#### Senate Bill 469

By: Senators Smith of the 52nd, Meyer von Bremen of the 12th, Harp of the 29th and Reed of the 35th

#### **AS PASSED SENATE**

# A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

1 To amend Title 14 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to corporations, 2 partnerships, and associations, so as to provide for the updating of provisions relating to 3 corporations, partnerships, and associations; to provide confirmation when an order for relief 4 with respect to a corporation has been entered pursuant to the federal Bankruptcy Code of 5 the power and authority of such corporation to take action pursuant to the decree of order or 6 the court or judge in such bankruptcy proceedings; to provide that a board of directors can commit a corporation to submit a matter for shareholder approval even if the board of 7 8 directors subsequently determines to recommend against it later; to correct cross-references; 9 to change certain provisions relating to court ordered indemnification and advancement for 10 expenses; to confirm the authority of a court to order advancement of expenses before 11 determining a director's ultimate entitlement to indemnification; to provide statutory rules 12 of construction for language frequently used in mandatory indemnification provisions; to 13 change certain provisions relating to amendment to articles of incorporation by board of 14 directors and shareholders; to repeal certain provisions relating to amendment to articles of 15 incorporation pursuant to reorganization; to clarify existing law by expressly recognizing the 16 possibility of different treatment of shareholders in a plan of merger of share exchange; to 17 change certain provisions relating to merger; to change certain provisions relating to share exchange; to change certain provisions relating to action on plan of merger; to change certain 18 provisions relating to merger with subsidiary; to change certain provisions relating to merger 19 20 with other entities; to change certain provisions relating to election to become limited 21 liability company; to streamline the process of permitting an entity to convert from one form 22 into another; to allow entities organized in other states to convert to certain corporations or 23 partnerships in this state; to change certain provisions relating to sale of assets requiring 24 shareholder approval; to change certain provisions relating to right to dissent; to change provisions relating to dissolution by board of directors and shareholders; to change certain 25 26 provisions relating to amended certificate of authority; to change certain provisions relating 27 to corporate name of foreign corporation; to change certain provisions relating to election to become a limited partnership; to change certain provisions relating to certificate of authority 28

for foreign limited partnerships; to change certain provisions relating to change of name or state of organization; to change certain provisions relating to amended certificate required for change of name or jurisdiction of organization; to change certain provisions relating to election to become a limited liability company; to add a filing fee for entity conversion; to change certain provisions relating to right to dissent; to provide for related matters; to repeal conflicting laws; and for other purposes.

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#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

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# **SECTION 1.**

9 Title 14 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to corporations, partnerships,
10 and associations, is amended by adding a new Code Section 14-2-104 to the end of Part 1 of

11 Article 1 of Chapter 2, relating to short title and reservation of power, to read as follows:

12 ″14-2-104.

13 (a) Any corporation, an order for relief with respect to which has been entered pursuant to the federal Bankruptcy Code (11 U.S.C. Section 101, et seq.), may put into effect and 14 15 carry out any decrees and orders of the court or judge in such bankruptcy proceeding and 16 may take any corporate action provided or directed by such decrees and orders, without 17 further action by its directors or shareholders. Such power and authority may be exercised, 18 and such corporate action may be taken, as may be directed by such decrees and orders, by 19 the trustee or trustees of such corporation appointed or elected in the bankruptcy 20 proceeding, or a majority thereof, or, if none be appointed or elected and acting, by 21 designated officers of the corporation, or by a representative appointed by the court or 22 judge, with like effect as if exercised and taken by unanimous action of the directors and 23 shareholders of the corporation.

24 (b) Such corporation may, in the manner provided in subsection (a) of this Code section, but without limiting the generality or effect of the foregoing, alter, amend, or repeal its 25 bylaws; constitute or reconstitute and classify or reclassify its board of directors, and name, 26 27 constitute, or appoint directors and officers in place of or in addition to all or some of the directors or officers then in office; amend its articles of incorporation, and make any 28 29 change in its shares, or any other amendment, change, or alteration, or provision, 30 authorized by this chapter; be dissolved, transfer all or part of its assets, merge or effect any share exchange in connection with any action taken under this Code section; change the 31 location of its registered office, change its registered agent, and remove or appoint any 32 33 agent to receive service of process; authorize and fix the terms, manner, and conditions of, 34 the issuance of bonds, debentures, or other obligations, regardless of whether convertible 35 into shares of any class or series, or bearing warrants or other evidences of optional rights

to purchase or subscribe for shares of any class or series; or lease its property and franchises to any corporation, if permitted by law. No shareholder shall have the right to dissent under Article 13 of this chapter with respect to such shareholder's shares in connection with any action taken under this Code section.

5 (c) Articles or a certificate of any amendment, correction, merger, share exchange, or 6 dissolution, made by such corporation pursuant to this Code section, shall be filed with the 7 Secretary of State in accordance with Code Section 14-2-120, and, subject to Code Section 8 14-2-123 and subsection (c) of Code Section 14-2-124, shall thereupon become effective 9 in accordance with its terms and the provisions thereof. Such articles, certificate, or other 10 instrument shall be made, executed, and acknowledged, as may be directed by such decrees and orders, by the trustee or trustees appointed or elected in the bankruptcy proceeding, or 11 12 a majority thereof, or, if none be appointed or elected and acting, by the officers of the corporation, or by a representative appointed by the court or judge, and shall certify that 13 14 provision for the making of such articles, certificate, or instrument is contained in a decree 15 or order of a court or judge having jurisdiction of a proceeding under the federal 16 Bankruptcy Code.

(d) This Code section shall cease to apply to such corporation upon the entry of a final
decree in the bankruptcy proceeding closing the case and discharging the trustee or
trustees, if any; provided, however, that the closing of a case and discharge of trustee or
trustees, if any, will not affect the validity of any act previously performed pursuant to
subsection (a), (b), or (c) of this Code section.

(e) On filing any articles, certificate, report, or other paper made or executed pursuant to
this Code section, there shall be paid to the Secretary of State for the use of the state the
same fees as are payable by corporations not in bankruptcy upon the filing of like articles,
certificates, agreements, reports, or other papers."

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#### **SECTION 2.**

27 Said title is further amended by adding a new Code Section 14-2-305 to the end of Article

3 of Chapter 2, relating to purposes and powers of business corporations, to read as follows:
"14-2-305.

Subject to the requirements set forth in paragraph (1) of subsection (b) of Code Section 14-2-1003, with respect to the submission of amendments to the articles of incorporation to shareholders; paragraph (1) of subsection (b) of Code Section 14-2-1103, with respect to the submission of a plan of merger or share exchange to shareholders; paragraph (1) of subsection (b) of Code Section 14-2-1202, with respect to the submission of a disposition of assets requiring shareholder approval to shareholders; and paragraph (1) of subsection (b) of Code Section 14-2-1402, with respect to the submission of a proposed dissolution

- 1 to shareholders, a corporation may agree to submit a matter to a vote of its shareholders
- 2 regardless of whether the board of directors determines at any time subsequent to adopting
- 3 or approving such matter that such matter is no longer advisable and recommends that the
- 4 shareholders reject or vote against the matter."

6 Said title is further amended by striking paragraph (2) of subsection (b) of Code Section

**SECTION 3.** 

- 7 14-2-401, relating to corporate name, and inserting in lieu thereof the following:
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# **SECTION 4.**

"(2) A corporate name reserved or registered under Code Section 14-2-402 or 14-2-403;"

10 Said title is further amended by striking Code Section 14-2-854, relating to court ordered

- 11 indemnification and advances for expenses, and inserting in lieu thereof the following:
- 12 ″14-2-854.

