 43-34-108.
- In addition to the powers specifically delegated to it in this article, the board shall have the
- 2252 authority to perform all acts which are necessary, proper, or incidental to the efficient
- development of the category of health care established by this article. The board shall have
- the authority to promulgate rules and regulations governing the definitions of delegation
- by physicians to qualified persons other than physician's physician assistants of any acts,
- duties, or functions which are permitted by law or established by custom. Any power
- vested by law in the board, but not implemented by specific provisions for the exercise
- thereof, may be executed and carried out by the board in a reasonable manner, pursuant to
- such rules, regulations, and procedures as the board may adopt and subject to such
- 2260 limitations as may be provided by law.

2261 ARTICLE 5

- 2262 43-34-120.
- This article shall be known and may be cited as the 'Controlled Substances Therapeutic
- 2264 Research Act.'
- 2265 43-34-121.
- 2266 (a) The General Assembly finds and declares that the potential medicinal value of
- marijuana has received insufficient study due to a lack of financial incentives for the
- 2268 undertaking of appropriate research by private drug manufacturing concerns. Individual
- physicians cannot feasibly utilize marijuana in clinical trials because of federal
- 2270 governmental controls which involve expensive, time-consuming approval and monitoring
- procedures.
- 2272 (b) The General Assembly further finds and declares that limited studies throughout the
- 2273 nation indicate that marijuana and certain of its derivatives possess valuable and, in some
- cases, unique therapeutic properties, including the ability to relieve nausea and vomiting
- which routinely accompany chemotherapy and irradiation used to treat cancer patients.
- Marijuana also may be effective in reducing intraocular pressure in glaucoma patients who
- do not respond well to conventional medications.
- 2278 (c) The General Assembly further finds and declares that, in enabling individual
- 2279 physicians and their patients to participate in a state-sponsored program for the
- investigational use of marijuana and its derivatives, qualified physicians and surgeons
- throughout the state will be able to study the benefits of the drug in a controlled clinical
- setting, and additional knowledge will be gained with respect to dosage and effects.
- 2283 (d) It is the intent of the General Assembly in enacting this article to permit research into
- 2284 the therapeutic applications of marijuana and its derivatives in cancer and glaucoma
- patients. This would allow qualified physicians approved by the Patient Qualification
- Review Board created by Code Section 43-34-124 to provide the drug on a compassionate
- basis to seriously ill persons suffering from the severe side effects of chemotherapy or
- radiation treatment and to persons suffering from glaucoma who are not responding to
- conventional treatment, which persons would otherwise have no lawful access to it. It is
- the further intent of the General Assembly to facilitate clinical trials of marijuana and its
- derivatives, particularly with respect to persons suffering from cancer and glaucoma who
- would be benefited by use of the drug.
- 2293 (e) This article is limited to clinical trials and research into therapeutic applications of
- 2294 marijuana only for use in treating glaucoma and in treating the side effects of
- chemotherapeutic agents and radiation and should not be construed as either encouraging

or sanctioning the social use of marijuana. Nothing in this article shall be construed to

- encourage the use of marijuana in lieu of or in conjunction with other accepted medical
- treatment, but only as an adjunct to such accepted medical treatment.
- 2299 43-34-122.
- 2300 As used in this article, the term:
- (1) 'Composite board' 'Board' means the Georgia Composite State Medical Board of
- 2302 <u>Medical Examiners established pursuant to Article 2 of this chapter.</u>
- 2303 (2) 'Marijuana' means marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinol, as defined or listed in Article
- 2304 2 of Chapter 13 of Title 16.
- 2305 (3) 'Physician' means a person licensed to practice medicine pursuant to Article 2 of this
- chapter.
- 2307 (4) 'Program' means the Controlled Substances Therapeutic Research Program
- established pursuant to Code Section 43-34-123.
- (5) 'Review board' means the Patient Qualification Review Board established pursuant
- 2310 to Code Section 43-34-124.
- 2311 43-34-123.
- 2312 (a) There is established under the <u>Georgia Composite State Medical</u> Board of Medical
- 2313 Examiners the Controlled Substances Therapeutic Research Program, which shall be
- administered by the composite board. Under the program, the composite board shall act as
- a sponsor of state-wide investigational studies, utilizing as drug investigators individual
- physicians who elect to participate in accordance with the guidelines and protocols
- developed by the composite board. Such guidelines and protocols shall be designed to
- ensure that stringent security and record-keeping requirements for research drugs are met
- and that participants in the program meet those research standards necessary to establish
- empirical bases for the evaluation of marijuana as a medically recognized therapeutic
- substance. The composite board shall promulgate such rules and regulations as it deems
- 2322 necessary or advisable to administer the program. In promulgating such guidelines,
- protocols, rules, and regulations, the composite board shall take into consideration those
- pertinent rules and regulations promulgated by the Federal Drug Enforcement Agency, the
- Food and Drug Administration, and the National Institute on Drug Abuse.
- 2326 (b) The program shall be limited to patients who are certified to the composite board by
- 2327 a physician as being:
- 2328 (1) Cancer patients involved in a life-threatening situation in which treatment by
- chemotherapy or radiology has produced severe side effects; or
- 2330 (2) Glaucoma patients who are not responding to conventional controlled substances.

2331 (c) No patient may be admitted to the program without full disclosure by the physician of

- the experimental nature of the program and of the possible risks and side effects of the
- proposed treatment.
- 2334 (d) The cost of any blood test required by the federal Food and Drug Administration prior
- 2335 to entrance into the program shall be paid by the patient seeking entrance into the program.
- 2336 (e) Only the following persons shall have access to the names and other identifying
- characteristics of patients in the program for whom marijuana has been prescribed under
- 2338 this article:
- 2339 (1) The composite board;
- 2340 (2) The review board created by Code Section 43-34-124;
- 2341 (3) The Attorney General or his <u>or her</u> designee;
- 2342 (4) Any person directly connected with the program who has a legitimate need for the
- 2343 information; and
- 2344 (5) Any federal agency having responsibility for the program.
- 2345 43-34-124.
- 2346 (a) The composite board shall appoint the Patient Qualification Review Board. Each
- member of the review board shall be approved for such membership by a majority vote of
- 2348 the composite board and shall serve at the pleasure of the composite board. The review
- board shall be composed of:
- 2350 (1) A board certified physician in ophthalmology;
- 2351 (2) A board certified physician in surgery;
- 2352 (3) A board certified physician in internal medicine and medical oncology;
- 2353 (4) A board certified physician in psychiatry;
- 2354 (5) A board certified physician in radiology; and
- 2355 (6) A pharmacist licensed under Chapter 4 of Title 26, relating to pharmacists, pharmacy,
- and drugs.
- 2357 (b) The review board shall elect from its members a chairman chairperson and a
- 2358 vice-chairman vice chairperson. The review board shall hold regular meetings at least once
- every 60 days and shall meet at such additional times as shall be called by the chairman
- 2360 <u>chairperson</u> of the review board or the president chairperson of the composite board. Each
- member of the review board shall receive for services for each day's attendance upon
- meetings of such board the same amount authorized by law for members of the General
- Assembly for attendance upon meetings of the General Assembly.
- 2364 (c) The composite board shall adopt such rules and regulations as it deems necessary for
- 2365 the performance of the duties of the review board.

2366 (d) The review board shall review all patient applicants for the program and their physicians and shall certify those qualified for participation in the program. The review 2368 board shall additionally certify pharmacies which are licensed by the state and which are otherwise qualified and certify physicians regarding the distribution of marijuana pursuant to Code Section 43-34-125. Meetings of the review board to certify patients, physicians, or pharmacies shall not be open to the public, as otherwise required by Chapter 14 of Title 50.

2373 43-34-125.

- 2374 (a) The composite board shall apply to contract with the National Institute on Drug Abuse
- for receipt of marijuana pursuant to this article and pursuant to regulations promulgated by
- the National Institute on Drug Abuse, the Food and Drug Administration, and the Federal
- 2377 Drug Enforcement Agency.
- 2378 (b) The composite board shall cause marijuana approved for use in the program to be
- transferred to a certified pharmacy, licensed by the state, for distribution to the certified
- patient by a licensed pharmacist upon a written order for research medication of the
- certified physician, pursuant to this article. Any reasonable costs incurred by the composite
- board in obtaining or testing marijuana shall be charged to participating physicians who
- 2383 may seek reimbursement from their research subjects utilizing the marijuana.
- 2384 43-34-126.
- Patient participants in the program are immune from state prosecution for possession of
- marijuana as authorized by this article and under the program established in this article. A
- person authorized under this program shall not possess an amount of marijuana in excess
- of the amount prescribed under the authority of this article. The amount prescribed shall
- be maintained in the container in which it was placed at the time the prescription was filled.
- 2390 Physician, pharmacy, and pharmacist participants in the program are immune from state
- prosecution for possession, distribution, and any other use of marijuana, which use is
- 2392 authorized such persons by this article. Any such possession, distribution, or other use not
- 2393 authorized by this article shall be enforced and punished as provided in Chapter 13 of Title
- 2394 16, relating to controlled substances and dangerous drugs, and Chapter 4 of Title 26,
- relating to pharmacists and pharmacies.
- 2396 ARTICLE 6
- 2397 43-34-140.
- This article shall be known and may be cited as the 'Respiratory Care Practices Act.'

- 2399 43-34-141.
- 2400 The General Assembly finds and declares that the practice of respiratory care in Georgia
- affects the public health, safety, and welfare and that it is necessarily a proper subject of
- regulation and control.
- 2403 43-34-142.
- As used in this article, the term:
- 2405 (1) 'Board' means the <u>Georgia</u> Composite <u>State Medical Board of Medical Examiners as</u>
- created by Code Section 43-34-21.
- 2407 (2) 'Respiratory care' means the rendering of services to patients with deficiencies or
- abnormalities which affect the pulmonary and cardiac systems and which services
- involve therapy, management, rehabilitation, diagnostic evaluation, education, or care of
- such patients with regard to such deficiencies or abnormalities.
- 2411 (3) 'Respiratory care professional' means any person certified under this article to
- practice respiratory care.
- 2413 43-34-143.
- 2414 The board, in consultation with the advisory committee, shall have the power and
- responsibility to:
- 2416 (1) Determine the qualifications and fitness of applicants for certification, renewal of the
- 2417 certificate, and reciprocal certification;
- 2418 (2) Adopt and revise rules consistent with the laws of the State of Georgia that are
- 2419 necessary to conduct its business, carry out its duties, and administer this article;
- 2420 (3) Examine for, approve, issue, deny, revoke, suspend, and renew the certification of
- respiratory care professional applicants and certificate holders under this article and
- 2422 conduct hearings in connection with these actions;
- 2423 (4) Conduct hearings on complaints concerning violations of this article and the rules
- adopted under this article and cause the prosecution and enjoinder of the violations;
- 2425 (5) Establish application, examination, and certification fees;
- 2426 (6) Request and receive the assistance of state educational institutions or other state
- 2427 agencies;
- 2428 (7) Prepare information of consumer interest describing the regulatory functions of the
- board and describing the procedures by which consumer complaints are filed with and
- resolved by the board. The board shall make the information available to the general
- public and appropriate state agencies; and
- 2432 (8) Establish continuing education requirements.

- 2433 43-34-144.
- 2434 The board shall, upon application and payment of fees, issue a certification to perform
- 2435 respiratory care to persons who are not certified under this article but who were practicing
- 2436 respiratory care in this state on April 27, 1993, upon written evidence of such practice
- verified under oath. Such persons shall complete their application for certification no later
- 2438 than 18 months following April 27, 1993. A person granted a certification under this Code
- 2439 section shall be subject to the other provisions of this article relating to persons granted
- such certifications under Code Section 43-34-145, including but not limited to continuing
- 2441 education requirements.
- 2442 43-34-145 <u>43-34-144</u>.
- 2443 (a) Each applicant for certification as a respiratory care professional shall meet the
- 2444 following requirements:
- 2445 (1) Is at least 18 years of age;
- 2446 (2) Has submitted a completed application as required by the board;
- 2447 (3) Has submitted any fees required by the board;
- 2448 (4) Has successfully passed the entry level examination given by the National Board for
- Respiratory Care, Inc., or such other examination as the board may in its discretion
- administer or approve; and
- 2451 (5) Has met such other requirements as may be prescribed by the board.
- 2452 (b) In addition to the requirements specified in subsection (a) of this Code section, each
- 2453 applicant for certification under this chapter article shall be working under the supervision
- or direction of a person licensed under Article 2 of this chapter and shall, in order to
- 2455 maintain certification, continue to work under the supervision or direction of a person
- licensed under Article 2 of this chapter.
- 2457 43-34-146 <u>43-34-145</u>.
- 2458 After evaluation of an application and other evidence submitted, the board shall notify each
- applicant that the application and evidence submitted are satisfactory and accepted or
- unsatisfactory and rejected. If rejected, the notice shall state the reasons for the rejection.
- 2461 43-34-147 <u>43-34-146</u>.
- 2462 (a) Any document evidencing certification issued by the board is the property of the board
- and must be surrendered on demand.
- 2464 (b) The certificate holder shall display the document evidencing certification in an
- appropriate and public manner.
- 2466 (c) The certificate holder shall inform the board of any change of his address.

