03 HB 347/AP

House Bill 347 (AS PASSED HOUSE AND SENATE)

By: Representatives Purcell of the 122nd, Ray of the 108th, James of the 114th, Crawford of the 91st, Oliver of the 121st, Post 2, and others

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

1	To amend Title 43 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to professions and
2	businesses, so as to extensively revise the "Georgia Veterinary Practice Act"; to provide a
3	short title; to provide for legislative purpose; to define certain terms; to provide for the State
4	Board of Veterinary Medicine and its members, powers, and duties; to provide for licensing
5	of veterinarians and regulation of the practice of veterinary medicine; to provide for
6	registration of veterinary technicians and regulation of the practice of veterinary technology;
7	to provide for certain exceptions; to provide punishments for certain violations; to provide
8	standards for veterinary facilities; to provide for immunity for certain acts; to provide
9	effective dates; to repeal conflicting laws; and for other purposes.
10	BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:
10	DE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA.
11	PART I
12	SECTION 1-1.

- 13 Title 43 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to professions and businesses,
- 14 is amended by striking Chapter 50, relating to veterinarians and veterinary technicians, and
- inserting in lieu thereof the following:
- 16 "CHAPTER 50
- 17 ARTICLE 1
- 18 43-50-1.
- 19 This chapter shall be known and may be cited as the 'Georgia Veterinary Practice Act.'
- 20 43-50-2.
- 21 This chapter is enacted as an exercise of the powers of the state to promote the public
- health, safety, and welfare by safeguarding the people of this state against incompetent,
- 23 dishonest, or unprincipled practitioners of veterinary medicine or veterinary technology.

- 1 43-50-3.
- 2 As used in this chapter, the term:
- 3 (1) 'Accredited college or school of veterinary medicine' means any veterinary college
- 4 or school or division of a university or college that offers the degree of Doctor of
- 5 Veterinary Medicine or its equivalent and that conforms to the standards required for
- 6 <u>accreditation by the American Veterinary Medical Association Council on Education or</u>
- 7 <u>its successor organization.</u>
- 8 (1)(2) 'Animal' means any animal other than man and includes fowl, birds, fish, and
- 9 reptiles, wild or domestic, living or dead.
- 10 (3) 'AVMA accredited program in veterinary technology' means any postsecondary
- 11 <u>educational program of two or more academic years that has fulfilled the essential criteria</u>
- 12 <u>established by the Committee on Veterinary Technician Education and Activities and</u>
- 13 <u>approved by the American Veterinary Medical Association or its successor organization.</u>
- 14 (2)(4) 'Board' means the State Board of Veterinary Medicine.
- 15 (5) 'Direct supervision' means that the licensed veterinarian is on the premises and is
- quickly and easily available and that the animal patient has been examined by a licensed
- 17 <u>veterinarian at such time as acceptable veterinary medical practice requires, consistent</u>
- with the particular delegated animal health care task.
- 19 (6) 'ECFVG certificate or its substantial equivalent' means a certificate issued by the
- 20 <u>American Veterinary Medical Association Educational Commission for Foreign</u>
- 21 <u>Veterinary Graduates or its successor organization indicating the holder has demonstrated</u>
- 22 <u>knowledge and skill equivalent to that possessed by a graduate of an accredited college</u>
- 23 <u>of veterinary medicine.</u>
- 24 (7) 'Immediate supervision' means the licensed veterinarian is in audible and visual range
- of the animal patient and the person treating the animal.
- 26 (8) 'Indirect supervision' means the licensed veterinarian is not on the premises but has
- 27 given either written or oral instructions for the treatment of the animal patient and the
- 28 <u>animal has been examined by a licensed veterinarian at such times as acceptable</u>
- 29 <u>veterinary medical practice requires, consistent with the particular delegated health care</u>
- 30 <u>task.</u>
- 31 (3)(9) 'Licensed veterinarian' means a person who is validly and currently licensed to
- practice veterinary medicine in this state.
- 33 (4)(10) 'Person' means any individual, firm, partnership, limited liability company,
- association, joint venture, cooperative, and corporation or any other group or combination
- acting in concert; and whether or not acting as a principal, trustee, fiduciary, receiver, or
- as any other kind of legal or personal representative, or as the successor in interest,

- assignee, agent, factor, servant, employee, member, director, officer, or any other representative of such person.
- 3 (5)(11) To 'practice veterinary medicine' or the 'practice of veterinary medicine' means:

- (A) To diagnose, treat, correct, change, relieve, or prevent animal disease, deformity, defect, injury, or other physical or mental conditions, including the prescription, or administration, or dispensing of any prescription drug, medicine, biologic, apparatus, application, anesthetic, or other therapeutic or diagnostic substance or technique for testing on, for, or to any animal, including but not limited to acupuncture, animal dentistry, manual or mechanical adjustment procedures, physical therapy, surgery, diagnostic veterinary pathology, any manual, mechanical, biological, or chemical procedure used for pregnancy testing, or for correcting sterility or infertility, or to render advice or recommendations with regard to any of the above; but not including such administration or dispensing pursuant to prescription or direction of a licensed
- (B)(i) To apply or use any instrument or device on any portion of an animal's tooth, gum, or any related tissue for the prevention, cure, or relief of any wound, fracture, injury, disease, or other condition of an animal's tooth, gum, or related tissue.

veterinarian, homeopathy, or botanical medicine;

- (ii) To engage in preventive dental procedures on animals including, but not limited to, the removal of calculus, soft deposits, plaque, or stains or the smoothing, filing, or polishing of tooth surfaces.
- (iii) Nothing in this subparagraph shall prohibit any person from utilizing cotton swabs, gauze, dental floss, dentifrice, toothbrushes, or similar items to clean an animal's teeth;
- (C) To represent, directly or indirectly, publicly or privately, an ability and willingness to do any act described in subparagraphs (A) and (B) of this paragraph; and

(D) To use any title, words, abbreviation, or letters in a manner or under circumstances

- which induce the belief that the person using them is <u>legally authorized or</u> qualified to do any <u>perform an</u> act described in subparagraphs (A) and (B) of <u>included in</u> this paragraph, except where such person is a veterinarian. <u>Such use shall be evidence of the intention to represent oneself as engaged in the practice of veterinary medicine;

 (E) To apply principles of environmental sanitation, food inspection, environmental pollution control, zoonotic disease control, and disaster medicine in the promotion and</u>
- pollution control, zoonotic disease control, and disaster medicine in the promotion and protection of public health as it specifically relates to animals. This subparagraph shall apply only to licensed veterinarians and not to other qualified individuals;
- 35 <u>(F) To collect blood or other samples for the purpose of diagnosing diseases or related</u> 36 conditions. This subparagraph shall not apply to unlicensed professionals employed by

1	or under	contract	with	the	United	States	Department	of	Agriculture	or the	Georgia

