The House Committee on Judiciary Non-civil offers the following substitute to HB 847:

## A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

To amend Chapter 11 of Title 15 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to juvenile proceedings, so as to establish the conditions for minors to become emancipated by law; to provide for definitions; to provide for the rights and duties of parents, and guardians; to provide for court proceedings for emancipation; to provide for powers of the court relative to an emancipation proceeding; to provide for rescission and the effect of rescission on obligations, rights, or interests; to provide for the rights and responsibilities of an emancipated minor; to amend Titles 1, 13, 19, and 44, relating respectively to general provisions, contracts, domestic relations, and property, so as to correct cross-references; to change certain provisions relating to rights of minors; to change certain provisions relating to minors' contracts for property or valuable consideration or necessaries; to change certain provisions relating to in whom parental power lies; to change certain provisions relating to parents' obligation to child born out of wedlock; to change certain provisions relating to abandonment of a dependent child; to change certain provisions relating to voidance and ratification of conveyance to or by an infant; to change certain provisions relating to reversion of property set apart for spouse, children, or dependents; to provide for related matters; to repeal conflicting laws; and for other purposes.

## BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

18 SECTION 1.

- 19 Chapter 11 of Title 15 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to juvenile
- 20 proceedings, is amended by adding a new article to the end of the chapter, to read as follows:
- 21 "ARTICLE 6
- 22 15-11-200.

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As used in this article, the term:

1 (1) 'Emancipation' means termination of the rights of the parents to the custody, control,

- 2 services, and earnings of a minor.
- 3 (2) 'Minor' means a person under the age of 18 years.
- 4 (3) 'Parents' has the same meaning as set forth in Code Section 15-11-2.
- 5 15-11-201.
- 6 (a) Emancipation may occur by operation of law or pursuant to a petition filed by a minor
- 7 with the juvenile court as provided in this article.
- 8 (b) An emancipation occurs by operation of law:
- 9 (1) When a minor is validly married;
- 10 (2) When a person reaches the age of 18 years; or
- 11 (3) During the period when the minor is on active duty with the armed forces of the
- 12 United States.
- 13 (c) An emancipation occurs by court order pursuant to a petition filed by a minor with the
- juvenile court as provided in Code Sections 15-11-202 through 15-11-207.
- 15 15-11-202.
- A minor seeking emancipation shall file a petition for emancipation in the juvenile court
- in the county where the minor resides. The petition shall be signed and verified by the
- minor, and shall include:
- 19 (1) The minor's full name and birth date, and the county and state where the minor was
- 20 born;
- 21 (2) A certified copy of the minor's birth certificate;
- 22 (3) The name and last known address of the minor's parents or guardian, and if no parent
- or guardian can be found, the name and address of the minor's nearest living relative
- residing within this state;
- 25 (4) The minor's present address and length of residency at that address;
- 26 (5) A declaration by the minor indicating that he or she has demonstrated the ability to
- 27 manage his or her financial affairs; the minor may include any information he or she
- considers necessary to support the declaration;
- 29 (6) A declaration by the minor indicating that he or she has the ability to manage his or
- 30 her personal and social affairs; the minor may include any information he or she
- 31 considers necessary to support the declaration; and
- 32 (7) The names of adults who have personal knowledge of the minor's circumstances and
- believe that under those circumstances emancipation is in the best interest of the minor.
- 34 Such individuals may include any of the following:
- 35 (A) Physician or osteopath licensed pursuant to Chapter 34 of Title 43;

1 (B) Registered professional nurse or licensed practical nurse licensed pursuant to

