

House Bill 678 (COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE) (AM)

By: Representatives Snow of the 2nd, Murphy of the 18th, Coleman of the 142nd and Stuckey of the 67th

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
AN ACT

1 To amend Title 40 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to motor vehicles and
2 traffic, so as to improve enforcement of Uniform Rules of the Road; to standardize maximum
3 fines for violations of certain such rules; to regulate use of traffic-control signal monitoring
4 devices in enforcing certain such rules; to change certain provisions relating to required
5 observance of Uniform Rules of the Road; to change certain provisions relating to required
6 obedience to traffic-control devices and presumptions; to change certain provisions relating
7 to powers of local authorities generally; to repeal conflicting laws; and for other purposes.

8 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

9 **SECTION 1.**

10 Title 40 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to motor vehicles and traffic, is
11 amended by striking Code Section 40-6-1, relating to required observance of Uniform Rules
12 of the Road, and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

13 "40-6-1.

14 (a) It is unlawful and, unless otherwise declared in this chapter with respect to particular
15 offenses, it is a misdemeanor for any person to do any act forbidden or fail to perform any
16 act required in this chapter.

17 (b) Unless a different maximum fine or greater minimum fine is specifically provided in
18 this chapter for a particular violation, the maximum fine which may be imposed as
19 punishment for a first offense of violating any lawful speed limit established by or pursuant
20 to the provisions of Article 9 of this chapter by exceeding a maximum lawful speed limit:

21 (1) By five miles per hour or less shall be no dollars;

22 (2) By more than five but not more than ten miles per hour shall not exceed \$25.00;

23 (3) By more than ten but not more than 14 miles per hour shall not exceed \$100.00;

24 (4) By more than 14 but less than 19 miles per hour shall not exceed \$125.00;

25 (5) By 19 or more but less than 24 miles per hour shall not exceed \$150.00; or

26 (6) By 24 or more but less than 34 miles per hour shall not exceed \$500.00."

SECTION 2.

Said title is further amended by striking Code Section 40-6-20, relating to required obedience to traffic-control devices and presumptions, and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"40-6-20.

(a) The driver of any vehicle shall obey the instructions of an official traffic-control device applicable thereto, placed in accordance with this chapter, unless otherwise directed by a police officer, subject to the exceptions granted the driver of an authorized emergency vehicle in this chapter. A violation of this subsection shall be a misdemeanor, except as otherwise provided by subsection (f) of this Code section.

(b) No provisions of this chapter which require official traffic-control devices shall be enforced against an alleged violator if at the time and place of the alleged violation an official device was not in proper position and sufficiently legible to be seen by an ordinarily observant person. Whenever a particular Code section does not state that official traffic-control devices are required, such Code section shall be effective even though no devices are erected or in place.

(c) Whenever official traffic-control devices are placed in position approximately conforming to the requirements of this chapter, such devices shall be presumed to have been so placed by the official act or direction of lawful authority, unless the contrary shall be established by competent evidence.

(d) Any official traffic-control device placed pursuant to this chapter and purporting to conform to the lawful requirements pertaining to such devices shall be presumed to comply with the requirements of this chapter, unless the contrary shall be established by competent evidence.

(e) The disregard or disobedience of the instructions of any official traffic-control device or signal placed in accordance with the provisions of this chapter by the driver of a vehicle shall be deemed prima-facie evidence of a violation of law, without requiring proof of who and by what authority such sign or device has been erected.

(f)(1) As used in this subsection, the term:

(A) 'Owner' means the registrant of a motor vehicle, except that such term shall not include a motor vehicle rental company when a motor vehicle registered by such company is being operated by another person under a rental agreement with such company.

(B) 'Recorded images' means images recorded by a traffic-control signal monitoring device:

(i) On:

(I) Two or more photographs;

(II) Two or more microphotographs;

1 (III) Two or more electronic images; or

2 (IV) Videotape; and

3 (ii) Showing a traffic-control signal displaying a CIRCULAR RED or RED ARROW
 4 signal along with the rear of a motor vehicle apparently operated in disregard or
 5 disobedience of such signal and, on at least one image or portion of tape, clearly
 6 revealing the number or other identifying designation of the license plate displayed
 7 on the motor vehicle.

8 (C) 'Traffic-control signal monitoring device' means a device with one or more motor
 9 vehicle sensors working in conjunction with a traffic-control signal to produce recorded
 10 images of motor vehicles being operated in disregard or disobedience of a CIRCULAR
 11 RED or RED ARROW signal.

12 (2) Subsection (a) of this Code section may be enforced as provided in this subsection
 13 pursuant to the use of traffic-control signal monitoring devices in accordance with Article
 14 3 of Chapter 14 of this title.

