Senate Bill 324

By: Senators Jackson of the 50th, Golden of the 8th, Brown of the 26th, Starr of the 44th, Dean of the 31st and Gillis of the 20th

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

1 To amend Titles 16, 26, 41, 44, and 51 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating 2 respectively to crimes and offenses; food, drugs, and cosmetics; nuisances; property; and 3 torts, so as to provide enhanced penalties and requirements for persons involved with or 4 property involved with substances used in connection with manufacturing methamphetamine; 5 to provide for the offense of unlawful endangerment of property; to provide for enhanced penalties for theft or attempt or conspiracy to commit the theft of anhydrous ammonia; to 6 7 provide for penalties for unlawfully providing materials for production of controlled substances; to provide for penalties for possession of ephedrine; to provide for marketing 8 9 ephedrine; to provide for penalties related to possession of anhydrous ammonia; to change 10 provisions relating to possession and use of drug related objects; to change provisions 11 relating to dangerous drugs; to change provisions relating to the sale, distribution, or 12 possession of dangerous drugs; to limit over-the-counter sales of methamphetamine precursor 13 drugs; to limit retail sales of methamphetamine precursor drugs; to change provisions relating 14 to drug activity on real property; to provide for definitions; to change and create provisions 15 relating to disclosures in real estate transactions; to create provisions relating to leasing 16 property used for certain purposes; to provide for limitations; to provide for the transfer of 17 anhydrous ammonia, tampering with the transfer, and assumption of risk; to provide for 18 related matters; to repeal conflicting laws; and for other purposes.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

SECTION 1.

- 21 Title 16 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to crimes and offenses, is
- amended by adding a new Code section to the end of Part 1 of Article 2 of Chapter 7, relating
- 23 to general provisions relative to criminal trespass and damage to property, to read as follows:
- 24 "16-7-30.

19

- 25 (a) A person commits the crime of unlawful endangerment of property if, while engaged
- in or as a part of the enterprise for the production of a controlled substance as defined in

paragraph (4) of Code Section 16-13-21, the person protects or attempts to protect the

- 2 production of the controlled substance by creating, setting up, building, erecting, or using
- any device or weapon which causes or is intended to cause damage to the property of, or
- 4 injury to, another person.
- 5 (b) A person convicted of the offense of unlawful endangerment of property shall be
- 6 punished by imprisonment for not less than one nor more than seven years, unless there is
- 7 physical injury to a person in which case the person shall be punished by imprisonment for
- 8 not less than one nor more than ten years."

9 SECTION 2.

- 10 Said title is further amended by striking the word "or" at the end of subparagraph (a)(5)(B)
- of Code Section 16-8-12, relating to penalties for certain violations involving theft; by
- striking the period at the end of paragraph (6) of subsection (a) of such Code section and
- inserting in lieu thereof a semicolon; and by inserting immediately following paragraph (6)
- 14 of subsection (a) of such Code section the following:
- 15 "(7) If the property that was the subject of the theft is any controlled substance as defined
- by paragraph (4) of of Code Section 16-13-21, anhydrous ammonia, or ammonium
- 17 nitrate, by imprisonment for not less than one nor more than seven years. An attempt or
- 18 conspiracy to commit a theft of any controlled substance, anhydrous ammonia, or
- ammonium nitrate shall be punished as provided in Code Section 16-13-33;
- 20 (8) If the property that was the subject of the theft has a value of less than \$500.00 and
- 21 was taken with the intent to use the material to manufacture, compound, produce,
- prepare, test, or analyze amphetamine or methamphetamine or any or their analogs, by
- imprisonment for not less than one nor more than five years; or
- 24 (9) If the property that was the subject of the theft is any amount of anhydrous ammonia
- 25 taken by appropriation of a tank truck, tank trailer, rail tank car, bulk storage tank, field
- 26 (nurse) tank, or field applicator, by imprisonment of not less than one nor more than 20
- years."
- SECTION 3.
- 29 Said title is further amended by inserting new Code sections after Code Section 16-13-30.2,
- 30 relating to unlawful manufacture, distribution, or possession with the intent to distribute of
- 31 imitation controlled substances, to read as follows:
- 32 "16-13-30.3.
- 33 (a) No person shall provide any reagents, solvents, or precursor materials used in the
- production of a controlled substance as defined in paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of Code
- 35 Section 16-13-1 to any other person knowing that the person to whom such materials are

1 provided intends to use the materials for the illegal production of a controlled substance.