(a) A director who is a party to a proceeding because he or she is a director may apply for
indemnification or advance for expenses to the court conducting the proceeding or to
another court of competent jurisdiction. After receipt of an application and after giving any
notice it considers necessary, the court shall:

(1) Order indemnification or advance for expenses if it determines that the director is
entitled to indemnification <u>or advance for expenses</u> under this part; or

19 (2) Order indemnification or advance for expenses if it determines, in view of all the 20 relevant circumstances, that it is fair and reasonable to indemnify the director or to 21 advance expenses to the director, even if the director has not met the relevant standard 22 of conduct set forth in subsections (a) and (b) of Code Section 14-2-851, failed to comply 23 with Code Section 14-2-853, or was adjudged liable in a proceeding referred to in 24 paragraph (1) or (2) of subsection (d) of Code Section 14-2-851, but if the director was 25 adjudged so liable, the indemnification shall be limited to reasonable expenses incurred 26 in connection with the proceeding.

27 (b) If the court determines that the director is entitled to indemnification or advance for expenses under this part paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of this Code section, it may shall 28 29 also order the corporation to pay the director's reasonable expenses to obtain <del>court-ordered</del> 30 court ordered indemnification or advance for expenses. If the court determines that the 31 director is entitled to indemnification or advance for expenses under paragraph (2) of 32 subsection (a) of this Code section, it may also order the corporation to pay the director's reasonable expenses to obtain court ordered indemnification or advance for expenses. 33 34 (c) The court may summarily determine, without a jury, a corporation's obligation to

35 <u>advance expenses.</u>"

#### **SECTION 5.**

2 Said title is further amended by striking Code Section 14-2-859, relating to application of

3 part, and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

4 ″14-2-859.

5 (a) A corporation may, by a provision in its articles of incorporation or bylaws or in a 6 resolution adopted or a contract approved by its board of directors or shareholders, obligate 7 itself in advance of the act or omission giving rise to a proceeding to provide 8 indemnification or advance funds to pay for or reimburse expenses consistent with this 9 part. Any such obligatory provision shall be deemed to satisfy the requirements for 10 authorization referred to in subsection (c) of Code Section 14-2-853 or subsection (c) of Code Section 14-2-855. Any such provision that obligates the corporation to provide 11 12 indemnification to the fullest extent permitted by law shall be deemed to obligate the 13 corporation to advance funds to pay for or reimburse expenses in accordance with Code 14 Section 14-2-853 to the fullest extent permitted by law, unless the provision specifically 15 provides otherwise. 16 (b) Any provision pursuant to subsection (a) of this Code section shall not obligate the

17 corporation to indemnify or advance expenses to a director of a predecessor of the 18 corporation, pertaining to conduct with respect to the predecessor, unless otherwise 19 specifically provided. Any provision for indemnification or advance for expenses in the 20 articles of incorporation, bylaws, or a resolution of the board of directors or shareholders, 21 partners, or, in the case of limited liability companies, members or managers of a 22 predecessor of the corporation or other entity in a merger or in a contract to which the 23 predecessor is a party, existing at the time the merger takes effect, shall be governed by paragraph (3) of subsection (a) of Code Section 14-2-1106. 24

(c) A corporation may, by a provision in its articles of incorporation, limit any of the rights
 to indemnification or advance for expenses created by or pursuant to this part.

(d) This part does <u>shall</u> not limit a corporation's power to pay or reimburse expenses
incurred by a director or an officer in connection with his or her appearance as a witness
in a proceeding at a time when he or she is not a party.

30 (e) Except as expressly provided in Code Section 14-2-857, this part does <u>shall</u> not limit

a corporation's power to indemnify, advance expenses to, or provide or maintain insurance
on behalf of an employee or agent.

- 33 (f) Any provision in a corporation's articles of incorporation or bylaws or in a resolution
- 34 adopted or contract approved by its board of directors or shareholders that obligates the
- 35 <u>corporation to provide indemnification to the fullest extent permitted by law shall, unless</u>
- 36 <u>such provision or another provision in the corporation's articles of incorporation or bylaws</u>

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1	or in a resolution adopted or a contract approved by its board of directors or shareholders
2	expressly provides otherwise, be deemed to obligate the corporation:
3	(1) To advance funds to pay for or reimburse expenses in accordance with Code Section
4	14-2-853 to the fullest extent permitted by law; and
5	(2) To indemnify directors to the fullest extent permitted in Code Section 14-2-856,
6	provided that such provision is duly authorized as required in subsection (a) of Code
7	Section 14-2-856, and to indemnify officers to the fullest extent permitted in paragraph
8	(2) of subsection (a) and subsection (b) of Code Section 14-2-857."
9	SECTION 6.
10	Said title is further amended by striking paragraph (1) of subsection (b) of Code Section
11	14-2-1003, relating to amendment by board of directors and shareholders, and inserting in
12	lieu thereof the following:
13	"(1) The board of directors must recommend the amendment shall also transmit to the
14	shareholders <u>a recommendation that the shareholders approve the amendment,</u> unless the
15	board of directors elects makes a determination that, because of a conflict conflicts of
16	interest or other special circumstances, to make no recommendation and communicates
17	the basis for its election to the shareholders with the amendment it should either refrain
18	from making such a recommendation or recommend that the shareholders reject or vote
19	against the amendment, in which case the board of directors shall transmit to the
20	shareholders the basis for such determination; and"
21	SECTION 7.
22	Said title is further amended by striking Code Section 14-2-1008, relating to amendment
23	pursuant to reorganization, and inserting in lieu thereof the following:
24	"14-2-1008.
25	(a) A corporation's articles of incorporation may be amended without action by the board
26	of directors or shareholders to carry out a plan of reorganization ordered or decreed by a
27	court of competent jurisdiction under federal statute if the articles of incorporation after
28	amendment contain only provisions required or permitted by Code Section 14-2-202.
29	(b) The individual or individuals designated by the court shall deliver to the Secretary of
30	State for filing articles of amendment setting forth:
31	<ul> <li>(1) The name of the corporation;</li> <li>(2) The test of each energy draget constant is a second backbo execution.</li> </ul>
32	<ul> <li>(2) The text of each amendment approved by the court;</li> <li>(2) The data of the court's order or degree approxime the articles of amondment.</li> </ul>
33 24	<ul> <li>(3) The date of the court's order or decree approving the articles of amendment;</li> <li>(4) The title of the momentization proceeding in which the order or decree use entered.</li> </ul>
34 25	(4) The title of the reorganization proceeding in which the order or decree was entered;
35	and

- 1 (5) A statement that the court had jurisdiction of the proceeding under federal statute.
- 2 (c) Shareholders of a corporation undergoing reorganization do not have dissenters' rights
- 3 except as and to the extent provided in the reorganization plan.
- 4 (d) This Code section does not apply after entry of a final decree in the reorganization
- 5 proceeding even though the court retains jurisdiction of the proceeding for limited purposes
- 6 unrelated to consummation of the reorganization plan. <u>Reserved.</u>"
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# **SECTION 8.**

8 Said title is further amended by striking Code Section 14-2-1101, relating to merger, and9 inserting in lieu thereof the following:

10 "14-2-1101.

- 11 (a) One or more corporations may merge into another corporation if the board of directors
- 12 of each corporation adopts and its shareholders (if required by Code Section 14-2-1103)
- 13 approve a plan of merger.
- 14 (b) The plan of merger must set forth:

(1) The name of each corporation planning to merge and the name of the survivingcorporation into which each other corporation plans to merge;

