

Senate Bill 236

By: Senators Rogers of the 21st, Hudgens of the 47th, Thompson of the 33rd, Goggans of the 7th, Hawkins of the 49th and others

AS PASSED SENATE

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
AN ACT

1 To amend Article 34 of Chapter 1 of Title 10 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated,
2 relating to identity theft, so as to provide for definitions; to provide for notification by certain
3 data collectors upon a breach of security regarding personal information; to amend Article
4 8 of Chapter 9 of Title 16 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to the offense
5 of identity fraud, so as to change certain provisions relating to the elements of the offense of
6 identity fraud; to create the offense of identity fraud by receipt of fraudulent identification
7 information; to provide for a victim's right to file a report with a law enforcement agency;
8 to provide a short title; to modify certain penalties; to provide for related matters; to provide
9 an effective date; to repeal conflicting laws; and for other purposes.

10 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

11 **SECTION 1.**

12 This Act shall be known and may be cited as the "Georgia Personal Identity Protection Act."

13 **SECTION 2.**

14 Article 34 of Chapter 1 of Title 10 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to
15 identity theft, is amended by revising Code Section 10-1-911, relating to definitions, as
16 follows:

17 "10-1-911.

18 As used in this article, the term:

19 (1) 'Breach of the security of the system' means unauthorized acquisition of an
20 individual's ~~computerized~~ data that compromises the security, confidentiality, or integrity
21 of personal information of such individual maintained by an information broker or data
22 collector. Good faith acquisition or use of personal information by an employee or agent
23 of an information broker or data collector for the purposes of such information broker or
24 data collector is not a breach of the security of the system, provided that the personal
25 information is not used or subject to further unauthorized disclosure.

1 (2) 'Data collector' means any state or local agency or subdivision thereof including any
 2 department, bureau, authority, public university or college, academy, commission, or
 3 other government entity or any private university or college; provided, however, that the
 4 term 'data collector' shall not include any agency whose records are maintained primarily
 5 for traffic safety, law enforcement, or licensing purposes.

6 ~~(2)~~(3) 'Information broker' means any person or entity who, for monetary fees or dues,
 7 engages in whole or in part in the business of collecting, assembling, evaluating,
 8 compiling, reporting, transmitting, transferring, or communicating information
 9 concerning individuals for the primary purpose of furnishing personal information to
 10 nonaffiliated third parties, but does not include any governmental agency whose records
 11 are maintained primarily for traffic safety, law enforcement, or licensing purposes.

12 ~~(3)~~(4) 'Notice' means:

13 (A) Written notice;

14 (B) Telephone notice;

15 (C) Electronic notice, if the notice provided is consistent with the provisions regarding
 16 electronic records and signatures set forth in Section 7001 of Title 15 of the United
 17 States Code; or

18 ~~(C)~~(D) Substitute notice, if the information broker or data collector demonstrates that
 19 the cost of providing notice would exceed ~~\$250,000.00~~ \$50,000.00, that the affected
 20 class of individuals to be notified exceeds ~~500,000~~ 100,000, or that the information
 21 broker or data collector does not have sufficient contact information to provide written
 22 or electronic notice to such individuals. Substitute notice shall consist of all of the
 23 following:

24 (i) E-mail notice, if the information broker or data collector has an e-mail address for
 25 the individuals to be notified;

26 (ii) Conspicuous posting of the notice on the information broker's or data collector's
 27 website page, if the information broker or data collector maintains one; and

28 (iii) Notification to major state-wide media.

29 Notwithstanding any provision of this paragraph to the contrary, an information broker
 30 or data collector that maintains its own notification procedures as part of an information
 31 security policy for the treatment of personal information and is otherwise consistent with
 32 the timing requirements of this article shall be deemed to be in compliance with the
 33 notification requirements of this article if it notifies the individuals who are the subjects
 34 of the notice in accordance with its policies in the event of a breach of the security of the
 35 system.

36 ~~(4)~~(5) 'Person' means any individual, partnership, corporation, limited liability company,
 37 trust, estate, cooperative, association, or other entity. The term 'person' as used in this

1 article shall not be construed to require duplicative reporting by any individual,
 2 corporation, trust, estate, cooperative, association, or other entity involved in the same
 3 transaction.

4 ~~(5)~~(6) 'Personal information' means an individual's first name or first initial, and last
 5 name, address, or phone number, in combination with any one or more of the following
 6 data elements, when either the name or the data elements are not encrypted or redacted:

7 (A) Social security number;

8 (B) Driver's license number or state identification card number;

9 (C) Account number, credit card number, or debit card number, if circumstances exist
 10 wherein such a number could be used without additional identifying information, access
 11 codes, or passwords;

12 (D) Account passwords or personal identification numbers or other access codes; or

13 (E) Any of the items contained in subparagraphs (A) through (D) of this paragraph
 14 when not in connection with the individual's first name or first initial and last name, if
 15 the information compromised would be sufficient to perform or attempt to perform
 16 identity theft against the person whose information was compromised.

17 The term 'personal information' does not include publicly available information that is
 18 lawfully made available to the general public from federal, state, or local government
 19 records."

20 SECTION 3.

21 Said article is further amended by revising Code Section 10-1-912, relating to notification
 22 required upon breach of security regarding personal information, as follows:

23 "10-1-912.

24 (a) Any information broker or data collector that maintains computerized data that includes
 25 personal information of individuals shall give notice of any breach of the security of the
 26 system following discovery or notification of the breach in the security of the data to any
 27 resident of this state whose unencrypted personal information was, or is reasonably
 28 believed to have been, acquired by an unauthorized person. The notice shall be made in
 29 the most expedient time possible and without unreasonable delay, consistent with the
 30 legitimate needs of law enforcement, as provided in subsection (c) of this Code section, or
 31 with any measures necessary to determine the scope of the breach and restore the
 32 reasonable integrity, security, and confidentiality of the data system.

