\_\_\_\_\_ offers the following

substitute to HB 513:

# A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

To amend Title 13 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to contracts, so as to 1 2 define a certain term; to provide for the approval and filing of bonds for certain public works 3 contracts; to provide bonding requirements for certain public works contracts; to provide for bid bonds; to provide for cash in lieu of bonds; to provide for the withdrawal of bids; to 4 5 provide for affiliated corporations bidding on the same project; to provide for actions on bid bonds; to provide for performance bonds; to provide for acceptable substitutes for 6 performance bonds; to provide for actions on performance bonds; to provide for payment 7 8 bonds; to provide for the liability of the contracting party to subcontractors; to provide for 9 notice of commencement of work; to provide for the rights of persons protected by payment 10 bonds; to provide that the state shall not be a party to any related action; to provide for the availability of copies of payment bonds and security deposit agreements; to provide a time 11 12 limitation for certain actions; to provide that certain requirements relating to public works 13 contracts shall not apply to hospital authorities except in certain circumstances; to amend 14 Title 32 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to highways, bridges, and ferries, so as to change certain references contained therein to comply with the changes wrought by 15 16 this Act; to amend Title 36 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to local 17 government, so as to change certain references contain therein; to reorganize the structure of certain portions of such title; to provide that certain requirements relating to public works 18 contracts shall not apply to hospital authorities except in certain circumstances; to amend 19 Code Section 50-18-72 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to when public 20 disclosure is not required and the disclosure of exempting legal authority, so as to change 21 certain references to other Code sections; to repeal conflicting laws; and for other purposes. 22

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#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

#### 1 **SECTION 1.** 2 Title 13 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to contracts, is amended by 3 striking in its entirety Chapter 10, relating to contracts for public works, and inserting in lieu 4 thereof the following: "CHAPTER 10 5 6 ARTICLE 1 7 Part 1 8 <del>13-10-1.</del> 9 (a)(1) If the state or any public board or body thereof requires a bid bond for any particular public work, no bid for a contract with the state or any public board or body 10 thereof for the doing of such public work shall be valid for any purpose, unless the 11 contractor shall give a bid bond with good and sufficient surety or sureties approved by 12 the governing authority for the faithful acceptance of the contract payable to, in favor of, 13 and for the protection of the state or public board or body thereof for which the contract 14 is to be awarded. The bid bond shall be in the amount of not less than 5 percent of the 15 total amount payable by the terms of the contract. No bid shall be read aloud or 16 17 considered if a proper bid bond or other security authorized in paragraph (2) of this subsection has not been submitted. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to 18 19 any bid for a contract which is required by law to be accompanied by a proposal guaranty 20 and shall not apply to bids for contracts with any public agency or body which receives 21 funding from the United States Department of Transportation and which is primarily engaged in the business of public transportation. 22 23 (2) In lieu of the bid bond provided for in paragraph (1) of this subsection, the state or 24 any public board or body thereof may accept a cashier's check, certified check, or cash in the amount of not less than 5 percent of the total amount payable by the terms of the 25 contract payable to and for the protection of the state or public board or body thereof for 26 which the contract is to be awarded. 27 (3)(A) Any public entity receiving bids subject to this subsection shall permit a bidder 28 to withdraw its bid from consideration after the bid opening without forfeiture of its bid 29

security if: 30

- (i) The bidder has made an appreciable error in the calculation of his or her bid that 31 can be documented by clear and convincing written evidence; 32
- (ii) Such errors can be clearly shown by objective evidence drawn from inspection 33 of the original work papers, documents, or materials used in the preparation of the bid 34 sought to be withdrawn; 35

(iii) The bidder serves written notice upon the public entity which invited proposals for the work prior to the award of the contract and not later than 48 hours after the opening of bids, excluding Saturdays and Sundays and legal holidays;

