Senate Bill 508

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By: Senators Meyer von Bremen of the 12th, Harp of the 29th, Adelman of the 42nd and Weber of the 40th

AS PASSED SENATE

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

To amend Article 2 of Chapter 6 of Title 10, Chapter 9 of Title 15, Title 29, and Title 53 of 1 2 the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to the relations between principal and agent, 3 probate courts, guardian and ward, and wills, trusts, and administration of estates, 4 respectively, so as to update and change provisions affecting the probate courts; to update 5 a reference to a conservator involving incompetency or incapacity of a principal on a power 6 of attorney; to change references relating to the power to cite absconding fiduciaries; to 7 change provisions relating to place and time for holding court; to provide for quarterly terms 8 of court rather than monthly; to change provisions relating to the composition of the Probate 9 Judges Training Council, the terms of councilmembers, and vacancies; to provide for 10 definitions; to provide for additional concurrent jurisdiction with superior courts; to change 11 certain provisions relating to compromise of a claim involving a gross settlement; to change 12 provisions relating to sealing of records; to provide for recordation of certain information 13 relating to real property when no administration is necessary; to eliminate year's support as 14 a bar for probate of a will after five years; to provide for related matters; to repeal conflicting

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

17 SECTION 1.

18 Article 2 of Chapter 6 of Title 10 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to the

19 relations between principal and agent, is amended by revising Code Section 10-6-36, relating

to revocation of agency and the effect of incompetency or incapacity of principal on a power

21 of attorney, as follows:

laws; and for other purposes.

22 "10-6-36.

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A written power of attorney, unless expressly providing otherwise, shall not be terminated

by the incompetency or incapacity of the principal. The power to act as an attorney in fact

for a principal who subsequently becomes incompetent or incapacitated shall remain in

26 force until such time as a guardian of the property conservator or receiver shall be

appointed for the principal or until some other judicial proceeding shall terminate the

2 power."

3 SECTION 2.

4 Chapter 9 of Title 15 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to probate courts,

- 5 is amended by revising Code Section 15-9-35, relating to the power to cite absconding
- 6 fiduciaries, as follows:
- 7 "15-9-35.
- 8 (a) Where any guardian, administrator, executor conservator, personal representative,
- 9 surety on their bonds, or other person removes himself or herself beyond the limits of this
- state or absconds or conceals himself or herself, the judge of the probate court shall have
- 11 the power to cite such guardian, administrator, executor conservator, personal
- 12 <u>representative</u>, surety, or other person to appear before him the judge relative to the
- performance of his <u>or her</u> duties or any other matter related to the probate court pertaining
- to such person. Service may be had upon the guardian, administrator, executor conservator,
- personal representative, surety, or other person by publication in the manner prescribed in
- subsection (b) of this Code section.
- 17 (b) The judge of the probate court shall cause to be published his the judge's order calling
- upon a person described in subsection (a) of this Code section to appear, in the newspaper
- of his the county in which sheriff's advertisements are published, once a week for four
- weeks immediately preceding the court day on which the person is cited to appear. The
- 21 published order shall be directed to the guardian, administrator, executor conservator,
- 22 <u>personal representative</u>, surety, or other person, shall set the date and time on which the
- 23 matter in question will be heard, shall indicate all matters to be passed upon at such time,
- and shall be signed by the judge of the probate court in his the judge's official capacity.
- 25 Where the address of the guardian, administrator, executor conservator, personal
- 26 <u>representative</u>, surety, or other person is known, a copy of the published order shall be
- 27 mailed to the party named in the order. The judge of the probate court shall make an entry
- of his <u>or her</u> actions upon the minutes of the court."
- SECTION 3.
- 30 Said chapter is further amended by revising Code Section 15-9-82, relating to place and time
- 31 for holding court, as follows:
- 32 "15-9-82.
- The probate court shall be held at the place prescribed for the superior court or in the office
- of the judge of the probate court in each county, by the judge thereof, on the first Monday
- in each month January, April, July, and October and shall continue in session from day to

day as the business of the court may require. If the first Monday in a given month term

should happen to fall on a legal holiday, the probate courts throughout this state shall

3 convene on the following day."