- 17 (2) The terms and conditions of the merger; and
- (3) The manner and basis of converting the shares of each corporation into shares <u>or</u>
  <u>other securities</u>, obligations, <u>rights to acquire shares</u> or other securities, <u>of the surviving</u>
  or any other corporation or into cash or other property in whole or in part <u>cash</u>, <u>other</u>
  <u>property</u>, or any combination of the foregoing, and if any shares of any holder of a class
  <u>or series of shares are to be converted in a manner or basis different from any other</u>
  <u>holder of shares of such class or series</u>, the manner or basis applicable to each such
  <u>holder</u>.
- 25 (c) The plan of merger may set forth:
- 26 (1) Amendments to the articles of incorporation of the surviving corporation; <del>and</del>
- 27 (2) <u>A provision that the plan may be amended prior to the time the merger has become</u>
- 28 <u>effective, but if shareholders of a corporation that is a party to the merger are required or</u>
- 29 permitted to vote on the plan, subsequent to approval of the plan by such shareholders the
- 30 plan may not be amended to change in any respect not expressly authorized by such
- 31 <u>shareholders in connection with the approval of the plan:</u>
- 32 (A) The amount or kind of shares or other securities, obligations, rights to acquire
   33 shares or other securities, cash, or other property to be received under the plan by the
   34 shareholders of any party to the merger if such change would adversely affect such
   35 shareholders;
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- 1 (B) The articles of incorporation of any corporation that will survive as a result of the 2 merger, except for changes permitted by Code Section 14-2-1002 or changes that would 3 not adversely affect such shareholders; or 4 (C) Any of the other terms or conditions of the plan if such change would adversely 5 affect such shareholders in any material respect; and 6 in the event that the plan of merger is amended after articles or a certificate of merger has 7 been filed with the Secretary of State but before the merger has become effective, a certificate of amendment of merger executed on behalf of each party to the merger by an 8 9 officer or other duly authorized representative shall be delivered to the Secretary of State 10 for filing prior to the effectiveness of the merger; and (3) Other provisions relating to the merger. 11 12 (d) Any of the terms of the plan of merger may be made dependent upon facts 13 ascertainable outside of the plan of merger, provided that the manner in which such facts shall operate upon the terms of the merger is clearly and expressly set forth in the plan of 14 15 merger. As used in this subsection, the term 'facts' includes, but is not limited to, the 16 occurrence of any event, including a determination or action by any person or body, 17 including the corporation." 18 **SECTION 9.** 19 Said title is further amended by striking Code Section 14-2-1102, relating to share exchange, 20 and inserting in lieu thereof the following: 21 "14-2-1102. 22 (a) A corporation may acquire all of the outstanding shares of one or more classes or series of another corporation through a share exchange if the board of directors of each 23 24 corporation adopts and its shareholders (if required by Code Section 14-2-1103) approve 25 the share exchange. (b) The plan of share exchange must set forth: 26 27 (1) The name of the corporation whose shares will be acquired and the name of the 28 acquiring corporation; 29 (2) The terms and conditions of the share exchange; and 30 (3) The manner and basis of exchanging the shares to be acquired for shares, or other 31 securities, obligations, rights to acquire shares or other securities, of the acquiring or any 32 other corporation or for cash or other property in whole or in part cash, other property, or any combination of the foregoing, and if any shares of any holder of a class or series 33 of shares are to be exchanged in a manner or basis different from any other holder of 34
- 35 <u>shares of such class or series, the manner or basis applicable to each such holder</u>.

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1 (c) The plan of share exchange may set forth other provisions relating to the share 2 exchange, including a provision that the plan may be amended prior to the time the share 3 exchange has become effective, but if shareholders of a corporation that is a party to the 4 share exchange are required or permitted to vote on the plan, subsequent to approval of the 5 plan by such shareholders the plan may not be amended to change in any respect not expressly authorized by such shareholders in connection with the approval of the plan: 6 7 (1) The amount or kind of shares or other securities, obligations, rights to acquire shares 8 or other securities, cash, or other property to be issued by the corporation or to be 9 received under the plan by the shareholders of any party to the share exchange if such 10 change would adversely affect such shareholders; or (2) Any of the other terms or conditions of the plan if such change would adversely 11 12 affect such shareholders in any material respect; and 13 in the event that the plan of share exchange is amended after articles or a certificate of share exchange has been filed with the Secretary of State but before the share exchange 14 15 has become effective, a certificate of amendment of share exchange executed on behalf 16 of each party to the share exchange by an officer or other duly authorized representative 17 shall be delivered to the Secretary of State for filing prior to the effectiveness of the share 18 exchange. 19 (d) Any of the terms of the plan of share exchange may be made dependent upon facts 20 ascertainable outside of the plan of share exchange, provided that the manner in which such 21 facts shall operate upon the terms of the share exchange is clearly and expressly set forth 22 in the plan of share exchange. As used in this subsection, the term 'facts' includes, but is 23 not limited to, the occurrence of any event, including a determination or action by any 24 person or body, including the corporation. 25 (e) This Code section does not limit the power of a corporation to acquire all or part of the 26 shares of one or more classes or series of another corporation through a voluntary exchange of shares or otherwise." 27

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#### **SECTION 10.**

Said title is further amended by striking paragraph (1) of subsection (b) of Code Section 29 14-2-1103, relating to action on plan, and inserting in lieu thereof the following: 30 31 "(1) The board of directors must recommend the plan of merger or share exchange shall 32 also transmit to the shareholders a recommendation that the shareholders approve the plan, unless the board of directors elects, makes a determination that, because of conflict 33 34 conflicts of interest or other special circumstances, to make no recommendation and 35 communicates the basis for its election to the shareholders with the plan it should either 36 refrain from making such a recommendation or recommend that the shareholders reject

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1	or	vote	against	the	plan,	in	which	case	the	board	of	directors	shall	transmit	to	the

shareholders the basis for such determination; and"

## **SECTION 11.**

#### 4 Said title is further amended by striking paragraph (2) of subsection (b) of Code Section 5 14-2-1104, relating to merger with subsidiary, and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

- 6 ''(2) The manner and basis of converting the shares of the parent or subsidiary into 7
- shares, or other securities, obligations, rights to acquire shares or other securities of the
- 8 surviving corporation or any other corporation or into cash or other property in whole or
- 9 in part securities, cash, other property, or any combination thereof, and if any shares of
- 10 any holder of a class or series of shares are to be converted in a manner or basis different 11 from any other holder of shares of such class or series, the manner or basis applicable to

such holder." 12

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## **SECTION 12.**

Said title is further amended by striking subsection (d) of Code Section 14-2-1109, relating 14 to merger with other entities, and inserting in lieu thereof the following: 15

- 16 "(d) The plan of merger:
- 17 (1) Must set forth:

#### 18 (A) The name of each corporation and entity planning to merge and the name of the 19 surviving corporation or entity into which each other corporation and entity plans to 20 merge;

21 (B) The terms and conditions of the merger; and

22 (C) The manner and basis of converting the shares of each corporation and the shares, 23 memberships, or financial or beneficial interests or units in each of the entities into 24 shares, or other securities, obligations, rights to acquire shares or other securities, of the 25 surviving or any other corporation or entity or into cash or other property in whole or 26 in part cash, other property, or any combination of the foregoing, and if any shares of any holder of a class or series of shares are to be converted in a manner or basis 27 different from any other holder of shares of such class or series, the manner or basis 28 29 applicable to each such holder; and

(2) May set forth: 30

- 31 (A) Amendments to the articles of incorporation or governing agreements of the 32 surviving corporation or entity; and
- (B) A provision that the plan may be amended prior to the time the merger has become 33
- 34 effective, but if shareholders of a domestic corporation that is a party to the merger or
- 35 shareholders, partners, or members of a domestic entity that is a party to the merger are

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1		required or permitted to vote on the plan, subsequent to approval of the plan by such
2		shareholders, partners, or members the plan may not be amended to change in any
3		respect not expressly authorized by such approving shareholders, partners, or members
4		in connection with the approval of the plan:
5		(i) The amount or kind of shares or other securities, obligations, rights to acquire
6		shares or other securities, cash, or other property to be received under the plan by the
7		shareholders, partners, or members of any party to the merger if such change would
8		adversely affect such approving shareholders, partners, or members;
9		(ii) The articles or certificate of incorporation of any domestic or foreign corporation.
10		or the governing agreements of any other entity, that will survive or be created as a
11		result of the merger, except for changes permitted by Code Section 14-2-1002 or by
12		comparable provisions of the law of the state or jurisdiction under which any such
13		other entity was organized or changes that would not adversely affect such approving
14		shareholders, partners, or members; or
15		(iii) Any of the other terms or conditions of the plan if such change would adversely
16		affect such approving shareholders, partners, or members in any material respect; and
17		in the event that the plan of merger is amended after articles or a certificate of merger
18		has been filed with the Secretary of State but before the merger has become effective,
19		a certificate of amendment of merger executed on behalf of each party to the merger by

- 20 an officer or other duly authorized representative shall be delivered to the Secretary of
- 21 State for filing prior to the effectiveness of the merger; and
- 22 (C) Other provisions relating to the merger."
- 23

