Senate Bill 645

By: Senators Cagle of the 49th and Mullis of the 53rd

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

1	To amend Title 43 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to professions and
2	businesses, so as to provide for the prequalification and licensing of individuals and
3	companies to conduct or design hazardous site investigations, site assessments, feasibility
4	studies, remedial programs, and corrective action plans and to carry out cleanup of hazardous
5	sites; to define such persons as licensed environmental professionals and provide for their
6	qualifications, licensure, and regulation; to define terms; to state findings and intent; to
7	provide for a licensing and regulatory board and its membership, powers, duties, and
8	operations; to provide for related functions and operations of the Department of Natural
9	Resources and its Environmental Protection Division; to provide for related matters; to
10	provide an effective date; to repeal conflicting laws; and for other purposes.
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11	BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:
12	SECTION 1.
13	Title 43 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to professions and businesses,
14	is amended by adding after Chapter 17 a new Chapter 17A to read as follows:
15	"CHAPTER 17A
16	43-17A-1.
17	(a) As used in this chapter, the term:
18	(1) 'All appropriate inquiry' means the standard requirements and procedures for
19	conducting investigations and inquiries into the previous ownership, uses, and
20	environmental conditions of a property for the purpose of qualifying for certain
21	landowner liability protections under state and federal environmental laws. The Final
22	EPA Rule on all appropriate inquiry will be effective on November 1, 2006. Until
23	November 1, 2006, the requirements of the interim standards for all appropriate inquiries
24	established in the Small Business Liability Relief and Brownfields Revitalization Act (the

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Brownfields Amendments to CERCLA) satisfy the statutory requirements for all 1 2 appropriate inquiries. The interim standard is the ASTM E1527-00 Phase I 3 Environmental Site Assessment Process. Parties also may use the newly revised ASTM 4 standard, ASTM E1527-05 standard. 5 (2) 'Board' means the Board of the Department of Natural Resources. 6 (3) 'Business organization' means any corporation, limited liability company, partnership, 7 limited partnership, or other legal entity. 8 (4) 'Compliance status report' means a report on conditions at a hazardous site according 9 to standards and requirements set out in Section 391-3-19-.06(3) of the Georgia 10 Administrative Code. (5) 'Comprehensive response action' means the three phased undertakings and activities 11 12 required to stabilize and clean up a hazardous site which are: (A) The Phase I site investigation, site inspection, and site assessment activities; 13 (B) The Phase II feasibility study, remedial design, and corrective action plan 14 15 activities; and (C) The Phase III remedial action activities where the actual construction and 16 implementation of site cleanup occurs. 17 18 (6) 'Corrective action plan' means a plan developed and certified by a licensed 19 environmental professional describing and detailing actions that must be taken to ensure 20 that a site where a release of a regulated substance has occurred is cleaned up to specified 21 risk reduction and remediation standards and other site specific criteria necessary to 22 protect human health and the environment from potential exposure to hazardous 23 substances. 24 (7) 'Director' means the individual appointed by the board to head the division. 25 (8) 'Division' means the Environmental Protection Division of the Department of Natural Resources created pursuant to subsection (a) of Code Section 12-2-1. 26 (9) 'Environmental regulation' means a rule or regulation promulgated by the board 27 prescribing the ways and means by which the division enforces and implements federal 28 29 or state environmental laws. (10) 'Feasibility study' means the development, screening, and detailed evaluation of 30 alternative remedial actions. 31 (11) 'Federal environmental law' means the following acts of Congress, as now or 32 hereafter amended, including: 33 (A) The Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act 34 ('CERCLA') as set out in 42 U.S.C.S. Sections 9601-9675, as now or hereafter 35 36 amended;

(B) The Resource Conservation and Recovery Act ('RCRA') as set out in 42 U.S.C.S.
 Section 12-13-1, et seq., as now or hereafter amended; and
 (C) The Toxic Substances Control Act ('TSCA') as set out in 15 U.S.C.S. Section 2681,
 et seq., as now or hereafter amended.