- 2 (b) Any person who violates subsection (a) of this Code section shall be guilty of a felony
- and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by imprisonment for not less than one nor
- 4 more than five years.
- 5 16-13-30.4.
- 6 (a) It is unlawful for any person to possess any methamphetamine precursor drug with the
- 7 intent to manufacture amphetamine or methamphetamine or any of their analogs.
- 8 (b) Possession of more than 24 grams of any methamphetamine precursor drug or
- 9 combination of methamphetamine precursor drugs shall be prima facie evidence of intent
- 10 to violate this Code section. This subsection shall not apply to any practitioner or to any
- product possessed in the course of a legitimate business.
- 12 (c) Any person who violates subsection (a) of this Code section shall be guilty of a felony
- and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by imprisonment for not less than one nor
- more than five years.
- 15 16-13-30.5.
- 16 (a) It is unlawful for any person to market, sell, distribute, advertise, or label any drug
- product containing ephedrine, its salts, optical isomers, and salts of optical isomers, or
- pseudoephedrine, its salts, optical isomers, and salts of optical isomers, for indication of
- stimulation, mental alertness, weight loss, appetite control, energy, or other indications not
- approved pursuant to the pertinent federal over-the-counter drug Final Monograph or
- 21 Tentative Final Monograph or approved new drug application.
- 22 (b) Any person who violates subsection (a) of this Code section shall be guilty of a felony
- and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by imprisonment for not less than one nor
- 24 more than five years.
- 25 16-13-30.6.
- 26 (a) A person commits the crime of possession of anhydrous ammonia in a nonapproved
- 27 container if he or she possesses any quantity of anhydrous ammonia in any container other
- than a tank truck, tank trailer, rail tank car, bulk storage tank, field (nurse) tank, field
- 29 applicator, or any container approved for anhydrous ammonia by the Department of
- 30 Agriculture or the United States Department of Transportation.
- 31 (b) Any person who violates subsection (a) of this Code section shall be guilty of a felony
- and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by imprisonment for not less than one nor
- 33 more than five years."

SECTION 4.

2 Said title is further amended by striking Code Section 16-13-32.2, relating to possession and

- 3 use of drug related objects, and inserting in lieu thereof the following:
- 4 "16-13-32.2.
- 5 (a) It shall be unlawful for any person to use, or possess with the intent to use, any object
- or materials of any kind for the purpose of planting, propagating, cultivating, growing,
- 7 harvesting, manufacturing, compounding, converting, producing, processing, preparing,
- 8 testing, analyzing, packaging, repackaging, storing, containing, concealing, injecting,
- 9 ingesting, inhaling, or otherwise introducing into the human body marijuana or a controlled
- substance.
- 11 (b) Possession of more than 24 grams of any methamphetamine precursor drug or
- 12 <u>combination of methamphetamine precursor drugs shall be prima facie evidence of intent</u>
- 13 <u>to violate this Code section. This subsection shall not apply to any practitioner or to any</u>
- product possessed in the course of a legitimate business.
- 15 (b)(c) Any person or corporation which that violates any provision subsection (a) of this
- 16 Code section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. Any person or corporation that violates
- 17 <u>subsection (b) of this Code section shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof,</u>
- shall be punished by imprisonment for not less than one nor more than five years."