# **SECTION 13.**

24 Said title is further amended by striking Code Section 14-2-1109.1, relating to election to become a limited liability company, and inserting in lieu thereof the following: 25

- 26 "14-2-1109.1.
- (a) As used in this Code section, the term: 27
- 'Limited liability company' means any limited liability company formed 28 (1)29 under Chapter 11 of this title.
- (2) 'Limited partnership' means any limited partnership formed under Chapter 9 of this 30 31 title.
- 32 (b) Pursuant to Code Section 14-11-212 or 14-9-206.2 and this Code section, a A
- corporation may elect to become a limited liability company or limited partnership if the 33
- 34 board of directors adopts and its shareholders approve a plan of election conversion.
- 35 (c) The plan of election <u>conversion</u> must set forth:

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1	(1) The name of the limited liability company or limited partnership to be formed
2	pursuant to such election;
3	(2) The manner and basis of converting the shares of such corporation into interests as
4	members of the limited liability company to be formed pursuant to such election or
5	interests as partners of the limited partnership to be formed pursuant to such election or
6	a statement that such information is contained in the written operating agreement
7	proposed for such limited liability company or the written limited partnership agreement
8	proposed for such limited partnership;
9	(3) The effective date and time of such election, if later than the date and time the
10	certificate of election conversion is filed;
11	(4) The contents of the articles of organization that shall be the articles of organization
12	of the limited liability company to be formed pursuant to such election unless and until
13	modified in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 11 of this title or the contents of
14	the certificate of limited partnership that shall be the certificate of limited partnership of
15	the limited partnership to be formed pursuant to such election unless and until modified
16	in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 9 of this title; and
17	(5) <u>(A)</u> The contents of the <u>written</u> operating agreement to be entered into among the
18	persons who will be the members of the limited liability company to be formed
19	pursuant to such election, which shall, if not separately provided in the plan of election,
20	state <u>:</u>
21	(i) The the manner and basis for the conversion of the shares of such corporation into
22	interests as members of the limited liability company to be formed pursuant to such
23	election <u>;</u> and
24	(ii) That that notification that approval of the election will be deemed to be execution
25	of the operating agreement by such persons; or
26	(B) The contents of the written limited partnership agreement to be entered into among
27	the persons who will be the partners of the limited partnership to be formed pursuant
28	to such election, which shall, if not separately provided in the plan of conversion, state:
29	(i) The manner and basis for the conversion of the shares of such corporation into
30	interests as partners of the limited partnership to be formed pursuant to such
31	conversion; and
32	(ii) That approval of the election will be deemed to be execution of the limited
33	partnership agreement by such persons.
34	(d) For a plan of election <u>conversion</u> to become a limited liability company <u>or limited</u>
35	partnership to be approved:
36	(1) The board of directors must shall submit the plan of conversion approved by the
37	shareholders and shall recommend the plan of election conversion to the shareholders in

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1	the same manner and subject to the same exceptions as provided in subsections (a)
2	through (d) paragraph (1) of subsection (b) of the Code Section 14-2-1103, and may
3	condition its submission and provide notice to each shareholder entitled to vote in the
4	same manner as provided in subsections (c) and (d) of Code Section 14-2-1103; and
5	(2) All of the shareholders must approve the plan of election <u>conversion</u> .
6	(e) The plan of conversion may set forth other provisions relating to the conversion,
7	including a provision that the plan may be amended prior to the time that the conversion
8	has become effective, but subsequent to approval of the plan by shareholders the plan may
9	not be amended to change in any respect not expressly authorized by such shareholders in
10	connection with the approval of the plan:
11	(1) The amount or kind of interests, shares or other securities, obligations, or rights to
12	acquire interests, shares or other securities to be received under the plan by the
13	shareholders if the change would adversely affect such shareholders; or
14	(2) Any of the other terms or conditions of the plan if the change would adversely affect
15	such shareholders in any material respect; and
16	in the event that the plan of conversion is amended after a certificate of conversion has
17	been filed with the Secretary of State but before the conversion has become effective, a
18	certificate of amendment of conversion executed by an officer or other duly authorized
19	representative shall be delivered to the Secretary of State for filing prior to the
20	effectiveness of the conversion.
21	(f) Any of the terms of the plan of conversion may be made dependent upon facts
22	ascertainable outside of the plan of conversion, provided that the manner in which such
23	facts shall operate upon the terms of the conversion is clearly and expressly set forth in the
24	plan of conversion. As used in this subsection, the term 'facts' includes, but is not limited
25	to, the occurrence of any event, including a determination or action by any person or body,
26	including the corporation.
27	(g) After a conversion is authorized, unless the plan of conversion provides otherwise, and
28	at any time before the conversion has become effective, the planned conversion may be
29	abandoned, subject to any contractual rights, without further shareholder action, in
30	accordance with the procedure set forth in the plan of conversion or, if none is set forth, in
31	the manner determined by the board of directors.
32	(e)(h) After a plan of election conversion is approved by the shareholders, the corporation
33	shall deliver to the Secretary of State for filing a certificate of election conversion
34	complying with subsection (b) of Code Section 14-11-212 or subsection (b) of Code
35	Section 14-9-206.2, as applicable."

1	SECTION 14.
2	Said title is further amended by adding two new Code sections to the end of Part 1 of Article
3	11 of Chapter 2, relating to merger and share exchange, to read as follows:
4	″14-2-1109.2.
5	(a) A foreign corporation, domestic limited partnership, foreign limited partnership,
6	domestic general partnership, foreign general partnership, domestic limited liability
7	company, or foreign limited liability company may elect to become a corporation. Such
8	election shall require the approval of all of the electing entity's partners, members, or
9	shareholders, or such other approval or compliance as may be sufficient under applicable
10	law or the governing documents of the electing entity to authorize such election.
11	(b) Such election shall be made by delivering a certificate of conversion to the Secretary
12	of State for filing. The certificate shall set forth:
13	(1) The name and jurisdiction of organization of the entity making the election;
14	(2) That the entity elects to become a corporation;
15	(3) The effective date, or the effective date and time, of such conversion if later than the
16	date and time the certificate of conversion is filed;
17	(4) That the election has been approved as required by subsection (a) of this Code
18	section;
19	(5) That filed with the certificate of conversion are articles of incorporation that are in
20	the form required by Code Section 14-2-202, setting forth a name for the corporation that
21	satisfies the requirements of Code Section 14-2-401, and stating that such articles of
22	incorporation shall be the articles of incorporation of the corporation formed pursuant to
23	such election unless and until modified in accordance with this chapter; and
24	(6) If not provided for in the articles of incorporation required by paragraph (5) of this
25	subsection, a statement setting forth the manner and basis for converting the ownership
26	interests in the entity making the election into shares of the corporation formed pursuant
27	to such election.
28	(c) Upon the election becoming effective:
29	(1) The electing entity shall become a corporation formed under this chapter by such
30	election, except that the existence of the corporation so formed shall be deemed to have
31	commenced on the date the entity making the election commenced its existence in the
32	jurisdiction in which such entity was first created, formed, incorporated, or otherwise
33	came into being;
34	(2) The ownership interests in the entity making the conversion shall be converted on the
35	basis stated or referred to in the certificate of conversion in accordance with paragraph
36	(6) of subsection (b) of this Code section;

- (3) The articles of incorporation filed with the certificate of conversion shall be the
   articles of incorporation of the corporation formed pursuant to such election unless and
   until amended in accordance with this chapter;
- 4 (4) The governing documents of the entity making the election shall be of no further5 force or effect;

6 (5) The corporation formed by such election shall thereupon and thereafter possess all 7 of the rights, privileges, immunities, franchises, and powers of the entity making the election; all property, real, personal, and mixed, all contract rights, and all debts due to 8 9 such entity, as well as all other choses in action, and each and every other interest of or 10 belonging to or due to the entity making the election shall be taken and deemed to be vested in the corporation formed by such election without further act or deed; the title to 11 12 any real estate, or any interest therein, vested in the entity making the election shall not revert or be in any way impaired by reason of such election; and none of such items shall 13 be deemed to have been conveyed, transferred, or assigned by reason of such election for 14 15 any purpose; and

16 (6) The corporation formed by such election shall thereupon and thereafter be 17 responsible and liable for all the liabilities and obligations of the entity making the 18 election, and any claim existing or action or proceeding pending by or against such entity 19 may be prosecuted as if such election had not become effective. Neither the rights of 20 creditors nor any liens upon the property of the entity making such election shall be 21 impaired by such election.