5 (12) 'Licensed environmental professional' means an individual or business organization
6 licensed in accordance with the provisions of this chapter.

(13) 'Licensing board' means the State Board of Certification, Registration, and
Licensing of Licensed Environmental Professionals established pursuant to subsection
(a) of Code Section 43-17A-4 and which is a professional licensing board in accordance
with the provisions of Code Section 43-1-1.

(14) 'Orphan site' means a site that is designated a hazardous site under the provisions
 of state environmental law or federal environmental law for which no potentially
 responsible party can be identified, qualified, and compelled to pay for and implement
 a comprehensive response action.

(15) 'Potentially responsible party' ('PRP') means any person who may be liable under
 Section 107 of CERCLA for a release or threatened release of hazardous substances or
 pollutants or contaminants.

(16) 'Qualifying agent' means an individual who is a licensed environmental professional
 pursuant to paragraph (2) of Code Section 43-17A-5 and Code Section 43-17A-6 and
 whose affiliation with a business organization qualifies such organization for licensing
 as a licensed environmental professional pursuant to Code Section 43-17A-7.

(17) 'Remedial action' means the actions and undertakings that follow the remedial
design phase and involves the actual construction or implementation of site cleanup.

(18) 'Remedial design' means the phase in a site cleanup where the technical
 specifications for cleanup remedies and technologies are designed.

(19) 'Remedial investigation' means the collecting of data at a site to characterize site
conditions and determine the nature and extent of contamination; to assess risks to human
health and the environment in the site environs; and to conduct treatability testing to
evaluate the potential performance and cost of cleanup treatment technologies that are
being considered.

- (20) 'Site specific accounting' means the requirements imposed by Code Section
 43-17A-10 relating to recording expenditures from the Hazardous Waste Trust Fund to
 finance state managed comprehensive response actions at orphan sites.
- 34 (21) 'State environmental law' means any of the following Acts of the General Assembly,
 35 as now or hereafter amended:
- 36 (A) The 'Georgia Hazardous Waste Management Act,' Code Section 12-8-60, et seq.;
- 37 (B) The 'Georgia Hazardous Site Response Act,' Code Section 12-8-90, et seq.;

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- (C) The 'Georgia Hazardous Site Reuse and Redevelopment Act,' Code Section
 12-8-200, et seq.;
- 3 (D) The 'Georgia Underground Storage Tank Act,' Code Section 12-13-1, et seq.; and
- 4 (E) Any Act of the General Assembly empowering and directing the board to comply
 5 with federal statutes relating to protection of the environment.
- 6 43-17A-2.
- 7 (a) The General Assembly has found:

8 (1) That the Environmental Protection Division's ability to effectively and efficiently 9 enforce and implement state and federal environmental laws and regulations relating to 10 state managed comprehensive response actions at orphan sites is adversely impacted by 11 the lack of full-time, in-house, technical staff that are, from time to time, needed to 12 review, analyze, and manage a comprehensive response action and to investigate, review, 13 and certify compliance therewith;

(2) That the costs of the division's maintaining, in-house, a full capacity technical review
and response capability full time and year round is prohibitively expensive in the context
of the need for funding of other equally deserving programs and needs; and

- 17 (3) That because of the number of hazardous sites in the state and the need to initiate 18 and complete remediation of such sites in a timely manner and the demonstrated 19 willingness of the General Assembly to fund comprehensive response actions at such 20 sites, there has grown up in the private sector a sizable complement of environmental 21 response and remediation consultants and contractors with sufficient technical expertise, 22 experience, and ability, in house, full time, to supplement the division's technical staff 23 capabilities on an as-needed basis.
- 24 (b) The General Assembly intends:

(1) That the provisions of this chapter shall be liberally construed and implemented to
empower, authorize, and encourage the director to reduce or, at a minimum, stabilize
division overhead expenses by augmenting the division's hazardous response and
corrective action capabilities by purchasing, from time to time and as needed, the
technical abilities, expertise, and practical experience of prequalified private sector
licensed environmental professionals;