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- 4 (iv) The bid was submitted in good faith and the mistake was due to a calculation or
   5 clerical error, an inadvertent omission, or a typographical error as opposed to an error
   6 in judgment; and
- 7 (v) The withdrawal of the bid will not result in undue prejudice to the public entity
  8 or other bidders by placing them in a materially worse position than they would have
  9 occupied if the bid had never been submitted.
- (B) In the event that the apparent successful bidder has withdrawn its bid, action on the
   remaining bids should be considered as though the withdrawn bid had not been
   received.
- 13 (C) In the event the project is relet for bids, under no circumstances shall the bidder
   14 who has filed a request to withdraw be permitted to rebid the work.
- (D) No bidder who is permitted to withdraw a bid shall for compensation supply any
   material or labor to, or perform any subcontract or other work agreement for, the person
   or firm to whom the contract is awarded or otherwise benefit, directly or indirectly,
   from the performance of the project for which the withdrawn bid was submitted.
- (b) No contract with this state or any public board or body thereof, for the doing of any
   public work shall be valid for any purpose, unless the contractor shall give:
- (1) A performance bond with good and sufficient surety or sureties payable to, in favor
   of, and for the protection of the state or public board or body thereof for which the work
   is to be done. The performance bond shall be in the amount of at least the total amount
   payable by the terms of the contract;
- (2)(A) A payment bond with good and sufficient surety or sureties, payable to the state
   or public board or body thereof for which the work is to be done, and for the use and
   protection of all subcontractors and all persons supplying labor, materials, machinery,
   and equipment in the prosecution of the work provided for in the contract. The payment
   bond shall be in the amount of at least the total amount payable by the terms of the
   contract.
- (B) In lieu of the payment bond provided for in subparagraph (A) of this paragraph, the
   state or any public board or body thereof may accept a cashier's check, certified check,
   or cash in the amount of at least the total amount payable by the terms of the contract
   for the use and protection of all subcontractors and all persons supplying labor,
   materials, machinery, and equipment in the prosecution of work provided in the
   contract.

(c) This Code section shall not apply where the total contract price does not exceed
 \$40,000.00; provided, however, that the state or any department or agency thereof may in
 its discretion require performance and payment bonds or bid bonds or other security for any
 public works contract.

(d) Where the amount of any bond required under the other subsections of this Code
section does not exceed \$300,000.00, the state or any public board or body thereof may,
in its sole discretion, accept an irrevocable letter of credit issued by a bank or savings and
loan association, as defined in Code Section 7-1-4, in the amount of and in lieu of the bond
otherwise required under the other subsections of this Code section.

- (e)(1) As used in this subsection, the term 'affiliated corporation' means with respect to
   any corporation any other corporation related thereto: as a parent corporation; as a
   subsidiary corporation; as a sister corporation; by common ownership or control; or by
   control of one corporation by the other. For purposes of this subsection, a corporation
   shall include a person or a company.
- (2) In any case where two or more affiliated corporations bid for a contract under this
   Code section and any one or more of such affiliated corporations subsequently rescind
   or revoke their bid or bids in favor of another such affiliated corporation whose bid is for
   a higher amount and the contract is awarded at such higher amount to such other
   affiliated corporation, then the bid bond, proposal guaranty, or other security otherwise
   required under this Code section of each affiliated corporation rescinding or revoking its
   bid shall be forfeited.
- (f) Any bid bond, performance bond, or payment bond required by this Code section shall
   be approved as to form and as to the solvency of the surety by the officer of the state or
   public board or body thereof who negotiates the contract on behalf of the public entity.
   Said approval shall be obtained prior to the bid's being accepted.
- 26 <del>13-10-2.</del>
- 27 (a) As used in this Code section, the term:

28 (1) 'Contractor' means a person having a direct contract with the owner.

(2) 'Lower tier subcontractor' means a person other than a contractor having a direct
 contract with a subcontractor.