- (d) A conversion pursuant to this Code section shall not be deemed to constitute a
  dissolution of the entity making the election and shall constitute a continuation of the
  existence of the entity making the election in the form of a corporation. A corporation
  formed by an election pursuant to this Code section shall for all purposes be deemed to be
  the same entity as the entity making such election.
- 27 (e) A corporation formed by an election pursuant to this Code section may file a copy of such certificate of conversion, certified by the Secretary of State, in the office of the clerk 28 29 of the superior court of the county where any real property owned by such corporation is located and record such certified copy of the certificate of conversion in the books kept by 30 such clerk for recordation of deeds in such county with the entity electing to become a 31 32 corporation indexed as the grantor and the corporation indexed as the grantee. No real estate transfer tax under Code Section 48-6-1 shall be due with respect to the recordation 33 34 of such election.

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1 14-2-1109.3.

(a) A corporation may elect to become a foreign limited liability company, a foreign
limited partnership, or a foreign corporation, if such a conversion is permitted by the law
of the state or jurisdiction under whose law the resulting entity would be formed.

(b) To effect a conversion under this Code section, the corporation must adopt a plan of
conversion that sets forth the manner and basis of converting the shares of the corporation
into interests, shares, obligations, or other securities, as the case may be, of the resulting
entity. The plan of conversion may set forth other provisions relating to the conversion.
(c) For the plan of conversion to be adopted:

(1) The board of directors shall submit the plan of conversion for approval by the
shareholders and shall recommend the plan of conversion to the shareholders in the same
manner and subject to the same exceptions as provided in paragraph (1) of subsection (b)
of Code Section 14-2-1103, and may condition its submission and provide notice to each
shareholder entitled to vote in the same manner as provided in subsections (c) and (d) of
Code Section 14-2-1103; and

16 (2) All of the shareholders must approve the plan of conversion.

(d) The plan of conversion may set forth other provisions relating to the conversion,
including a provision that the plan may be amended prior to the time that the conversion
has become effective, but subsequent to approval of the plan by shareholders the plan may
not be amended to change in any respect not expressly authorized by such shareholders in
connection with the approval of the plan:

(1) The amount or kind of interests, shares or other securities, obligations, or rights to
 acquire interests, shares or other securities to be received under the plan by the
 shareholders if the change would adversely affect such shareholders; or

(2) Any of the other terms or conditions of the plan if the change would adversely affect
such shareholders in any material respect; and

in the event that the plan of conversion is amended after a certificate of conversion has been filed with the Secretary of State but before the conversion has become effective, a certificate of amendment of conversion executed by an officer or other duly authorized representative shall be delivered to the Secretary of State for filing prior to the effectiveness of the conversion.

(e) Any of the terms of the plan of conversion may be made dependent upon facts
ascertainable outside of the plan of conversion, provided that the manner in which such
facts shall operate upon the terms of the conversion is clearly and expressly set forth in the
plan of conversion. As used in this subsection, the term 'facts' includes, but is not limited
to, the occurrence of any event, including a determination or action by any person or body,
including the corporation.

- (f) After a conversion is authorized, unless the plan of conversion provides otherwise, and
  at any time before the conversion has become effective, the planned conversion may be
  abandoned, subject to any contractual rights, without further shareholder action, in
  accordance with the procedure set forth in the plan of conversion or, if none is set forth, in
  the manner determined by the board of directors.
- 6 (g) The conversion shall be effected as provided in, and shall have the effects provided by,
- the law of the state or jurisdiction under whose law the resulting entity is formed and bythe plan of conversion, to the extent not inconsistent with such law.
- 9 (h) If the resulting entity is required to obtain a certificate of authority to transact business
- 10 in this state by the provisions of this title governing foreign corporations, foreign limited
- 11 partnerships, or foreign limited liability companies, it shall do so pursuant to Code Section

12 14-2-1501, 14-9-902, or 14-11-705."

SECTION 15.

Said title is further amended by striking paragraph (1) of subsection (b) of Code Section
14-2-1202, relating to sale of assets requiring shareholder approval, and inserting in lieu
thereof the following:

17 "(1) The board of directors must recommend the proposed transaction shall also transmit 18 to the shareholders a recommendation that the shareholders approve the proposed disposition, unless the board of directors elects, makes a determination that, because of 19 20 conflict conflicts of interest or other special circumstances, to make no recommendation 21 and communicates the basis for its election to the shareholders with the submission of the 22 proposed transaction it should either refrain from making such a recommendation or recommend that the shareholders reject or vote against the plan, in which case the board 23 24 of directors shall transmit to the shareholders the basis for such determination; and"

25

13

# **SECTION 16.**

# Said title is further amended by striking subsection (c) of Code Section 14-2-1302, relating to right to dissent, and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

28 "(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this article, there shall be no right of dissent 29 in favor of the holder of shares of any class or series which, at the record date fixed to 30 determine the shareholders entitled to receive notice of and to vote at a meeting at which 31 a plan of merger or share exchange or a sale or exchange of property or an amendment of 32 the articles of incorporation is to be acted on, were either listed on a national securities 33 exchange or held of record by more than 2,000 shareholders, unless:

1 (1) In the case of a plan of merger or share exchange, the any holders of shares of the 2 class or series are required under the plan of merger or share exchange to accept for their 3 shares: 4 (A) Anything anything except shares of the surviving corporation or another publicly 5 held corporation which at the effective date of the merger or share exchange are either 6 listed on a national securities exchange or held of record by more than 2,000 7 shareholders, except for scrip or cash payments in lieu of fractional shares; or 8 (B) Any shares of the surviving corporation or another publicly held corporation which 9 at the effective date of the merger or share exchange are either listed on a national 10 securities exchange or held of record by more than 2,000 shareholders that are different, in type or exchange ratio per share, from the shares to be provided or offered to any 11 12 other holder of shares of the same class or series of shares in exchange for such shares; 13 or 14 (2) The articles of incorporation or a resolution of the board of directors approving the 15 transaction provides otherwise." 16 **SECTION 17.** 17 Said title is further amended by striking subsection (b) of Code Section 14-2-1402, relating 18 to dissolution by board of directors and shareholders, and inserting in lieu thereof the 19 following: 20 "(1) The board of directors must recommend dissolution shall also transmit to the 21 shareholders a recommendation that the shareholders approve the proposed dissolution, unless the board of directors elects, makes the recommendation that because of a conflict 22 23 conflicts of interest or other special circumstances, to make no recommendation and 24 communicates the basis for its determination to the shareholders it should either refrain 25 from making such a recommendation or recommend that the shareholders reject or vote against dissolution, in which case the board of directors shall transmit to the shareholders 26 the basis for such determination; and" 27 **SECTION 18.** 28 Said title is further amended by striking Code Section 14-2-1504, relating to amended 29 certificate of authority, and inserting in lieu thereof the following: 30 "14-2-1504. 31 32 (a) A foreign corporation authorized to transact business in this state must obtain an 33 amended certificate of authority from the Secretary of State if it changes: 34 (1) Its corporate name; (2) The period of its duration; or 35