4 SECTION 4.

- 5 Said chapter is further amended by revising Code Section 15-9-102, relating to the
- 6 composition of the Probate Judges Training Council, terms of office, and vacancies, as
- 7 follows:
- 8 "15-9-102.
- 9 (a) As used in this Code section, the term:
- 10 (1) 'District' means an area of this state containing one or more counties which is
- designated and numbered as a district by The Council of Probate Court Judges of
- 12 Georgia.
- 13 (2) 'Training council' means the Probate Judges Training Council. The training council
- shall be composed as follows: three members from the state at large elected by the
- probate judges at the annual spring business meeting of The Council of Probate Court
- 16 Judges of Georgia for three-year staggered terms and one member from each judicial
- 17 administrative district who shall be a judge of the probate court and elected by the judges
- of the probate courts within the district immediately prior to the annual spring business

meeting of The Council of Probate Court Judges of Georgia for a four-year term;

- 20 provided, however, that the initial members elected from judicial administrative districts
- 21 1, 2, and 3 shall serve for two-year terms and the initial members elected from judicial
- 22 administrative districts 4, 5, and 6 shall serve for three-year terms; provided, further, that,
- beginning in the spring of 1989, in order to stagger the terms, the initial term of one
- 24 state-at-large member shall be one year, one shall be two years, and one shall be three
- 25 years.

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- 26 (b) The training council shall consist of one member from each district as elected by the
- 27 judges of the probate courts within such district. Such elections shall occur prior to the
- 28 <u>annual spring business meeting of The Council of Probate Court Judges of Georgia.</u>
- 29 <u>Training council members shall serve four-year terms; provided, however, that members</u>
- 30 <u>from odd-numbered districts shall serve an initial term of two years and members from</u>
- 31 <u>even-numbered districts shall serve an initial term of four years.</u> All members may succeed
- themselves except for the three state-at-large members. Successors, and successors shall
- be elected in the same manner as the original members immediately prior to the expiration
- of each member's term of office. The president of The Council of Probate Court Judges
- of Georgia if not a district or at-large member of the training council shall be a voting
- member of the training council ex officio.

1 (b)(c) In the event a vacancy occurs in the membership of the training council as a result

- of a death, resignation, removal, or failure of reelection as a probate judge, the remaining
- members of the training council district in which such vacancy has occurred shall elect a
- 4 qualified person from the district to serve for the remainder of the unexpired term of the
- 5 member whose seat is vacant. The person elected to fill such vacancy shall take office
- 6 immediately upon election."

7 SECTION 5.

- 8 Said chapter is further amended by revising Code Section 15-9-127, relating to additional
- 9 concurrent jurisdiction with superior courts, as follows:
- 10 "15-9-127.
- Probate courts subject to this article shall have concurrent jurisdiction with superior courts
- with regard to the proceedings for:
- 13 (1) Declaratory judgments involving fiduciaries pursuant to Code Sections 9-4-4, 9-4-5,
- 14 and 9-4-6;
- 15 (2) Tax motivated estate planning dispositions of wards' property pursuant to Code
- 16 Sections 29-3-36 and 29-5-36;
- 17 (3) Approval of settlement agreements pursuant to Code Section 53-3-22 of the
- 18 'Pre-1998 Probate Code,' if applicable, or Code Section 53-5-25 of the 'Revised Probate
- 19 Code of 1998';
- 20 (4) Appointment of new trustee to replace trustee pursuant to Code Section 53-12-170;
- 21 (5) Acceptance of the resignation of a trustee upon written request of the beneficiaries
- pursuant to Code Section 53-12-175;
- 23 (6) Acceptance of resignation of a trustee upon petition of the trustee pursuant to Code
- 24 Section 53-12-175;
- 25 (7) Motions seeking an order for disinterment and deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) testing
- as provided in Code Section 53-2-27; and
- 27 (8) Conversion to a unitrust and related matters pursuant to Code Section 53-12-221; and
- 28 (9) Adjudication of petitions for direction or construction of a will pursuant to Code
- 29 <u>Section 23-2-92.</u>"
- 30 **SECTION 6.**
- 31 Title 29 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to guardian and ward, is
- 32 amended by revising subsection (h) of Code Section 29-3-3, relating to defining gross
- 33 settlement, compromise of a claim, and finality of settlement, as follows:
- 34 "(h) If an order of approval is obtained from the court, or a court in which the action is
- 35 <u>pending</u>, based upon the best interest of the minor, the natural guardian or conservator is

1 <u>shall be</u> authorized to compromise any contested or doubtful claim in favor of the minor

- without receiving consideration for such compromise as a lump sum. Without limiting the
- foregoing, the compromise may be in exchange for an arrangement that defers receipt of
- 4 part, not to exceed a total distribution of \$15,000.00 prior to a minor reaching the age of
- 5 <u>majority</u>, or all of the consideration for the compromise until after the minor reaches the
- 6 age of majority and may involve a structured settlement or creation of a trust on terms
- 7 which the court approves."