(2) That, on and after July 1, 2006, budget requests by the director for funding additional
technical staff positions be justified in light of the director's authorization and ability,
under and pursuant to this chapter, to locate and purchase technical expertise and
services, as needed, from a prequalified private sector complement of licensed
environmental professionals; and

1 (3) That a site specific system of accounting for moneys expended by the division from

orphan sites is necessary to enable the General Assembly to better understand the costs

2 the Hazardous Waste Trust Fund for state managed comprehensive response actions at

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4 associated with such response actions.

5 43-17A-3.

6 (a) No person, business organization, or association shall contract for or undertake to 7 perform in this state any of the elements or components of a comprehensive response 8 action, or perform work or provide services in this state to effect compliance with any 9 other requirements of state or federal environmental law unless such person, business 10 organization, or association has a license issued by the licensing board pursuant to the 11 provisions of this chapter.

(b) The licensing board, by and through the division, is authorized and directed to establish
criteria and procedures for the certification of competency and licensing of licensed
environmental professionals which criteria and procedures shall be substantially as set out
in Code Sections 43-17A-6 and 43-17A-7.

(c) The division shall maintain a registry of all individuals and entities licensed by the 16 17 licensing board as licensed environmental professionals. Such registry shall be designated 18 the 'Registry of Licensed Environmental Professionals' and shall list, by name, address, and 19 registry number, all licensees and indicate where an individual licensee is registered and 20 acting as the qualifying agent for a licensed business organization. The information 21 required to be included and maintained in the registry of licensed environmental 22 professionals shall be listed in all contracts and agreements between the division and licensed environmental professionals for services or work on any element of a 23 24 comprehensive response action or related activity.

25 43-17A-4.

(a) There shall be established a State Board of Certification, Registration, and Licensing
 of Licensed Environmental Professionals. The licensing board shall consist of nine
 members as follows:

- 29 (1) The director of the Environmental Protection Division of the Department of Natural
- 30 Resources who shall serve as the chairperson of the board;
- 31 (2) The chiefs of the division's Hazardous Waste, Land Protection, and Brownfields
 32 Revitalization programs;
- 33 (3) The chairperson of the Georgia Institute of Technology's School of Civil and
 34 Environmental Engineering or his or her designee;

1 (4) The dean of the University of Georgia's College of Agricultural and Environmental

2 Sciences or his or her designee; and

- (5) Three private sector members, appointed by the Governor, who shall have significant
 experience and expertise in the areas of environmental protection or natural resources
 preservation.
- (b) The director shall employ such staff and other persons as are required to assist the
 board in the performance of its functions and duties. The costs so incurred shall be paid
 from the Hazardous Waste Trust Fund.
- 9 (c) Members of the licensing board shall not be compensated for their services but shall
- be reimbursed expenses incurred incidental to such service in the same amounts and
 manner as provided in Code Section 45-7-3, et seq., applicable to members of the General
- 12 Assembly.
- 13 43-17A-5.

An individual seeking to be licensed as a licensed environmental professional in this state shall file an application on a form provided by the licensing board, accompanied by an application fee in the amount of \$5,000.00. Such an application may be submitted by either:

(1) An individual seeking issuance of a license in his or her own name for purposes of
engaging in the profession in his or her own name or doing business as an individual in
a trade name as a sole proprietorship; or

(2) An individual affiliated by ownership or employment with and acting as a qualifying
agent for a business organization or association seeking to be licensed as a licensed
environmental professional in accordance with and pursuant to Code Sections 43-17A-6
and 43-17A-7.

25 43-17A-6.