1	(3) The state or country of its incorporation.
2	(b) The requirements of Code Section 14-2-1503 for obtaining an original certificate of
3	authority apply to obtaining an amended certificate under this Code section.
4	(c) If a foreign corporation authorized to transact business in this state converts into a
5	foreign limited liability company:
6	(1) The foreign corporation shall notify the Secretary of State that such conversion has
7	occurred no later than 30 days after the conversion, using such form as the Secretary of
8	State shall specify, which form may require such information and statements as may be
9	required to be submitted by a foreign limited liability company that applies for a
10	certificate of authority to transact business in this state; and
11	(2) If such notice is timely given:
12	(A) The authorization of such entity to transact business in this state shall continue
13	without interruption; and
14	(B) The certificate of authority issued to such foreign corporation under this article
15	shall constitute a certificate of authority issued under Code Section 14-11-704 to the
16	foreign limited liability company resulting from the conversion effective as of the date
17	of the conversion.
18	The Secretary of State shall adjust its records accordingly.
19	(d) If a foreign corporation authorized to transact business in this state converts into a
20	foreign limited partnership:
21	(1) The foreign corporation shall notify the Secretary of State that such conversion has
22	occurred no later than 30 days after the conversion, using such form as the Secretary of
23	State shall specify, which form may require such information and statements as may be
24	required to be submitted by a foreign limited partnership that applies for a certificate of
25	authority to transact business in this state; and
26	(2) If such notice is timely given:
27	(A) The authorization of such entity to transact business in this state shall continue
28	without interruption; and
29	(B) The certificate of authority issued to such foreign corporation under this part shall
30	constitute a certificate of authority issued under Code Section 14-9-903 to the foreign
31	limited partnership resulting from the conversion effective as of the date of the
32	<u>conversion.</u>
33	The Secretary of State shall adjust its records accordingly."

1	SECTION 19.
2	Said title is further amended by striking paragraph (2) of subsection (b) of Code Section
3	14-2-1506, relating to corporate name of a foreign corporation, and inserting in lieu thereof
4	the following:
5	"(2) A corporate name reserved <del>or registered</del> under Code Section 14-2-402 <del>or 14-2-403</del> ;"
6	SECTION 20.
7	Said title is further amended by striking Code Section 14-9-206.2, relating to election to
8	become a limited partnership, and inserting in lieu thereof the following:
9	″14-9-206.2.
10	(a) A corporation, <u>foreign corporation</u> , limited liability company, <u>foreign limited liability</u>
11	<u>company, foreign limited partnership, general partnership,</u> or <u>foreign</u> general partnership
12	may elect to become a limited partnership. Such election shall require:
13	(1) Compliance with Code Section 14-2-1109.1 in the case of a <u>Georgia</u> corporation; <u>or</u>
14	(2) Approval of all of its <u>partners</u> , members, or <u>shareholders</u> , or such other approval as
15	may be sufficient under applicable law <u>or the governing documents of the electing entity</u>
16	to authorize such election, in the case of a foreign corporation, limited liability company,
17	foreign limited liability company, foreign limited partnership, general partnership, or
18	foreign general partnership; or
19	(3) The approval of all of its partners, or such other approval as may be sufficient under
20	applicable law to authorize such election, in the case of a general partnership.
21	(b) Such election is made by delivery of a certificate of election <u>conversion</u> to the
22	Secretary of State for filing. The certificate shall set forth:
23	(1) The name of the corporation, limited liability company, or general partnership and
24	jurisdiction of organization of the entity making the election;
25	(2) That the corporation, limited liability company, or general partnership entity elects
26	to become a limited partnership;
27	(3) The effective date and time of such election if later than the date and time the
28	certificate of election conversion is filed;
29	(4) That the election has been approved as required by subsection (a) of this Code
30	section;
31	(5) That filed with the certificate of election <u>conversion</u> is a certificate of limited
32	partnership that is in the form required by Code Section 14-9-201, that sets forth a name
33	for the limited partnership that satisfies the requirements of Code Section 14-9-102, and
34	that shall be the certificate of limited partnership of the limited partnership formed
35	pursuant to such election unless and until modified in accordance with this chapter; and
36	(6) A statement that states <u>setting forth either</u> :

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1 (A) The manner and basis for converting the shares of the corporation, the membership 2 interests of the members of the limited liability company, or the interests of the partners 3 in the general partnership ownership interests in the entity making the election into 4 interests as members partners of the limited partnership formed pursuant to such 5 election; or (B)(i) That a written limited partnership agreement has been entered into among the 6 7 persons who will be the members partners of the limited partnership formed pursuant 8 to such election; 9 (ii) That such limited partnership agreement will be effective immediately upon the 10 effectiveness of such election; and 11 (iii) That such limited partnership agreement provides for the manner and basis of 12 such conversion. 13 (c) Upon the election becoming effective the: (1) Corporation, limited liability company, or general partnership Electing entity shall 14 15 become a limited partnership formed under this chapter by such election except that the 16 existence of the limited partnership so formed shall be deemed to have commenced on 17 the date the entity making the election commenced its existence in the jurisdiction in 18 which such entity was first created, formed, incorporated, or otherwise came into being; 19 (2) Ownership Shares of the corporation, interests in the limited liability company, or the 20 interests of the partners of the general partnership entity making the election shall be 21 converted on the basis stated or referred to in the certificate of election conversion in 22 accordance with paragraph (6) of subsection (b) of this Code section; 23 (3) Certificate of limited partnership filed with the certificate of election conversion shall 24 be the certificate of limited partnership of the limited partnership formed pursuant to such 25 election unless and until amended in accordance with this chapter; 26 (4) Governing documents of the entity Articles of incorporation and bylaws of the corporation, articles of organization and operating agreement of the limited liability 27 company, or partnership agreement and statement of partnership, if any, of the general 28 29 partnership making the election shall be of no further force or effect; (5) Limited partnership formed by such election shall thereupon and thereafter possess 30 all of the rights, privileges, immunities, franchises, and powers of the corporation, limited 31 liability company, or general partnership entity making the election; and all property, 32 real, personal, and mixed, all contract rights, and all debts due to such corporation, 33 limited liability company, or general partnership entity, as well as all other choses in 34 35 action, and each and every other interest of, belonging to, or due to the corporation, limited liability company, or general partnership entity making the election shall be taken 36 and deemed to be vested in the limited partnership formed by such election without 37

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further act or deed; and the title to any real estate, or any interest in real estate, vested in
 the corporation, limited liability company, or general partnership entity making the
 <u>election</u> shall not revert or be in any way impaired by reason of such election; and <u>none</u>
 <u>of such items shall be deemed to have been conveyed, transferred, or assigned by reason</u>

5 <u>of such election for any purpose; and</u>

6 (6) Limited partnership formed by such election shall thereupon and thereafter be 7 responsible and liable for all the liabilities and obligations of the corporation, limited liability company, or general partnership entity making the election, and any claim 8 9 existing or action or proceeding pending by or against such <del>corporation, limited liability</del> 10 company, or general partnership entity may be prosecuted as if such election had not become effective. Neither the rights of creditors nor any liens upon the property of the 11 12 corporation, limited liability company, or general partnership entity making such election 13 shall be impaired by such election.

(d) <u>A conversion pursuant to this Code section shall not be deemed to constitute a</u>
<u>dissolution of the entity making the election and shall constitute a continuation of the</u>
<u>existence of the entity making the election in the form of a limited partnership. A limited</u>
<u>partnership formed by an election pursuant to this Code section shall for all purposes be</u>
<u>deemed to be the same entity as the entity making such election.</u>

19 (e) A limited partnership formed by the foregoing election pursuant to this Code section 20 may file a copy of the foregoing election to become a limited partnership such certificate 21 of conversion, certified by the Secretary of State, in the office of the clerk of the superior 22 court of the county where any real property owned by such limited partnership is located 23 and record such certified copy of the election certificate of conversion in the books kept by such clerk for recordation of deeds in such county with the entity electing to become a 24 25 limited partnership indexed as the grantor and the limited partnership indexed as the 26 grantee. No real estate transfer tax under Code Section 48-6-1 shall be due with respect 27 to the recordation of such election.

- (e)(f) The Secretary of State shall be authorized to promulgate such rules and charge such
   filing fees as are necessary to carry out the purpose of this Code section."
- 30

## **SECTION 21.**

Said title is further amended by adding a new Code Section 14-9-206.8 to the end of Article
2 of Chapter 9, relating to formation, amendment, cancellation, and merger, to read as
follows:

1 ″14-9-206.8.

