

Senate Bill 19

By: Senators Johnson of the 1st, Balfour of the 9th, Wiles of the 37th, Hill of the 32nd,  
Williams of the 19th and others

**AS PASSED SENATE**

**A BILL TO BE ENTITLED  
AN ACT**

1 To amend Code Section 9-11-23 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to class  
2 actions, so as to provide for procedures, conditions, and limitations on certification of class  
3 actions; to provide for appellate procedures relating to class actions certification; to provide  
4 for related matters; to provide an effective date; to repeal conflicting laws; and for other  
5 purposes.

6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

7 **SECTION 1.**

8 Code Section 9-11-23 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to class actions,  
9 is amended by striking subsection (f), and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

10 ~~"(f)(1) The appropriate appellate court may in its discretion permit an appeal from an~~  
11 ~~order of a trial court granting or denying class action certification under this Code section~~  
12 ~~if application is made to it within ten days after entry of the order. An appeal does not~~  
13 ~~stay proceedings in the trial court unless the trial judge or the appellate court so orders.~~  
14 No class of civil litigants shall be certified or recognized by any court of this state unless  
15 there shall have been compliance with the procedures for certification of the class set  
16 forth in this subsection.

17 (2) As soon as practicable after the commencement of an action in which claims or  
18 defenses are purported to be asserted on behalf of or against a class, or as soon as  
19 practicable after assertions in an amended pleading and any response required thereto, the  
20 court shall hold a conference among all named parties to the action for the purpose of  
21 establishing a schedule, in the same manner and to the same extent contemplated by Code  
22 Section 9-11-16, for any discovery in which the parties may wish to engage which is both  
23 allowed by Code Section 9-11-26 through Code Section 9-11-37 and germane to the issue  
24 of whether the requested class should or should not be certified. At this conference, the  
25 court may set a date for a hearing on the issue of class certification, but such hearing may

1 not be set sooner than 90 days after the date on which the court issues its scheduling order  
2 pursuant to the conference unless a shorter time is agreed to by all parties.

3 (3) Upon motion of any party, the court shall, except for good cause shown and even then  
4 only if the interests of justice require that it not do so, stay all discovery directed solely  
5 to the merits of the claims or defenses in the action until the court shall have made its  
6 decision regarding certification of the class. In considering such a motion, the court shall  
7 consider whether any prejudice to the plaintiff exists because of the filing by the  
8 defendant of a motion for summary judgment pursuant to Code Section 9-11-56 prior to  
9 the court's decision regarding class certification.

10 (4) The court shall, on motion of any party, hold a full evidentiary hearing on class  
11 certification. The hearing shall be recorded, and all named parties to the action shall be  
12 given notice of the date, time, and place of the hearing by written notification given to the  
13 party's attorney, or if appearing pro se, to the party, no later than 60 days prior to the date  
14 set for the hearing. At the hearing, the parties shall be allowed to present, in the same  
15 manner as at trial, any admissible evidence in support of or in opposition to the  
16 certification of the class.

17 (5) When deciding whether a requested class is to be certified, the court shall determine,  
18 by employing a rigorous analysis, if the party or parties requesting class certification have  
19 proved its or their entitlement to class certification under this Code section. The burden  
20 of coming forward with such proof shall at all times be on the party or parties seeking  
21 certification, and if such proof shall not have been adduced, the court shall not order  
22 certification of the class. In making this determination, the court shall analyze all factors  
23 required by this Code section for certification of a class and shall not order certification  
24 unless all such factors shall have been established. In announcing its determination, the  
25 court shall place in the record of the action a written order addressing all such factors and  
26 specifying the evidence, or lack of evidence, on which the court has based its decision  
27 with regard to whether each such factor has been established. In so doing, the court may  
28 treat a factor as having been established if all parties to the action have so stipulated on  
29 the record and if the court shall be satisfied that such factor could be proven to have been  
30 established.

31 (6) Nothing in this Code section shall affect, or be construed to affect, any provision of  
32 Code Section 9-11-12 or Code Section 9-11-56.

33 (g) A court's order certifying a class or refusing to certify a class action shall be appealable  
34 in the same manner as a final order to the appellate court which would otherwise have  
35 jurisdiction over the appeal from a final order in the action. The appellate courts shall  
36 expedite resolution of any appeals taken under this section. Such appeal may only be filed  
37 within 42 days of the order certifying or refusing to certify the class. The filing of such

1 appeal, the failure to file an appeal, or the affirmance of the certification or denial order  
2 shall in no way affect the right of any party, after the entry of final judgment, to appeal the  
3 earlier certification of, or refusal to certify, the class. If the appeal is not the first appeal  
4 taken by the party, the subsequent appeal shall be based upon the record at the time of final  
5 judgment and shall be considered by the court only to the extent that either the facts or  
6 controlling law relevant to certification have changed from that which existed or controlled  
7 at the time of the earlier certification or refusal to certify. During the pendency of any such  
8 appeal, the action in the trial court shall be stayed in all respects. Following adjudication  
9 on appeal or, if the initial appeal is to an intermediate appellate court, adjudication of the  
10 action on any writ of certiorari granted by the Supreme Court of Georgia, if the class is not  
11 to be certified, the stay in the trial court shall automatically dissolve and the trial court may  
12 proceed to adjudicate any remaining individual claims or defenses. If, after such appeal or  
13 procedure on writ of certiorari, the class is to be certified, the stay shall likewise dissolve  
14 and the trial court shall proceed with adjudication on the merits. Such certification shall  
15 constitute a final and binding determination with respect to that class for the remainder of  
16 the adjudication of the action."

17 **SECTION 2.**

18 This Act shall become effective upon its approval by the Governor or upon its becoming law  
19 without such approval.

20 **SECTION 3.**

21 All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.