- 2 Department of Agriculture who are engaged in their official duties; or
- 3 (G) To administer a rabies vaccination to any animal that the state requires to be
- 4 <u>vaccinated.</u>
- 5 (12) 'Prescription drug' includes any medicine, medication, or pharmaceutical or
- 6 <u>biological product whose manufacturer's label must, pursuant to federal or state law, have</u>
- 7 <u>the following statement printed on its packaging: 'Federal law restricts this drug to use</u>
- 8 by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian'; or any over-the-counter product that is used
- 9 <u>in a manner different from the label directions and that by definition requires a valid</u>
- 10 <u>veterinarian-client-patient relationship for prescription or dispensing.</u>
- 11 (13) 'Registered veterinary technician' means a veterinary technician who is validly and
- currently registered to practice veterinary technology in this state.
- 13 (6) 'School of veterinary medicine' means any veterinary college or division of a
- 14 university or college that offers the degree of Doctor of Veterinary Medicine or its
- equivalent and that conforms to the standards required for accreditation by the American
- 16 Veterinary Medical Association.
- 17 (7)(14) 'Veterinarian' means a person who has received a doctor's doctorate degree in
- veterinary medicine from a <u>college or</u> school of veterinary medicine.
- 19 (15) 'Veterinarian-client-patient relationship' means that:
- 20 (A) The licensed veterinarian or his or her licensed designee has assumed the
- 21 <u>responsibility for making medical judgments regarding the health of the animal and the</u>
- 22 <u>need for medical treatment, and the client (owner or caretaker) has agreed to follow the</u>
- 23 <u>instruction of the licensed veterinarian;</u>
- 24 (B) There is sufficient knowledge of the animal by the licensed veterinarian to initiate
- 25 <u>at least a general or preliminary diagnosis of the medical condition of the animal. This</u>
- 26 means that the licensed veterinarian has recently seen and is personally acquainted with
- 27 <u>the keeping and care of the animal by the virtue of examination of the animal or by</u>
- 28 medically appropriate and timely visits to the premises where the animal is kept; and
- 29 (C) A licensed veterinarian is readily available for follow up in the case of adverse
- 30 <u>reactions or failure of the regimen of therapy.</u>
- 31 (16) 'Veterinary facility' means any premises owned or operated by a veterinarian or his
- 32 <u>or her employer where the practice of veterinary medicine occurs, including but not</u>
- 33 <u>limited to veterinary hospitals, clinics, or mobile clinics; provided, however, that such</u>
- 34 <u>term does not include a client's private property where a licensed veterinarian treats the</u>
- 35 <u>client's animals.</u>
- 36 (8)(17) 'Veterinary medicine' includes veterinary surgery, obstetrics, dentistry, and all
- other branches or specialties of veterinary medicine.

- 1 (18) 'Veterinary technician' means a person who engages in the practice of veterinary
- 2 <u>technology</u>.
- 3 (19) 'Veterinary technology' means the science and art of providing certain aspects of
- 4 professional medical care and treatment for animals and the practice of veterinary
- 5 medicine as may be delegated by a veterinarian but does not include making a diagnosis
- or prognosis, prescribing treatment, performing surgery, or the prescription of
- 7 <u>medications. Such authorized tasks when performed by a registered veterinary technician</u>
- 8 <u>in accordance with such delegation by a licensed veterinarian shall not constitute the</u>
- 9 <u>practice of veterinary medicine by such registered veterinary technician, the provisions</u>
- of paragraph (11) of this Code section notwithstanding.

11 ARTICLE 2

- 12 43-50-20.
- 13 (a) The There shall be a State Board of Veterinary Medicine is created, the members of
- which shall be appointed by the Governor with the approval of the Secretary of State and
- confirmed confirmation by the Senate. The board shall consist of six members, each
- appointed for a term of five years or until his <u>or her</u> successor is appointed. Five members
- of the board shall be duly licensed veterinarians actually engaged in active practice for at
- least five years prior to appointment. The sixth member shall be appointed from the public
- at large and shall in no way be connected with the practice of veterinary medicine. The
- 20 initial appointment for the sixth member shall expire June 30, 1985; thereafter, successors
- shall be appointed for a term of five years. Those members of the Georgia State Board of
- 22 Veterinary Examiners State Board of Veterinary Medicine serving on July 1, 1965 2003,
- shall continue to serve as members of the board until the expiration of the term for which
- they were appointed. Thereafter, successors to such board members shall be appointed in
- accordance with this Code section.
- 26 (b) Vacancies due to death, resignation, removal, or otherwise shall be filled for the
- 27 remainder of the unexpired term in the same manner as regular appointments. No person
- shall serve two consecutive five-year terms, but a person appointed for a term of less than
- five years may succeed himself or herself.
- 30 (c) No person may serve on the board who is, or was during the two years preceding his
- 31 <u>or her</u> appointment, a member of the faculty, trustees, or advisory board of a veterinary
- 32 school.
- 33 (d) Each member of the board shall be reimbursed as provided for in subsection (f) of
- 34 Code Section 43-1-2.

- 1 (e) Any member of the board may be removed by the Governor after a hearing by the
- 2 board determines cause for removal.
- 3 (f) The board shall meet at least once each year at the time fixed by the board. Other
- 4 necessary meetings may be called by the president of the board by giving such notice as
- shall be established by the board. Meetings shall be open and public except that the board
- 6 may meet in closed session to prepare, approve, administer, or grade examinations or to
- 7 deliberate the qualifications of an applicant for license or the disposition of a proceeding
- 8 to discipline a licensed veterinarian.
- 9 (g) At its annual meeting, the board shall organize by electing a president and such other
- officers as may be required by the board. Officers of the board serve for terms of one year
- and until a successor is elected, without limitation on the number of terms an officer may
- serve. The president shall serve as chairman of chair the board meetings.
- 13 43-50-21.
- 14 (a) The board shall have the power to:
- 15 (1) Examine and determine the qualifications and fitness of applicants for a license
- 16 <u>licenses or registrations</u> to practice veterinary medicine <u>and veterinary technology</u> in this
- 17 state;
- 18 (2) Issue, renew, refuse to renew, deny, suspend, or revoke licenses or registrations to
- practice veterinary medicine <u>or veterinary technology</u> in this state or otherwise discipline
- 20 licensed veterinarians and registered veterinary technicians; and to issue, renew, deny,
- suspend, or revoke veterinary faculty licenses, consistent with this article chapter and the
- rules and regulations adopted under this article chapter;
- 23 (3) Conduct investigations for the purpose of discovering violations of this article
- 24 <u>chapter</u> or grounds for disciplining licensed veterinarians persons licensed or registered
- 25 <u>under this chapter;</u>
- 26 (4) Hold hearings on all matters properly brought before the board; and, in connection
- 27 therewith, to administer oaths, receive evidence, make the necessary determinations, and
- enter orders consistent with the findings. The board may designate one or more of its
- 29 members to serve as its hearing officer;
- 30 (5) Appoint from its own membership one member to act as a representative of the board
- at any meeting within or outside the state where such representative is deemed desirable;
- 32 (6) Bring proceedings in the courts for the enforcement of this article chapter or any
- regulations made pursuant to this article chapter; and
- 34 (7) Adopt, amend, or repeal all rules necessary for its government and all regulations
- necessary to carry this article chapter into effect, including without limitation the

- 1 establishment and publication of standards of professional conduct for the practice of
- 2 veterinary medicine <u>and veterinary technology</u>.
- 3 (b) The powers enumerated in subsection (a) of this Code section are granted for the
- 4 purpose of enabling the board to supervise effectively the practice of veterinary medicine
- and <u>veterinary technology and</u> are to be construed liberally to accomplish this objective.