2 (a) A limited partnership may elect to become a foreign limited liability company, a 3 foreign limited partnership, or a foreign corporation, if such a conversion is permitted by 4 the law of the state or jurisdiction under whose law the resulting entity would be formed. 5 (b) To effect a conversion under this Code section, the limited partnership must adopt a 6 plan of conversion that sets forth the manner and basis of converting the interests of the 7 partners of the limited partnership into interests, shares, obligations, or other securities, as 8 the case may be, of the resulting entity. The plan of conversion may set forth other 9 provisions relating to the conversion.

(c) The limited partnership shall have the plan of conversion authorized and approved by
 the unanimous consent of the partners, unless the limited partnership agreement of such
 limited partnership provides otherwise.

(d) After a conversion is authorized, unless the plan of conversion provides otherwise, and
at any time before the conversion has become effective, the planned conversion may be
abandoned, subject to any contractual rights, in accordance with the procedure set forth in
the plan of conversion or, if none is set forth, by the unanimous consent of the partners of
the limited partnership, unless the limited partnership agreement of such limited
partnership provides otherwise.

19 (e) The conversion shall be effected as provided in, and shall have the effects provided by,

20 the law of the state or jurisdiction under whose law the resulting entity is formed and by

21 the plan of conversion, to the extent not inconsistent with such law.

22 (f) If the resulting entity is required to obtain a certificate of authority to transact business

23 in this state by the provisions of this title governing foreign corporations, foreign limited

24 partnerships, or foreign limited liability companies, it shall do so."

25

## **SECTION 22.**

26 Said title is further amended by striking the introductory language of Code Section 14-9-902,

27 relating to the certificate of authority for foreign limited partnerships, and inserting in lieu

28 thereof the following:

29 "(a) A foreign limited partnership transacting business in this state shall procure a 30 certificate of authority to do so from the Secretary of State. In order to procure a certificate 31 of authority to transact business in this state, a foreign limited partnership shall submit to 32 the Secretary of State an application for a certificate of authority as a foreign limited 33 partnership, signed <del>and sworn to</del> by a general partner setting forth:"

1	SECTION 23.
2	Said title is further amended by striking Code Section 14-9-905, relating to change of name
3	or state of an organization, and inserting in lieu thereof the following:
4	″14-9-905.
5	(a) A foreign limited partnership authorized to transact business in this state must obtain
6	an amended certificate of authority from the Secretary of State if it changes its name or its
7	state of organization. The requirements of Code Sections 14-9-902 and 14-9-903 for
8	obtaining an original certificate of authority shall apply to obtaining an amended certificate
9	under this Code section.
10	(b) If a foreign limited partnership authorized to transact business in this state converts into
11	a foreign limited liability company:
12	(1) The foreign limited partnership shall notify the Secretary of State that such
13	conversion has occurred no later than 30 days after the conversion, using such form as
14	the Secretary of State shall specify, which form may require such information and
15	statements as may be required to be submitted by a foreign limited liability company that
16	applies for a certificate of authority to transact business in this state; and
17	(2) If such notice is timely given:
18	(A) The authorization of such entity to transact business in this state shall continue
19	without interruption; and
20	(B) The certificate of authority issued to such foreign limited partnership under this
21	article shall constitute a certificate of authority issued under Code Section 14-11-704
22	to the foreign limited liability company resulting from the conversion effective as of the
23	date of the conversion.
24	The Secretary of State shall adjust its records accordingly.
25	(c) If a foreign limited partnership authorized to transact business in this state converts into
26	<u>a foreign corporation:</u>
27	(1) The foreign limited partnership shall notify the Secretary of State that such
28	conversion has occurred no later than 30 days after the conversion, using such form as
29	the Secretary of State shall specify, which form may require such information and
30	statements as may be required to be submitted by a foreign corporation that applies for
31	a certificate of authority to transact business in this state; and
32	(2) If such notice is timely given:
33	(A) The authorization of such entity to transact business in this state shall continue
34	without interruption; and
35	(B) The certificate of authority issued to such foreign limited partnership under this
36	article shall constitute a certificate of authority issued under Code Sections 14-2-1501

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1	and 14-2-1503 to the foreign corporation resulting from the conversion effective as of
2	the date of the conversion.
3	The Secretary of State shall adjust its records accordingly."
4	SECTION 24.
5	Said title is further amended by striking Code Section 14-11-212, relating to election to
6	become a limited liability company, and inserting in lieu thereof the following:
7	″14-11-212.
8	(a) A corporation, limited foreign corporation, foreign limited liability company, limited
9	partnership, foreign limited partnership, general partnership, or <u>foreign</u> general partnership
10	may elect to become a limited liability company. Such election shall require (1)
11	compliance with Code Section 14-2-1109.1 in the case of a Georgia corporation, or (2) the
12	approval of all of its partners, members or shareholders (or such other approval or
13	<u>compliance</u> as may be sufficient under applicable law <u>or the governing documents of the</u>
14	electing entity to authorize such election) in the case of a foreign corporation, foreign
15	limited liability company, limited partnership, or foreign limited partnership, or foreign
16	general partnership.
17	(b) Such election is made by delivering a certificate of election <u>conversion</u> to the Secretary
18	of State for filing. The certificate shall set forth:
19	(1) The name of the corporation, limited partnership, or general partnership and
20	jurisdiction of organization of the entity making the election;
21	(2) That the corporation, limited partnership, or general partnership entity elects to
22	become a limited liability company;
23	(3) The effective date, or the effective date and time, of such election if later than the
24	date and time the certificate of election <u>conversion</u> is filed;
25	(4) That the election has been approved as required by subsection (a) of this Code
26	section;
27	(5) That filed with the certificate of election <u>conversion</u> are articles of organization that
28	are in the form required by Code Section 14-11-204, that set forth a name for the limited
29	liability company that satisfies the requirements of Code Section 14-11-207, and that
30	shall be the articles of organization of the limited liability company formed pursuant to
31	such election unless and until modified in accordance with this chapter; and
32	(6) A statement that <u>setting forth</u> either (A) states the manner and basis for converting
33	the shares of the corporation or the interests of the partners in the limited partnership or
34	general partnership ownership interests in the entity making the election into interests as
35	members of the limited liability company formed pursuant to such election, or (B) states
36	(i) that a written operating agreement has been entered into among the persons who will

be the members of the limited liability company formed pursuant to such election, (ii)
that such operating agreement will be effective immediately upon the effectiveness of
such election, and (iii) that such operating agreement provides for the manner and basis
of such conversion.

5 (c) Upon the election becoming effective:

6 (1) The corporation, limited partnership, or general partnership <u>electing entity</u> shall
7 become a limited liability company formed under this chapter by such election <u>except</u>
8 <u>that the existence of the limited liability company so formed shall be deemed to have</u>
9 <u>commenced on the date the entity making the election commenced its existence in the</u>
10 <u>jurisdiction in which such entity was first created, formed, incorporated, or otherwise</u>
11 came into being;

(2) The shares of the corporation or the interests of the partners of the limited partnership
 or general partnership <u>ownership interests in the entity</u> making the election shall be
 converted on the basis stated or referred to in the certificate of <u>election conversion</u> in
 accordance with paragraph (6) of subsection (b) of this Code section;

(3) The articles of organization filed with the certificate of election <u>conversion</u> shall be
 the articles of organization of the limited liability company formed pursuant to such
 election unless and until amended in accordance with this chapter;

(4) The articles of incorporation and bylaws of the corporation, certificate of limited
 partnership and partnership agreement of the limited partnership, or partnership
 agreement and statement of partnership, if any, of the general partnership governing
 documents of the entity making the election shall be of no further force or effect;

23 (5) The limited liability company formed by such election shall thereupon and thereafter possess all of the rights, privileges, immunities, franchises, and powers of the 24 25 corporation, limited partnership, or general partnership entity making the election; and all property, real, personal, and mixed, all contract rights, and all debts due to such 26 corporation, limited partnership, or general partnership entity, as well as all other choses 27 in action, and each and every other interest of or belonging to or due to the corporation, 28 limited partnership, or general partnership entity making the election shall be taken and 29 deemed to be vested in the limited liability company formed by such election without 30 further act or deed; and the title to any real estate, or any interest therein, vested in the 31 32 corporation, limited partnership, or general partnership entity making the election shall not revert or be in any way impaired by reason of such election; and none of such items 33 shall be deemed to have been conveyed, transferred, or assigned by reason of such 34 election for any purpose; and 35

36 (6) The limited liability company formed by such election shall thereupon and thereafter
 37 be responsible and liable for all the liabilities and obligations of the corporation, limited

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partnership, or general partnership <u>entity</u> making the election, and any claim existing or action or proceeding pending by or against such corporation, limited partnership, or general partnership <u>entity</u> may be prosecuted as if such election had not become effective. Neither the rights of creditors nor any liens upon the property of the corporation, limited partnership, or general partnership <u>entity making such election</u> shall be impaired by such election.