15 (3) For the purpose of enforcement pursuant to this subsection:

16 (A) The driver of a motor vehicle shall be liable for a civil monetary penalty of not
 17 more than \$70.00 if such vehicle is found, as evidenced by recorded images produced
 18 by a traffic-control signal monitoring device, to have been operated in disregard or
 19 disobedience of a CIRCULAR RED or RED ARROW signal in violation of subsection
 20 (a) of this Code section and such disregard or disobedience was not otherwise
 21 authorized by law;

22 (B) The law enforcement agency for which such device is permitted shall send by
 23 first-class mail addressed to the owner of the motor vehicle postmarked not later than
 24 ten days after the date of the alleged violation:

25 (i) A uniform traffic citation for the violation, which shall include the date and time
 26 of the violation, the location of the intersection, the amount of the civil monetary
 27 penalty imposed, and the date by which the civil monetary penalty shall be paid;

28 (ii) A copy of the recorded image;

29 (iii) A copy of a certificate sworn to or affirmed by a trained law enforcement officer
 30 or a technician employed by a law enforcement agency for which such device is
 31 authorized and stating that, based upon inspection of recorded images, the owner's
 32 motor vehicle was operated in disregard or disobedience of a CIRCULAR RED or
 33 RED ARROW signal in violation of subsection (a) of this Code section and that such
 34 disregard or disobedience was not otherwise authorized by law;

35 (iv) A statement of the inference provided by subparagraph (D) of this paragraph and
 36 of the means specified therein by which such inference may be rebutted;

1 (v) Information advising the owner of the motor vehicle of the manner and time in
 2 which liability as alleged in the citation may be contested in court; and

3 (vi) Warning that failure to pay the civil monetary penalty or to contest liability in a
 4 timely manner shall waive any right to contest liability and result in a civil monetary
 5 penalty;

6 provided, however, that only warning notices and not citations for violations shall be
 7 sent during the 30 day period commencing with the installation of a traffic-control
 8 signal monitoring device at such location;

9 (C) Proof that a motor vehicle was operated in disregard or disobedience of a
 10 CIRCULAR RED or RED ARROW signal in violation of subsection (a) of this Code
 11 section shall be evidenced by recorded images produced by a traffic-control signal
 12 monitoring device authorized pursuant to Article 3 of Chapter 14 of this title. A copy
 13 of a certificate sworn to or affirmed by a trained law enforcement officer or a technician
 14 employed by a law enforcement agency for which such device is authorized and stating
 15 that, based upon inspection of recorded images, a motor vehicle was operated in
 16 disregard or disobedience of a CIRCULAR RED or RED ARROW signal in violation
 17 of subsection (a) of this Code section and that such disregard or disobedience was not
 18 otherwise authorized by law shall be prima-facie evidence of the facts contained
 19 therein; and

20 (D) Liability under this subsection shall be determined based upon preponderance of
 21 the evidence. Prima-facie evidence that the vehicle described in the citation issued
 22 pursuant to this subsection was operated in violation of subsection (a) of this Code
 23 section, together with proof that the defendant was at the time of such violation the
 24 registered owner of the vehicle, shall permit the trier of fact in its discretion to infer that
 25 such owner of the vehicle was the driver of the vehicle at the time of the alleged
 26 violation. Such an inference may be rebutted if the owner of the vehicle:

27 (i) Testifies under oath in open court that he or she was not the operator of the vehicle
 28 at the time of the alleged violation;

29 (ii) Presents to the court prior to the return date established on the citation a certified
 30 copy of a police report showing that the vehicle had been reported to the police as
 31 stolen prior to the time of the alleged violation; or

32 (iii) Submits to the court prior to the return date established on the citation a sworn
 33 notarized statement identifying the name of the operator of the vehicle at the time of
 34 the alleged violation.

35 (4) A violation for which a civil penalty is imposed pursuant to this subsection shall not
 36 be considered a moving traffic violation, for the purpose of points assessment under Code
 37 Section 40-5-57. Such violation shall be deemed noncriminal, and imposition of a civil

1 penalty pursuant to this subsection shall not be deemed a conviction and shall not be
 2 made a part of the operating record of the person upon whom such liability is imposed,
 3 nor shall it be used for any insurance purposes in the provision of motor vehicle insurance
 4 coverage.

5 (5) If a person summoned by first-class mail fails to appear on the date of return set out
 6 in the summons and has not paid the penalty for the violation or filed a police report or
 7 affidavit pursuant to division (3)(D)(ii) or (3)(D)(iii) of this subsection, the person
 8 summoned shall have waived the right to contest the violation and shall be liable for a
 9 civil monetary penalty of not more than \$70.00.

10 (6) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the provisions of law governing
 11 jurisdiction, procedure, defenses, adjudication, appeal, and payment and distribution of
 12 penalties otherwise applicable to violations of subsection (a) of this Code section shall
 13 apply to enforcement under this subsection; provided, however, that any appeal shall be
 14 by application.

15 (7) Recorded images made for purposes of this subsection shall not be a public record
 16 for purposes of Article 4 of Chapter 18 of Title 50.