6 <u>ARTICLE 3</u>

7 <u>Part 1</u>

- 8 43-50-22. <u>43-50-30</u>.
- 9 (a) No person may practice veterinary medicine in this state who is not a licensed
- veterinarian or the holder of a valid temporary license issued by the division director
- pursuant to this article.
- 12 (b) A licensed veterinarian may practice veterinary medicine as an employee of a
- 13 corporation, partnership, or other business organization provided the articles of
- 14 <u>incorporation</u>, partnership, or business organization documents clearly state that the
- 15 <u>licensed veterinarian is not subject to the direction of anyone not licensed to practice</u>
- 16 <u>veterinary medicine in Georgia in making veterinary medical decisions or judgments.</u>
- 17 43-50-23. <u>43-50-31.</u>
- 18 (a) Any person desiring a license to practice veterinary medicine in this state shall make
- written application to the board. The application shall include evidence, satisfactory to the
- 20 board, that:
- 21 (1) The applicant has attained the age of 18;
- 22 (2) The applicant is of good moral character;
- 23 (3) The applicant is a graduate of a veterinary school an accredited college or school of
- veterinary medicine or possesses an ECFVG certificate or its substantial equivalent;
- provided, however, that a senior veterinary student may, in the discretion of the board,
- be allowed to sit for the examination during his <u>or her</u> senior year if he <u>or she</u> meets the
- other qualifications but shall not be issued a license unless and until he <u>or she</u> graduates;
- and
- 29 (4) The applicant meets such other qualifications or provides such other information as
- 30 the board may require by rule.
- 31 (b) The application shall be accompanied by a fee in the amount established by the board.
- 32 (c) If the board determines that an applicant possesses the proper qualifications, it shall
- admit the applicant to the next examination; provided, however, that the board may provide

- by rule for waiver of any part of such examination for veterinarians who are licensed as
- 2 <u>such by another state and who are in good standing therewith.</u>
- 3 43-50-24. <u>43-50-32.</u>
- 4 (a) The board shall hold at least one <u>license</u> examination during each year and may hold
- 5 such additional <u>license</u> examinations as are necessary.
- 6 (b) After each examination, the division director shall notify each examinee of the result
- of his <u>or her</u> examination, and the board shall issue licenses to the persons successfully
- 8 completing the examination. The division director shall record the new licenses and issue
- 9 a certificate of registration to the new licensees. Any person failing an examination shall
- 10 be admitted to any subsequent examination on payment of the application fee. If an
- 11 <u>applicant fails a license examination, the applicant may take a subsequent examination</u>
- 12 upon payment of the registration and examination fees. No person may take the
- examination more than three times without review and approval by the board. Approval
- 14 may be provided under such circumstances as the board deems appropriate.
- 15 43-50-25. <u>43-50-33.</u>
- Any person holding a valid license to practice veterinary medicine in this state on July 1,
- 17 1965 2003, shall be recognized as a licensed veterinarian and shall be entitled to retain this
- status so long as he <u>or she</u> complies with this article, including biennial renewal of the
- 19 license.

20 <u>Part 2</u>

- 21 43-50-26. 43-50-40.
- 22 (a) All licenses <u>and registrations under this article</u> shall be renewable biennially.
- 23 (b) Any person who shall practice veterinary medicine or veterinary technology after the
- 24 expiration of his <u>or her</u> license <u>or registration</u> and willfully or by neglect fail to renew such
- license <u>or registration</u> shall be practicing in violation of this article, provided that any
- person may renew an expired license or registration within one year of the date of its
- 27 expiration by making written application for renewal and paying the current renewal fee
- 28 plus all delinquent renewal fees. After one year has elapsed from the date of the expiration,
- such license or registration may be reinstated in accordance with the rules of the board.
- 30 (c) The board may by rule waive the payment of the registration renewal fee of a licensed
- 31 veterinarian or registered veterinary technician during the period when he or she is on
- active duty with any branch of the armed forces of the United States, not to exceed the
- longer of three years or the duration of a national emergency.

(d)(1) The board shall establish a program of continuing professional veterinary medical education for the renewal of veterinarian veterinary licenses. Notwithstanding any other provision of this article, beginning with the licenses which are to be renewed in 1990, no license to practice veterinary medicine shall be renewed by the board or the division director until the licensed veterinarian submits to the board satisfactory proof of his or her participation, during the biennium preceding his or her application for renewal, in approved programs of continuing professional veterinary medical education, as defined in this Code section. Veterinarians who have been licensed in this state for 40 years or more on December 31, 1988, shall not be required to participate in continuing education as a condition of license renewal. The amount of continuing veterinary medical education required of licensed veterinarians by the board under this paragraph shall not exceed be less than 30 hours and shall be established by board rule.

- (2) Continuing professional veterinary medical education shall consist of educational programs providing training pertinent to the practice of veterinary medicine and approved by the board under this Code section. The board shall <u>may</u> approve educational programs for persons practicing veterinary medicine in this state on a reasonable nondiscriminatory fee basis and may contract with institutions of higher learning, professional organizations, or qualified individuals for the provision of approved programs. In addition to such programs, the board <u>shall may</u> allow the continuing <u>professional veterinary medical</u> education requirement to be fulfilled by the completion of approved <u>correspondence</u> courses which provide the required hours of approved programs of continuing <u>professional veterinary medical education or to be fulfilled by a combination of approved correspondence courses and other educational programs <u>distance learning courses</u>, with the number of hours being established by board rule.</u>
- (3) The board may, consistent with the requirements of this Code section, promulgate rules and regulations to implement and administer this Code section, including the establishment of a committee to prescribe standards, approve and contract for educational programs, and set the required minimum number of hours per year.
- (e) The board shall provide by regulation for an inactive status license <u>or registration</u> for those individuals who elect to apply for such status. Persons who are granted inactive status shall not engage in the practice of veterinary medicine <u>or veterinary technology</u> and shall be exempt from the requirements of continuing veterinary medical education <u>during such inactivity</u>.

43-50-27. 43-50-41.

- 2 (a) The board is authorized to refuse to grant a license or registration to an applicant, or
- 3 to revoke the license <u>or registration</u> of a <u>veterinarian person</u> licensed <u>or registered</u> by the
- 4 board, or to discipline a veterinarian person licensed or registered under this chapter or any
- 5 antecedent law, or to discipline a veterinary technician licensed under this chapter or any
- 6 antecedent law, upon a finding by a majority of the entire board that the licensee, registrant,
- 7 or applicant has:
- 8 (1) Failed to demonstrate the qualifications or standards for a license or registration
- 9 contained in this chapter or in the rules and regulations issued by the board, pursuant to
- specific statutory authority. It shall be incumbent upon the applicant to demonstrate to the
- satisfaction of the board that he <u>or she</u> meets all the requirements for the issuance of a
- license <u>or registration</u>, and, if the board is not satisfied as to the applicant's qualifications,
- it may deny a license <u>or registration</u> without a prior hearing; provided, however, that the
- applicant shall be allowed to appear before the board if he <u>or she</u> so desires;
- 15 (2) Knowingly made misleading, deceptive, untrue, or fraudulent representations in the
- practice of veterinary medicine or <u>veterinary technology</u> on any document connected
- therewith; or practiced fraud or deceit or intentionally made any false statement in
- obtaining a license or registration to practice veterinary medicine or veterinary
- technology; or made a false statement or deceptive biennial registration renewal with the
- 20 board;
- 21 (3) Been convicted of any felony or of any crime involving moral turpitude in the courts
- of this state or any other state, territory, or country or in the courts of the United States.
- As used in this paragraph, the term 'felony' shall include any offense which, if committed
- in this state, would be deemed a felony without regard to its designation elsewhere. As
- used in this paragraph, the term 'conviction' shall include a finding or verdict of guilty or
- a plea of guilty, regardless of whether an appeal of the conviction has been sought;
- 27 (4) Been arrested, charged, and sentenced for the commission of any felony, or any crime
- involving moral turpitude, where:
- 29 (A) A plea of nolo contendere was entered to the charge;
- 30 (B) First offender treatment without adjudication of guilt pursuant to the charge was
- 31 granted; or
- 32 (C) An adjudication or sentence was otherwise withheld or not entered on the charge.
- 33 The plea of nolo contendere or the order entered pursuant to the provisions of Article 3
- of Chapter 8 of Title 42 or other first offender treatment shall be conclusive evidence of
- arrest and sentencing for such crime;
- 36 (5) Had his <u>or her</u> license to practice veterinary medicine <u>or registration to practice</u>
- 37 <u>veterinary technology</u> revoked, suspended, or annulled by any lawful licensing veterinary

medical authority other than the board; or had other disciplinary action taken against him <u>or her</u> by any lawful licensing <u>or registering</u> veterinary medical authority other than the board; or was denied a license <u>or registration</u> by any lawful licensing veterinary medical authority other than the board, pursuant to disciplinary proceedings; or was refused the renewal of a license <u>or registration</u> by any lawful licensing veterinary medical authority other than the board, pursuant to disciplinary proceedings;