19 SECTION 5.

- 20 Said title is further amended by inserting in subsection (b) of Code Section 16-13-71, relating
- 21 to dangerous drugs, the following paragraphs:
- 22 "(4.7) Acetone;
- 23 (332.9) Ephedrine;
- 24 (371.8) Ethylamine;
- 25 (373.2) Ethyl ether;
- 26 (448.5) Hydriodic acid;
- 27 (480.8) Iodine;
- 28 (598.7) Methylamine;
- 29 (832.4) Red phosphorous;
- 30 (925.8) Sulfuric acid;
- 31 (973.07) Toluene;"

32 SECTION 6.

- 33 Said title is further amended in Code Section 16-13-72, related to the sale, distribution, or
- 34 possession of dangerous drugs, by designating the existing introductory language of the Code
- section as subsection (a) and adding new subsections (b), (c), and (d) to read as follows:

1 "(b) In addition to the prohibition contained in subsection (a) of this Code section, it shall

- 2 be unlawful for any person to possess chemicals listed Code Section 16-13-71 or any other
- 3 chemicals proven to be precursor ingredients of methamphetamine or amphetamine, as
- 4 established by expert testimony pursuant to subsection (d) of this Code section, with the
- 5 intent to manufacture, compound, convert, produce, process, prepare, test, or otherwise
- 6 alter that chemical to create a controlled substance or a controlled substance analog in
- 7 violation of Article 2 of this chapter.
- 8 (c) A person who violates subsection (b) of this Code section shall be guilty of a felony
- 9 and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by imprisonment for not less than one nor
- more than five years.
- 11 (d) The state may present expert testimony to provide a prima facie case that any chemical,
- whether or not listed in Code Section 16-13-71, is an immediate precursor ingredient for
- producing methamphetamine or amphetamine."

14 SECTION 7.

- 15 Title 26 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to food, drugs, and cosmetics,
- 16 is amended in Chapter 3, relating to standards, labeling, and adulteration of drugs and
- 17 cosmetics, by inserting new two Code sections to read as follows:
- 18 "26-3-3.1.
- 19 (a) No person shall deliver in any single over-the-counter sale more than three packages
- of any methamphetamine precursor drug or any combination of methamphetamine
- 21 precursor drugs.
- 22 (b) This Code section shall not apply to any product labeled pursuant to federal regulation
- for use only in children under 12 years of age or to any product that the state Department
- of Human Resources, upon application of a manufacturer, exempts by rule from this Code
- 25 section because the product has been formulated in such a way as to effectively prevent the
- 26 conversion of the active ingredient into methamphetamine or its salts or precursors.
- 27 (c) Any person who is considered the general owner or operator of the outlet where
- 28 ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or phenylpropanolamine products are available for sale who
- violates subsection (a) of this Code section shall not be penalized pursuant to this Code
- section if the person documents that an employee training program was in place to provide
- 31 the employee with information on the state and federal regulations regarding ephedrine,
- 32 pseudoephedrine, or phenylpropanolamine.
- 33 (d) Any person who knowingly or recklessly violates this Code section shall be guilty of
- a misdemeanor.

- 1 26-3-3.2.
- 2 (a) The retail sale of methamphetamine precursor drugs shall be limited to:
- 3 (1) Sales in packages containing not more than a total of 3 grams of one or more
- 4 methamphetamine precursor drugs, calculated in terms of ephedrine base,
- 5 pseudoephedrine base, and phenylpropanolamine base; and
- 6 (2) For nonliquid products, sales in blister packs, each blister containing not more than
- two dosage units, or, where the use of blister packs is not technically feasible, sales in
- 8 unit dose packets or pouches.
- 9 (b) Any person who pays sales and use taxes pursuant to Chapter 8 of Title 48 who
- knowingly violates subsection (a) of this Code section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.
- 11 (c) Any person who is considered the general owner or operator of the outlet where
- ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or phenylpropanolamine products are available for sale who
- violates subsection (a) of this Code section shall not be penalized pursuant to this Code
- section if the person documents that an employee training program was in place to provide
- 15 the employee with information on the state and federal regulations regarding ephedrine,
- pseudoephedrine, or phenylpropanolamine."