2467 (d) The certificate shall be renewed biennially if the certificate holder is not in violation

- of this article at the time of application for renewal and if the applicant fulfills current
- requirements of continuing education as established by the board.
- 2470 (e) Each person certified under this article is responsible for renewing his <u>or her</u> certificate
- before the expiration date.
- 2472 (f) Under procedures and conditions established by the board, a certificate holder may
- request that his <u>or her</u> certification be declared inactive. The certificate holder may apply
- for active status at any time and upon meeting the conditions set by the board shall be
- 2475 declared active.
- 2476 (g) The board shall be authorized to:
- 2477 (1) Require persons seeking renewal of certification as respiratory care professionals
- 2478 <u>under this article to complete board approved continuing education;</u>
- (2) Establish the number of hours of continuing education to be completed as well as the
- 2480 <u>categories in which the continuing education is to be completed; and</u>
- 2481 (3) Approve courses offered by institutions of higher learning, specialty societies, or
- professional organizations.
- 2483 43-34-147.1 <u>43-34-147</u>.
- Upon payment of a fee determined by the board, a temporary permit may be issued to
- practice respiratory care for a period of:
- 2486 (1) Twelve For a period of 12 months to an applicant for certification under Code
- Section 43-34-147.2 43-34-148 providing that applicant presents written evidence
- verified by oath that the applicant was certified, licensed, or practicing respiratory care
- within the last 12 months in another state; or
- 2490 (2) Eighteen months to To a person who is a graduate of an accredited respiratory
- 2491 therapy program accredited by the Commission on Accreditation of Allied Health
- Education Programs, or the equivalent thereof as accepted by the board, pending
- completion of the other requirements for certification under this article.
- 2494 43-34-147.2 <u>43-34-148</u>.
- 2495 An individual who has been granted certification, registration, licensure, or other authority
- by whatever name known to practice respiratory care in another state having requirements
- for such authority to practice which are substantially equal to or which exceed the
- requirements for a similar certificate in this state may petition the board for reciprocity in
- this state and, upon submission of an application and requisite fees and upon verification
- by oath and submission of evidence acceptable to the board, may be granted a certificate
- 2501 to practice respiratory care in Georgia.

- 2502 43-34-148. 43-34-149.
- 2503 (a) The board, in consultation with the advisory committee, may: impose on a respiratory
- 2504 <u>care professional any sanction authorized under subsection (b) of Code Section 43-34-8</u>
- 2505 upon a finding of any conduct specified in subsection (a) of Code Section 43-34-8.
- 2506 (1) Refuse to grant or renew certification to an applicant;
- 2507 (2) Administer a public or private reprimand, but a private reprimand shall not be
- 2508 disclosed to any person except the certificate holder;
- 2509 (3) Suspend the certificate of any certificate holder for a definite period or for an
- 2510 indefinite period in connection with any condition which may be attached to the
- 2511 restoration of said certificate:
- 2512 (4) Limit or restrict any certificate as the board deems necessary for the protection of the
- 2513 public;
- 2514 (5) Revoke any certificate;
- 2515 (6) Levy a fine; and
- 2516 (7) Condition any penalty or withhold formal disposition of any matter pending the
- 2517 applicant's or certificate holder's submission to such care, counseling, or treatment as the
- 2518 board may direct.
- 2519 (b) The board may take any action specified in subsection (a) of this Code section upon
- 2520 a finding by the board that the certificate holder or applicant has:
- 2521 (1) Failed to demonstrate the qualifications or standards for certification contained in this
- 2522 Code section, or under the laws, rules, or regulations under which certification is sought
- or held; it shall be incumbent upon the applicant to demonstrate to the satisfaction of the
- 2524 board that he meets all the requirements for certification, and, if the board is not satisfied
- as to the applicant's qualifications, it may deny certification without a prior hearing;
- 2526 provided, however, that the applicant shall be allowed to appear before the board if he so
- 2527 desires;
- 2528 (2) Knowingly made misleading, deceptive, untrue, or fraudulent representations in the
- 2529 practice of a business or profession certified under this title or on any document
- 2530 connected therewith, or practiced fraud or deceit or intentionally made any false
- 2531 statement in obtaining certification to practice a certified business or profession, or made
- 2532 a false statement or deceptive registration with the board;
- 2533 (3) Been convicted of any felony or of any crime involving moral turpitude in the courts
- 2534 of this state or any other state, territory, or country or in the courts of the United States.
- 2535 As used in this paragraph and paragraph (4) of this subsection, the term 'felony' shall
- 2536 include any offense which, if committed in this state, would be deemed a felony, without
- regard to its designation elsewhere; and, as used in this paragraph, the term 'conviction'

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shall include a finding or verdict of guilty or a plea of guilty, regardless of whether an

2539 appeal of the conviction has been sought; 2540 (4) Been arrested, charged, and sentenced for the commission of any felony or any crime 2541 involving moral turpitude where: 2542 (A) A plea of nolo contendere was entered to the charge; 2543 (B) First offender treatment without adjudication of guilt pursuant to the charge was 2544 granted; or 2545 (C) An adjudication or sentence was otherwise withheld or not entered on the charge. 2546 The plea of nolo contendere or the order entered pursuant to the provisions of Article 3 of Chapter 8 of Title 42, relating to probation of first offenders, or other first offender 2547 2548 treatment shall be conclusive evidence of arrest and sentencing for such crime; 2549 (5) Had his certificate under this article revoked, suspended, or annulled by any lawful 2550 authority other than the board; or had other disciplinary action taken against him by any 2551 such lawful authority other than the board; or was refused the renewal of certification by 2552 any such lawful authority other than the board, pursuant to disciplinary proceedings; 2553 (6) Engaged in any unprofessional, immoral, unethical, deceptive, or deleterious conduct 2554 or practice harmful to the public, which conduct or practice materially affects the fitness 2555 of the certificate holder or applicant to practice a business or profession certified under 2556 this article, or of a nature likely to jeopardize the interest of the public, which conduct or 2557 practice need not have resulted in actual injury to any person or be directly related to the 2558 practice of the certified business or profession but shows that the certificate holder or 2559 applicant has committed any act or omission which is indicative of bad moral character 2560 or untrustworthiness. Unprofessional conduct shall include any departure from, or the 2561 failure to conform to, the minimal standards of acceptable and prevailing practice of the 2562 business or profession certified under this article; 2563 (7) Knowingly performed any act which in any way aids, assists, procures, advises, or 2564 encourages any uncertified person or any certificate holder whose certificate has been 2565 suspended or revoked by the board to engage in any practice outside the scope of any 2566 disciplinary limitation placed upon the certificate holder by the board; 2567 (8) Violated, without regard to whether the violation is criminally punishable, a statute, 2568 law, or any rule or regulation of this state, any other state, the professional licensing 2569 board regulating the business or profession licensed under this title, the United States, or 2570 any other lawful authority, which statute, law, or rule or regulation relates to or in part 2571 regulates the practice of a business or profession certified under this article, when the 2572 certificate holder or applicant knows or should know that such action is violative of such 2573 statute, law, or rule; or violated a lawful order of the board previously entered by the 2574 board in a disciplinary hearing, consent decree, or certification reinstatement;

2575 (9) Been adjudged mentally incompetent by a court of competent jurisdiction inside or outside this state. Any such adjudication shall automatically suspend the license of any 2576 2577 such person and shall prevent the reissuance or renewal of any license so suspended for 2578 as long as the adjudication of incompetence is in effect; or

- (10) Displayed an inability to practice a business or profession certified under this article with reasonable skill and safety to the public or has become unable to practice the certified business or profession with reasonable skill and safety to the public by reason of illness, use of alcohol, drugs, narcotics, chemicals, or any other type of material.
- 2583 43-34-149. <u>43-34-150.</u>

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- 2584 The board shall appoint a respiratory care advisory committee. The committee shall be 2585 composed of persons engaged in the practice of respiratory therapy, persons licensed under Article 2 of this chapter who specialize or are board certified in pulmonary medicine, and 2586 2587 such members as the board at its discretion may determine. Members shall receive no compensation for service on the committee. The committee shall have such advisory duties 2588 and responsibilities as the board may determine. 2589
- 2590 43-34-150. <u>43-34-151.</u>
- 2591 (a) Unless certified under this article or exempted under subsection (b) of this Code 2592 section, no person shall:
- 2593 (1) Practice respiratory care; or
- 2594 (2) Represent himself or herself to be a respiratory care professional who is certified 2595 under this article.
- 2596 (b) The prohibition in subsection (a) of this Code section does not apply to:
- 2597 (1) The delivery of respiratory care by health care personnel who have been formally trained in these modalities and who are duly licensed to provide that care under any other 2598 2599 provision of this title;
- (2) The practice of respiratory care which is an integral part of the program of study by 2600 students enrolled in a respiratory care education program recognized by the Joint Review 2601 2602 Committee for Respiratory Therapy Education and the American Medical Association Committee on Allied Health Education and Accreditation (CAHEA) or the equivalent 2603 thereof as accepted by the board. Students enrolled in respiratory therapy education 2604 2605 programs shall be identified as 'student-RCP' and shall only provide respiratory care
- under direct clinical supervision; 2606
- (3) Self-care by a patient or gratuitous care by a friend or family member who does not 2607 2608 represent or hold himself or herself out to be a respiratory care professional;
- 2609 (4) Respiratory care services rendered in the course of an emergency or disaster;

2610 (5) Persons in the military services or working in federal facilities when functioning in

- the course of their assigned duties;
- 2612 (6) The performance of respiratory care diagnostic testing by individuals who are
- 2613 certified or registered as pulmonary function technologists technologists by the National
- Board for Respiratory Care, or equivalent certifying agency, as recognized by the board;
- 2615 (7) The delivery, assembly, setup, testing, and demonstration of oxygen and aerosol
- equipment upon the order of a physician licensed under Article 2 of this chapter; or
- 2617 (8) Persons who perform limited respiratory care procedures under the supervision of a
- 2618 certified respiratory care professional in a hospital or nursing home when the board has
- defined the competencies required to perform such limited respiratory care procedures.
- 2620 (c) Any person violating the prohibition of subsection (a) of this Code section shall be
- 2621 guilty of a misdemeanor.
- 2622 (d) Practitioners regulated under this article shall be covered pursuant to Code Section
- 2623 51-1-29.
- 2624 (e) Nothing in this article shall be construed to permit the practice of medicine as defined
- by this chapter.
- 2626 43-34-151. <u>43-34-152.</u>
- 2627 Proceedings under this article shall be governed by Chapter 13 of Title 50, the 'Georgia
- 2628 Administrative Procedure Act.'
- 2629 ARTICLE 7
- 2630 43-34-170.
- This article shall be known and may be cited as the 'Clinical Perfusionist Licensure Act.'
- 2632 43-34-171.
- As used in this article, the term:
- 2634 (1) 'Advisory committee' means the committee appointed pursuant to Code Section
- 2635 43-34-180.
- 2636 (2) 'Board' means the <u>Georgia</u> Composite <u>State</u> <u>Medical</u> Board <u>of Medical Examiners</u>
- 2637 created by Code Section 43-34-21.
- 2638 (3) 'Extracorporeal circulation' means the diversion of a patient's blood through a
- heart-lung machine or a similar device that assumes the function of the patient's heart,
- lungs, kidneys, liver, or other organ.
- 2641 (4) 'License' means a license to practice as a licensed clinical perfusionist or provisional
- 2642 licensed clinical perfusionist.