- 2 Chapter 26 of Title 43;
- 3 (C) Psychologist licensed pursuant to Chapter 39 of Title 43;
- 4 (D) Professional counselor, social worker, or marriage and family therapist licensed
- 5 pursuant to Chapter 10A of Title 43;
- 6 (E) School guidance counselor, school social worker, or school psychologist;
- 7 (F) School administrator, school principal, or school teacher;
- 8 (G) Member of the clergy;
- 9 (H) Law enforcement officer; or
- 10 (I) Attorney.
- 11 15-11-203.
- 12 (a) Upon filing the petition, a copy of the petition for emancipation and a summons to
- appear at the hearing shall be served on the minor's parents or guardian, if applicable, upon
- any individual who provided an affidavit as set forth in paragraph (7) of Code Section
- 15 15-11-202, and any other individual named in the petition.
- 16 (b) Any individual served with the petition for emancipation may file an answer to such
- petition in the juvenile court within 30 days of being served.
- 18 15-11-204.
- 19 (a) After a petition for emancipation is filed, the court may:
- 20 (1) Assign an employee of the court or appoint a guardian ad litem to investigate the
- 21 allegations of the petition and to file a report containing the results of the investigation
- 22 with the court, including a recommendation as to whether it is in the best interest of the
- 23 minor that the petition for emancipation be granted;
- 24 (2) Appoint an attorney for the minor; and
- 25 (3) Appoint an attorney for the minor's parents or guardian if they are indigent and if
- 26 they oppose the petition.
- 27 (b) After a petition for emancipation is filed, the court shall seek an affidavit from each
- individual identified in the petition pursuant to paragraph (7) of Code Section 15-11-202
- 29 which describes why the individual believes the minor should be emancipated.
- 30 15-11-205.
- 31 (a) The hearing shall be before a judge; and the court shall issue an emancipation order if
- 32 it determines that emancipation is in the best interest of the minor and the minor
- 33 establishes:

1 (1) That the minor's parent or guardian does not object to the petition; or if a parent or

- 2 guardian objects to the petition, that the best interest of the child is served by allowing
- 3 the emancipation to occur by court order;
- 4 (2) That the minor is a resident of this state;
- 5 (3) That the minor has demonstrated the ability to manage his or her financial affairs,
- 6 including proof of employment or other means of support; 'other means of support' does
- 7 not include general assistance or aid received from means-tested public assistance
- 8 programs such as Temporary Assistance for Needy Families or similar programs under
- 9 Title IV-A of the federal Social Security Act;
- 10 (4) That the minor has the ability to manage his or her personal and social affairs,
- including, but not limited to, proof of housing; and
- 12 (5) That the minor understands his or her rights and responsibilities under this article as
- an emancipated minor.
- 14 (b) A minor who petitions the court for emancipation shall have the burden of showing by
- a preponderance of evidence that emancipation should be ordered.
- 16 (c) If the court issues an emancipation order, the court shall retain a copy of the order until
- the emancipated minor becomes 25 years of age.
- 18 (d) An emancipation obtained by fraud is voidable. Voiding an emancipation order does
- not affect an obligation, responsibility, right, or interest that arose during the period of time
- the order was in effect.
- 21 (e) The minor or a parent or guardian of the minor may appeal the court's grant or denial
- of an emancipation petition. The appeal shall be filed in the Court of Appeals.
- 23 15-11-206.
- 24 (a) A minor emancipated by court order may petition the juvenile court that issued the
- emancipation order to rescind such order.
- 26 (b) A copy of the petition for rescission and a summons shall be served on the minor's
- parents or guardian.
- 28 (c) The court shall grant the petition and rescind the order of emancipation if it finds:
- 29 (1) That the minor is indigent and has no means of support;
- 30 (2) That the minor and the minor's parents or guardian agrees that the order should be
- 31 rescinded; or
- 32 (3) That there is a resumption of family relations inconsistent with the existing
- 33 emancipation order.
- 34 (d) If a petition for rescission is granted, the court shall issue an order rescinding the
- emancipation order and retain a copy of the order until the minor becomes 25 years of age.