17 SECTION 8.

- 18 Title 41 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to nuisances, is amended by
- striking Code Section 41-3-1.1, relating to substantial drug related activity upon real property
- and knowledge of the owner, and inserting in lieu thereof the following:
- 21 "41-3-1.1.
- 22 (a) As used in this Code section, the term:
- 23 (1) 'Drug related indictment' means an indictment by a grand jury for an offense
- involving violation of Code Section 16-13-30 Article 2 of Chapter 13 of Title 16
- 25 involving possessing, storing, transporting, distributing, or manufacturing controlled
- substances as that term is defined by paragraph (4) of Code Section 16-13-21; provided,
- 27 however, that any such indictments which result directly from cooperation between the
- property owner and a law enforcement agency shall not be considered a drug related
- indictment for purposes of this Code section.
- 30 (2) 'Personal property' means a vehicle, boat, or aircraft.
- 31 (2)(3) 'Substantial drug related activity' means activity resulting in six three or more
- 32 separate incidents resulting in drug related indictments involving violations occurring
- within a 12 month period on the same parcel of real property or in the same personal
- 34 <u>property</u>.
- 35 (b) Any owner of real <u>or personal</u> property who has actual knowledge that substantial drug
- 36 related activity is being conducted on such property shall be guilty of maintaining a

nuisance, and such real property shall be deemed a nuisance and may be enjoined or

- 2 otherwise abated as provided in this chapter.
- 3 (c) The owner of real <u>or personal</u> property shall be deemed to have actual knowledge of
- 4 substantial drug related activity occurring on a parcel of real property or in personal
- 5 <u>property</u> if the district attorney of the county in which the property is located notifies the
- 6 owner in writing of three two or more separate incidents within a 12 month period which
- 7 result in drug related indictments and, after the receipt of such notice and within 12 months
- 8 of the first of the incidents resulting in a drug related indictment which are the subject of
- 9 such notice, three one or more separate incidents occur which result in drug related
- indictments.
- 11 (d) The provisions of this Code section are cumulative of any other remedies and shall not
- be construed to repeal any other existing remedies for drug related nuisances."

13 SECTION 9.

- 14 Title 44 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to property, is amended by
- striking subsection (a) of Code Section 44-1-16, relating to failure to disclose in a real estate
- 16 transaction that property certain information about the property, and inserting in lieu thereof
- 17 the following:
- 18 "(a)(1) No cause of action shall arise against an owner of real property, a real estate
- broker, or any affiliated licensee of the broker for the failure to disclose in any real estate
- transaction the fact or suspicion that such property:
- 21 (A) Is or was occupied by a person who was infected with a virus or any other disease
- 22 which has been determined by medical evidence as being highly unlikely to be
- transmitted through the occupancy of a dwelling place presently or previously occupied
- by such an infected person; or
- 25 (B) Was the site of a homicide or other felony, except as provided in Code Section
- 26 <u>44-1-16.1</u>, or a suicide or a death by accidental or natural causes;
- provided, however, <u>that</u> an owner, real estate broker, or affiliated licensee of the broker
- shall, except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, answer truthfully to the best
- of that person's individual knowledge any question concerning the provisions of
- subparagraph (A) or (B) of this paragraph.
- 31 (2) An owner, real estate broker, or affiliated licensee of the broker shall not be required
- 32 to answer any question if answering such question or providing such information is
- prohibited by or constitutes a violation of any federal or state law or rule or regulation,
- expressly including without limitation the federal Fair Housing Act as now or hereafter
- amended or the state's fair housing law as set forth in Code Sections 8-3-200 through
- 36 8-3-223."

SECTION 10.

