

The Senate Judiciary Committee offered the following substitute to HB 254:

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
AN ACT

1 To amend Chapter 1 of Title 15 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to
2 general provisions relative to courts, so as to establish a drug court division and create an
3 alternative system for storing copies of records for courts; to authorize the clerk of each
4 superior court, state court, probate court, magistrate court, juvenile court, or municipal court
5 to create and maintain digital copies of records, pleadings, orders, writs, process, or other
6 documents submitted to or issued by the court in any criminal, quasi-criminal, juvenile, or
7 civil proceeding or in any proceeding involving the enforcement of ordinances of local
8 governments; to provide for requirements, practices, and procedures related to the digital
9 storage and retrieval of such records; to provide for the destruction of the original copies of
10 such documents; to provide for the payment of costs and expenses; to provide for exceptions;
11 to provide for the alternative nature of the authority granted by this method of records
12 management; to authorize the establishment of drug courts divisions within certain courts;
13 to provide for assignment of certain felony and misdemeanor cases to a drug court division;
14 to provide for jurisdiction; to provide for judges and their appointment, designation, and
15 terms; to provide for district attorneys, public defenders, a clerk, probation officers, and other
16 employees; to authorize agreements with other courts and agencies for the assignment of
17 personnel to such court; to authorize judges to complete a planned program of instruction;
18 to provide for powers and duties of the drug court division; to provide for expenses; to
19 provide for admissibility of certain matters in certain proceedings; to provide for access to
20 certain information and confidentiality; to provide for costs; to provide for related matters;
21 to repeal conflicting laws; and for other purposes.

22 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

SECTION 1.

23 Title 15 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to courts, is amended by striking
24 Code Section 15-1-10, relating to removal of court records and storage thereof, and inserting
25 in its place the following:
26

1 "15-1-10.

2 (a) No records or papers of any court shall be removed out of the county, except in cases
3 of invasion whereby the same may be endangered, or by order of the court, or as otherwise
4 provided in this Code section.

5 (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Code section, such records may be stored
6 in accordance with the provisions of subsection (b) of Code Section 15-6-86 or
7 subsection (c) of this Code section.

8 (c) With the prior written consent of the governing authority of the county or municipality
9 and the prior written consent of the chief judge, judge of the probate court, or chief
10 magistrate of the affected court, the clerk of each superior court, state court, probate court,
11 magistrate court, juvenile court, or municipal court in this state is authorized, but not
12 required, to create and maintain digital copies of records, pleadings, orders, writs, process,
13 and other documents submitted to or issued by the court in criminal, quasi-criminal,
14 juvenile, or civil proceedings or in any proceedings involving the enforcement of
15 ordinances of local governments. All digital copies created pursuant to this subsection shall
16 be accurate copies of the original documents and shall be stored and indexed in such
17 manner as to be readily retrievable in the office of the clerk during normal business hours.
18 It shall be the duty of the clerk to provide and maintain software and computers, readers,
19 printers, and other necessary equipment in sufficient numbers to permit the retrieval,
20 duplication, and printing of such digitally stored documents in a timely fashion when
21 copies are requested. A copy of such digitally stored document retrieved by the clerk shall
22 be admissible in all courts in the same manner as the original document. If a backup copy
23 is created pursuant to the process prescribed by subsections (b), (c), and (d) of Code
24 Section 15-6-62, the clerk is authorized to destroy the original document. This subsection
25 shall not apply to documents or records which have been ordered sealed by the court nor
26 to documents which are placed in evidence in a proceeding. The costs of creating and
27 storing digital copies of documents and providing the necessary software and equipment
28 to retrieve and reproduce such documents shall be paid from funds available for the
29 operation of the court. The provisions of this subsection shall constitute an additional and
30 alternative method of records management and shall not supersede or repeal Code Section
31 15-6-62, 15-6-62.1, 15-6-86, or 15-6-87."

32 **SECTION 2.**

33 Said chapter is further amended by adding a new Code section to the end of the chapter to
34 read as follows:

1 "15-1-15.

2 (a)(1) Any court that has jurisdiction over any criminal case which arises from the use,
3 sale, possession, delivery, distribution, purchase, or manufacture of a controlled
4 substance, noncontrolled substance, dangerous drug, or other drug may establish a drug
5 court division to provide an alternative to the traditional judicial system for disposition
6 of such cases.