- 31 (3) 'Owner' means the state, any county, municipal corporation, authority, board of
   32 education, or other public board, public body, department, agency, instrumentality, or
   33 political subdivision of the state.
- 34 (4) 'Owner's authorized contract representative' means the architect or engineer in charge
   35 of the project for the owner or such other contract representative or officer as designated

- in the contract documents as the party representing the owner's interest regarding
   administration and oversight of the project.
- 3 (5) 'Subcontractor' means a person other than an owner having a direct contract with the
   4 contractor.
- (b) In any contract for the performance of any construction project entered into on or after
   July 1, 1985, with an owner, as defined in paragraph (3) of subsection (a) of this Code
   section, such contract shall provide for the following:
- (1) After work has commenced at the construction site, progress payments to be made
   on some periodic basis, and at least monthly, based on the value of work completed as
   may be provided in the contract documents plus the value of materials and equipment
   suitably stored, insured, and protected at the construction site, and at the owner's
   discretion such materials and equipment suitably stored, insured, and protected off site
   at a location approved by the owner's authorized contract representative when allowed
   by the contract documents, less retainage; and
- (2)(A) Retainage to a maximum of 10 percent of each progress payment; provided, 15 however, that, when 50 percent of the contract value including change orders and other 16 additions to the contract value provided for by the contract documents is due and the 17 manner of completion of the contract work and its progress are reasonably satisfactory 18 to the owner's authorized contract representative, the owner shall withhold no more 19 retainage. At the discretion of the owner and with the approval of the contractor, the 20 21 retainage of each subcontractor may be released separately as the subcontractor 22 completes his work.
- (B) If, after discontinuing the retention, the owner's authorized contract representative
   determines that the work is unsatisfactory or has fallen behind schedule, retention may
   be resumed at the previous level. If retention is resumed by an owner, the contractor
   and subcontractors shall be entitled to resume withholding retainage accordingly.
- (C) At substantial completion of the work or such other standard of completion as may 27 be provided in the contract documents and as the owner's authorized contract 28 representative determines the work to be reasonably satisfactory, the owner shall within 29 30 days after invoice and other appropriate documentation as may be required by the 30 contract documents are provided pay the retainage to the contractor. If at that time 31 32 there are any remaining incomplete minor items, an amount equal to 200 percent of the value of each item as determined by the owner's authorized contract representative 33 shall be withheld until such item or items are completed. The reduced retainage shall 34 be shared by the contractor and subcontractors as their interests may appear. 35
- 36 (D) The contractor shall, within ten days from the contractor's receipt of retainage
   37 from the owner, pass through payments to subcontractors and shall reduce each

1 subcontractor's retainage in the same manner as the contractor's retainage is reduced 2 by the owner, provided that the value of each subcontractor's work complete and in place equals 50 percent of his subcontract value, including approved change orders and 3 other additions to the subcontract value and provided, further, that the work of the 4 subcontractor is proceeding satisfactorily and the subcontractor has provided or 5 provides such satisfactory reasonable assurances of continued performance and 6 financial responsibility to complete his work including any warranty work as the 7 contractor in his reasonable discretion may require, including, but not limited to, a 8 9 payment and performance bond.

10 (E) The subcontractor shall, within ten days from the subcontractor's receipt of retainage from the contractor, pass through payments to lower tier subcontractors and 11 shall reduce each lower tier subcontractor's retainage in the same manner as the 12 subcontractor's retainage is reduced by the contractor, provided that the value of each 13 lower tier subcontractor's work complete and in place equals 50 percent of his 14 subcontract value, including approved change orders and other additions to the 15 subcontract value and provided, further, that the work of the lower tier subcontractor 16 is proceeding satisfactorily and the lower tier subcontractor has provided or provides 17 such satisfactory reasonable assurances of continued performance and financial 18 19 responsibility to complete his work including any warranty work as the subcontractor in his reasonable discretion may require, including, but not limited to, a payment and 20 21 performance bond.