8 SECTION 7.

- 9 Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 29-9-18, relating to sealing of records
- 10 on conservatorships and guardianships, as follows:
- 11 "29-9-18.
- 12 (a) All of the records relating to any minor or adult guardianship or conservatorship that
- is granted under this title shall be kept sealed, except for a record of the names and
- addresses of the minor, ward, and guardian or conservator and their legal counsel of record
- and the date of filing, granting, and terminating the guardianship or conservatorship. The
- sealed records may be examined by the ward and the ward's legal counsel and by, the
- 17 <u>minor, the minor's parents, and the minor's legal counsel,</u> the guardian or conservator and
- the guardian or conservator's legal counsel, and any surety for the conservator and legal
- counsel for the surety at any time.
- 20 (b) A request by other interested parties to examine the sealed records shall be by petition
- 21 to the court and the ward and guardian or conservator shall have at least 30 days' prior
- written notice of a hearing on the petition; provided, however, that for good cause shown
- 23 to the court, the court may shorten such notice period or grant the petition without notice.
- 24 The matter shall come before the court in chambers. The order allowing access shall be
- 25 granted upon a finding that the public interest in granting access to the sealed records
- 26 clearly outweighs the harm otherwise resulting to the privacy of the person in interest, and
- 27 the court shall limit the portion of the file to which access is granted to that which is
- 28 required to meet the legitimate needs of the petitioner."
- SECTION 8.
- 30 Title 53 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to wills, trusts, and estates, is
- 31 amended by revising Code Section 53-2-40, relating to the petition when an individual dies
- 32 intestate and no administration is necessary, as follows:
- *"*53-2-40.
- 34 (a) When an individual has died intestate and there has been no personal representative
- appointed in this state, any heir of the decedent may file a petition praying for an order that

1 no administration is necessary. The petition shall be filed in the probate court of the county

- 2 of the domicile of the decedent, if the decedent was domiciled in this state, or in the county
- 3 in which real property is located, if the decedent was not domiciled in this state.
- 4 (b) The petition shall show: the name and domicile of the decedent; the names, ages or
- 5 majority status, and domicile of the heirs of the decedent; a description of the property in
- 6 this state owned by the decedent; that the estate owes no debts or that there are known
- debts and all creditors have consented or will be served as provided in Chapter 11 of this
- 8 title; and that the heirs have agreed upon a division of the estate among themselves. The
- 9 agreement containing original signatures of all the heirs, attested to by a clerk of the
- probate court or a notary public, shall be attached to the petition. Property subject to an
- outstanding security deed or agreement may be subject to this proceeding only if the holder
- of the security deed consents or is served and makes no objection.
- 13 (c) The personal representative of a deceased heir is authorized to agree to the division on
- behalf of that heir.
- 15 (d) In any case involving the approval of a petition for an order that no administration is
- necessary, where there is an interest in real property, the court shall file, within 30 days of
- 17 granting such petition, a certificate in each county in this state in which the deceased
- 18 owned property, to be recorded in the deed records of the county and indexed under the
- 19 <u>name of the deceased in the grantor index. The certificate shall be accompanied by the</u>
- 20 same fee for filing deeds with the clerk of the superior court. The filing fee and any fee for
- 21 <u>the certificate shall be taxed as costs to the estate. The certificate shall set forth:</u>
- 22 (1) The date of the order granting the petition;
- 23 (2) The name and address of the deceased; and
- 24 (3) The name and address of all parties that take title to the real property pursuant to the
- 25 <u>order issued by the court."</u>
- SECTION 9.
- 27 Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 53-5-3, relating to time limitation, as
- 28 follows:
- 29 "53-5-3.
- 30 A will shall not be offered for probate following the expiration of five years from the latest
- 31 date on which a petition is filed for:
- 32 (1) The appointment of a personal representative of the decedent's estate;
- 33 (2) An order granting year's support from the decedent's estate; or
- 34 (3) An order that no administration is necessary on the decedent's estate;
- provided, however, that the will of a testator who died prior to January 1, 1998, may be
- offered for probate at least until December 31, 2002."

1 SECTION 10.

2 All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.