7 (2) In any case which arises from the use, addiction, dependency, sale, possession,
8 delivery, distribution, purchase, or manufacture of a controlled substance, noncontrolled
9 substance, dangerous drug, other drug, or is ancillary to such conduct and the defendant
10 meets the eligibility criteria for the drug court division, the court may assign the case to
11 the drug court division:

12 (A) Prior to the entry of the sentence, if the prosecuting attorney consents;

13 (B) As part of a sentence in a case; or

14 (C) Upon consideration of a petition to revoke probation.

15 (3) Each drug court division shall adopt policies and procedures consistent with the
16 Standards of Drug Courts adopted by the Judicial Council of Georgia, establish
17 conditions, protocol, and rules for referral of such cases to the drug court division. The
18 drug court division shall combine judicial supervision, treatment of drug court division
19 participants, and drug testing.

20 (4) Each drug court division shall have the same jurisdiction as the court that established
21 the drug court division. The court instituting the drug court division may designate one
22 or more judges to sit as judges of the drug court division. In addition, the court may
23 designate one or more judges to sit as judges of the drug court division on a standby
24 basis. The court instituting the drug court division shall require the drug court judges to
25 complete a planned program of instruction in criminal law, substance abuse, treatment
26 alternatives, psychology, family dynamics, and working with diverse populations.

27 (5) The court instituting the drug court division may request the prosecuting attorney for
28 the jurisdiction to designate one or more prosecuting attorneys to serve in the drug court
29 division and may request the public defender, if any, to designate one or more assistant
30 public defenders to serve in the drug court division.

31 (6) The clerk of the court instituting the drug court division or such clerk's designee shall
32 serve as the clerk of the drug court division.

33 (7) The court instituting the drug court division may request probation officers and other
34 employees of the court to perform duties for the drug court division. Such employees
35 shall perform duties as directed by the judges of the drug court division.

1 (8) The court instituting the drug court division may enter into agreements with other
2 courts and agencies for the assignment of personnel from other courts and agencies to the
3 drug court division.

4 (9) Expenses for salaries, equipment, services, and supplies incurred in implementing
5 this Code section may be paid from state funds, funds of the county or political
6 subdivision implementing such drug court division, federal grant funds, and funds from
7 private donations.

8 (b)(1) Each drug court division shall establish criteria which define the successful
9 completion of the drug court division program.

10 (2) If the drug court division participant successfully completes the drug court division
11 program prior to the entry of judgment, the case against the drug court division
12 participant may be dismissed by the prosecuting attorney.

13 (3) If the drug court division participant successfully completes the drug court division
14 program as part of a sentence imposed by the court, the sentence of the drug court
15 division participant may be reduced or modified.

16 (4) Any plea of guilty or nolo contendere entered pursuant to this Code section may not
17 be withdrawn without the consent of the court.

18 (c) Any statement made by a drug court division participant as part of participation in such
19 court, or any report made by the staff of the court or program connected to the court,
20 regarding a participant's substance usage shall not be admissible as evidence against the
21 participant in any legal proceeding or prosecution; provided, however, if the participant
22 violates the conditions of his or her participation in the program or is terminated from the
23 drug court division, the reasons for the violation or termination may be considered in
24 sanctioning, sentencing, or otherwise disposing of the participant's case.

25 (d) Nothing contained in this Code section shall be construed to permit a judge to impose,
26 modify, or reduce a sentence below the minimum sentence required by law.

27 (e) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, drug court division staff shall be
28 provided, upon request, with access to all records relevant to the treatment of the drug court
29 division participant from any state or local government agency. All such records and the
30 contents thereof shall be treated as confidential, shall not be disclosed to any person outside
31 of the drug court division, and shall not be subject to Article 4 of Chapter 18 of Title 50,
32 relating to open records, or subject to subpoena, discovery, or introduction into evidence
33 in any civil or criminal proceeding. Such records and the contents thereof shall be
34 maintained by the drug court division and originating court in a confidential file not
35 available to the public.

1 (f) Any fees received by a drug court division from a drug court division participant as
2 payment for substance abuse treatment and services shall not be considered as court costs
3 or a fine.

4 (g) The court may have the authority to accept grants and donations and other proceeds
5 from outside sources for the purpose of supporting the drug court division. Any such
6 grants, donations, or proceeds shall be retained by the drug court division for expenses."

7 **SECTION 3.**

8 All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.