1 (e) Rescission of an emancipation order does not alter any contractual obligations or rights

- 2 or any property rights or interests that arose during the period of time that the emancipation
- 3 order was in effect.
- 4 (f) The minor or a parent or guardian of the minor may appeal the court's grant or denial
- of a petition for rescission of an emancipation order. The appeal shall be filed in the Court
- 6 of Appeals.
- 7 15-11-207.
- 8 (a) A minor emancipated by operation of law or by court order shall be considered to have
- 9 the rights and responsibilities of an adult, except for those specific constitutional and
- statutory age requirements regarding voting, use of alcoholic beverages, and other health
- and safety regulations relevant to the minor because of his or her age. The rights of a
- minor to receive any transfer of property or money pursuant to 'The Georgia Transfers to
- 13 Minors Act' under Article 5 of Chapter 5 of Title 44; under the Uniform Transfers to
- 14 Minors Act, the Uniform Gift to Minors Act, or other substantially similar act of another
- state; or pursuant to a trust agreement shall not be affected by a declaration of an
- 16 emancipation under this article.
- 17 (b) A minor shall be considered emancipated for the purposes of, but not limited to:
- 18 (1) The right to enter into enforceable contracts, including apartment leases;
- 19 (2) The right to sue or be sued in his or her own name;
- 20 (3) The right to retain his or her own earnings;
- 21 (4) The right to establish a separate domicile;
- 22 (5) The right to act autonomously, and with the rights and responsibilities of an adult, in
- all business relationships, including, but not limited to, property transactions and
- obtaining accounts for utilities, except for those estate or property matters that the court
- determines may require a conservator or guardian ad litem;
- 26 (6) The right to earn a living, subject only to the health and safety regulations designed
- 27 to protect those under the age of 18 regardless of their legal status;
- 28 (7) The right to authorize his or her own preventive health care, medical care, dental
- care, and mental health care, without parental knowledge or liability;
- 30 (8) The right to apply for a driver's license or other state licenses for which he or she
- 31 might be eligible;
- 32 (9) The right to register for school;
- 33 (10) The right to apply for medical assistance programs and for other welfare assistance,
- if needed;
- 35 (11) The right, if a parent, to make decisions and give authority in caring for his or her
- own minor child; and

- 1 (12) The right to make a will.
- 2 (c) The parents or guardian of a minor emancipated by court order are not liable for any
- debts incurred by the minor during the period of emancipation.
- 4 15-11-208.
- 5 (a) The duty to provide support for a minor child shall continue until an emancipation
- 6 order is granted.
- 7 (b) A child emancipated under this article shall not be considered a 'deprived child' for
- 8 purposes of Part 6 of Article 1 of this chapter.
- 9 (c) The provisions set forth in Code Section 19-3-2 regarding age limitations to contract
- 10 for marriage shall apply to a minor who has become emancipated under this article."

## SECTION 2.

- 12 Title 1 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to general provisions, is amended
- 13 by striking Code Section 1-2-8, relating to rights of minors, and inserting in lieu thereof the
- 14 following:
- 15 "1-2-8.
- 16 The law prescribes certain ages at which persons shall be considered of sufficient maturity
- to discharge certain civil functions, to make contracts, and to dispose of property. Prior to
- those ages they are minors and are, on account of that disability, unable to exercise these
- rights as citizens <u>unless such minor becomes emancipated by operation of law or pursuant</u>
- 20 <u>to Article 6 of Chapter 11 of Title 15.</u>"

## 21 SECTION 3.

- Title 13 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to contracts, is amended by
- striking Code Section 13-3-20, relating to minors' contracts for property or valuable
- 24 consideration or necessaries, and inserting in lieu thereof the following:
- 25 "13-3-20.
- 26 (a) Generally the contract of a minor is voidable. If in a contractual transaction a minor
- 27 receives property or other valuable consideration and, after arrival at the age of majority
- 28 <u>18</u>, retains possession of such property or continues to enjoy the benefit of such other
- valuable consideration, he the minor shall have thereby ratified or affirmed the contract and
- it shall be binding on him <u>or her</u>. <u>Such contractual transaction shall also be binding upon</u>
- 31 any minor who becomes emancipated by operation of law or pursuant to Article 6 of
- 32 <u>Chapter 11 of Title 15.</u>
- 33 (b) The contract of a minor for necessaries shall be binding on him as if he were of legal
- 34 majority the minor as if the minor were 18 years of age except that the party furnishing

them to him must the minor shall prove that the parent or guardian of such minor had failed