(6) Engaged in any unprofessional, immoral, unethical, deceptive, or deleterious conduct or practice harmful to the public, which conduct or practice materially affects the fitness of the licensee, registrant, or applicant to practice veterinary medicine or veterinary technology, or of a nature likely to jeopardize the interest of the public, which conduct or practice need not have resulted in actual injury or be directly related to the practice of veterinary medicine or veterinary technology but shows that the licensee, registrant, or applicant has committed any act or omission which is indicative of bad moral character or untrustworthiness. Unprofessional conduct shall also include any departure from, or the failure to conform to, the minimal standards of acceptable and prevailing veterinary medical practice or veterinary technology practice. Unprofessional conduct shall also include, but not be limited to, the following: failure to keep veterinary facility premises and equipment in a clean and sanitary condition; dishonesty or gross negligence in the inspection of foodstuffs or the issuance of health or inspection certificates; or cruelty to animals;

(7) Knowingly performed any act which in any way aids, assists, procures, advises, or encourages any unlicensed <u>or unregistered</u> person or any licensee or registrant whose license <u>or registration</u> has been suspended or revoked by the board to practice veterinary medicine <u>or veterinary technology</u> or to practice outside the scope of any disciplinary limitation placed upon the licensee or registrant by the board;

(8) Violated a statute, law, or any rule or regulation of this state, any other state, the board, the United States, or any other lawful authority (without regard to whether the violation is criminally punishable), which statute, law, rule, or regulation relates to or in part regulates the practice of veterinary medicine <u>or veterinary technology</u>, when the licensee, <u>registrant</u>, or applicant knows or should know that such action violates such statute, law, rule, or regulation; or violated the lawful order of the board previously entered by the board in a disciplinary hearing, consent decree, or license reinstatement; (9) Been adjudged mentally incompetent by a court of competent jurisdiction within or without this state. Any such adjudication shall automatically suspend the license <u>or registration</u> of any such person and shall prevent the reissuance or renewal of any license <u>or registration</u> so suspended for as long as the adjudication of incompetence is in effect;

(10) Displayed an inability to practice veterinary medicine or veterinary technology with reasonable skill and safety to patients or has become unable to practice veterinary medicine or veterinary technology with reasonable skill and safety to patients by reason of illness, use of alcohol, drugs, narcotics, chemicals, or any other type of material, or as a result of any mental or physical condition, or by reason of displaying habitual intoxication, addiction to, or recurrent personal misuse of alcohol, drugs, narcotics, chemicals, or any other type of similar substances. In enforcing this paragraph, the board may, upon reasonable grounds, require a licensee, registrant, or applicant to submit to a mental or physical examination by physicians designated by the board. The results of such examination shall be admissible in any hearing before the board, notwithstanding any claim of privilege under a contrary rule of law or statute. Every person who shall accept the privilege of practicing veterinary medicine or veterinary technology in this state or who shall file an application for a license or registration to practice veterinary medicine or veterinary technology in this state shall be deemed to have given that person's consent to submit to such mental or physical examination and to have waived all objections to the admissibility of the results in any hearing before the board upon the grounds that the same constitutes a privileged communication. If a licensee, registrant, or applicant fails to submit to such an examination when properly directed to do so by the board, unless such failure is due to circumstances beyond his or her control, the board may enter a final order upon proper notice, hearing, and proof of such refusal. Any licensee, registrant, or applicant who is prohibited from practicing veterinary medicine or veterinary technology under this paragraph shall at reasonable intervals be afforded an opportunity to demonstrate to the board that such person can resume or begin the practice of veterinary medicine or veterinary technology with reasonable skill and safety to patients; (11) Failed to register with the division director as required by law. It shall be the duty of every licensee or registrant to notify the board of any change in his or her address of record with the board; provided, however, that, for a period established by the division director after failure to register, a license or registration may be reinstated by payment of a registration fee to be determined by the board by rule and by filing of a special application therefor. After this period has elapsed, a license or registration may be revoked for failure to register and for failure to pay the fee as provided by law. Any license revoked under the terms of this Code section may be reinstated only upon an applicant's taking the examination required by Code Section 43-50-23 and paying the fees prescribed by law therefor;

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(12) Engaged in the excessive prescribing or administering of drugs or treatment or the

use of diagnostic procedures which are detrimental to the patient as determined by the

- 1 customary practice and standards of the local community of licensees; or knowingly
- 2 prescribed controlled drug substances or any other medication without a legitimate
- 3 veterinary medical purpose; or knowingly <u>overprescribed</u> controlled drug substances or
- 4 other medication, in light of the condition of the patient at the time of prescription; or
- 5 (13) Knowingly made any fraudulent, misleading, or deceptive statement in any form of
- 6 advertising or made any statement in any advertisement concerning the quality of the
- 7 veterinary services rendered by that <u>licensed</u> veterinarian or any <u>licensed</u> veterinarian
- 8 associated with him <u>or her</u>. For purposes of this paragraph, 'advertising' shall include any
- 9 information communicated in a manner designated to attract public attention to the
- practice of the licensee: or registrant;
- 11 (14) Used, prescribed, or sold any veterinary prescription drug or prescribed an
- 12 <u>extralabel use of any drug in the absence of a valid veterinarian-client-patient</u>
- 13 <u>relationship; or</u>
- 14 (15) Has had his or her U. S. Drug Enforcement Administration privileges restricted or
- 15 <u>revoked.</u>
- 16 (b) The provisions of Chapter 13 of Title 50, the 'Georgia Administrative Procedure Act,'
- 17 with respect to emergency action by the board and summary suspension of a license \underline{or}
- 18 <u>registration</u> are adopted and incorporated by reference into this chapter.
- 19 (c) For purposes of this Code section, the board may obtain, and is authorized to subpoena,
- 20 upon reasonable grounds, any and all records relating to the mental or physical condition
- of a licensee, registrant, or applicant, and such records shall be admissible in any hearing
- before the board.
- 23 (d) When the board finds that any person is unqualified to be granted a license or
- 24 <u>registration</u> or finds that any person should be disciplined pursuant to subsection (a) of this
- 25 Code section, the board may take any one or more of the following actions:
- 26 (1) Refuse to grant or renew a license or registration to an applicant;
- 27 (2) Administer a public or private reprimand, but a private reprimand shall not be
- disclosed to any person except the licensee anyone other than the person reprimanded;
- 29 (3) Suspend any license or registration for a definite period or for an indefinite period in
- 30 connection with any condition which may be attached to the restoration of said license
- 31 or registration;
- 32 (4) Limit or restrict any license <u>or registration</u> as the board deems necessary for the
- protection of the public;
- 34 (5) Revoke any license <u>or registration</u>; or
- 35 (6) Condition the penalty upon, or withhold formal disposition pending, the applicant's,
- 36 <u>registrant's</u>, or licensee's submission to such care, counseling, or treatment as the board
- 37 may direct.