(5) 'Licensed clinical perfusionist' means a person licensed as such pursuant to this 2643 article. 2644

- 2645 (6) 'Perfusion' means the functions necessary for the support, treatment, measurement,
- 2646 or supplementation of the cardiovascular, circulatory, or respiratory system or other
- organ, or a combination of such activities, and to ensure the safe management of 2647
- 2648 physiologic functions by monitoring and analyzing the parameters of the systems under
- 2649 the order and supervision of a physician, including, but not limited to:
- (A) The use of extracorporeal circulation; long-term cardiopulmonary support 2650
- 2651 techniques, including extracorporeal carbon dioxide removal and extracorporeal
- membrane oxygenation; and associated therapeutic and diagnostic technologies; 2652
- (B) Counterpulsation, ventricular assistance, autotransfusion, blood conservation 2653
- 2654 techniques, myocardial and organ preservation, extracorporeal life support, and isolated
- 2655 limb perfusion;
- 2656 (C) The use of techniques involving blood management, advanced life support, and
- 2657 other related functions;
- (D) In the performance of the acts described in subparagraphs (A) through (C) of this 2658
- 2659 paragraph:

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- (i) The administration of: 2660
- 2661 (I) Pharmacological and therapeutic agents; or
- 2662 (II) Blood products or anesthetic agents through the extracorporeal circuit or through an intravenous line as ordered by a physician; or 2663
- (ii) The performance and use of:
- 2665 (I) Coagulation monitoring and analysis;
 - (II) Physiologic monitoring and analysis;
- (III) Blood gas and chemistry monitoring and analysis; 2667
- (IV) Hematological monitoring and analysis; 2668
- 2669 (V) Hypothermia and hyperthermia;
- 2670 (VI) Hemoconcentration and hemodilution; and
- (VII) Hemodialysis; and 2671
- 2672 (E) The observation of signs and symptoms related to perfusion services, the
- determination of whether the signs and symptoms exhibit abnormal characteristics, and 2673
- 2674 the implementation of appropriate reporting, clinical perfusion protocols, or changes
- in, or the initiation of, emergency procedures. 2675
- 2676 (7) 'Perfusion protocols' means perfusion related policies and protocols developed or
- approved by a licensed health care facility or a physician through collaboration with 2677
- 2678 administrators, licensed clinical perfusionists, and other health care professionals.

2679 (8) 'Physician' means a person licensed to practice medicine under Article 2 of this

- chapter.
- 2681 (9) 'Provisional licensed clinical perfusionist' means a person provisionally licensed
- pursuant to this article.
- 2683 43-34-172.
- 2684 The board, in consultation with the advisory committee, shall have the power and
- responsibility to:
- 2686 (1) Determine the qualifications and fitness of applicants for licensure and renewal of
- 2687 licensure;
- 2688 (2) Adopt and revise rules consistent with the laws of this state that are necessary to
- 2689 conduct its business, carry out its duties, and administer this article;
- 2690 (3) Examine for, approve, issue, deny, revoke, suspend, sanction, and renew the licenses
- of board applicants for licensure as licensed clinical perfusionists and provisional
- licensed clinical perfusionists under this article and conduct hearings in connection with
- these actions;
- 2694 (4) Conduct hearings on complaints concerning violations of this article and the rules
- adopted under this article and cause the prosecution and enjoinder of the violations;
- 2696 (5) Establish application, examination, and licensure fees;
- 2697 (6) Request and receive the assistance of state educational institutions or other state
- agencies and prepare information of consumer interest describing the regulatory
- functions of the board and the procedures by which consumer complaints are filed with
- and resolved by the board. The board shall make the information available to the public
- and appropriate state agencies; and
- 2702 (7) Establish education, examination, and continuing education requirements.
- 2703 43-34-173.
- 2704 (a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (b) of this Code section, each applicant for
- a license to practice as a licensed clinical perfusionist shall meet the following
- 2706 requirements:
- 2707 (1) Be at least 21 years of age;
- 2708 (2) Submit a completed application required by the board;
- 2709 (3) Submit any fees required by the board;
- 2710 (4) Have successfully completed a perfusion education program approved by the board,
- 2711 which program has educational standards at least as stringent as programs approved by
- the Committee on Allied Health Education and Accreditation (CAHEA) prior to 1994 or

the Commission on Accreditation of Allied Health Education Programs (CAAHEP) or

- its successor;
- 2715 (5) Pass a competency examination prepared or approved by the board and administered
- to qualified applicants at least once each calendar year, which examination may be or
- 2717 may include the complete examination given by the American Board of Cardiovascular
- 2718 Perfusion (ABCP) or its successor; and
- (6) Have met such other requirements as may be prescribed by the board.
- 2720 (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this Code section, a person may
- 2721 apply to the board before January 1, 2003, and be granted a license as a licensed clinical
- 2722 perfusionist upon satisfactory proof that the person was operating cardiopulmonary bypass
- 2723 systems during cardiac surgical cases in a licensed health care facility as the person's
- 2724 primary function for at least six of those eight years immediately preceding the date of
- 2725 application.
- 2726 (b) The executive director, with the approval of the chairperson of the board, may in his
- or her discretion issue a temporary license to an applicant, which license shall have the
- 2728 same force and effect as a permanent license until the next regular meeting of the board at
- which time the temporary license shall become void.
- 2730 43-34-174.
- 2731 (a) A license is not the property of the holder but is the property of the board. A license
- 2732 to practice perfusion is valid for two years. The board may provide that licenses expire on
- various dates. A person may renew an unexpired license by submitting proof of <u>current</u>
- 2734 certification by the American Board of Cardiovascular Perfusion (ABCP) or its successor
- 2735 and compliance with the continuing professional education requirements prescribed by the
- board and paying the required renewal fee to the board before the expiration date of the
- 2737 license.
- 2738 (b) The license holder must:
- 2739 (1) Display the license in an appropriate and public manner; or
- 2740 (2) Maintain on file at all times during which the license holder provides services in a
- health care facility a true and correct copy of the license certificate in the appropriate
- records of the facility and keep the board informed of any change of address.
- 2743 (c) A license issued by the board is the property of the board and shall be surrendered on
- demand.
- 2745 (d) Each person licensed under this article shall be responsible for renewing his or her
- license before the expiration date.
- (e) If a person's license has been expired for not more than two years three months, the
- 2748 person may renew the license by submitting proof, satisfactory to the board, of compliance

with the continuing professional education requirements prescribed by the board and any

- penalty fee prescribed by the board.
- 2751 (f) If a person's license has been expired for more than two years three months, the person
- 2752 may not renew the license. The person may obtain a new license by submitting to
- 2753 reexamination and complying with the current requirements and procedures for obtaining
- a license.
- 2755 (g) The board may renew reinstate without reexamination an expired license of a person
- 2756 who was licensed in this state, moved to another state or states, is currently licensed or
- certified, and has been in practice in another state or states for two years immediately
- preceding the person's application to renew reinstate a license. The person shall pay the
- required fee as established by the board.
- 2760 43-34-175.
- 2761 (a) A license as a provisional licensed clinical perfusionist may be issued by the board to
- a person who submits to the board evidence of having successfully completed an approved
- 2763 perfusion education program required for licensure under Code Section 43-34-173 and
- upon the filing of an application and payment of the application fee.
- 2765 (b) A provisional licensed clinical perfusionist shall be under the supervision and direction
- of a licensed clinical perfusionist at all times during which the provisional licensed clinical
- 2767 perfusionist performs perfusion. The board may promulgate rules governing such
- supervision and direction but shall not require the immediate physical presence of the
- supervising licensed clinical perfusionist.
- 2770 (c) A provisional license shall be valid for two years from the date it is issued and may not
- be renewed. The provisional licensee must comply with all of the requirements for
- 2772 licensure under Code Section 43-34-173 prior to the expiration of the two-year provisional
- license period. A provisional licensee may submit an application for licensure as a licensed
- 2774 clinical perfusionist once he or she has complied with all of the requirements for licensure
- 2775 under Code Section 43-34-173.
- 2776 (d) If a person fails to meet the requirements for licensure under Code Section 43-34-173
- on or before the expiration of the two-year provisional license period, such person's
- provisional license shall be automatically revoked and surrendered to the board.
- 2779 43-34-176.
- 2780 On receipt of an application and application fee, the board may waive the examination and
- educational requirements for an applicant who at the time of application:

2782 (1) Is appropriately licensed or certified in another state, territory, or possession whose

- requirements for the license or certificate are substantially equal to the requirements of
- this article; or
- 2785 (2) Holds a current certificate as a certified clinical perfusionist issued by the American
- 2786 Board of Cardiovascular Perfusion (ABCP) or its successor.
- 2787 43-34-177.
- 2788 (a) A person may not engage or offer to engage in perfusion or use the title or represent
- or imply that the person has the title of 'licensed clinical perfusionist' or 'provisional
- licensed clinical perfusionist or use the letters 'L.C.P.' or 'P.L.C.P.' and may not use any
- facsimile of such titles in any manner to indicate or imply that the person is a licensed
- 2792 clinical perfusionist or provisional licensed clinical perfusionist unless the person holds an
- appropriate license issued pursuant to this article or is exempted under the provisions of
- 2794 Code Section 43-34-178.
- (b) A person may not use the title or represent or imply that such person has the title
- 'certified clinical perfusionist' or use the letters 'C.C.P.' and may not use any facsimile of
- such title in any manner to indicate or imply that such person is a certified clinical
- perfusionist <u>certified</u> by the American Board of Cardiovascular Perfusion (ABCP) unless
- the person holds a certificate as a certified clinical perfusionist issued by the American
- 2800 Board of Cardiovascular Perfusion (ABCP).
- 2801 (c) Any person who violates the provisions of subsection (a) or (b) of this Code section
- shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.
- 2803 43-34-178.
- 2804 (a) The provisions of Code Section 43-34-177 shall not apply to:
- 2805 (1) A person licensed as a physician pursuant to Article 2 of this chapter;
- 2806 (2) A person licensed under this title as a registered professional nurse or a licensed
- 2807 <u>physician's physician</u> assistant or certified as a respiratory care professional under this
- 2808 title if:
- 2809 (A) The person does not represent to the public, directly or indirectly, that the person
- is licensed pursuant to this article and does not use any name, title, or designation
- indicating that he or she is licensed pursuant to this article; and
- 2812 (B) The person limits his or her acts or practice to the scope of practice authorized by
- the appropriate licensing agency;
- 2814 (3) Any person performing autotransfusion who possesses appropriate training and
- practices within the guidelines of the American Association of Blood Banks under the

supervision of a perfusionist licensed under this article or a physician licensed under

- 2817 <u>Article 2 of this chapter;</u>
- 2818 (4) A student enrolled in an accredited perfusion education program if the perfusion
- services performed are:
- 2820 (A) An integral part of the student's course of study; and
- 2821 (B) Performed under the direct supervision of a licensed clinical perfusionist who is
- assigned to supervise the student and is on duty and immediately available in the
- assigned patient care area;
- 2824 (5) The practice of any legally qualified perfusionist employed by the United States
- 2825 government while in the discharge of his or her official duties; or
- 2826 (6) A person working as a dialysis care technician in an end stage renal disease facility
- licensed pursuant to Chapter 44 of Title 31 or a licensed hospital.
- 2828 (b) Any person violating the prohibition of subsection (a) of this Code section shall be
- 2829 guilty of a felony.
- 2830 43-34-179.
- 2831 (a) The board, in consultation with the advisory committee, may: impose on a licensed
- 2832 <u>clinical perfusionist or a provisional licensed clinical perfusionist any sanction authorized</u>
- 2833 under subsection (b) of Code Section 43-34-8 upon a finding of any conduct specified in
- subsection (a) of Code Section 43-34-8.
- 2835 (1) Refuse to grant or renew licensure to an applicant;
- 2836 (2) Administer a public or private reprimand, but a private reprimand shall not be
- 2837 <u>disclosed to any person except the license holder;</u>
- 2838 (3) Suspend the license of any license holder for a definite period or for an indefinite
- 2839 period in connection with any condition which may be attached to the restoration of such
- 2840 license;
- 2841 (4) Limit or restrict any license as the board deems necessary for the protection of the
- 2842 public;
- 2843 (5) Revoke any license;
- 2844 (6) Levy a fine; and
- 2845 (7) Condition any penalty or withhold formal disposition of any matter pending the
- 2846 applicant's or license holder's submission to such care, counseling, or treatment as the
- 2847 board may direct.
- 2848 (b) The board may take any action specified in subsection (a) of this Code section upon
- 2849 a finding by the board that the license holder or applicant has:
- 2850 (1) Failed to demonstrate the qualifications or standards for licensure contained in this
- 2851 article or under the laws, rules, or regulations under which licensure is sought or held.