- 2 or refused to supply sufficient necessaries for him the minor, that the minor was
- 3 emancipated by operation of law, or the minor was emancipated pursuant to Article 6 of
- 4 <u>Chapter 11 of Title 15.</u>"

5 SECTION 4.

- 6 Title 19 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to domestic relations, is
- 7 amended by striking subsection (a) of Code Section 19-7-1, relating to in whom parental
- 8 power lies, and inserting in lieu thereof the following:
- 9 "(a) Until he a child reaches the age of majority 18 or becomes emancipated, the child shall
- remain under the control of his <u>or her</u> parents, who are entitled to <u>his</u> the child's services
- and the proceeds of his the child's labor. In the event that a court has awarded custody of
- the child to one parent, only the parent who has custody of the child is entitled to his the
- 13 <u>child's</u> services and the proceeds of his the child's labor."
- SECTION 5.
- 15 Said title is further amended by striking Code Section 19-7-24, relating to parents' obligation
- 16 to child born out of wedlock, and inserting in lieu thereof the following:
- 17 "19-7-24.
- 18 It is the joint and several duty of each parent of a child born out of wedlock to provide for
- the maintenance, protection, and education of the child until he the child reaches the age
- of majority 18 or becomes emancipated, except to the extent that the duty of one parent is
- 21 otherwise or further defined by court order."
- SECTION 6.
- 23 Said title is further amended by striking paragraph (2) of subsection (j) of Code Section
- 24 19-10-1, relating to abandonment of a dependent child, and inserting in lieu thereof the
- 25 following:
- 26 "(2) Service of any sentence suspended in abandonment cases may be ordered by the
- court having jurisdiction thereof at any time before the child or children reach the age of
- 28 majority 18 or become emancipated, after a hearing as provided in paragraph (1) of this
- subsection and a finding by the court that the defendant has failed or refused to comply
- with the terms and conditions upon which service of the sentence was suspended by the
- 31 court having jurisdiction thereof."

1 **SECTION 7.** 

2 Title 44 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to property, is amended by

- 3 striking Code Section 44-5-41, relating to voidance and ratification of conveyance to or by
- 4 an infant, and inserting in lieu thereof the following:
- 5 "44-5-41.
- 6 A deed, security deed, bill of sale to secure debt, or any other conveyance of property or
- 7 interest in property to or by a minor is voidable unless such minor has become emancipated
- 8 by operation of law or pursuant to Article 6 of Chapter 11 of Title 15. If a minor has
- 9 conveyed property or an interest in property, he the minor may void the conveyance upon
- 10 arrival at the age of majority 18; and, if he the minor makes another conveyance at that
- time, it will void the first conveyance without reentry or repossession. If property or an 11
- 12 interest in property has been conveyed to a minor and, after arrival at the age of majority
- 13 18, he the minor retains the possession or benefit of the property or interest in property, he
- 14 the minor shall have thereby ratified or affirmed the conveyance."

**SECTION 8.** 15

- Said title is further amended by striking Code Section 44-13-20, relating to reversion of 16
- 17 property set apart for spouse, children, or dependents, and inserting in lieu thereof the
- 18 following:

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- 19 "44-13-20.
- 20 Property set apart pursuant to Code Section 44-13-2 for a spouse, for a spouse and minor
- 21 children, for minor children alone, or for dependents of a debtor (1) upon the death of the
- 22 spouse or the spouse's remarriage, when set apart to the spouse alone, (2) upon the
- attaining of the age of majority 18 by the minor children or their marriage emancipation 23
- 24 during minority, when set apart for the minor children, (3) upon the death or remarriage of

the spouse and the attaining of the age of majority 18 by the minor children or the marriage

- emancipation of the minor children, when set apart to the spouse and minor children, and 26
- (4) upon a former dependent person's no longer being eligible to be claimed by the debtor 27
- as a dependent for income tax purposes pursuant to Code Section 48-7-26, shall revert to 29 the estate from which it was set apart unless it was sold or reinvested pursuant to this
- article, in which case this Code section shall apply to and follow all the reinvestments 30
- 31 unless the fee simple has been sold as provided in this article."

32 **SECTION 9.** 

33 All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.