- 1 (e) In addition to and in conjunction with the actions described in subsection (d) of this
- Code section, the board may make a finding adverse to the licensee, registrant, or applicant 2
- 3 but withhold imposition of judgment and penalty; or it may impose the judgment and
- 4 penalty but suspend enforcement thereof and place the licensee or registrant on probation,
- 5 which probation may be vacated upon noncompliance with such reasonable terms as the
- 6 board may impose.
- 7 (f) Initial judicial review of a final decision of the board shall be had solely in the superior
- 8 court of the county of domicile of the board.
- 9 (g) In its discretion, the board may reinstate a license or registration which has been
- revoked or issue a license or registration which has been denied or refused, following such 10
- 11 procedures as the board may prescribe by rule; and, as a condition thereof, it may impose
- 12 any disciplinary or corrective method provided in this chapter.
- 13 (h)(1) The division director is authorized to make, or cause to be made through
- 14 employees or contract agents of the board, such investigations as he or she or the board
- may deem necessary or proper for the enforcement of the provisions of this chapter. Any 15
- 16 person properly conducting an investigation on behalf of the board shall have access to
- and may examine any writing, document, or other material relating to the fitness of any 17
- licensee, registrant, or applicant. The division director or his or her appointed 18
- representative may issue subpoenas to compel such access upon a determination that 20 reasonable grounds exist for the belief that a violation of this chapter or any other law
- relating to the practice of veterinary medicine or veterinary technology may have taken 21
- 22 place.

- 23 (2) The results of all investigations initiated by the board shall be reported solely to the
- 24 board, and the records of such investigations shall be kept for the board by the division
- director, with the board retaining the right to have access at any time to such records. No 25
- part of any such records shall be released, except to the board, for any purpose other than 26
- 27 a hearing before the board, nor shall such records be subject to subpoena; provided,
- 28 however, that the board shall be authorized to release such records to another
- 29 enforcement agency or lawful licensing authority.
- 30 (3) The board shall have the authority to exclude all persons during its deliberations on
- disciplinary proceedings and to discuss any disciplinary matter in private with a licensee. 31
- 32 registrant, or applicant and the legal counsel of that licensee, registrant, or applicant.
- 33 (i) A person, firm, corporation, association, authority, or other entity shall be immune from
- civil and criminal liability for reporting or investigating the acts or omissions of a licensee, 34
- 35 registrant, or applicant which violate the provisions of subsection (a) of this Code section
- or any other provision of law relating to a licensee's, registrant's, or applicant's fitness to 36
- 37 practice as a <u>licensed</u> veterinarian <u>or registered veterinary technician</u> or for initiating or

conducting proceedings against such licensee, registrant, or applicant, if such report is made or action is taken in good faith, without fraud or malice. Any person who testifies or who makes a recommendation to the board in the nature of peer review, in good faith, without fraud or malice, before the board in any proceeding involving the provisions of subsection (a) of this Code section or any other law relating to a licensee's, registrant's, or applicant's fitness to practice as a licensed veterinarian or registered veterinary technician shall be immune from civil and criminal liability for so testifying.

(j) Neither a denial of a license or registration on grounds other than those enumerated in

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subsection (a) of this Code section nor the issuance of a private reprimand nor the denial of a license or registration by reciprocity endorsement nor the denial of a request for reinstatement of a revoked license or registration nor the refusal to issue a previously denied license or registration shall be considered to be a contested case within the meaning of Chapter 13 of Title 50, the 'Georgia Administrative Procedure Act.' Notice and hearing within the meaning of Chapter 13 of Title 50 shall not be required, but the applicant, registrant, or licensee shall be allowed to appear before the board if he or she so requests. (k) If any licensee, registrant, or applicant fails to appear at any hearing after reasonable notice, the board may proceed to hear the evidence against such licensee, registrant, or applicant and take action as if such licensee, registrant, or applicant had been present. A notice of hearing, initial or recommended decision, or final decision of the board in a disciplinary proceeding shall be served upon the licensee, registrant, or applicant by certified mail or statutory overnight delivery, return receipt requested, to the last known address of record with the board. If such material is returned marked 'unclaimed' or 'refused' or is otherwise undeliverable and if the licensee, registrant, or applicant cannot, after diligent effort, be located, the division director shall be deemed to be the agent for service for such licensee, registrant, or applicant for purposes of this Code section, and service upon the division director shall be deemed to be service upon the licensee, registrant, or applicant.

- 28 (l) The voluntary surrender of a license <u>or registration</u> shall have the same effect as a revocation of the license <u>or registration</u>, subject to reinstatement in the discretion of the board.
- 31 (m) This Code section shall apply equally to all licensees, <u>registrants</u>, or applicants 32 whether individuals, partners, or members of any other incorporated or unincorporated 33 associations, corporations, or other associations of any kind whatsoever.
 - (n) All subpoenas issued pursuant to the authority granted in this chapter shall be subject to the general rules of law with respect to distance, tender of fees and expenses, and protective orders; and any motion made with respect thereto shall be made to and passed

- on by a judge of the superior court of the county of residence of the person to whom the
- 2 subpoena is directed.
- 3 (o) Any proceeding or administrative action instituted under this Code section shall be
- 4 governed by the provisions of this Code section as they existed in full force and effect on
- 5 the date of the commission of the act or acts constituting a violation of this Code section,
- 6 except as otherwise specifically declared by the General Assembly.
- 7 43-50-28.
- 8 Reserved.
- 9 43-50-29. <u>43-50-42.</u>
- 10 (a) The board may issue a temporary license to the following applicants who are qualified
- 11 to take the veterinary license examination:
- 12 (1) An applicant licensed in another state. Such license shall have the same force and
- effect as a permanent license until the time of its expiration; and
- 14 (2) An applicant who is not the holder of any veterinary license. Such license shall
- authorize the applicant to work under the supervision of a licensed veterinarian as
- provided by the board.
- 17 (b) The temporary license shall expire on the date that permanent licenses are issued to
- persons who have passed the examination provided for in Code Section 43-50-24 43-50-32,
- which examination occurred immediately following the issuance of the temporary license.
- 20 (c) A temporary license issued pursuant to this Code section may, in the discretion of the
- board, be renewed for one six-month period only; provided, however, that no temporary
- license shall be <u>issued</u>, renewed, or reissued to a person who fails to pass the examination
- established by the board.
- 24 43-50-30. 43-50-43.
- 25 The board may, in its discretion, issue a veterinary faculty license to any qualified applicant
- associated with one of this state's institutions of higher learning and involved either in
- 27 <u>research activities within such institution or</u> in the instructional program of either
- 28 undergraduate or graduate veterinary medical students, subject to the following conditions:
- 29 (1) That the holder of the veterinary faculty license shall be remunerated for the practice
- 30 aspects of his <u>or her</u> services solely from state, federal, or institutional funds and not from
- 31 the patient-owner beneficiary of his <u>or her</u> practice efforts;
- 32 (2) That the applicant will furnish the board with such proof as the board may deem
- necessary to demonstrate that the applicant is a graduate of a reputable school or college
- of veterinary medicine; that the applicant has or will have a faculty position at an