The applicant shall demonstrate to the satisfaction of the board that he or she meets all

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2853 the requirements for licensure, and, if the board is not satisfied as to the applicant's 2854 qualifications, it may deny licensure without a prior hearing; provided, however, that the applicant shall be allowed to appear before the board if he or she so desires; 2855 2856 (2) Knowingly made misleading, deceptive, untrue, or fraudulent representations in the practice of a business or profession licensed under this title or on any document 2857 2858 connected therewith; practiced fraud or deceit or intentionally made any false statement 2859 in obtaining licensure to practice a licensed business or profession; or made a false 2860 statement or deceptive registration with the board; (3) Been convicted of any felony or of any crime involving moral turpitude in the courts 2861 2862 of this state or any other state, territory, or country or in the courts of the United States. 2863 As used in this paragraph and paragraph (4) of this subsection, the term 'felony' shall include any offense which, if committed in this state, would be deemed a felony, without 2864 2865 regard to its designation elsewhere; and as used in this paragraph, the term 'conviction' shall include a finding or verdict of guilty or a plea of guilty, regardless of whether an 2866 appeal of the conviction has been sought; 2867 2868 (4) Been arrested, charged, and sentenced for the commission of any felony or any crime 2869 involving moral turpitude where: 2870 (A) A plea of nolo contendere was entered to the charge; 2871 (B) First offender treatment without adjudication of guilt pursuant to the charge was 2872 granted; or 2873 (C) An adjudication or sentence was otherwise withheld or not entered on the charge. 2874 The plea of nolo contendere or the order entered pursuant to the provisions of Article 3 2875 of Chapter 8 of Title 42, relating to probation of first offenders, or other first offender 2876 treatment shall be conclusive evidence of arrest and sentencing for such crime; 2877 (5) Had his or her license under this article revoked, suspended, or annulled by any 2878 lawful authority other than the board; had other disciplinary action taken against him or 2879 her by any such lawful authority other than the board; or was refused the renewal of 2880 licensure by any such lawful authority other than the board, pursuant to disciplinary 2881 proceedings; 2882 (6) Engaged in any unprofessional, immoral, unethical, deceptive, or deleterious conduct 2883 or practice harmful to the public, which conduct or practice materially affects the fitness 2884 of the license holder or applicant to practice a business or profession licensed under this 2885 article, or of a nature likely to jeopardize the interest of the public, which conduct or 2886 practice need not have resulted in actual injury to any person or be directly related to the 2887 practice of the licensed business or profession but shows that the license holder or 2888 applicant has committed any act or omission which is indicative of bad moral character

2889 or untrustworthiness. Unprofessional conduct shall include any departure from, or the 2890 failure to conform to, the minimal standards of acceptable and prevailing practice of the 2891 business or profession licensed under this article; 2892 (7) Knowingly performed any act which in any way aids, assists, procures, advises, or 2893 encourages any unlicensed person or any license holder whose license has been 2894 suspended or revoked by the board to engage in any practice outside the scope of any disciplinary limitation placed upon the license holder by the board; 2895 2896 (8) Violated, without regard to whether the violation is criminally punishable, a statute, 2897 law, or any rule or regulation of this state, any other state, the professional licensing board regulating the business or profession licensed under this article, the United States, 2898 2899 or any other lawful authority, which statute, law, or rule or regulation relates to or in part 2900 regulates the practice of a business or profession licensed under this article, when the 2901 license holder or applicant knows or should know that such action is in violation of such 2902 statute, law, or rule; or violated a lawful order of the board previously entered by the 2903 board in a disciplinary hearing, consent decree, or licensure reinstatement; 2904 (9) Been adjudged mentally incompetent by a court of competent jurisdiction inside or 2905 outside this state. Any such adjudication shall automatically suspend the license of any 2906 such person and shall prevent the reissuance or renewal of any license so suspended for 2907 as long as the adjudication of incompetence is in effect; or 2908 (10) Displayed an inability to practice a business or profession licensed under this article 2909 with reasonable skill and safety to the public or has become unable to practice the 2910 licensed business or profession with reasonable skill and safety to the public by reason 2911 of illness or the use of alcohol, drugs, narcotics, chemicals, or any other type of material. 2912 43-34-180. The board shall appoint an advisory committee. The advisory committee shall be 2913 2914 representative of a cross section of the cultural backgrounds of the include clinical 2915 perfusionists licensed under this article and such members as the board in its discretion 2916 may determine. Members shall receive no compensation for service on the committee. The 2917 committee shall have such advisory duties and responsibilities as the board may determine. 2918 The initial members of the advisory committee may include persons eligible for licensing 2919 under this article. Subsequent advisory Advisory committee members must be licensed 2920 pursuant to this article.

2921 ARTICLE 8

- 2922 43-34-190.
- 2923 This article shall be known and may be cited as the 'Orthotics and Prosthetics Practice Act.'
- 2924 43-34-191.
- 2925 The General Assembly finds that the practice of orthotics and prosthetics in this state is an
- allied health profession recognized by the American Medical Association, with educational
- standards established by the Commission on Accreditation of Allied Health Education
- 2928 Programs. The increasing population of elderly and physically challenged individuals who
- 2929 need orthotic and prosthetic services requires that the orthotic and prosthetic professions
- be regulated to ensure the provision of high-quality services and devices. The people of
- this state deserve the best care available and will benefit from the assurance of initial and
- ongoing professional competence of the orthotists and prosthetists practicing in this state.
- 2933 The practice of orthotics and prosthetics serves to improve and enhance the lives of
- individuals with disabilities by enabling them to resume productive lives following serious
- illness, injury, or trauma. Unregulated dispensing of orthotic and prosthetic care does not
- adequately meet the needs or serve the interests of the public. In keeping with
- requirements imposed on similar health disciplines, licensure of the orthotic and prosthetic
- 2938 professions will help ensure the health and safety of consumers, as well as maximize their
- 2939 functional abilities and productivity levels. This article shall be liberally construed to best
- 2940 carry out these subjects and purposes.
- 2941 43-34-192.
- As used in this article, the term:
- (1) 'Assistant' means a person who assists an orthotist, prosthetist, or prosthetist orthotist
- with patient care services and fabrication of orthoses or prostheses under the supervision
- of a licensed orthotist or prosthetist.
- 2946 (2) 'Board' means the <u>Georgia</u> Composite <u>Medical</u> Board of <u>State Medical Examiners</u>
- 2947 created by Code Section 43-34-21.
- 2948 (3) 'Custom fabricated and fitted device' means that an orthosis or prosthesis is fabricated
- to original measurements or a mold, or both, for use by a patient in accordance with a
- 2950 prescription and which requires substantial clinical and technical judgment in its design
- and fitting.
- 2952 (4) 'Custom fitted device' means a prefabricated orthosis or prosthesis sized, or modified,
- or both, for use by a patient in accordance with a prescription and which requires
- substantial clinical judgment and substantive alteration for appropriate use.

2955 (5) 'Facility' means the business location where orthotic or prosthetic care is provided 2956 and which has the appropriate clinical and laboratory space and equipment to provide 2957 comprehensive orthotic or prosthetic care. Licensed orthotists and prosthetists must be 2958 available to either provide care or supervise the provision of care by nonlicensed staff.

- 2959 (6) 'Level of competence' means a hierarchical position that an individual occupies within a field or profession relative to other practitioners in the profession.
- 2961 (7) 'Licensed orthotist' means a person licensed under this article to practice orthotics and 2962 who represents himself or herself to the public by title and description of services that 2963 includes the term 'orthotic,' 'orthotist,' 'brace,' or a similar title or description of services.
- 2964 (8) 'Licensed physician' means a person licensed to practice medicine under Article 2 of this chapter.
- 2966 (9) 'Licensed podiatrist' means a person licensed to practice podiatry under Chapter 35 of this title, the 'Georgia Podiatry Practice Act.'
- 2968 (10) 'Licensed prosthetist' means a person licensed under this article to practice 2969 prosthetics and who represents himself or herself to the public by title and description of 2970 services that includes the term 'prosthetic,' 'prosthetist,' 'artificial limb,' or a similar title 2971 or description of services.
- 2972 (11) 'Off-the-shelf device' means a prefabricated prosthesis or orthosis sized or modified, 2973 or both, for use by a patient in accordance with a prescription and which does not require 2974 substantial clinical judgment and substantive alteration for appropriate use.

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- (12) 'Orthosis' means a custom designed, fabricated, fitted, modified, or fitted and modified device to correct, support, or compensate for a neuromusculoskeletal disorder or acquired condition. Orthosis does not include fabric or elastic supports, corsets, arch supports, low-temperature plastic splints, trusses, elastic hoses, canes, crutches, soft cervical collars, dental appliances, or other similar devices that are carried in stock and sold as over-the-counter items by a drug store, department store, corset shop, or surgical supply facility.
- (13) 'Orthotic and prosthetic education program' means a course of instruction accredited by the Commission on Accreditation of Allied Health Education Programs consisting of:
- (A) A basic curriculum of college level instruction in math, physics, biology, chemistry, and psychology; and
- (B) A specific curriculum in orthotic or prosthetic courses, including:
 - (i) Lectures covering pertinent anatomy, biomechanics, pathomechanics, prosthetic or orthotic components and materials, training and functional capabilities, prosthetic or orthotic performance evaluation, prescription considerations, etiology of amputations and disease processes necessitating prosthetic or orthotic use, and medical management;

2992 (ii) Subject matter related to pediatric and geriatric problems;

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(iii) Instruction in acute care techniques, such as immediate and early postsurgical prosthetics and fracture bracing techniques; and

- (iv) Lectures, demonstrations, and laboratory experiences related to the entire process of measuring, casting, fitting, fabricating, aligning, and completing prostheses or orthoses.
- (14) 'Orthotic and prosthetic scope of practice' means a list that includes the role played by an occupant of a particular level of competence, what he or she can be expected to do and not to do, and his or her relation to others in the field. These should be based on nationally accepted standards of orthotic and prosthetic certifying agencies with accreditation by the National Commission for Certifying Agencies.
- (15) 'Orthotics' means the science and practice of evaluating, measuring, designing, fabricating, assembling, fitting, adjusting, or servicing an orthosis under an order from a licensed physician or podiatrist for the correction or alleviation of neuromuscular or musculoskeletal dysfunction, disease, injury, or deformity.
- (16) 'Orthotist' means an allied health professional who is specifically trained and educated to provide or manage the provision of a custom designed, fabricated, or modified and fitted external orthosis to an orthotic patient based on a clinical assessment and a physician's or podiatrist's prescription to restore physiological function or cosmesis or both and who represents himself or herself to the public by such title as providing orthotic services.
- (17) 'Over-the-counter device' means a prefabricated, mass produced device that is prepackaged and requires no professional advice or judgment in either size selection or use and includes fabric or elastic supports, corsets, generic arch supports, and elastic hoses.
- 3017 (18) 'Person' means a natural person.
- 3018 (19) 'Prosthesis' means a custom designed, fabricated, fitted, modified, or fitted and modified device to replace an absent external limb for purposes of restoring physiological function or cosmesis or both. Prosthesis does not include artificial eyes, ears, fingers, or toes; dental appliances; cosmetic devices such as artificial breasts, eyelashes, or wigs; or other devices that do not have a significant impact on the musculoskeletal functions of the body.
- 3024 (20) 'Prosthetics' means the science and practice of evaluating, measuring, designing, 3025 fabricating, assembling, fitting, adjusting, or servicing a prosthesis under an order from 3026 a licensed physician or podiatrist.
- 3027 (21) 'Prosthetist' means an allied health professional who is specifically trained and educated to provide or manage the provision of a custom designed, fabricated, modified,

and fitted external limb prosthesis to a prosthetic patient based on a clinical assessment and a physician's or podiatrist's prescription, to restore physiological function or cosmesis or both and who represents himself or herself to the public by such title as providing prosthetic services.

- (22) 'Prosthetist orthotist' means a person who practices both disciplines of prosthetics and orthotics and who represents himself or herself to the public by such title as providing prosthetic and orthotic services.
- 3036 (23) 'Resident' means a person who has completed an education program in either 3037 orthotics or prosthetics and is continuing his or her clinical education in a residency 3038 accredited by the National Commission on Orthotic and Prosthetic Education.
- 3039 (24) 'Technician' means a person who assists an orthotist, prosthetist, or prosthetist orthotist with fabrication of orthoses or prostheses but does not provide direct patient care.
- 3042 43-34-193.

