Senate Bill 455

By: Senators Shafer of the 48th and Wiles of the 37th

AS PASSED SENATE

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

1	To amend Article 3 of Chapter 11 of Title 16 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated,
2	relating to invasions of privacy, so as to provide a short title; to provide findings of fact; to
3	define certain terms; to provide that it shall be illegal for a telephone records broker to obtain

- 4 or release certain customer information; to provide for penalties; to provide for exceptions;
- 5 to amend Code Section 43-38-11 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to
- 6 denial, revocation, or sanction of licenses and registrations, action by the Georgia Board of
- 7 Private Detective and Security Agencies, and judicial review, so as to provide that it shall be
- 8 grounds for such board to deny or revoke a license if the applicant has obtained certain
- 9 customer information; to amend Chapter 5 of Title 46 of the Official Code of Georgia
- 10 Annotated, relating to telephone and telegraph service, so as to define certain terms; to
- provide that no telecommunications company may release certain customer information; to
- 12 provide for exceptions; to provide for action in the event of a breach of security; to provide
- 13 for customer notification; to provide that a violation of such provisions shall be an unfair or
- 14 deceptive practice in consumer transactions; to provide for an effective date; to provide for
- 15 related matters; to repeal conflicting laws; and for other purposes.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

17 SECTION 1.

- 18 This Act shall be known and may be cited as the "Telephone Records Privacy Protection
- 19 Act."

16

- SECTION 2.
- 21 The General Assembly finds that:
- 22 (1) Telephone records can be of great use to criminals because the information contained
- in call logs listed in such records include a wealth of personal data;
- 24 (2) Many call logs reveal the name of telephone users' doctors, public and private
- 25 relationships, business associates, and more;

1 (3) Although other personal information such as social security numbers may appear on

- 2 public documents, which can be accessed by data brokers, the only warehouse of
- 3 telephone records is located at the telephone companies themselves;
- 4 (4) Telephone records are sometimes accessed without authorization of the customer by:
- 5 (A) An employee of the telephone service provider selling the data; and
- 6 (B) "Pretexting," whereby a data broker or other person pretends to be the owner of the
- 7 telephone and convinces the telephone company's employees to release the data to such
- 8 person; and
- 9 (5) Telephone companies encourage customers to manage their accounts online with
- many setting up the online capability in advance, although many customers never access
- their account online. If someone seeking the information activates the account before
- the customer, he or she can gain unfettered access to the telephone records and call logs
- of that customer.

SECTION 3.

- 15 Article 3 of Chapter 11 of Title 16 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to
- 16 invasions of privacy, is amended by inserting at the end thereof a new Code section to read
- 17 as follows:
- 18 "16-11-70.
- 19 (a) As used in this Code section, the term:
- 20 (1) 'End user' means any person, corporation, partnership, firm, municipality,
- 21 cooperative, organization, governmental agency, building owner, or other entity provided
- with a telecommunications service for its own consumption and not for resale.
- 23 (2) 'Telephone record' means information retained by a telecommunications company
- 24 that relates to the telephone number dialed by the customer, the number of telephone calls
- directed to a customer, or other data related to the telephone calls typically contained on
- a customer telephone bill, such as the time the calls started and ended, the duration of the
- calls, the time of day the calls were made, and any charges applied. For purposes of this
- Code section, any information collected and retained by, or on behalf of, customers
- 29 utilizing caller identification or other similar technology does not constitute a telephone
- 30 record.
- 31 (3) 'Telephone records broker' means any person or organization that is not a
- 32 telecommunications company and that purchases, acquires, sells, or releases the
- telephone record of any third party with whom it has no prior or existing business
- relationship or that attempts to purchase, acquire, sell, or release the telephone record of
- any party with whom it has no prior or existing business relationship.

1 (b) It is unlawful for any telephone records broker to purchase, acquire, sell, or release the

- 2 telephone records of any person who is a Georgia resident or to attempt to purchase,
- acquire, sell, or release the telephone record of any third party who is a Georgia resident.
- 4 This Code section applies whether the customer's telephone record is obtained by the
- 5 telephone records broker directly from a telecommunications company or from any other
- 6 third-party source. For purposes of this Code section, a person is a Georgia resident if the
- 7 individual has a Georgia billing address.
- 8 (c) A violation of any provision of this Code section is a business offense punishable by
- 9 a fine in an amount not to exceed \$10,000.00 for each violation. Each telephone record
- purchased, acquired, sold, or released and each attempt to purchase, acquire, sell, or release
- a telephone record constitutes a separate violation of this Code section. Any person who
- has been injured by a violation of this Code section may commence an action in superior
- court for damages against the telephone records broker who committed the violation. If
- 14 the court awards damages to the plaintiff in any action brought under this Code section, the
- court shall awarded the plaintiff court costs and reasonable attorney's fees.
- 16 (d) No provision of this Code section shall be construed to prevent any action by a law
- enforcement agency or any officer, employee, or agent of a law enforcement agency to
- obtain the telephone records or personal identifying information of any third party who is
- a Georgia resident in connection with the performance of the official duties of the agency,
- 20 officer, employee, or agent."