(a) An individual shall be eligible to apply and be examined for licensing as a licensedenvironmental professional if such person is:

- (1) Licensed as a professional engineer by the State Board of Registration for
 Professional Engineers and Land Surveyors;
- 30 (2) Licensed as a professional geologist by the State Board of Registration for
 31 Professional Geologists;
- 32 (3) Has a baccalaureate degree or higher in science or engineering and ten years of
- 33 relevant full-time work experience in the field;

(4) Has ten years of relevant experience working full time in a capacity specializing in hazardous sites assessments, compliance status reports, and design and implementation

- 3 of remedial and corrective action plans; or
- 4 (5) Has other proven experience deemed substantially similar by the licensing board.

5 (b) An individual who applies and is otherwise qualified for licensing pursuant to 6 subsection (a) of this Code section shall take and pass a competency examination, designed 7 and compiled by the division and approved by the licensing board, to evidence his or her 8 knowledge of federal and state environmental law and the regulations promulgated 9 thereunder and the scientific disciplines involved in the enforcement and implementation 10 of such laws and regulations.

(c) An individual who meets the requirements set out in subsection (a) of this Code section 11 12 and who has passed the competency examination required by subsection (b) of this Code section shall be licensed by the licensing board to provide services and engage in business 13 14 as a licensed environmental professional; provided, however, that if the applicant applied for licensing as a qualifying agent for a business organization pursuant to paragraph (2) of 15 Code Section 43-17A-5, he or she shall, as an additional condition precedent to licensing, 16 17 file with the licensing board the name and address of the business organizations with which 18 he or she is then affiliated as a qualifying agent. (d) A licensee, on his or her own behalf, or, where acting as a qualifying agent on behalf

(d) A licensee, on his or her own behalf, or, where acting as a qualifying agent on behalf
of a business organization, shall notify the licensing board, in writing, within 30 days of
any change in the information required to be on file with the division, including, but not
limited to, the licensee's status as a qualifying agent for any business organization.

23 (e) Any otherwise qualified applicant failing the examination required in subsection (b) 24 of this Code section may be reexamined at any regularly scheduled examination within one 25 year of the date of his or her original application upon payment of a reexamination fee in 26 an amount to be set by the licensing board without need to resubmit an application, unless 27 any information set forth in the previously submitted application is no longer accurate or complete. Any person requesting to take the examination a third or subsequent time shall 28 29 wait at least one calendar year after the taking of the last examination and shall resubmit 30 a full application with the appropriate examination fees.

(f) The licensing board shall require, as a condition precedent to issuance or renewal of a license under this Code section, that individuals and business organizations licensed as licensed environmental professionals pursuant to the provisions of this chapter obtain, and maintain in force, professional liability insurance in such amounts and under coverages and provisions as the licensing board may reasonably require.

36 (g) All licenses issued pursuant to this chapter shall be renewed biannually on the
 37 anniversary date of their issue, or, if such anniversary date falls on a Saturday or Sunday,