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- This article shall not be construed to prohibit:
- 3044 (1) A licensed physician from engaging in the practice for which he or she is licensed;
- 3045 (2) A person licensed in this state under any other law from engaging in the practice for
- which he or she is licensed;
- 3047 (3) The practice of orthotics or prosthetics by a person who is employed by the federal
- 3048 government or any bureau, division, or agency of the federal government while in the
- discharge of the employee's official duties;
- 3050 (4) The practice of orthotics or prosthetics by:
- 3051 (A) A student enrolled in a school of orthotics or prosthetics; or
- 3052 (B) A resident continuing his or her clinical education in a residency accredited by the
- National Commission on Orthotic and Prosthetic Education;
- 3054 (5) The practice of orthotics or prosthetics by a person who is an orthotist or prosthetist
- licensed under the laws of another state or territory of the United States or another
- country and has applied in writing to the board, in a form and substance satisfactory to
- 3057 the board, for a license as an orthotist or prosthetist and who is qualified to receive the
- 3058 license until:
- 3059 (A) The expiration of six months after the filing of the written application;
- 3060 (B) The withdrawal of the application; or
- 3061 (C) The denial of the application by the board;
- 3062 (6) A person licensed by this state as a physical therapist or occupational therapist from
- engaging in his or her profession;
- 3064 (7) A licensed podiatrist from engaging in his or her profession;

- 3065 (8) A licensed athletic trainer from engaging in his or her profession;
- 3066 (9) A registered pharmacist from engaging in the practice for which he or she is
- registered;
- 3068 (10) Any person licensed, certified, or permitted under any other article of this chapter
- from engaging in the practice for which he or she is licensed, certified, or permitted;
- 3070 (11) The measuring, molding, or fitting of knee braces by any person;
- 3071 (12) Employees or authorized representatives of an orthotic manufacturer from engaging
- in one or more of the following: evaluating, adjusting, measuring, designing, fabricating,
- 3073 assembling, fitting, servicing, training, repairing, replacing, or delivering an orthotic
- device under the order, direction, or prescription of a physician or health provider
- operating within his or her licensed scope of practice and meeting the criteria of the Part
- 3076 II Policy and Procedures for Orthotics and Prosthetics Services pursuant to Title XIX of
- the federal Social Security Act, as amended; or
- 3078 (13) A board certified pedorthist from manufacturing, fabricating, dispensing, or any
- 3079 combination thereof custom foot orthotics or foot or ankle gauntlets.
- 3080 43-34-194.
- 3081 An application for an original license shall be made to the board on a form prescribed
- thereby and shall be accompanied by the required fee, which shall not be refundable. An
- application shall require information that in the judgment of the board will enable it to
- determine the qualifications of the applicant for a license.
- 3085 43-34-195.
- 3086 (a) To qualify for a license to practice orthotics or prosthetics, a person shall:
- 3087 (1)(A) Possess a baccalaureate degree from a college or university;
- 3088 (B) Have completed the amount of formal training, including, but not limited to, any
- 3089 hours of classroom education and clinical practice, established and approved by the
- 3090 board; and
- 3091 (C) Complete a clinical residency in the professional area for which a license is sought
- in accordance with standards, guidelines, or procedures for residencies inside or outside
- this state established and approved by the board. The majority of training must be
- devoted to services performed in the discipline for which the license will be sought and
- 3095 under the supervision of a practitioner licensed in orthotics or prosthetics or a person
- 3096 certified as an orthotist, prosthetist, or prosthetist orthotist, provided that the
- 3097 certification was obtained before the date this article becomes effective; or
- 3098 (2)(A) Possess an associate's degree from a college or university with specific courses
- of study in human anatomy, physiology, physics, chemistry, and biology; and

3100 (B) Have completed at least five years of continued work experience performed in the 3101 discipline for which the license will be sought under the supervision of a practitioner 3102 licensed in such discipline or certified in such discipline by an agency accredited by the 3103 National Commission for Certifying Agencies;

- 3104 (3) Pass all written, practical, and oral examinations that are required and approved by the board;
- 3106 (4) Be qualified to practice in accordance with nationally accepted standards of orthotic and prosthetic care; and
- 3108 (5) Have met such other requirements as may be prescribed by the board.
- 3109 (b) The standards and requirements for licensure established by the board shall be substantially equal to or in excess of standards commonly accepted in the profession of orthotics or prosthetics. The board shall adopt rules as necessary to set the standards and requirements.
- 3113 (c) A person may be licensed in more than one discipline.
- 3114 43-34-196.
- The board, in consultation with the advisory committee, <u>may impose on a licensed orthotist</u>
- or prosthetist any sanction authorized under subsection (b) of Code Section 43-34-8 upon
- 3117 <u>a finding of any conduct specified in subsection (a) of Code Section 43-34-8.</u> shall have the
- 3118 power and responsibility to:
- 3119 (1) Determine the qualifications and fitness of applicants for licensure and renewal of
- 3120 licensure;
- 3121 (2) Adopt and revise rules consistent with the laws of this state that are necessary to
- 3122 conduct its business, carry out its duties, and administer this article;
- 3123 (3) Examine for, approve, issue, deny, revoke, suspend, sanction, and renew the licenses
- of board applicants for licensure as licensed orthotists and prosthetists and provisional
- 3125 licensed orthotists and prosthetists under this article and conduct hearings in connection
- 3126 with these actions;
- 3127 (4) Conduct hearings on complaints concerning violations of this article and the rules
- 3128 adopted under this article and cause the prosecution and enjoinder of the violations;
- 3129 (5) Establish application, examination, and licensure fees;
- 3130 (6) Request and receive the assistance of state educational institutions or other state
- 3131 agencies and prepare information of consumer interest describing the regulatory functions
- of the board and the procedures by which consumer complaints are filed with and
- resolved by the board. The board shall make the information available to the public and
- 3134 appropriate state agencies; and
- 3135 (7) Establish education, examination, and continuing education requirements.

- 3136 43-34-197.
- 3137 (a) No person shall work as an assistant to an orthotist, prosthetist, or prosthetist orthotist
- and provide patient care services or fabrication of orthoses or prostheses unless he or she
- 3139 is doing the work under the supervision of a licensed orthotist, prosthetist, or prosthetist
- 3140 orthotist.
- 3141 (b) No person shall work as a technician unless the work is performed under the
- supervision of a person licensed under this article.
- 3143 43-34-198.
- 3144 (a) Until July 1, 2007, a person certified as an orthotist, prosthetist, or prosthetist orthotist
- by the American Board for Certification in Orthotics and Prosthetics, Incorporated or the
- Board of Orthotist/Prosthetist Certification, or holding similar certifications from other
- 3147 accrediting bodies with equivalent educational requirements and examination standards,
- may apply for and may be granted orthotic or prosthetic licensure under this article upon
- payment of the required fee. After that date, any applicant for licensure as an orthotist or
- a prosthetist shall meet the requirements of subsection (a) of Code Section 43-34-195.
- 3151 (b) On and after July 1, 2007, no person shall practice orthotics or prosthetics in this state
- and hold himself or herself out as being able to practice such professions unless he or she
- is licensed in accordance with this article or is exempt from such licensing. A person who
- violates this subsection shall, upon conviction thereof, be guilty of a misdemeanor.
- 3155 (c) Not later than August 30, 2006, a person who has practiced full time for a minimum
- of the past seven years in this state in a prosthetic orthotic facility as an orthotist or
- 3157 prosthetist may file with the board an application and the license fee determined by the
- 3158 board in order to continue to practice orthotics or prosthetics without satisfaction of the
- examination and education requirements. The board shall investigate the work history,
- qualifications, and fitness of the applicant. The investigation may include, but not be
- 3161 limited to, completion by the applicant of a questionnaire regarding the applicant's work
- 3162 history and scope of practice. The board shall complete its investigation for purposes of
- this Code section within six months of receipt of a fully completed application. If, after
- receipt of the application fee, a fully completed application, and the completion of the
- 3165 investigation, the board determines that the applicant satisfied the work history
- 3166 requirements of this Code section and met all other qualifications for licensure, except the
- 3167 examination and education requirements, the board shall issue a license to practice
- 3168 orthotics or prosthetics. A license issued to a person under this subsection shall not be
- renewed without compliance with the requirements of Code Section 43-34-195.

- 3170 43-34-199.
- 3171 A licensed orthotist may provide care or services only if the care or services are provided
- pursuant to an order from a licensed physician or podiatrist. A licensed prosthetist may
- provide care or services only if the care or services are provided pursuant to an order from
- a licensed physician or podiatrist.
- 3175 43-34-200.
- 3176 (a) The expiration date and renewal period for each license issued under this article shall
- be set by the board. A license shall be valid for a period of up to two years and shall be
- renewed biennially as provided by rule of the board. The board shall establish continuing
- education requirements for the renewal of a license. These requirements shall be based on
- established standards of competence in the field of orthotics or prosthetics.
- 3181 (b) A person who has permitted his or her license to expire or who has had his or her
- 3182 license on inactive status may have his or her license restored by:
- 3183 (1) Making application to the board;
- 3184 (2) Filing proof acceptable to the board of his or her fitness to have his or her license
- restored including, but not limited to, sworn evidence certifying to active practice in
- another jurisdiction satisfactory to the board; and
- 3187 (3) Paying the required restoration fee.
- 3188 If the person has not maintained an active practice in another jurisdiction satisfactory to the
- board, the board shall determine, by an evaluation program established by rule, such
- person's fitness to resume active status and may require the person to complete a period of
- evaluated clinical experience and successful completion of an examination.
- 3192 (c) A person whose license expired while he or she was:
- 3193 (1) In federal service on active duty within the armed forces of the United States or with
- the state militia and called into service or training; or
- 3195 (2) In training or education under the supervision of the United States preliminary to
- 3196 induction into military service
- may have his or her license renewed or restored without paying a lapsed renewal fee if,
- 3198 within two years after termination from the service, training, or education except under
- 3199 conditions other than honorable, he or she furnishes the board with satisfactory evidence
- that he or she has been so engaged and that his or her service, training, or education has
- been terminated.
- 3202 43-34-201.
- 3203 A person who notifies the board on forms prescribed thereby may elect to place his or her
- 3204 license on an inactive status and shall, subject to rules of the board, be excused from

payment of renewal fees until he or she notifies the board of his or her desire to resume active status. A person requesting restoration from inactive status shall be required to pay the current renewal fee and shall be required to restore his or her license as provided in Code Section 43-34-200. An orthotist or prosthetist whose license is on inactive status shall not practice orthotics or prosthetics in this state.

- 3210 43-34-202.
- The board may, at its discretion, license as an orthotist or prosthetist, without examination
- and on payment of the required fee, an applicant who is an orthotist or prosthetist and is:
- 3213 (1) Licensed under the laws of another state, territory, or country, if the requirements for
- 3214 licensure in that state, territory, or country in which the applicant is licensed were, at the
- date of his or her licensure, equal to or more stringent than the requirements in force in
- 3216 this state on that date; or
- 3217 (2) Certified as an orthotist or prosthetist by a national certifying organization that is
- accredited by the National Commission for Certifying Agencies and has educational and
- testing standards equal to or more stringent than the licensing requirements of this state.
- 3220 43-34-203.
- 3221 (a) The board, in consultation with the advisory committee, may:
- 3222 (1) Refuse to grant or renew a license to an applicant;
- 3223 (2) Administer a public or private reprimand, but a private reprimand shall not be
- 3224 disclosed to any person except the licensee;
- 3225 (3) Suspend any license for a definite period or for an indefinite period in connection
- with any condition which may be attached to the restoration of said license;
- 3227 (4) Limit or restrict any license as the board deems necessary for the protection of the
- 3228 public;
- 3229 (5) Revoke any license;
- 3230 (6) Levy a fine; and
- 3231 (7) Condition any penalty or withhold formal disposition of any matter pending the
- 3232 applicant's or licensee's submission to such care, counseling, or treatment as the board
- 3233 may direct.
- 3234 (b) The board may take any action specified in subsection (a) of this Code section upon
- 3235 a finding by the board that the licensee or applicant has:
- 3236 (1) Failed to demonstrate the qualifications or standards for licensure contained in this
- 3237 article, or under the laws, rules, or regulations under which licensure is sought or held;
- 3238 it shall be incumbent upon the applicant to demonstrate to the satisfaction of the board
- 3239 that he or she meets all the requirements for issuance of a license, and, if the board is not

satisfied as to the applicant's qualifications, it may deny a license without a prior hearing;