17 (8) The provisions of this subsection shall not limit law enforcement agencies to the use
 18 of traffic-control signal monitoring devices in enforcing subsection (a) of this Code
 19 section; and, when there is evidence obtained from another source or sources which
 20 constitutes a prima-facie case of a violation of subsection (a) of this Code section, such
 21 violation may be prosecuted as otherwise provided by law in lieu of, but not in addition
 22 to, enforcement under this subsection."

23 **SECTION 3.**

24 Said title is further amended in Code Section 40-6-371, relating to powers of local authorities
 25 generally, by inserting a new subsection (a.1) to read as follows:

26 "(a.1) No fine imposed by a local authority for violation of an ordinance or regulation for
 27 conduct which constitutes a violation of a provision of this chapter shall exceed any
 28 maximum fine specified by this chapter for such violation."

29 **SECTION 4.**

30 Said title is further amended in Chapter 14, relating to use of radar speed detection devices,
 31 by designating Code Section 40-14-1 as Article 1, designating Code Sections 40-14-2
 32 through 40-14-17 as Article 2, and adding a new Article 3 to read as follows:

"ARTICLE 3

40-14-20.

As used in this article, the term:

(1) 'Recorded images' has the meaning provided in subparagraph (f)(1)(B) of Code Section 40-6-20.

(2) 'Traffic-control signal monitoring device' has the meaning provided in subparagraph (f)(1)(C) of Code Section 40-6-20.

40-14-21.

(a) The law enforcement agency of any county or municipality shall not use traffic-control signal monitoring devices unless the chief law enforcement officer of such county or municipality desires the use of such devices and such use is approved by the governing authority of the county or municipality. The governing authority of the county or municipality shall conduct a public hearing on the proposed use of such devices prior to entering any contract on or after July 1, 2001, for the use or purchase of such devices.

(b) No county or municipal governing authority shall be authorized to use traffic-control signal monitoring devices where any arresting officer or official of the court having jurisdiction of traffic cases is paid on a fee system. This subsection shall not apply to any official receiving a recording fee.

(c) If a county or municipality elects to use traffic-control signal monitoring devices, no portion of any fine collected through the use of such devices may be paid to the manufacturer or vendor of the traffic-control signal monitoring devices. The compensation paid by the county or municipality for such devices shall be based on the value of such equipment and shall not be based on the number of traffic citations issued or the revenue generated by such devices.

(d)(1) A traffic-control signal monitoring device shall not be used by a law enforcement agency unless the law enforcement agency employs at least one full-time certified peace officer.

(2) Failure of a law enforcement agency to continue to meet the standards provided by this subsection shall cause such agency to be ineligible to use traffic-control signal monitoring devices.

40-14-22.

The timing of any traffic-control signal which is being monitored by a traffic-control signal monitoring device shall conform to regulations promulgated by the Department of Transportation pursuant to Code Section 32-6-50. Each county or municipal law

1 enforcement agency using a traffic-control signal monitoring device shall at its own
 2 expense test the device for accuracy at regular intervals and record and maintain the results
 3 of each test. Such test results shall be public records subject to inspection as provided by
 4 Article 4 of Chapter 18 of Title 50. Each such test shall be made in accordance with the
 5 manufacturer's recommended procedure. Any such device not meeting the manufacturer's
 6 minimum accuracy requirements shall be removed from service and thereafter shall not be
 7 used by the county or municipal law enforcement agency until it has been serviced and
 8 calibrated at the expense of the law enforcement agency by a qualified technician.

9 40-14-23.

10 Each county or municipality using traffic-control signal monitoring devices shall erect
 11 signs on every highway which comprises a part of the state highway system at that point
 12 on the highway which intersects the jurisdictional limits of the county or municipality.
 13 A sign shall be erected also by such entity on each public road on the approach to the next
 14 traffic-control signal for such road when a traffic-control signal monitoring device is
 15 monitoring such next signal for such road. Such signs shall be at least 30 inches by 30
 16 inches in measurement and shall warn approaching motorists that traffic-control signal
 17 monitoring devices are being employed.

18 40-14-24.

19 Each county or municipality using any traffic-control signal monitoring device shall
 20 submit not later than February 1 of each year a report on such use during the preceding
 21 calendar year to the Governor, the Lieutenant Governor, and the Speaker of the House
 22 of Representatives. Such report shall include, without limitation:

- 23 (1) A description of the locations where traffic-control signal monitoring devices were
 24 used;
- 25 (2) The number of violations recorded at each location and in the aggregate on a
 26 monthly basis;
- 27 (3) The total number of citations issued;
- 28 (4) The number of fines and total amount of fines paid after citation without contest;
- 29 (5) The number of violations adjudicated and results of such adjudications, including
 30 a breakdown of dispositions made;
- 31 (6) The total amount of fines paid; and
- 32 (7) The quality of the adjudication process and its results."

33 **SECTION 5.**

34 All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.