- 1 institution which meets the requirements of paragraph (1) of this Code section, as
- 2 certified by an authorized administrative official at such institution; and that the applicant
- 3 understands and agrees that the faculty license is valid only for the practice of veterinary
- 4 medicine as a faculty member of the institution;
- 5 (3) That the license issued under this Code section may be revoked or suspended or the
- 6 licensee may be otherwise disciplined in accordance with Code Section 43-50-27
- $\frac{43-50-41}{1}$; and
- 8 (4) That the license issued under this Code section may be canceled by the board upon
- 9 receipt of information that the holder of the veterinary faculty license has left or has
- otherwise been discontinued from faculty employment at an institution of higher learning
- of this state.
- 12 43-50-31.
- 13 Reserved.
- 14 43-50-32. <u>43-50-44.</u>
- 15 This article shall not be construed to prohibit:
- 16 (1) An employee of the federal, state, or local government or any contractual partner
- 17 <u>thereof or any employee of a public or private college or university from performing his</u>
- or her duties relating to animals owned by or on loan to such employer;
- 19 (2) A person who is a regular student in a veterinary school or school of veterinary
- 20 <u>technology</u> performing duties or actions assigned by his <u>or her</u> instructors or working
- 21 under the direct supervision of a licensed veterinarian;
- 22 (3) A person advising with respect to, or performing acts which the board by rule has
- 23 prescribed as, accepted livestock management practices A person, compensated or
- 24 <u>otherwise, from performing acceptable livestock management practices, which practices</u>
- 25 <u>shall include, but not be limited to, castration of food animals, dehorning without the use</u>
- of prescription drugs or surgical closure of wounds, hoof trimming or shoeing, docking,
- 27 <u>ear notching, removing needle teeth, testing for pregnancy, implantation of</u>
- 28 over-the-counter growth implants, implantation of over-the-counter identification
- 29 <u>devices, artificial insemination, the use of federally approved over-the-counter products,</u>
- 30 branding, collecting of fluids for genetic identification and classification, semen
- 31 <u>collection and storage, and the use of ultrasound for collection of production data and</u>
- 32 <u>similar nondiagnostic purposes;</u>
- 33 (4) A person assisting with a nonsurgical fetal delivery in a food animal, provided that
- 34 <u>no fee is charged;</u>

1	(4)(5) A veterinarian regularly licensed in another state consulting with a licensed
2	veterinarian in this state The actions of a veterinarian currently licensed in another state,
3	province of Canada, or a United States territory in consulting with a licensee of this state
4	<u>but who:</u>
5	(A) Does not open an office or appoint a place to do business within this state;
6	(B) Does not print or use letterhead or business cards reflecting in-state addresses;
7	(C) Does not establish answering services or advertise the existence of a practice
8	address within this state;
9	(D) Does not practice veterinary medicine as a consultant rendering services directly
10	to the public without the direction of a licensed veterinarian of this state more than two
11	days per calendar year; and
12	(E) Is providing services for an organization conducting a public event lasting less than
13	ten days that utilizes animals in need of veterinary examinations, treatments, or
14	oversight to promote the safety and health of the public, the event, and the animal
15	participants; provided, however, that a veterinarian licensed in another state who
16	practices veterinary medicine on animals belonging to residents of this state by
17	communicating directly with such owners and independent of the attending veterinary
18	licensee is not exempt from this state's licensing requirements;
19	(5)(6) Any merchant or manufacturer selling, at his or her regular place of business,
20	medicines, feed, appliances, or other products used in the prevention or treatment of
21	animal diseases. This shall not be construed to authorize the sale of medicines which
22	must be obtained by a prescription from a pharmacist but shall only include the right to
23	sell those medicines which are classified as proprietary and which are commonly known
24	as over-the-counter medicines;
25	(6) (7) (A) The owner of an animal and or the owner's full-time regular employee caring
26	for and treating the animal belonging to such owner, except where the ownership of the
27	animal was transferred for purposes of circumventing this article; or
28	(B) The owner's friend or relative caring for or treating the animal belonging to such
29	owner, provided that no fee is charged and the friend or relative does not solicit,
30	advertise, or regularly engage in providing such care or treatment or administer or
31	dispense prescription drugs without a valid prescription;
32	(8) The owner, operator, or employee of a licensed kennel, animal shelter, or stable or of
33	a pet-sitting service providing food, shelter, or supervision of an animal or administering
34	prescription drugs pursuant to prescription of a licensed veterinarian or over-the-counter
35	medicine to an animal;
36	(7)(9) The holder of a veterinary faculty license issued by the board performing regular

teaching duties or a person lecturing or giving instructions or demonstrations at a

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- 2 member of the faculty, a resident, an intern, or a graduate student of an accredited college
- 3 or school of veterinary medicine or school of veterinary technology performing his or her
- 4 regular nonclinical functions or a person lecturing or giving instructions or
- 5 demonstrations at an accredited college or school of veterinary medicine or school of
- 6 <u>veterinary technology in connection with a continuing education course or seminar;</u>
- 7 (8)(10) Any person selling or applying any pesticide, insecticide, or herbicide;
- 8 (9)(11) Any person engaging in bona fide scientific research which reasonably requires
- 9 experimentation involving animals;
- 10 (10)(12) Any person performing artificial insemination; or nonsurgical transfer of
- 11 embryos; or
- 12 (11)(13) An employee of a licensed veterinarian administering prescribed care to an
- animal under the <u>direct appropriate</u> supervision of the veterinarian.;
- 14 (14) A graduate of a foreign college or school of veterinary medicine who is in the
- 15 <u>process of obtaining the ECFVG certificate or its substantial equivalent performing duties</u>
- or actions under the direct supervision of a licensed veterinarian;
- 17 (15) The owner of an animal, the owner's employee, or a member of a nationally
- 18 recognized organization that acknowledges individuals performing embryo transfer or
- 19 <u>artificial breeding and which organization is approved by the board from:</u>
- 20 (A) The nonsurgical removal of an embryo from an animal for the purpose of
- 21 <u>transplanting such embryo into another female animal, cryopreserving such embryo, or</u>
- 22 <u>implanting such embryo in an animal, provided that the use of prescription medications</u>
- 23 <u>in such animals is maintained under the direction of a licensed veterinarian with a valid</u>
- 24 <u>veterinarian-client-patient relationship; or</u>
- 25 (B) The testing and evaluation of semen;
- 26 (16) Any other licensed or registered health care provider utilizing his or her special
- 27 <u>skills so long as the treatment of the animal is under the direction of a licensed</u>
- veterinarian with a valid veterinary-client-patient relationship;
- 29 (17) A person performing soft tissue animal massage or other forms of soft tissue animal
- 30 <u>manipulation;</u>
- 31 (18) A person performing aquaculture or raniculture management practices;
- 32 (19) A person implanting electronic identification devices in small companion animals;
- 33 <u>or</u>
- 34 (20) An employee or contractual partner of a zoological park or aquarium accredited by
- 35 <u>the American Zoo and Aquarium Association or other substantially equivalent nationally</u>
- 36 recognized accrediting agency as determined by the board from performing his or her

- duties that are approved by a licensed veterinarian and relate to animals owned by or on
- 2 <u>loan to such zoological park or aquarium.</u>
- 3 43-50-33. <u>43-50-45.</u>
- 4 (a) Any person who practices veterinary medicine without a valid license in violation of
- 5 <u>this article</u> shall be guilty of a misdemeanor the misdemeanor offense of practicing
- 6 <u>veterinary medicine without a license</u> and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less
- 7 than \$50.00 nor more than \$500.00 or imprisoned for no more than 90 days, or both
- 8 <u>punished as provided in this Code section</u>, provided that each act of such unlawful practice
- 9 shall constitute a distinct and separate offense.
- 10 (b) No person who shall practice veterinary medicine without a valid license may receive
- any compensation for services so rendered. Upon being convicted a first time under this
- 12 <u>Code section, such person shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$500.00 for each</u>
- offense. Upon being convicted a second or subsequent time under this Code section, such
- person shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$1,000.00 for each offense,
- imprisonment for not more than 12 months, or both such fine and imprisonment.
- 16 (c) The board or any citizen of this state may bring an action to enjoin any person from
- practicing veterinary medicine without a valid license. If the court finds that the person is
- violating, or is threatening to violate, this article, it shall enter an injunction restraining him
- or her from such unlawful acts.
- 20 (d) The successful maintenance of an action based on any one of the remedies set forth in
- 21 this Code section shall in no way prejudice the prosecution of an action based on any other
- of the remedies.
- 23 ARTICLE 3
- 24 Part 3
- 25 43-50-50.
- 26 It is the purpose of this article part to encourage more effective utilization of the skills of
- 27 <u>licensed</u> veterinarians by enabling them to delegate certain veterinary health care tasks to
- 28 <u>registered</u> veterinary technicians where such delegation is consistent with the animal
- 29 patient's health and welfare.
- 30 43-50-51.
- 31 As used in this article, the term:
- 32 (1) 'Direct supervision' means instruction and directions requiring the physical presence
- of a licensed veterinarian on the premises.