- 1 on the first business day next following such anniversary date. Licenses may be renewed
- 2 within 30 days of their expiration date by mailing written application for renewal and
- 3 paying a late renewal fee as determined by the licensing board. All licenses not so renewed
- 4 shall be invalid and the license holder shall no longer be qualified to perform services as
- 5 a licensed environmental professional or an environmental contractor.
- 6 (h) As a condition of renewal, the licensing board may require licensees to complete7 division approved continuing education of not more than six hours annually.
- 8 43-17A-7.
- (a) A business organization wishing to qualify for licensing as a licensed environmental
 professional shall file an application on a form provided by the licensing board specifying
 the name of any persons in its full-time employ who are licensed as licensed environmental
 professionals pursuant to Code Section 43-17A-6 and who have agreed to act as the
 business organization's qualifying agent for certification. Such application shall be
 verified by all licensed environmental professionals named therein as qualifying agents.
 The business organization shall pay an application fee in the amount of \$10,000.00.
- (b) Such application shall specify and affirm that the qualifying agent or agents named
 therein shall be employed in a supervisory capacity by the business organization applicant
 on all projects wherein it is involved as a licensed environmental professional.
- (c) Unless otherwise disqualified for licensing pursuant to subsection (c) of Code Section
 43-17A-9, a business organization filing such a verified application and paying the
 application fee provided in subsection (a) of this Code section shall be licensed by the
 division as a licensed environmental professional.
- (d) The division shall maintain a registry of business organizations licensed as licensed
 environmental professionals and the names of their qualifying agents.
- (e) A business organization licensed as a licensed environmental professional pursuant to
 an application listing a particular qualifying agent or agents may continue to engage in
 business as a licensed environmental professional under such license only so long as the
 license of at least one of the named qualifying agents is valid and such agent remains as a
 full-time employee of such licensee; provided, however, that the licensee shall:
- 30 (1) Promptly notify the division, in writing, of separation or death of any such qualifying
 31 agent or agents; and
- 32 (2) Within 120 days of the date of death or separation of such original qualifying agent
 33 or agents, file a written notice with the division confirming the licensee's hiring of a
 34 licensed replacement for such agent or agents.
- (f) No portion of the moneys collected and appropriated for deposit into the Hazardous
 Waste Trust Fund or collected and appropriated for deposit into the Underground Storage
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- 1 Tank Trust Fund shall be paid, directly or indirectly, to any person or business organization
- 2 that is not licensed as a licensed environmental professional pursuant to this chapter.
- 3 43-17A-8.
- 4 (a) Any licensed environmental professional who has:
- 5 (1) Conducted a site investigation or produced a site assessment; or
- 6 (2) Produced a remedial design or compiled a corrective action plan for a particular7 orphan site
- shall not thereafter be eligible to contract with, or be paid by, the division for
 implementation of such remedial design or corrective action plan for the same orphan site,
 it being the intent of the General Assembly to eliminate the occurrence, appearance, or
 possibility for conflicts of interest relating to such projects.
 (b) The limitations imposed by subsection (a) of this Code section are remedial in nature
- 13 and intended to prevent conflicts of interest and shall be liberally construed to effectuate
- 14 such purpose.
- 15 43-17A-9.

16 (a) Individuals and business organizations licensed as licensed environmental 17 professionals pursuant to this chapter shall be authorized by the state to undertake activities 18 and make decisions affecting the health and safety of the public and the protection of the 19 environment; and, accordingly, such individuals and business organizations shall, in the 20 performance of such activities and the making of such decisions, be held to the highest 21 standards of professional and ethical conduct and care.

22 (b) The director shall investigate any credible claims or charges that a licensed 23 environmental professional has engaged in fraud, deceit, or other illegal undertaking; and 24 he or she shall also investigate and sanction license holders for gross negligence, repeated 25 or persistent incompetence, or intentional misconduct in the performance of any activity or undertaking covered by this chapter. Any sanction imposed up an individual who is a 26 27 qualifying agent for a business organization shall be deemed to be imposed also in the name of, and against, such business organization. Such charges, unless dismissed without 28 29 hearing by the director as unfounded, shall be heard and determined by the division in 30 accordance with the provisions of Chapter 13 of Title 50, the 'Georgia Administrative Procedure Act.' 31

32 (c) In addition to the authorities and obligations conferred upon the director by the 33 provisions of subsection (b) of this Code section, the director shall have the power to 34 reprimand any licensed environmental professional or to suspend, revoke, or refuse to 35 grant, renew, or restore a license to any person or licensee if the director finds that such

person or licensee has engaged in any fraud or deceit in obtaining a license or otherwise
engaged in gross negligence, repeated or persistent incompetent actions or intentional
misconduct in the practice of his or her profession, or willful violation of any provisions
of this chapter.

(d) For purposes of this Code section, a person or business organization operating on an
expired, revoked, lapsed, or suspended license shall be considered unlicensed.

(e) The director may issue a cease and desist order relating to all unlicensed activities
falling within the division's jurisdiction or scope of enforcement authority under this
chapter or any other state or federal environmental law. Upon finding probable cause to
believe that any work, undertaking, or activity requiring a license under this chapter is
being performed by a person or business organization without such a current, valid license,
the director may also seek to enforce such order by injunctive relief or other related actions
within the power and authority of the division.