21 SECTION 4.

- 22 Code Section 43-38-11 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to denial,
- 23 revocation, or sanction of licenses and registrations, action by the Georgia Board of Private
- 24 Detective and Security Agencies, and judicial review, is amended by striking the word "or"
- at the end of paragraph (14) of subsection (a), by striking the period at the end of paragraph
- 26 (15) of subsection (a) and inserting in lieu thereof "; or", and by inserting immediately
- 27 following paragraph (15) of subsection (a) a new paragraph to read as follows:
- 28 "(16) Purchased, acquired, sold, or released the telephone records, as such term is defined
- in Code Section 46-5-210, of any third party who is a Georgia resident."

30 **SECTION 5.**

- 31 Chapter 5 of Title 46 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to telephone and
- 32 telegraph service, is amended by inserting at the end thereof a new article to read as follows:

1 "ARTICLE 6.

- 2 46-5-210.
- 3 (a) As used in this article, the term:
- 4 (1) 'Breach of telephone records' means the unauthorized acquisition of telephone
- 5 records that compromises the security, confidentiality, or integrity of that information as
- 6 maintained by the telecommunications company.
- 7 (2) 'End user' means any person, corporation, partnership, firm, municipality,
- 8 cooperative, organization, governmental agency, building owner, or other entity provided
- 9 with a telecommunications service for its own consumption and not for resale.
- 10 (3) 'Notice' means:
- 11 (A) Written notice;
- 12 (B) Electronic notice, if the notice provided is consistent with the provisions regarding
- electronic records and signatures set forth in Section 7001 of Title 15 of the United
- 14 States Code; or
- 15 (C) Substitute notice, if the telecommunications company demonstrates that the cost
- of providing notice would exceed \$250,000.00, that the affected class to be notified
- exceeds 500,000 individuals, or that the telecommunications company does not have
- sufficient contact information to provide written or electronic notice to such
- individuals. Substitute notice shall consist of all of the following:
- 20 (i) E-mail notice, if the telecommunications company has an e-mail address for the
- 21 individuals to be notified;
- 22 (ii) Conspicuous posting of the notice on the telecommunication company's website
- page, if the telecommunications company maintains one; and
- 24 (iii) Notification to major state-wide media.
- 25 (4) 'Telephone record' means information retained by a telecommunications company
- 26 that relates to the telephone number dialed by the customer, the number of telephone calls
- directed to a customer, or other data related to the telephone calls typically contained on
- a customer telephone bill, such as the time the calls started and ended, the duration of the
- calls, the time of day the calls were made, and any charges applied. For purposes of this
- article, any information collected and retained by, or on behalf of, customers utilizing
- 31 caller identification or other similar technology does not constitute a telephone record.
- 32 46-5-211.
- No telecommunications company may release the telephone records of any end user with
- a Georgia billing address without the express consent of the end user except with proper
- law enforcement or court order documentation or as otherwise allowed by law.

- 1 46-5-212.
- 2 Each telecommunications company shall provide annually to the office of the Attorney
- 3 General certification that it has established operating procedures for security of telephone
- 4 records that are adequate to ensure compliance with 47 U.S.C. Section 222 and any rules
- 5 promulgated thereunder.
- 6 46-5-213.
- No provision of this article shall be construed to prohibit a telecommunications company
- 8 from obtaining, using, releasing, or permitting access to any telephone record of any end
- 9 user with a Georgia billing address:
- 10 (1) As otherwise authorized by law;
- 11 (2) With the lawful consent of the end user or the end user's designated representative;
- 12 (3) As necessary for the provision of services, for the protection of the rights or property
- of the provider, for the protection of end users, and for the protection of other
- 14 telecommunications companies from fraudulent, abusive, or unlawful use of or
- subscription to services;
- 16 (4) To a governmental entity, if the telecommunication company reasonably believes that
- an emergency involving the immediate danger of death or serious physical injury to any
- person justifies disclosure of the information; or
- 19 (5) To the National Center for Missing and Exploited Children, in connection with the
- 20 report submitted thereto under Section 227 of the federal Victims of Child Abuse Act of
- 21 1990.
- 22 (6) A court or party to a lawsuit pursuant to a subpoena or properly filed notice to
- produce in such lawsuit.
- 24 46-5-214.
- 25 (a) In the event of a breach of a telephone record concerning a Georgia resident, the
- 26 telecommunications company must provide notice to the Georgia resident immediately
- following discovery or notification of the breach if such breach is reasonably likely to
- cause quantifiable harm to the Georgia resident. The notice must be made in the most
- 29 expedient manner possible and without unreasonable delay, consistent with any measures
- 30 necessary to determine the scope of the breach and restore the reasonable integrity,
- 31 security, and confidentiality of the telephone record.
- 32 (b) Notwithstanding any provisions of this article to contrary, a telecommunications
- company that maintains its own notification procedures as part of an information security
- policy for the treatment of personal information and is otherwise consistent with the timing
- requirements of this Code section shall be deemed to be in compliance with the notification

1 requirements of this Code section if it notifies the individuals who are the subject of the

- 2 notice in accordance with its policies in the event of a breach of the security of the system.
- 3 (c) A violation of this Code section constitutes an unfair or deceptive practice in consumer
- 4 transactions within the meaning of Part 2 of Article 15 of Chapter 1 of Title 10, the 'Fair
- 5 Business Practices Act of 1975.'"
- 6 SECTION 6.
- 7 This Act shall become effective upon its approval by the Governor or upon its becoming law
- 8 without such approval.
- 9 **SECTION 7.**
- 10 All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.