- 1 (2) 'Registered animal technician' means any person approved to work as a registered
- 2 animal technician by the State Board of Veterinary Medicine under the former laws
- 3 regulating animal health technicians in the State of Georgia.
- 4 (3) 'Veterinary technician' means an individual who has received a degree in animal
- 5 technology or a comparable subject from an approved school of veterinary medicine or
- 6 veterinary technology and who is employed by and under the direct supervision of a
- 7 licensed veterinarian to perform the following duties:
- 8 (A) Obtain and record information about animal patients;
- 9 (B) Prepare animal patients, instruments, equipment, and medication for surgery;
- 10 (C) Collect specimens and perform laboratory procedures;
- 11 (D) Apply wound dressings; or
- 12 (E) Assist a licensed veterinarian in diagnostic, medical, and surgical procedures.
- 13 Reserved.
- 14 43-50-52.
- 15 (a)(1) Any person desiring to work as a veterinary technician in this state shall apply to
- the board for a certificate of registration as a veterinary technician and shall pass such
- examinations as the board requires. All such applications shall be made on forms
- provided by the board and shall be accompanied by a fee to be provided for such fee as
- may be required by the board.
- 20 (2) The application shall include evidence, satisfactory to the board, that:
- 21 (A) The applicant has attained the age of 18;
- 22 (B) The applicant is of good moral character;
- 23 (C)(i) The applicant is a graduate of an animal technology program approved by the
- 24 board; and a college or technical school course of study in veterinary technology from
- 25 <u>an institution accredited by the American Veterinary Medical Association, including</u>
- 26 <u>without limitation instruction in the operation of life sustaining oxygen equipment,</u>
- 27 and has successfully passed an examination required by the board; or
- 28 (ii) The applicant has successfully completed a college course of study in the care and
- 29 <u>treatment of animals from an institution having a curriculum approved by the board,</u>
- 30 <u>including without limitation instruction in the operation of life sustaining oxygen</u>
- 31 equipment, and has successfully passed an examination required by the board; and
- 32 (D) The applicant meets such other qualifications or provides such other information
- as the board may require by rule.
- 34 (3) If the board finds that the applicant possesses the proper qualifications, it shall admit
- 35 the applicant to the examination.

- 1 (4) If the applicant is found not qualified to take the examination, the board shall notify
- 2 the applicant in writing of such finding and return his examination fee.
- 3 (b) Until January 1, 1984, any person who has been at any time certified as a registered
- 4 animal technician and has had three years' experience of employment as a registered
- 5 animal technician shall upon application be registered as a veterinary technician without
- 6 examination and without meeting the requirements of paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection
- 7 (a) of this Code section. Until July 1, 2005, any person who during the period from July
- 8 <u>1, 1993, through June 30, 2003, acquired a minimum of five years experience assisting a</u>
- 9 <u>licensed veterinarian may, with a signed affidavit from his or her supervising veterinarian</u>
- attesting to his or her level of on-the-job training, be allowed to take the examination
- approved by the board. Upon receiving a passing grade on such examination, the board
- 12 <u>may issue a certificate of registration</u>. The board shall provide a list of appropriate study
- 13 <u>materials to candidates.</u>
- 14 (c) Any person who immediately prior to July 1, 1983, was currently certified as a
- 15 registered animal technician shall be entitled to be registered as a veterinary technician and
- 16 to have such certification renewed without examination and without meeting any
- 17 requirements of paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (a) of this Code section. Until
- January 1, 2005, any person who at any time prior to July 1, 2003, was certified as a
- 19 registered veterinary technician in this state shall be entitled to renew such registration
- 20 without examination and without meeting any requirements of subparagraph (a)(2)(C) of
- 21 <u>this Code section.</u>
- 22 (d) The board may issue a certificate of registration to an applicant if the applicant is
- 23 <u>currently registered in another state having standards for admission substantially the same</u>
- 24 <u>as this state and such standards were in effect at the time the applicant was first admitted</u>
- 25 to practice in the other state.
- 26 (e) The board shall be responsible for registering any person who wishes to practice as a
- 27 <u>registered veterinary technician in this state and shall limit, restrict, supervise, and define</u>
- 28 such practice by board rule as the board deems appropriate and necessary for the protection
- of the public health, safety, and general welfare.
- 30 43-50-53.
- 31 (a) The board shall hold at least one <u>registration</u> examination during each year and may
- 32 hold such additional examinations as are necessary for applicants annually or allow
- 33 <u>applicants to take automated tests at such locations and at such times as determined by the</u>
- 34 board.
- 35 (b) After each examination, the division director shall notify each examinee of the results
- of his examination, and the board shall issue certificates of registration to the successful

- 1 applicants. Any person failing an examination shall be admitted to any subsequent
- 2 examination on payment of the examination fee The board shall establish rules governing
- 3 the preparation, administration, and grading of the examination. The board may adopt the
- 4 <u>National Veterinary Technicians Examination prepared by the Professional Examination</u>
- 5 Service or any other such examination prepared to the board's standards and satisfaction.
- 6 (c) The board shall establish by rule the score needed to pass any examination.
- 7 (d) If an applicant fails an examination, the applicant may take a subsequent examination
- 8 upon payment of the registration and examination fees. No person may take the
- 9 <u>examination more than three times without review and approval by the board under such</u>
- 10 <u>circumstances as the board deems appropriate.</u>
- 11 (e) Any registered veterinary technician in this state whose certificate of registration has
- been on inactive status for at least five consecutive years and who desires to reactivate such
- 13 <u>registration shall be required to take continuing education, pay all fees, and meet all other</u>
- requirements and board rules for registration as a veterinary technician. It shall be the duty
- of the board to approve study materials that may be used to assist such persons in preparing
- 16 <u>for any examination.</u>
- 17 43-50-54.
- 18 (a) A registered veterinary technician shall be allowed to perform his duties only under the
- 19 direct supervision of a licensed veterinarian Any person registered as a veterinary
- 20 <u>technician must at all times be under the supervision of a licensed veterinarian while</u>
- 21 practicing as a registered veterinary technician in this state. The level of supervision shall
- be consistent with the delegated animal health care task. The board may establish by rule,
- 23 in such general or specific terms as it deems necessary and appropriate for purposes of this
- 24 <u>article, the level of supervision, whether direct supervision, immediate supervision, or</u>
- 25 <u>indirect supervision, that is required by the licensed veterinarian for any delegated animal</u>
- health care task.
- 27 (b) Veterinary technicians registered under this article shall at all times notify the division
- 28 director of the name and location of the veterinarian under whose supervision such
- 29 <u>veterinary technician is working.</u> <u>Specifically and without limitation, the board may take</u>
- 30 <u>disciplinary action against a registered veterinary technician if the technician:</u>
- 31 (1) Solicits patients from a licensed veterinarian;
- 32 (2) Solicits or receives any form of compensation from any person for veterinary services
- 33 <u>rendered other than from the licensed veterinarian or corporation under whom the</u>
- registered technician is employed;