33 (b) Any person or business that maintains computerized data on behalf of an information
 34 broker or data collector that includes personal information of individuals that the person
 35 or business does not own shall notify the information broker or data collector of any breach

1 of the security of the data immediately following discovery, if the personal information
2 was, or is reasonably believed to have been, acquired by an unauthorized person.

3 (c) The notification required by this Code section may be delayed if a law enforcement
4 agency determines that the notification will compromise a criminal investigation. The
5 notification required by this Code section shall be made after the law enforcement agency
6 determines that it will not compromise the investigation.

7 (d) In the event that an information broker or data collector discovers circumstances
8 requiring notification pursuant to this Code section of more than 10,000 residents of this
9 state at one time, the information broker or data collector shall also notify, without
10 unreasonable delay, all consumer reporting agencies that compile and maintain files on
11 consumers on a nation-wide basis, as defined by 15 U.S.C. Section 1681a, of the timing,
12 distribution, and content of the notices."

13 SECTION 4.

14 Article 8 of Chapter 9 of Title 16 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to the
15 offense of identity fraud, is amended by revising Code Section 16-9-121, relating to the
16 elements of the offense, as follows:

17 "16-9-121.

18 (a) A person commits the offense of identity fraud when ~~without the authorization or~~
19 ~~permission of a person with the intent unlawfully to appropriate resources of or cause~~
20 ~~physical harm to that person, or of any other person, to his or her own use or to the use of~~
21 ~~a third party~~ he or she willfully and fraudulently:

22 ~~(1) Obtains or records identifying information of a person which would assist in~~
23 ~~accessing the resources of that person or any other person; or~~

24 ~~(2) Accesses or attempts to access the resources of a person through the use of~~
25 ~~identifying information.~~

26 (1) Without authorization or consent, uses or possesses with intent to fraudulently use,
27 identifying information concerning an individual;

28 (2) Uses identifying information of an individual under 18 years old over whom he or
29 she exercises custodial authority;

30 (3) Uses or possesses with intent to fraudulently use, identifying information concerning
31 a deceased individual;

32 (4) Creates, uses, or possesses with intent to fraudulently use, any counterfeit or fictitious
33 identifying information concerning a fictitious individual with intent to use such
34 counterfeit or fictitious identification information for the purpose of committing or
35 facilitating the commission of a crime or fraud on another person; or

1 (5) Without authorization or consent, creates, uses, or possesses with intent to
 2 fraudulently use, any counterfeit or fictitious identifying information concerning a real
 3 individual with intent to use such counterfeit or fictitious identification information for
 4 the purpose of committing or facilitating the commission of a crime or fraud on another
 5 person.

6 (b) A person commits the offense of identity fraud by receipt of fraudulent identification
 7 information when he or she willingly accepts for identification purposes identifying
 8 information which he or she knows to be fraudulent, stolen, counterfeit, or fictitious. In
 9 any prosecution under this subsection it shall not be necessary to show a conviction of the
 10 principal thief, counterfeiter, or fraudulent user.

11 (c) The offenses created by this Code section shall not merge with any other offense."

12 SECTION 5.

13 Said article is further amended by adding a new Code section as follows:

14 "16-9-125.1.

15 (a) A person who has learned or reasonably believes that he or she has been the victim of
 16 identity fraud may contact the local law enforcement agency with jurisdiction over his or
 17 her actual residence for the purpose of making an incident report. The law enforcement
 18 agency having jurisdiction over the complainant's residence shall make a report of the
 19 complaint and provide the complainant with a copy of the report. Where jurisdiction for
 20 the investigation and prosecution of the complaint lies with another agency, the law
 21 enforcement agency making the report shall forward a copy to the agency having such
 22 jurisdiction and shall advise the complainant that the report has been so forwarded.

23 (b) Nothing in this Code section shall be construed so as to interfere with the discretion
 24 of a law enforcement agency to allocate resources for the investigation of crimes. A report
 25 created pursuant to this Code section is not required to be counted as an open case file."

26 SECTION 6.

27 Said article is further amended by revising Code Section 16-9-126, relating to penalties for
 28 violations, as follows:

29 "16-9-126.

30 (a) A violation of this article, other than a violation of Code Section 16-9-122, shall be
 31 punishable by imprisonment for not less than one nor more than ten years or a fine not to
 32 exceed \$100,000.00, or both. Any person who commits such a violation for the second or
 33 any subsequent offense shall be punished by imprisonment for not less than three nor more
 34 than 15 years, a fine not to exceed \$250,000.00, or both.

1 (b) A violation of this article which does not involve the intent to commit theft or
2 appropriation of any property, resource or other thing of value that is committed by a
3 person who is less than 21 years of age, shall be punishable by imprisonment for not less
4 than one nor more than three years or a fine not to exceed \$ 5,000.00, or both.

5 ~~(b)~~(c) Any person found guilty of a violation of this article may be ordered by the court
6 to make restitution to any consumer victim or any business victim of such fraud.

7 ~~(c)~~(d) Each violation of this article shall constitute a separate offense.

8 ~~(d)~~(e) Upon a conviction of a violation of this article, the court may issue any order
9 necessary to correct a public record that contains false information resulting from the
10 actions which resulted in the conviction."

11 **SECTION 7.**

12 This Act shall become effective upon its approval by the Governor or upon its becoming law
13 without such approval and Section 4 shall apply to all offenses occurring on or after such
14 date.

15 **SECTION 8.**

16 All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.