7 (d) <u>A conversion pursuant to this Code section shall not be deemed to constitute a</u>
8 <u>dissolution of the entity making the election and shall constitute a continuation of the</u>
9 <u>existence of the entity making the election in the form of a limited liability company. A</u>
10 limited liability company formed by an election pursuant to this Code section shall for all

11 purposes be deemed to be the same entity as the entity making such election.

12 (e) A limited liability company formed by an election pursuant to this Code section may file a copy of such election to become a limited liability company certificate of conversion, 13 14 certified by the Secretary of State, in the office of the clerk of the superior court of the 15 county where any real property owned by such limited liability company is located and record such certified copy of the election certificate of conversion in the books kept by 16 17 such clerk for recordation of deeds in such county with the entity electing to become a 18 limited liability company indexed as the grantor and the limited liability company indexed 19 as the grantee. No real estate transfer tax under Code Section 48-6-1 shall be due with 20 respect to recordation of such election."

21

## **SECTION 25.**

22 Said title is further amended by striking Code Section 14-11-706, relating to amended

23 certificate required for change of name or jurisdiction of organization, and inserting in lieu

24 thereof the following:

25 "14-11-706.

<u>(a)</u> A foreign limited liability company authorized to transact business in this state must
procure an amended certificate of authority from the Secretary of State if it changes its
name or its jurisdiction of organization. The requirements of Code Sections 14-11-702 and
14-11-704 for procuring an original certificate of authority shall apply to procuring an
amended certificate under this Code section.
<u>(b) If a foreign limited liability company authorized to transact business in this state</u>

- 31 (b) If a foreign limited liability company authorized to transact business in this state
   32 <u>converts into a foreign limited partnership:</u>
- 33 (1) The foreign limited liability company shall notify the Secretary of State that such
- 34 <u>conversion has occurred no later than 30 days after the conversion, using such form as</u>
- 35 the Secretary of State shall specify, which form may require such information and

1	statements as may be required to be submitted by a foreign limited partnership that
2	applies for a certificate of authority to transact business in this state; and
3	(2) If such notice is timely given:
4	(A) The authorization of such entity to transact business in this state shall continue
5	without interruption; and
6	(B) The certificate of authority issued to such foreign limited liability company under
7	this article shall constitute a certificate of authority issued under Code Section
8	14-11-903 to the foreign limited partnership resulting from the conversion effective as
9	of the date of the conversion.
10	The Secretary of State shall adjust its records accordingly.
11	(c) If a foreign limited liability company authorized to transact business in this state
12	converts into a foreign corporation:
13	(1) The foreign limited liability company shall notify the Secretary of State that such
14	conversion has occurred no later than 30 days after the conversion, using such form as
15	the Secretary of State shall specify, which form may require such information and
16	statements as may be required to be submitted by a foreign corporation that applies for
17	a certificate of authority to transact business in this state; and
18	(2) If such notice is timely given:
19	(A) The authorization of such entity to transact business in this state shall continue
20	without interruption; and
21	(B) The certificate of authority issued to such foreign limited liability company under
22	this article shall constitute a certificate of authority issued under Code Section
23	<u>14-2-1501 to the foreign corporation resulting from the conversion effective as of the</u>
24	date of the conversion.
25	The Secretary of State shall adjust its records accordingly."
26	SECTION 26.
27	Said title is further amended by adding a new Code Section 14-11-906 to the end of Article
28	9 of Chapter 11, relating to merger, to read as follows:
29	<i>"</i> 14-11-906.
30	(a) A limited liability company may elect to become a foreign limited liability company,
31	a foreign limited partnership, or a foreign corporation, if such a conversion is permitted by
32	the law of the state or jurisdiction under whose law the resulting entity would be formed.
33	(b) To effect a conversion under this Code section, the limited liability company must
34	adopt a plan of conversion that sets forth the manner and basis of converting the interests
35	of the members of the limited liability company into interests, shares, obligations, or other

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1 securities, as the case may be, of the resulting entity. The plan of conversion may set forth 2 other provisions relating to the conversion. 3 (c) The limited liability company shall have the plan of conversion authorized and 4 approved by the unanimous consent of the members, unless the articles of organization or 5 a written operating agreement of such limited liability company provides otherwise. 6 (d) After a conversion is authorized, unless the plan of conversion provides otherwise, and 7 at any time before the conversion has become effective, the planned conversion may be 8 abandoned, subject to any contractual rights, in accordance with the procedure set forth in 9 the plan of conversion or, if none is set forth, by the unanimous consent of the members 10 of the limited liability company, unless the articles of organization or a written operating agreement of such limited liability company provides otherwise. 11 12 (e) The conversion shall be effected as provided in, and shall have the effects provided by, the law of the state or jurisdiction under whose law the resulting entity is formed and by 13 14 the plan of conversion, to the extent not inconsistent with such law. 15 (f) If the resulting entity is required to obtain a certificate of authority to transact business in this state by the provisions of this title governing foreign corporations, foreign limited 16 17 partnerships, or foreign limited liability companies, it shall do so." 18 **SECTION 27.** 19 Said title is further amended by adding a new paragraph (16) to subsection (a) of Code 20 Section 14-11-1101, relating to filing fees and penalties, to read as follows: 21 22 **SECTION 28.** 23 Said title is further amended by striking subsection (a) of Code Section 14-11-1002, relating 24 to right to dissent, and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "(a) Unless otherwise provided by the articles of organization or a written operating 25 26 agreement, a record member of the limited liability company is entitled to dissent from, and 27 obtain payment of the fair value of his or her membership interest in the event of, any of 28 the following actions: 29 (1) Consummation of a plan of merger to which the limited liability company is a party 30 if approval of less than all of the members of the limited liability company is required for 31 the merger by the articles of organization or a written operating agreement and the 32 member is entitled to vote on the merger; 33 (2) Consummation of a plan of conversion pursuant to Code Section 14-2-1109.2 or 34 14-11-906;

1 (3) Consummation of a sale, lease, exchange, or other disposition of all or substantially 2 all of the property of the limited liability company if approval of less than all of the 3 members is required by the articles of organization or a written operating agreement and 4 the member is entitled to vote on the sale, lease, exchange, or other disposition, but not 5 including a sale pursuant to court order or a sale for cash pursuant to a plan by which all 6 or substantially all of the net proceeds of the sale will be distributed to the members 7 within one year after the date of sale;

8 (3)(4) An amendment of the articles of organization that materially and adversely affects
 9 rights in respect of a dissenter's membership interest in the limited liability company
 10 because it:

11 (A) Alters or abolishes a preferential right of the member's interest;

(B) Creates, alters, or abolishes a right in respect of redemption, including a provision
respecting a sinking fund for the redemption or repurchase, of the membership interest;
(C) Alters or abolishes a preemptive right of the holder of the membership interest to
acquire additional interest or other securities;

- (D) Excludes or limits the right of the member to vote on any matter, other than a
   limitation by dilution through additional member contributions or other securities with
   similar voting rights; or
- (E) Cancels, redeems, or repurchases all or part of the membership interest of the class;
  or

(4)(5) Any limited liability company action taken pursuant to a member vote to the
 extent that the articles of organization or a written operating agreement provides that
 voting or nonvoting members are entitled to dissent and obtain payment for their
 membership interests."

25

#### **SECTION 29.**

26 All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.