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15 43-17A-10.

(a) The General Assembly has created the Hazardous Waste Trust Fund and has regularly 16 17 appropriated moneys to the fund that, in accordance with subsection (b) of Code Section 18 12-8-91, is the primary source of financing state managed comprehensive response actions 19 at orphan sites. In order that the General Assembly and other involved state agencies and 20 departments have the ability to access the efficiency and effectiveness of such programs 21 and expenditures and to understand and anticipate future needs for funding, the director's 22 authority to expend such moneys shall, as of July 1, 2006, be limited and accounted for as 23 required in subsections (b) and (c) of this Code section.

(b) The moneys deposited in the Hazardous Waste Trust Fund shall be expended by thedirector only as follows:

(1) For emergency actions the director considers necessary to protect public health,
 safety, or the environment whenever there is a release of hazardous wastes, hazardous
 constituents, or hazardous substances;

(2) For payments to licensed environmental professionals under contracts with the
 division to perform any of the tasks comprising a comprehensive response action at
 orphan sites; and

- 32 (3) For payments, loans, and grants under and pursuant to the provisions of the 'Georgia
 33 Brownfields Rescue, Redevelopment, Community Revitalization, and Environmental
 34 Justice Act' if, as, and when such Act is enacted by the General Assembly and becomes
 35 effective according to the provisions of such Act.
- 36 (c) The director shall establish accounting practices and procedures to ensure that the
 37 moneys expended by the division on comprehensive response activities at orphan sites are

recorded in site specific accounts and, within such accounts, in subaccounts identified to
 each element of any comprehensive response action performed at such site.

3 (d) The provisions of this Code section are remedial in nature and intended to allow the

- General Assembly to understand and measure, on a phase and site specific basis, the cost
 effectiveness of programs funded from the Hazardous Waste Trust Fund and the costs and
 efficiency of the division's management of such programs. Accordingly, the General
 Assembly intends that the provisions of subsection (c) of this Code section be liberally
- 8 construed to effectuate such intent and purpose.
- 9 43-17A-11.

(a) The provisions of any other laws and regulations relating to and establishing
procurement and contracting procedures for state boards, agencies, and departments
notwithstanding, the procurement and contracting practices and procedures set out in this
Code section shall be applicable to and govern contracts and arrangements between the
division and licensed environmental professionals for work and services relating to state
managed comprehensive response actions at orphan sites which work and services are paid
for by moneys from the Hazardous Waste Trust Fund.

- (b) All requests for proposals issued by the division for work and services relating to statemanaged cleanups at orphan sites shall:
- (1) Be issued only to licensed environmental professionals and contain a requirement
 that all subcontractors be licensed environmental professionals;
- (2) Require that bids be broken down, scheduled, and priced according to the three
 phases of a comprehensive response action as defined in paragraph (5) of subsection (a)
 of Code Section 43-17A-1, which phases encompass, respectively:
- 24 (A) The conduct of a site inspection and production of a site assessment or compliance
 25 status report;
- (B) The compilation of a remedial design, conduct of a feasibility study, and
 development of a corrective action plan; and
- (C) The implementation and construction of the remedial design and corrective actionplan;
- 30 (3) Stipulate that, pursuant to Code Section 43-17A-8, a contractor that is awarded and
 31 performs Phase I work and services, Phase II work and services, or both shall not be
 32 eligible for award of a contract for performance of Phase III work and services; and
- 33 (4) Stipulate that payment to any contractor under any contract for implementing any
- 34 part or all of any comprehensive response action shall not be on a lump sum basis but
- 35 shall be based upon unit prices for specific quantities of work identified and performed

- 1 with respect to any of the three phases of the comprehensive response action, plus any
- 2 additional quantities of completed work necessitated by unanticipated site conditions.
- 3 43-17A-12.
- 4 This Act shall become effective July 1, 2006."

SECTION 2.

6 All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.