Senate Resolution 822

By: Senators Shafer of the 48th, Mullis of the 53rd, Reed of the 35th, Pearson of the 51st, Smith of the 52nd and others

A RESOLUTION

1 Creating the Georgia-North Carolina and Georgia-Tennessee Boundary Line Commission;

2 and for other purposes.

3 WHEREAS, the northern border of the State of Georgia and the southern border of the states

4 of North Carolina and Tennessee lies at the 35th parallel, north of the southernmost bank of

5 the Tennessee River; and

6 WHEREAS, a flawed survey conducted in 1818 and never accepted by the State of Georgia
7 erroneously marks the 35th parallel south of its actual location; and

8 WHEREAS, over a long period of years, from time to time, the legislatures of these states

9 have undertaken to authorize the appointment of committees to meet and to resolve the issues

10 associated with the wrongly surveyed and erroneously marked border; and

11 WHEREAS, by an Act of the General Assembly of North Carolina, approved in 1881 (N.C.

12 Gen. Stat. 141-1 to 6 (1964)), the General Assembly of North Carolina authorized the

13 Governor of North Carolina to appoint commissioners and a surveyor from North Carolina

14 to act with the commissioners and surveyors appointed or to be appointed by any of the states

15 contiguous to North Carolina to resurvey and mark the boundary lines between these states;

16 and

WHEREAS, no official record of any such commissioners and surveyors as provided for insaid Act exists; and

WHEREAS, by an Act of the General Assembly of Georgia, approved October 15, 1887 (Ga. L. 1886-87, p. 105), the General Assembly of Georgia directed the Governor to communicate with the Governor of Tennessee for the purpose of having a joint survey and settlement of the disputed boundary question and authorized the appointment of a committee

- 1 to meet with an assembly committee representing the State of Tennessee, whose duty it
- 2 would be to survey, establish, and proclaim the true boundary line; and

WHEREAS, by an Act approved April 8, 1889, the General Assembly of the State of
Tennessee enacted a similar authorization; and

5 WHEREAS, by a resolution approved March 6, 1941 (Ga. L. 1941, p. 1850), the General 6 Assembly directed the Governor of Georgia to communicate with the Governor of Tennessee 7 for the purpose of having a joint survey and settlement of the disputed question and further 8 resolved that a standing committee of the House of Representatives be created to meet with 9 a similar committee of the State of Tennessee to establish, survey, and proclaim the true 10 boundary line between Georgia and Tennessee; and

WHEREAS, by a resolution approved March 27, 1947 (Ga. L. 1947, p. 1728), the General Assembly appointed a commission to negotiate with the proper authorities of the State of Tennessee and to agree upon and to fix a definite boundary line, and, in the failure of the commission to reach a settlement, the General Assembly authorized and directed the Attorney General of the State of Georgia to institute suit in the federal courts for purposes of accurately determining the boundary line between Georgia and Tennessee; and

17 WHEREAS, by a resolution approved March 6, 1971 (Ga. L. 1971, p. 2374), the General 18 Assembly directed the Governor of Georgia to communicate with the Governors of North 19 Carolina and Tennessee for the purpose of having joint surveys and settlements of the disputed boundary questions and further resolved that a Georgia-North Carolina and 20 21 Georgia-Tennessee Boundary Line Commission be created to meet with similar commissions 22 of the legislatures of the states of North Carolina and Tennessee to establish, survey, and proclaim the true boundary lines between Georgia and North Carolina and between Georgia 23 24 and Tennessee, and to take such further or other action or pursue such remedy or remedies as the joint Commission of the Georgia General Assembly, by a majority vote, deems proper 25 26 to establish the definite and true boundary lines between Georgia and North Carolina and 27 Georgia and Tennessee; and

WHEREAS, by suggestion of the United States Court of Appeals for the D.C. Circuit, the Chairman of the Tennessee Public Service Commission and the Chairman of the Georgia Public Service Commission agreed in 1974 to reserve resolution of the general boundary issue until a later date (15 FERC, p. 61240), the resolution of which has never been reached; and

- 1 WHEREAS, notwithstanding these authorizations and directions, the boundary lines have
- 2 never been accurately resurveyed and marked and remain in doubt; and

WHEREAS, it is to the public interest and welfare that accurate and exact lines between the
said states be established and proclaimed.

5 NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF 6 GEORGIA that the Governor of Georgia is hereby directed to communicate with the 7 Governors of North Carolina and Tennessee for the purpose of having joint surveys and 8 settlements of the disputed boundary questions.

9 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that there is hereby created the Georgia-North Carolina and 10 Georgia-Tennessee Boundary Line Commission to meet with similar commissions of the General Assemblies of the States of North Carolina and Tennessee to establish, survey, and 11 12 proclaim the true boundary lines between Georgia and North Carolina and between Georgia 13 and Tennessee, and to take such further or other action or pursue such remedy or remedies as the joint commission of the Georgia General Assembly, by a majority vote, deems proper 14 15 to establish the definite and true boundary lines between Georgia and North Carolina and 16 Georgia and Tennessee. The commission shall be composed of three members of the House of Representatives, to be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and three 17 18 members of the Senate, to be appointed by the President of the Senate. The Speaker of the 19 House and the President of the Senate shall designate one of their respective appointees as 20 co-chairperson, and the co-chairpersons shall jointly call the organizational meeting of the 21 commission.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that, in order to effectively carry out its duties and responsibilities, said commission may employ consultants and contract with persons, firms, or corporations to provide research and other assistance as the commission deems proper and necessary; provided, however, that the amount of any funds proposed to be spent for such services shall first be approved, in writing, by the Speaker of the House of Representatives and President of the Senate.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that each member of such commission shall receive the expenses and allowances provided by law for legislative members of interim legislative committees for each meeting of the commission or subcommittees thereof attended by each such member, but shall receive the same for not more than 15 days, unless additional days are authorized by the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the President of the

- 1 Senate. All funds necessary to carry out the provisions of this resolution shall come from
- 2 funds appropriated or otherwise available to the legislative branch of government.
- 3 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the commission shall issue a report of its findings, work
- 4 and meetings with similar commissions from North Carolina and Tennessee, and shall report
- 5 the resolution of any boundary line questions or recommendations to the 2009 regular session
- 6 of the General Assembly of Georgia. Said commission shall stand abolished as of the day
- 7 on which the General Assembly convenes in regular session in 2009.