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3241 provided, however, that the applicant shall be allowed to appear before the board if he or 3242 she so desires; 3243 (2) Knowingly made misleading, deceptive, untrue, or fraudulent representations in the 3244 practice of a business or profession licensed under this title or on any document 3245 connected therewith, practiced fraud or deceit or intentionally made any false statement 3246 in obtaining certification to practice a licensed business or profession, or made a false 3247 statement or deceptive registration with the board; 3248 (3) Been convicted of any felony or of any crime involving moral turpitude in the courts 3249 of this state or any other state, territory, or country or in the courts of the United States. 3250 As used in this paragraph and paragraph (4) of this subsection, the term 'felony' shall 3251 include any offense which, if committed in this state, would be deemed a felony, without 3252 regard to its designation elsewhere; and, as used in this paragraph, the term 'conviction' 3253 shall include a finding or verdict of guilty or a plea of guilty, regardless of whether an appeal of the conviction has been sought; 3254 3255 (4) Been arrested, charged, and sentenced for the commission of any felony or any crime 3256 involving moral turpitude where: 3257 (A) A plea of nolo contendere was entered to the charge; 3258 (B) First offender treatment without adjudication of guilt pursuant to the charge was 3259 granted; or 3260 (C) An adjudication or sentence was otherwise withheld or not entered on the charge. 3261 The plea of nolo contendere or the order entered pursuant to the provisions of Article 3 3262 of Chapter 8 of Title 42, relating to probation of first offenders, or other first offender 3263 treatment shall be conclusive evidence of arrest and sentencing for such crime; 3264 (5) Had his or her license under this article revoked, suspended, or annulled by any 3265 lawful authority other than the board; or had other disciplinary action taken against him 3266 or her by any such lawful authority other than the board; or was refused the renewal of 3267 a license by any such lawful authority other than the board, pursuant to disciplinary 3268 proceedings; 3269 (6) Engaged in any unprofessional, immoral, unethical, deceptive, or deleterious conduct 3270 or practice harmful to the public, which conduct or practice materially affects the fitness 3271 of the licensee or applicant to practice a business or profession licensed under this article, 3272 or of a nature likely to jeopardize the interest of the public, which conduct or practice 3273 need not have resulted in actual injury to any person or be directly related to the practice 3274 of the licensed business or profession but shows that the licensee or applicant has committed any act or omission which is indicative of bad moral character or 3275 3276 untrustworthiness. Unprofessional conduct shall include any departure from, or the

3277 failure to conform to, the minimal standards of acceptable and prevailing practice of the business or profession licensed under this article; 3278 3279 (7) Knowingly performed any act which in any way aids, assists, procures, advises, or 3280 encourages any unlicensed person or any licensee whose license has been suspended or revoked by the board to engage in any practice outside the scope of any disciplinary 3281 3282 limitation placed upon the licensee by the board; 3283 (8) Violated, without regard to whether the violation is criminally punishable, a statute, law, or any rule or regulation of this state, any other state, the professional licensing 3284 3285 board regulating the business or profession licensed under this title, the United States, or any other lawful authority, which statute, law, or rule or regulation relates to or in part 3286 3287 regulates the practice of a business or profession licensed under this article, when the 3288 licensee or applicant knows or should know that such action is violative of such statute, 3289 law, or rule; or violated a lawful order of the board previously entered by the board in a 3290 disciplinary hearing, consent decree, or license reinstatement; 3291 (9) Been adjudged mentally incompetent by a court of competent jurisdiction inside or 3292 outside this state. Any such adjudication shall automatically suspend the license of any 3293 such person and shall prevent the reissuance of renewal of any license so suspended for 3294 as long as the adjudication of incompetence is in effect; or 3295 (10) Displayed any inability to practice a business or profession licensed under this 3296 article with reasonable skill and safety to the public or has become unable to practice the 3297 licensed business or profession with reasonable skill and safety to the public by reason 3298 of illness or use of alcohol, drugs, narcotics, chemicals, or any other type of material.

3299 43-34-204 <u>43-34-203</u>.

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The board shall appoint the advisory committee. The advisory committee shall be representative of a cross section of the cultural backgrounds of the include licensed orthotists and prosthetists licensed under this article and such members as the board in its discretion may determine. Members shall receive no compensation for service on the committee. The committee shall have such advisory duties and responsibilities as the board may determine. The initial members of the advisory committee may include persons eligible for licensing under this article. Subsequent advisory committee members must be licensed pursuant to this article.

3308 ARTICLE 9

3309 43-34-240.

This article shall be known and may be cited as the 'Georgia Cosmetic Laser Services Act.'

3311 43-34-241.

This article is enacted for the purpose of safeguarding the public health, safety, and welfare 3312 3313 by providing for state administrative control, supervision, and regulation of the practice of 3314 providing cosmetic laser services. It is the intention of the General Assembly that cosmetic 3315 laser services be made available and affordable to the people of this state in a safe, reliable 3316 manner. Unregulated cosmetic laser services do not adequately meet the needs or serve the 3317 interests of the public. Licensure of those performing cosmetic laser services and required 3318 education and training of such practitioners will help ensure the health and safety of 3319 consumers. The practice of providing cosmetic laser services is declared to be affected 3320 with the public interest; and this article shall be liberally construed so as to accomplish the 3321 purpose stated in this Code section.

- 3322 43-34-242.
- 3323 As used in this article, the term:
- (1) 'Board' means the Composite State Board of Medical Examiners Georgia Composite
- Medical Board created by Code Section 43-34-21 43-34-22.
- 3326 (2) 'Consulting physician' means a person licensed to practice medicine under this
- chapter and:
- 3328 (A) Whose principal place of practice is within this state; or
- 3329 (B) Whose principal place of practice is outside this state but is within 50 miles from
- the facility with whom he or she has an agreement to provide services in accordance
- 3331 with Code Section 43-34-248.
- 3332 (3) 'Consumer' means a person on whom cosmetic laser services are or are to be
- performed.
- 3334 (4) 'Cosmetic laser practitioner' means a person licensed under this article to provide
- cosmetic laser services as defined in this article and whose license is in good standing.
- 3336 (5) 'Cosmetic laser services' means nonablative elective cosmetic light based skin, photo
- rejuvenation, or hair removal using lasers and pulsed light devices approved by the
- United States Food and Drug Administration for noninvasive procedures. Such services
- and the provision thereof shall not be considered to be the practice of medicine.
- (6) 'Facility' means any location, place, area, structure, office, institution, or business or
- a part thereof in which is performed or provided cosmetic laser services regardless of
- whether a fee is charged for such services.
- 3343 (7) 'License' means a valid and current certificate of registration issued by the board
- which shall give the person to whom it is issued authority to engage in the practice
- prescribed thereon.
- (8) 'Licensee' means any person holding a license under this article.

(9) 'Medical practitioner' means a registered professional nurse, licensed practical nurse,

- nurse practitioner, physician's physician assistant, or physician.
- 3349 (10) 'Nurse' means a registered professional nurse, licensed practical nurse, or nurse
- practitioner.
- 3351 (11) 'Person' means a natural person.
- 3352 43-34-243.
- 3353 This article shall not be construed to prohibit:
- 3354 (1) A licensed physician from engaging in the practice for which he or she is licensed;
- 3355 (2) A licensed physician's physician assistant from engaging in the practice for which he
- or she is licensed;
- 3357 (3) A person licensed by this state as a registered professional nurse, licensed practical
- nurse, or nurse practitioner from engaging in his or her profession;
- 3359 (4) A licensed esthetician from engaging in his or her profession;
- 3360 (5) A master cosmetologist from engaging in his or her profession;
- 3361 (6) Any person licensed under any other article of this chapter from engaging in the
- practice for which he or she is licensed;
- 3363 (7) A person licensed in this state under any other law from engaging in the practice for
- which he or she is licensed;
- 3365 (8) The practice of providing cosmetic laser services by a person who is employed by the
- federal government or any bureau, division, or agency of the federal government while
- in the discharge of the employee's official duties;
- 3368 (9) The practice of providing cosmetic laser services by a student enrolled in an
- accredited school of nursing or medical school as part of his or her training; or
- 3370 (10) Employees or authorized representatives of a manufacturer of a laser used for
- cosmetic laser services from engaging in one or more of the following: evaluating,
- adjusting, measuring, designing, fabricating, assembling, fitting, servicing, training,
- repairing, replacing, or delivering a laser used to provide cosmetic laser services under
- 3374 the order, direction, or prescription of a physician or health provider operating within his
- or her licensed scope of practice.
- 3376 43-34-244.
- 3377 (a) There shall be two levels of a license for a cosmetic laser practitioner: assistant laser
- practitioner and senior laser practitioner.
- 3379 (b) Any person desiring to obtain a license as a cosmetic laser practitioner under the terms
- of this article shall make application to the board as follows:

3381 (1) An applicant for an 'assistant laser practitioner' license shall present proof that he or she:

- (A) Holds a current valid license or certificate of registration as a physician's physician assistant, nurse, esthetician, or master cosmetologist, or has previously held a license or certificate of registration as a medical practitioner; and
- (B) Has received at least three laser certificates from attending laser/intense pulsed light (IPL) courses as approved by the board, directly taught by a licensed physician or certified continuing medical education or continuing education educator.
- If, after review of the application, it is determined that the applicant is at least 21 years of age; has met the minimum educational requirements; is of good moral character; and is possessed of the requisite skill to perform properly cosmetic laser services, a license shall be issued to the applicant entitling the applicant to practice the occupation of cosmetic laser practitioner at the assistant laser practitioner level under the direct supervision of a senior laser practitioner.
- (2) An applicant for a 'senior laser practitioner' license shall present proof that he or she:
- 3396 (A) Holds a current valid license or certificate of registration as a physician's physician assistant or nurse or has previously held a license or certificate of registration as a medical practitioner;
 - (B) Has at least three years of clinical or technological medical experience, or both;
 - (C) Has been or was licensed or nationally board certified as a medical practitioner for at least three years; and
 - (D) Has received at least two laser certificates from attending laser/intense pulsed light (IPL) continuing medical education courses as approved by the board, directly taught by a licensed physician or certified continuing medical education or continuing education educator.
 - If, after review of the application, it is determined that the applicant is at least 21 years of age; has met the minimum educational and clinical training requirements to perform cosmetic laser services with indirect supervision; is of good moral character; and is possessed of the requisite skill to perform properly these services, a license shall be issued to the applicant entitling the applicant to practice the occupation of cosmetic laser practitioner at the senior laser practitioner level pursuant to the protocols of a consulting physician.
- 3413 (c) The board shall be authorized to waive any education requirements under this Code 3414 section in cases of hardship, disability, or illness or under such other circumstances as the 3415 board deems appropriate with respect to any applicant who has practiced as a cosmetic 3416 laser practitioner prior to July 1, 2007.

(d) Should an applicant have a current cosmetic laser practitioner license or certificate of registration in force from another state, country, territory of the United States, or the District of Columbia, where similar reciprocity is extended to this state and licensure requirements are substantially equal to those in this state, and have paid a fee and have submitted an application, the applicant may be issued a license at the appropriate level entitling him or her to practice the occupation of a cosmetic laser practitioner at that level, unless the board, in its discretion, sees fit to require a written or a practical examination subject to the terms and provisions of this article. The board shall be authorized to waive any education or experience requirements applicable to any person who holds a current license or certificate to practice as a cosmetic laser practitioner outside of this state and who desires to obtain a license at a level authorized under this Code section to practice as a cosmetic laser practitioner in this state in cases of hardship, disability, or illness or under such other circumstances as the board deems appropriate.

3430 43-34-245.

(a) All licenses shall expire biennially unless renewed. All applications for renewal of a license shall be filed with the board prior to the expiration date, accompanied by the biennial renewal fee prescribed by the board. A license which has expired for failure of the holder to renew may only be restored after application and payment of the prescribed restoration fee within the time period established by the board and provided the applicant meets such requirements as the board may establish by rule. Any license which has not been restored within such period following its expiration may not be renewed, restored, or reissued thereafter. The holder of such a canceled license may apply for and obtain a valid license only upon compliance with all relevant requirements for issuance of a new license. (b) As a condition of license renewal, the board shall require licensees to provide proof, in a form approved by the board, of a minimum of five hours of continuing education courses as approved by the board in the area of cosmetic laser services, equipment safety and operation, procedures, and relative skin modalities, directly taught by a licensed physician or certified continuing medical education or continuing education educator.

3445 43-34-246.

3446 (a) The board shall have authority to refuse to grant or restore a license to an applicant or to discipline a cosmetic laser practitioner under this article upon a finding by the board that the licensee or applicant has: may impose on a cosmetic laser practioner or applicant any sanction authorized under subsection (b) of Code Section 43-34-8 upon a finding of any conduct specified in subsection (a) of Code Section 43-34-8.