- 1 (3) Willfully or negligently divulges a professional confidence or discusses a licensed
- 2 <u>veterinarian's diagnosis or treatment without the express permission of the licensed</u>
- 3 <u>veterinarian; or</u>
- 4 (4) Demonstrates a manifest incapability or incompetence to perform as a registered
- 5 <u>veterinary technician.</u>
- 6 (c) A veterinary technician may not be utilized in any manner which would be in violation
- 7 of Article 2 of this chapter this article.
- 8 (d) A veterinary technician shall not be utilized to perform the duties of a pharmacist
- 9 licensed under Chapter 4 of Title 26.
- 10 43-50-55.
- 11 (a) Any <u>licensed</u> veterinarian, animal clinic, or animal hospital using registered veterinary
- technicians shall post a notice to that effect in a prominent place.
- 13 (b) A <u>registered</u> veterinary technician must clearly identify himself <u>or herself</u> as such in
- order to ensure that he <u>or she</u> is not mistaken by the public as a licensed veterinarian. This
- may be accomplished, for example, by the wearing of an appropriate name tag. Any time
- the <u>registered</u> veterinary technician's name appears in a professional setting, his <u>or her</u>
- status must be shown as '<u>registered</u> veterinary technician.'
- 18 (c)(1) No <u>licensed</u> veterinarian shall have more than two <u>four registered</u> veterinary
- technicians in his employment on duty under his or her supervision at any one time.
- 20 (2) No licensed veterinarian shall practice veterinary medicine at a veterinary facility
- 21 when the number of registered veterinary technicians employed at such veterinary facility
- 22 exceeds the number of licensed veterinarians regularly engaged in the practice of
- 23 <u>veterinary medicine at such veterinary facility by a ratio of more than 2:1.</u>
- 24 (3) The provisions of paragraphs (1) and (2) of this subsection shall not apply to any
- 25 <u>licensed veterinarian engaged in a specialty practice if he or she is certified for such</u>
- 26 <u>specialty practice by a college approved for such purpose by the American Veterinary</u>
- Medical Association or its successor organization; provided, however, that no such
- 28 <u>licensed veterinarian shall engage in such specialty practice at a veterinary facility when</u>
- 29 the number of registered veterinary technicians employed at such veterinary facility
- 30 exceeds the number of licensed veterinarians regularly engaged in a specialty practice of
- 31 veterinary medicine at such veterinary facility by a ratio of more than 5:1.
- 32 43-50-56.
- 33 A veterinarian who applies for or utilizes a registered veterinary technician shall be
- responsible for any violation of any limitations which are placed on the duties of a
- 35 <u>registered</u> veterinary technician.

1 43-50-57.

- 2 The approval of a veterinarian's utilization of a veterinary technician may be terminated
- 3 or suspended, and the registration certificate revoked, suspended, or otherwise sanctioned
- 4 in accordance with the provisions of Code Section 43-50-27.

5 <u>ARTICLE 4</u>

6 <u>43-50-60.</u>

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Any person who gratuitously and in good faith administers emergency treatment to a sick

8 or injured animal at the scene of an accident or emergency shall not be in violation of this

chapter and shall not be liable to the owner of such animal in any civil action for damages;

provided, however, that this Code section shall not provide immunity for acts of gross

11 <u>negligence."</u>

12 PART II

13 **SECTION 2-1.**

Said title is further amended by striking subsection (a) of Code Section 43-50-20 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to creation of the State Board of Veterinary Medicine and its members, meetings, and officers, and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "(a) The There shall be a State Board of Veterinary Medicine is created, the members of which shall be appointed by the Governor with the approval of the Secretary of State and confirmed confirmation by the Senate. The board shall consist of six seven members, each appointed for a term of five years or until his <u>or her</u> successor is appointed. Five members of the board shall be duly licensed veterinarians actually engaged in active practice for at least five years prior to appointment. The sixth member shall be appointed from the public at large and shall in no way be connected with the practice of veterinary medicine. The initial appointment for the sixth member shall expire June 30, 1985; thereafter, successors shall be appointed for a term of five years. The seventh member shall be a registered veterinary technician who has been registered and actively engaged in the practice of veterinary technology for at least five years prior to appointment. The initial appointment of the veterinary technician shall expire on June 30 in the fifth calendar year after this subsection becomes effective; thereafter, successors shall be appointed for a term of five years. Those members of the Georgia State Board of Veterinary Examiners State Board of Veterinary Medicine serving on July 1, 1965, the effective date of this subsection shall continue to serve as members of the board until the expiration of the term for which they

were appointed. Thereafter, successors to such board members shall be appointed in

accordance with this Code section."

SECTION 2-2.

4 Said title is further amended by striking subsection (d) of Code Section 43-50-26, relating

5 to renewal of licenses, and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(d)(1) The board shall establish a program programs of continuing professional veterinary medical education and continuing veterinary technology education for the renewal of veterinarian veterinary licenses and veterinary technician registrations. Notwithstanding any other provision of this article, beginning with the licenses which are to be renewed in 1990, no license to practice veterinary medicine or veterinary technology shall be renewed by the board or the division director until the licensed veterinarian or registered veterinary technician submits to the board satisfactory proof of his or her participation, during the biennium preceding his or her application for renewal, in approved programs of continuing professional veterinary medical education, as defined in this Code section. Veterinarians who have been licensed in this state for 40 years or more on December 31, 1988, shall not be required to participate in continuing education as a condition of license renewal. The amount of continuing veterinary medical education required of licensed veterinarians by the board under this paragraph shall not exceed be less than 30 hours and shall be established by board rule.

- (2) Continuing professional veterinary medical education or continuing veterinary technology education shall consist of educational programs providing training pertinent to the practice of veterinary medicine or veterinary technology and approved by the board under this Code section. The board shall may approve educational programs for persons practicing veterinary medicine or veterinary technology in this state on a reasonable nondiscriminatory fee basis and may contract with institutions of higher learning, professional organizations, or qualified individuals for the provision of approved programs. In addition to such programs, the board shall may allow the continuing professional veterinary medical education requirement to be fulfilled by the completion of approved correspondence courses which provide the required hours of approved programs of continuing professional veterinary medical education or to be fulfilled by a combination of approved correspondence courses and other educational programs distance learning courses, with the number of hours being established by board rule.
- (3) The board may, consistent with the requirements of this Code section, promulgate rules and regulations to implement and administer this Code section, including the establishment of a committee to prescribe standards, approve and contract for educational programs, and set the required minimum number of hours per year."

1 **SECTION 2-3.**

- 2 Said title is further amended by adding a new article in Chapter 50, relating to veterinarians
- 3 and veterinary technicians, to read as follows:

4 "ARTICLE 5

- 5 43-50-70.
- 6 (a) The board shall work cooperatively with licensed veterinarians to establish standards
- for veterinary facilities and equipment and shall promulgate rules for same.
- 8 (b) The board shall have the authority to establish a method to monitor veterinary
- 9 facilities, conduct investigations and hold proceedings related to alleged violations, and
- take necessary enforcement action against the license of a veterinarian for violations of
- 11 rules promulgated under subsection (a) of this Code section.
- 12 43-50-71.
- 13 This article shall not apply to any facility owned by the federal, state, or any local
- 14 government, a public or private college or university, or a zoological park or aquarium that
- is accredited by the American Zoo and Aquarium Association or other substantially
- equivalent nationally recognized accrediting agency as determined by the board."

17 PART III

18 **SECTION 3-1.**

- 19 (a) This part and Part I of this Act shall become effective on July 1, 2003, except that the
- 20 provisions of subsection (b) of Code Section 43-50-30 as enacted by Part I of this Act shall
- 21 become effective July 1, 2005.
- 22 (b) Part II of this Act shall become effective only upon the effective date of an appropriation
- 23 of funds for purposes of said part of this Act as expressed in a line item making specific
- 24 reference to full funding of this Act in an appropriations Act enacted by the General
- 25 Assembly.

26 **SECTION 3-2.**

27 All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.