2 Said title is further amended by inserting a new Code section to follow Code Section 44-1-16

- 3 to read as follows:
- 4 "44-1-16.1.
- 5 (a) In the event that any parcel of real property to be sold, exchanged, or transferred is or
- 6 was used as a site for methamphetamine production, the seller or transferor shall disclose
- 7 in writing to the buyer or transferee the fact that methamphetamine was produced on the
- 8 premises, provided that the seller or transferor had knowledge of such prior
- 9 methamphetamine production. The seller or transferor shall disclose any prior knowledge
- of methamphetamine production, regardless of whether the persons involved in the
- production were convicted for such production.
- 12 (b) A seller or transferor of any parcel of real property shall disclose in writing the fact that
- any premises to be sold or transferred either was the place of residence of a person
- 14 convicted of any of the following crimes, or was the storage site or laboratory for any of
- 15 the substances for which a person was convicted of any of the following crimes, provided
- that the seller or transferor knew or should have known of such convictions:
- 17 (1) Creation or possession of a controlled substance as that term is defined by
- paragraph (4) of Code Section 16-13-21;
- 19 (2) Unlawful use of drug paraphernalia with the intent to manufacture methamphetamine
- in violation of subsection (b) of Code Section 16-13-32.2; or
- 21 (3) Any other crime related to methamphetamine, its salts, optical isomers, and salts of
- optical isomers either in Article 2 of Chapter 13 of Title 16 or in any other provision of
- 23 law."
- 24 **SECTION 11.**
- 25 Said title is further amended by adding a new Code section to follow Code Section 44-7-20,
- 26 relating to notification to prospective tenant of property's propensity toward flooding, to read
- 27 as follows:
- 28 "44-7-20.1.
- 29 (a) When the owner of real property, either directly or through an agent, seeks to lease or
- 30 rent property for residential occupancy, prior to entering a written agreement for the
- 31 leasehold of that property, the owner shall, either directly or through an agent, notify the
- 32 prospective tenant in writing that the property to be leased or rented is or was used as a site
- for methamphetamine production. The owner or agent shall disclose in writing to the tenant
- 34 the fact that methamphetamine was produced on the premises, provided that the owner had
- knowledge of such prior methamphetamine production. The owner shall disclose any prior

1 knowledge of methamphetamine production, regardless of whether the persons involved

- 2 in the production were convicted for such production.
- 3 (b) An owner of real property, either directly or through an agent, shall disclose in writing
- 4 the fact that any property to be leased or rented either was the place of residence of a
- 5 person convicted of any of the following crimes, or was the storage site or laboratory for
- any of the substances for which a person was convicted of any of the following crimes,
- 7 provided that the owner knew or should have known of such convictions:
- 8 (1) Creation or possession of a controlled substance as that term is defined by
- 9 paragraph (4) of Code Section 16-13-21;
- 10 (2) Unlawful use of drug paraphernalia with the intent to manufacture methamphetamine
- in violation of subsection (b) of Code Section 16-13-32.2; or
- 12 (3) Any other crime related to methamphetamine, its salts, optical isomers, and salts of
- optical isomers either in Article 2 of Chapter 13 of Title 16 or in any other provision of
- 14 law."

15 SECTION 12.

- 16 Title 51 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to torts, is amended by adding
- 17 a new Code section to the end of Chapter 1, relating to general provisions, to read as follows:
- 18 "51-1-50.
- 19 (a) As used in this Code section, the term:
- 20 (1) 'Owner' means all of the following persons:
- 21 (A) Any person who lawfully owns anhydrous ammonia;
- 22 (B) Any person who lawfully owns a container, equipment, or storage facility
- containing anhydrous ammonia;
- 24 (C) Any person responsible for the installation or operation of containers, equipment,
- or storage facilities for anhydrous ammonia;
- 26 (D) Any person lawfully selling anhydrous ammonia;
- 27 (E) Any person lawfully purchasing anhydrous ammonia for agricultural purposes; and
- 28 (F) Any person who operates or uses anhydrous ammonia containers, equipment, or
- storage facilities when lawfully applying anhydrous ammonia for agricultural purposes.
- 30 (2) 'Tamperer' means a person who commits or assists in the commission of tampering.
- 31 (3) 'Tampering' means transferring or attempting to transfer anhydrous ammonia from
- its present container, equipment, or storage facility to another container, equipment, or
- 33 storage facility without prior authorization from the owner.
- 34 (b) A tamperer assumes the risk of any personal injury, death, and other economic and
- 35 noneconomic loss arising from his or her participation in the act of tampering. A tamperer
- or any person related to a tamperer shall not commence a direct or derivative action against

any owner as it relates to the act of tampering. Owners are immune from suit by a tamperer

- 2 or any person related to a tamperer and shall not be held liable for any negligent act or
- 3 omission which may cause personal injury, death, or other economic or noneconomic loss
- 4 to a tamperer as it relates to the act of tampering.
- 5 (c) The immunity from liability and suit authorized by this Code section is expressly
- 6 waived for owners whose acts or omissions constitute willful or wanton negligence."

7 SECTION 13.

8 All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.