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(1) Displayed an inability or has become unable to practice as a cosmetic laser practitioner with reasonable skill and safety to consumers by reason of illness, use of alcohol, drugs, narcotics, chemicals, or any other type of material, or as a result of any mental or physical condition:

(A) In enforcing this paragraph the board may, upon reasonable grounds, require a licensee or applicant to submit to a mental or physical examination by an appropriate practitioner of the healing arts designated by the board. The expense of such mental or physical examination shall be borne by the licensee or applicant. The results of such examination shall be admissible in any hearing before the board, notwithstanding any claim of privilege under a contrary rule of law or statute, including, but not limited to, Code Section 24-9-21. Every person who shall accept the privilege of practicing cosmetic laser services in this state or who shall file an application for a license to provide cosmetic laser services in this state shall be deemed to have given his or her consent to submit to such mental or physical examination and to have waived all objections to the admissibility of the results in any hearing before the board upon the grounds that the same constitutes a privileged communication. If a licensee or applicant fails to submit to such an examination when properly directed to do so by the board, unless such failure was due to circumstances beyond his or her control, the board may enter a final order upon proper notice, hearing, and proof of such refusal. Any licensee or applicant who is prohibited from practicing cosmetic laser services under this paragraph shall at reasonable intervals be afforded an opportunity to demonstrate to the board that he or she can resume or begin the practice of cosmetic laser practitioner with reasonable skill and safety to consumers;

(B) For the purposes of this paragraph, the board may, upon reasonable grounds, obtain any and all records relating to the mental or physical condition of a licensee or applicant, including psychiatric records; and such records shall be admissible in any hearing before the board, notwithstanding any privilege under a contrary rule of law or statute, including, but not limited to, Code Section 24-9-21. Every person who shall accept the privilege of practicing as a cosmetic laser practitioner in this state or who shall file an application to practice cosmetic laser services in this state shall be deemed to have given his or her consent to the board's obtaining any such records and to have waived all objections to the admissibility of such records in any hearing before the board upon the grounds that the same constitute a privileged communication; and

(C) If any licensee or applicant could, in the absence of this paragraph, invoke a privilege to prevent the disclosure of the results of the examination provided for in subparagraph (A) of this paragraph or the records relating to the mental or physical condition of such licensee or applicant obtained pursuant to subparagraph (B) of this

paragraph, all such information shall be received by the board in camera and shall not

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3489 be disclosed to the public, nor shall any part of the record containing such information 3490 be used against any licensee or applicant in any other type of proceeding; 3491 (2) Been convicted of a felony or crime involving moral turpitude in the courts of this 3492 state, the United States, or the conviction of an offense in another jurisdiction which if 3493 committed in this state would be deemed a felony. For the purpose of this Code section, 3494 a 'conviction' shall include a finding or verdict of guilty, a plea of guilty, or a plea of nolo 3495 contendere in a criminal proceeding regardless of whether the adjudication of guilt or 3496 sentence is withheld or not entered thereon pursuant to the provisions of Code Sections 3497 42-8-60 through 42-8-64, relating to first offenders, or any comparable rule or statute; 3498 (3) Knowingly made misleading, deceptive, untrue, or fraudulent representations to a 3499 consumer or other person or entity in connection with the practice of providing cosmetic 3500 laser services or in any document connected therewith; practiced fraud or deceit or 3501 intentionally made any false statement in obtaining or attempting to obtain a license to 3502 practice cosmetic laser services or as a cosmetic laser practitioner; or made a false or 3503 deceptive biennial registration with the board; 3504 (4) Has had a license or certificate of registration as a medical practitioner revoked, 3505 suspended, or denied; 3506 (5) Practiced cosmetic laser services contrary to this article or to the rules and regulations 3507 of the board; knowingly aided, assisted, procured, or advised any person to provide 3508 cosmetic laser services contrary to this article or to the rules and regulations of the board; 3509 or knowingly performed any act which in any way aids, assists, procures, advises, or 3510 encourages any unlicensed person to provide cosmetic laser services; 3511 (6) Engaged in any unprofessional, unethical, deceptive, or deleterious conduct or 3512 practice harmful to the public, which conduct or practice need not have resulted in actual 3513 injury to any person, as determined as a result of an investigation initiated upon the 3514 board's own motion or as a result of a sworn written request for investigation, by or on 3515 behalf of a consumer, of an act or acts which occurred within three years of such 3516 initiation or request; or 3517 (7) Failed to report to the board any act or omission of a licensee or applicant or any 3518 other person which violates the provisions of this article. 3519 (b)(1) When the board finds that any person is unqualified to be granted a license or 3520 finds that any person should be disciplined pursuant to subsection (a) of this Code 3521 section, the board may take any one or more of the following actions: 3522 (A) Refuse to grant or restore a license to an applicant; 3523 (B) Administer a public or private reprimand, but a private reprimand shall not be 3524 disclosed to any person except the licensee;

3525 (C) Suspend any license for a definite period; 3526 (D) Limit or restrict any license; 3527 (E) Revoke any license; 3528 (F) Condition the penalty or withhold formal disposition, upon the cosmetic laser practitioner's submission to the care, counseling, or treatment of physicians or other 3529 3530 professional persons, and the completion of such care, counseling, or treatment, as 3531 directed by the board; or 3532 (G) Impose a fine not to exceed \$500.00 for each violation of law, rule, or regulation 3533 of the board. 3534 (2) In addition to or in conjunction with the actions enumerated pursuant to paragraph (1) 3535 of this subsection the board may make a finding adverse to the licensee or applicant but 3536 withhold imposition of judgment and penalty, or it may impose the judgment and penalty 3537 but suspend enforcement thereof and place the licensee or applicant on probation, which 3538 probation may be vacated upon noncompliance with such reasonable terms as the board 3539 may impose. 3540 (c) In its discretion, the board may restore and reissue a license issued under this article 3541 and, as a condition thereof, it may impose any disciplinary or corrective measure provided 3542 in this article. 3543 (d) A person, firm, corporation, association, authority, or other entity shall be immune 3544 from civil and criminal liability for reporting the acts or omissions of a licensee or 3545 applicant which violate the provisions of subsection (a) of this Code section or any other 3546 provision of law relating to a licensee's or applicant's fitness to practice as a cosmetic laser 3547 practitioner, if such report is made in good faith without fraud or malice. Any person who 3548 testifies without fraud or malice before the board in any proceeding involving a violation 3549 of the provisions of subsection (a) of this Code section or any other law relating to a 3550 licensee's or applicant's fitness to practice as a cosmetic laser practitioner shall be immune 3551 from civil and criminal liability for so testifying. 3552 43-34-247. 3553 The practice of providing cosmetic laser services is declared to be an activity affecting the 3554 public interest and involving the health, safety, and welfare of the public. Such practice 3555 when engaged in by a person who is not licensed as a cosmetic laser practitioner or 3556 otherwise licensed to practice a profession which is permitted under law to perform 3557 cosmetic laser services is declared to be harmful to the public health, safety, and welfare. 3558 The board or the district attorney of the circuit where such unlicensed practice exists, or 3559 any person or organization having an interest therein, may bring a petition to restrain and 3560 enjoin such unlicensed practice in the superior court of the county where such unlicensed

person resides. It shall not be necessary in order to obtain an injunction under this Code

- section to allege or prove that there is no adequate remedy at law, or to allege or prove any
- 3563 special injury.
- 3564 43-34-248.
- 3565 Any facility providing cosmetic laser services shall have an agreement with a consulting
- 3566 physician who shall:
- 3567 (1) Be trained in laser modalities;
- 3568 (2) Establish proper protocols for the cosmetic laser services provided at the facility and
- 3569 file such protocols with the board; and
- 3570 (3) Be available for emergency consultation with the cosmetic laser practitioner or
- anyone employed by the facility.
- 3572 43-34-249.
- 3573 (a) Prior to receiving cosmetic laser services from a cosmetic laser practitioner, a person
- must consent in writing to such services and shall be informed in writing of the general
- 3575 terms of the following:
- 3576 (1) The nature and purpose of such proposed procedure;
- 3577 (2) Any material risks generally recognized and associated with the cosmetic laser
- service to be performed which, if disclosed to a reasonably prudent person in the
- customer's position, could reasonably be expected to cause such prudent person to decline
- such proposed cosmetic laser services on the basis of the material risk of injury that could
- result from such proposed services;
- 3582 (3) The type of license the individual who will be performing the cosmetic laser service
- 3583 has obtained; and
- 3584 (4) The steps to be followed after the cosmetic laser service is performed in the event of
- any complications.
- 3586 (b) It shall be the responsibility of the cosmetic laser practitioner to ensure that the
- information required by subsection (a) of this Code section is disclosed and that the consent
- provided for in this Code section is obtained.
- 3589 (c) Where the consumer is under 18 years of age, the consent of the consumer's parent or
- legal guardian shall be required.
- 3591 (d) The board shall be required to adopt and have the authority to promulgate rules and
- regulations governing and establishing the standards necessary to implement this Code
- section specifically including but not limited to the disciplining of a cosmetic laser
- practitioner who fails to comply with this Code section.

3595 (e) Nothing in this Code section shall prohibit the information provided for in this Code 3596 section from being disclosed through the use of video tapes, audio tapes, pamphlets, 3597 booklets, or other means of communication or through conversations with the cosmetic 3598 laser practitioner; provided, however, that such information is also provided in writing and 3599 attached to the consent form which the consumer signs.

- 3600 43-34-250.
- The board shall appoint an advisory committee. The advisory committee shall be 3601 3602 representative of a cross section of the cultural backgrounds, to the extent practical, of the include licensed cosmetic laser practitioners licensed under this article and such members 3603 3604 as the board in its discretion may determine. Members shall receive no compensation for 3605 service on the committee. The committee shall have such advisory duties and responsibilities as the board may determine, including but not limited to consulting with 3606 3607 the board on the issuance, denial, suspension, and revocation of licenses and the promulgation of rules and regulations under this article. The initial members of the 3608 advisory committee may include persons eligible for licensing under this article. 3609
- 3610 Subsequent advisory committee members must be licensed pursuant to this article.
- 3611 43-34-251.
- 3612 (a) It shall be unlawful for any person licensed as a cosmetic laser practitioner to perform
- 3613 cosmetic laser services within any area within one inch of the nearest part of the eye socket
- of any consumer.
- 3615 (b) It shall be unlawful for any person licensed as a cosmetic laser practitioner to
- administer any pharmaceutical agent or other substance by injection.
- 3617 43-34-252.
- 3618 Any person who owns a facility in which cosmetic laser services are offered or performed
- in noncompliance with the requirements of this article shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.
- 3620 43-34-253.
- 3621 Any person convicted of violating any provision of this article shall be guilty of a
- 3622 misdemeanor."
- 3623 **SECTION 2.**
- 3624 The following Code sections of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated are amended by
- 3625 replacing "Composite State Board of Medical Examiners" or "Composite State Board of

3626 Medical Examiners of Georgia" wherever either occurs with "Georgia Composite Medical

- 3627 Board":
- 3628 (1) Code Section 20-3-476, relating to the authorization and administration of loan
- programs for attendance at the college of osteopathic medicine;
- 3630 (2) Code Section 20-3-512, relating to medical student loans and scholarships;
- 3631 (3) Code Section 20-3-513, relating to the State Medical Education Board and student
- loans and scholarships;
- 3633 (4) Code Section 31-9-6.1, relating to the disclosure of information to persons
- undergoing certain surgical or diagnostic procedures;
- 3635 (5) Code Section 31-9A-6.1, relating to civil and professional penalties for violation of
- the Woman's Right to Know Act;
- 3637 (6) Code Section 31-11-81, relating to definitions regarding emergency services;
- 3638 (7) Code Section 31-34-4, relating to loan applicant qualifications;
- 3639 (8) Code Section 31-38-2, relating to certain exemptions to Chapter 38 of Title 31;
- 3640 (9) Code Section 33-3-27, relating to the reports of awards under medical malpractice
- insurance policies;
- 3642 (10) Code Section 33-20B-2, relating to definitions regarding rural health care access;
- 3643 (11) Code Section 34-9-1, relating to definitions regarding workers' compensation;
- 3644 (12) Code Section 43-5-13, relating to certain exemptions to the operation of Chapter 5
- 3645 of Title 43;
- 3646 (13) Code Section 43-34A-2, relating to definitions regarding a patient's rights;
- 3647 (14) Code Section 43-34A-3, relating to physician profiles and the dissemination of such
- profiles to the public;
- 3649 (15) Code Section 43-34A-6, relating to a patient's right to file a grievance with the state
- 3650 board; and
- 3651 (16) Code Section 43-35-3, relating to definitions regarding the practice of podiatry.
- 3652 **SECTION 3.**
- 3653 The following Code sections of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated are amended by
- 3654 replacing "physician's assistant" and "physician's assistants" wherever either occurs with
- 3655 "physician assistant" and "physician assistants", respectively:
- 3656 (1) Code Section 20-2-774, relating to self-administration of asthma medication by a
- 3657 public school student;
- 3658 (2) Code Section 24-9-67.1, relating to expert opinion testimony in civil actions;
- 3659 (3) Code Section 26-4-80, relating to dispensing prescription drugs;
- 3660 (4) Code Section 31-7-16, relating to determination or pronouncement of death of patient
- in a nursing home;

3662 (5) Code Section 31-9-6.1, relating to disclosure of certain information to persons

- undergoing certain surgical or diagnostic procedures;
- 3664 (6) Code Section 31-9A-2, relating to definitions relative to the "Woman's Right to
- 3665 Know Act";
- 3666 (7) Code Section 31-11-60.1, relating to a program for physician control over emergency
- medical services to nonhospital patients;
- 3668 (8) Code Section 31-22-9.1, relating to who may perform HIV tests;
- 3669 (9) Code Section 33-20A-3, relating to definitions relative to the "Patient Protection Act
- 3670 of 1996";
- 3671 (10) Code Section 33-24-58.2, relating to minimum health benefit policy coverage for
- newborn babies and their mothers;
- 3673 (11) Code Section 33-24-72, relating to health benefit policy requirements under the
- "Breast Cancer Patient Care Act";
- 3675 (12) Code Section 34-9-415, relating to testing in drug-free workplace programs;
- 3676 (13) Code Section 40-6-392, relating to chemical tests for alcohol or drugs in blood for
- driving under the influence of alcohol, drugs, or other intoxicating substances;
- 3678 (14) Code Section 42-4-70, relating to definitions relative to deductions from inmate
- accounts for expenses;
- 3680 (15) Code Section 42-5-55, relating to deductions from inmate accounts for payment of
- 3681 certain damages and medical costs;
- 3682 (16) Code Section 43-1-28, relating to the "Georgia Volunteers in Health Care
- 3683 Specialties Act"; and
- 3684 (17) Code Section 51-2-5.1, relating to relationship between hospital and health care
- provider prerequisite to liability.

3686 **SECTION 4.**

- 3687 Article 2 of Chapter 13 of Title 16 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to the
- regulation of controlled substances, is amended by revising paragraph (23) of Code Section
- 3689 16-13-21, relating to definitions regarding the regulation of controlled substances, as follows:
- 3690 "(23) 'Practitioner' means:
- 3691 (A) A physician, dentist, pharmacist, podiatrist, veterinarian, scientific investigator, or
- other person licensed, registered, or otherwise authorized under the laws of this state
- 3693 to distribute, dispense, conduct research with respect to, or to administer a controlled
- substance in the course of professional practice or research in this state;
- 3695 (B) A pharmacy, hospital, or other institution licensed, registered, or otherwise
- authorized by law to distribute, dispense, conduct research with respect to, or to

administer a controlled substance in the course of professional practice or research in this state;

(C) An advanced practice registered nurse acting pursuant to the authority of Code Section 43-34-26.3 43-34-26. For purposes of this chapter and Code Section 43-34-26.3 43-34-26, an advanced practice registered nurse is authorized to register with the federal Drug Enforcement Administration and appropriate state authorities; or (D) A physician's physician assistant acting pursuant to the authority of subsection (e.1) of Code Section 43-34-103. For purposes of this chapter and subsection (e.1) of Code Section 43-34-103, a physician's physician assistant is authorized to register with the federal Drug Enforcement Administration and appropriate state authorities."

SECTION 5.

Article 3 of Chapter 13 of Title 16 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to 3709 dangerous drugs, is amended by revising paragraph (4.1) of Code Section 16-13-72, relating 3710 to the sale, distribution, or possession of dangerous drugs, as follows:

"(4.1) A physician in conformity with Code Section 43-34-26.1 43-34-24 may delegate to a nurse or a physician's physician assistant the authority to possess vaccines and such other drugs as specified by the physician for adverse reactions to those vaccines, and a nurse or physician's physician assistant may possess such drugs pursuant to that delegation; provided, however, that nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to restrict any authority of nurses or physician's physician assistants existing under other provisions of law:"

SECTION 6.

- Article 3 of Chapter 4 of Title 26 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to the practice of pharmacy, is amended by revising Code Section 26-4-50, relating to certification for drug therapy modification, as follows:
- 3722 "26-4-50.

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- 3723 (a) No pharmacist shall be authorized to modify drug therapy pursuant to Code Section 43-34-26.2 43-34-25 unless that pharmacist:
- 3725 (1) Is licensed to practice as a pharmacist in this state;
- 3726 (2) Has successfully completed a course of study regarding modification of drug therapy 3727 and approved by the board;
- 3728 (3) Annually successfully completes a continuing education program regarding modification of drug therapy and approved by the board; and
- 3730 (4) Is certified by the board as meeting the requirements of paragraphs (1) through (3) of this subsection.

3732 (b) Nothing in this Code section shall be construed to expand or change any existing authority for a pharmacist to substitute drugs."

SECTION 7.

Article 5 of Chapter 4 of Title 26 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to prescription drugs, is amended by revising paragraph (3) of subsection (d) of Code Section 26-4-85, relating to patient counseling and optimizing drug therapy, as follows:

"(3) Patients receiving drugs from the Department of Human Resources Division of Public Health; provided, however, that pharmacists who provide drugs to patients in accordance with Code Section 43-34-26.1 43-34-24 shall include in all dispensing procedures a written process whereby the patient or the caregiver of the patient is provided with the information required under this Code section."

SECTION 8.

Article 7 of Chapter 4 of Title 26 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to practitioners of the healing arts, is amended by revising subsection (b) of Code Section 26-4-130, relating to the regulation of dispensing drugs, as follows:

"(b) The other provisions of this chapter and Article 3 of Chapter 13 of Title 16 shall not apply to practitioners of the healing arts prescribing or compounding their own prescriptions and dispensing drugs except as provided in this Code section. Nor shall such provisions prohibit the administration of drugs by a practitioner of the healing arts or any person under the supervision of such practitioner or by the direction of such practitioner except as provided in this Code section. Any term used in this subsection and defined in Code Section 43-34-26.1 43-34-24 shall have the meaning provided for such term in Code Section 43-34-26.1 43-34-24. The other provisions of this chapter and Articles 2 and 3 of Chapter 13 of Title 16 shall not apply to persons authorized by Code Section 43-34-26.1 43-34-26.1 43-34-26.1 to order, dispense, or administer drugs when such persons order, dispense, or administer those drugs in conformity with Code Section 43-34-26.1 43-34-24. When a person dispenses drugs pursuant to the authority delegated to that person under the provisions of Code Section 43-34-26.1 43-34-24, with regard to the drugs so dispensed, that person shall comply with the requirements placed upon practitioners by subsections (c) and (d) of this Code section."

SECTION 9.

Chapter 10 of Title 31 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to vital records, is amended by revising Code Section 31-10-16, relating to criteria for determining death, as follows:

- 3766 "31-10-16.
- 3767 (a) A person may be pronounced dead by a qualified physician, or by a registered
- 3768 professional nurse authorized to make a pronouncement of death under Code Section
- 3769 31-7-176.1, or by a physician assistant authorized to make a pronouncement of death under
- 3770 <u>subsection (j) of Code Section 43-34-103</u>, if it is determined that the individual has
- sustained either (1) irreversible cessation of circulatory and respiratory function, or (2)
- irreversible cessation of all functions of the entire brain, including the brain stem.
- 3773 (b) A person who acts in good faith in accordance with the provisions of subsection (a) of
- 3774 this Code section shall not be liable for damages in any civil action or subject to
- prosecution in any criminal proceeding for such act.
- 3776 (c) The criteria for determining death authorized in subsection (a) of this Code section
- shall be cumulative to and shall not prohibit the use of other medically recognized criteria
- 3778 for determining death."

3779 **SECTION 10.**

- 3780 Chapter 11 of Title 31 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to emergency
- medical services, is amended by revising paragraphs (5) and (6) of Code Section 31-11-2,
- 3782 relating to definitions, as follows:
- 3783 "(5) 'Cardiac technician' means a person who, having been trained and certified as an
- emergency medical technician and having completed additional training in advanced
- cardiac life support techniques in a training course approved by the department, is so
- 3786 certified by the Composite State Board of Medical Examiners, now known as the Georgia
- 3787 <u>Composite Medical Board, prior to January 1, 2002, or the Department of Human</u>
- 3788 Resources on and after January 1, 2002.
- 3789 (6) 'Composite board' means the Composite State Board of Medical Examiners Georgia
- 3790 <u>Composite Medical Board."</u>

SECTION 11.

- 3792 Article 1 of Chapter 24 of Title 33 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to
- 3793 general provisions regarding insurance, is amended by revising subsections (c) and (d) of
- 3794 Code Section 33-24-56.4, relating to the payment for telemedicine services, as follows:
- 3795 "(c) It is the intent of the General Assembly to mitigate geographic discrimination in the
- delivery of health care by recognizing the application of and payment for covered medical
- care provided by means of telemedicine, provided that such services are provided by a
- 3798 physician or by another health care practitioner or professional acting within the scope of
- practice of such health care practitioner or professional and in accordance with the
- 3800 provisions of Code Section 43-34-31.1 <u>43-34-32</u>.

(d) On and after July 1, 2005, every health benefit policy that is issued, amended, or renewed shall include payment for services that are covered under such health benefit policy and are appropriately provided through telemedicine in accordance with Code Section 43-34-31.1 43-34-32 and generally accepted health care practices and standards prevailing in the applicable professional community at the time the services were provided. The coverage required in this Code section may be subject to all terms and conditions of the applicable health benefit plan."

SECTION 12.

Article 1 of Chapter 26 of Title 43 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to nurses, is amended by revising paragraph (12) of subsection (a) of Code Section 43-26-5, relating to the general powers of the Georgia Board of Nursing, as follows:

"(12) Be authorized to enact rules and regulations for registered professional nurses in their performing acts under a nurse protocol as authorized in Code Section 43-34-26.1 43-34-24 and enact rules and regulations for advanced practice registered nurses in performing acts as authorized in Code Section 43-34-26.3 43-34-26;"

SECTION 13.

Chapter 30 of Title 43 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to optometrists, is amended by revising subsection (a) of Code Section 43-30-13, relating to the construction of the chapter, as follows:

"(a) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to apply to physicians and surgeons duly licensed to practice medicine, nor to prevent persons from selling spectacles or eyeglasses on prescription from any duly qualified optometrist or physician, nor to prevent any person from selling glasses as articles of merchandise or from using test cards in connection with the sale of such glasses at a permanently located place when not trafficking or attempting to traffic upon assumed skill in optometry; nor shall anything in this chapter be construed to authorize any registered optometrist to prescribe or administer drugs except as permitted by law or practice medicine or surgery in any manner as defined by the laws of this state; nor shall this chapter be construed to authorize any such person to use the title of 'M.D.' or any other title mentioned in Code Section 43-34-20 or 43-34-26 43-34-22 or 43-34-23."

SECTION 14.

Chapter 34A of Title 43 of the Official Code of Georgia, relating to a patient's right to know, is amended by revising paragraph (3) of Code Section 43-34A-2, relating to definitions regarding a patient's right to know, as follows:

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3834	"(3) 'Disciplinary action' means any final hospital disciplinary action or any final
3835	disciplinary action taken by the Composite State Board of Medical Examiners Georgia
3836	Composite Medical Board under subsection (b) of Code Section 43-34-37 43-34-8 within
3837	the immediately preceding ten-year period. No such disciplinary action taken prior to
3838	April 11, 2001, shall be included within the definition of this term."
3839	SECTION 15.
3840	Article 2 of Chapter 2 of Title 45 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to the
3841	eligibility and qualifications for office, is amended by revising subsection (d) of Code
3842	Section 45-2-7, relating to the employment of aliens, as follows:
3843	"(d) The prohibitions of subsection (a) of this Code section shall not apply to the
3844	employment of aliens licensed under Code Section 43-34-33 43-34-28, relating to the
3845	licensing of aliens to practice medicine or pharmacy."
3846	SECTION 16.
3847	Chapter 1 of Title 51 of the Official Code of Georgia, relating to torts, is amended by
3848	revising paragraph (14) of subsection (a) of Code Section 51-1-29.5, relating to definitions,
3849	as follows:
3850	"(14) 'Medical care' means any act defined as the practice of medicine under Code
3851	Section 43-34-20 <u>43-34-22</u> ."
3852	SECTION 17.
3853	Code Sections 43-34-240 through 43-34-253 shall become effective as amended in Section
3854	1 of this Act only if funds are specially appropriated for the purposes of Ga. L. 2007, p. 626
3855	in a General Appropriations Act making specific reference to such Act and shall become
3856	effective when funds so appropriated become available for expenditure. All other provisions
3857	of this Act shall become effective on July 1, 2009.

SECTION 18. 3858

All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed. 3859