- 22 (c) This Code section shall not apply to:
- (1) Any contracts let by the Department of Transportation of this state for the
   construction, improvement, or maintenance of roads or highways in this state or purposes
   incidental thereto; or
- 26 (2) Any contracts whose value or duration at the time of the award does not exceed
   27 \$\\$150,000.00 or 45 days in duration.
- (d) Contract and subcontract provisions inconsistent with the benefits extended to
   contractors, subcontractors, and lower tier subcontractors by this Code section shall be
   unenforceable; provided, however, that nothing in this Code section shall render
   unenforceable any contract or subcontract provisions allowing greater benefits to be
   extended to such contractors, subcontractors, or lower tier subcontractors, the provisions
   and benefits of this Code section being minimal only.
- 34 (e) Nothing shall preclude a payor under this Code section, prior to making a payment,
   35 from requiring the payee to submit satisfactory evidence that all payrolls, material bills, and
   36 other indebtedness connected with the work have been paid.

- 1 <u>13-10-1.</u>
- As used in this article, the term 'state' means the state of Georgia, any agency of the state,
   and any state authority.
- 4 <u>13-10-2.</u>
- (a)(1) Any bid bond, performance bond, payment bond, or security deposit required for 5 a state public works construction contract shall be approved and filed with the treasurer 6 or the person performing the duties usually performed by a treasurer of the obligee named 7 in such bond. At the option of the state, if the surety named in the bond is other than a 8 9 surety company authorized by law to do business in this state pursuant to a current certificate of authority to transact surety business by the Commissioner of Insurance, such 10 11 bond shall not be approved and filed unless such surety is on the United States 12 Department of Treasury's list of approved bond sureties. (2) Any bid bond, performance bond, or payment bond required by this chapter shall be 13 14 approved as to form and as to the solvency of the surety by an officer of the state or the 15 agency or authority of the state negotiating the contract on behalf of the state. In the case of a bid bond, such approval shall be obtained prior to acceptance of the bid or proposal. 16
- 17In the case of a payment bond or a performance bond, such approval shall be obtained18prior to the execution of the contract.
- 19 (b) Whenever, in the judgment of the obligee:
- 20 (1) Any surety on a bid, performance, or payment bond has become insolvent;
- 21 (2) Any corporate surety is no longer certified or approved by the Commissioner of
   22 Insurance to do business in the state; or
- 23 (3) For any cause there are no longer proper or sufficient sureties on any or all of the
  24 <u>bonds</u>.
- 25 <u>the obligee may require the contractor to strengthen any or all of the bonds or to furnish a</u>
- 26 <u>new or additional bond or bonds within ten days.</u> Thereupon, if so ordered by the obligee,
- 27 <u>all work on the contract shall cease unless such new or additional bond or bonds are</u>
- 28 <u>furnished. If such bond or bonds are not furnished within such time, the obligee may</u>
- 29 <u>terminate the contract and complete the same as the agent of and at the expense of the</u>
- 30 <u>contractor and his or her sureties.</u>
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### <u>Part 2</u>

32 <u>13-10-20.</u>

33 (a) Bid bonds shall be required for all state public works construction contracts with
 34 estimated bids or proposals over \$100,000.00; provided, however, that the state or any

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1 public board or body of the state may require a bid bond for projects with estimated bids 2 or proposals of \$100,000.00 or less. (b) In the case of competitive sealed bids, except as provided in Code Sections 13-10-22 3 4 and 13-10-23, a bid may not be revoked or withdrawn until 60 days after the time set by 5 the state or any public board or body of the state for opening of bids. Upon expiration of such 60 day time period, the bid will cease to be valid, unless the bidder provides written 6 7 notice to the state prior to the scheduled expiration date that the bid will be extended for a time period specified by the state. 8 9 (c) In the case of competitive sealed proposals, the state shall advise offerors in the request 10 for proposals of the number of days that offerors will be required to honor their proposals; provided, however, that if an offeror is not selected within 60 days of opening the 11 12 proposals, any offeror that is determined by the state to be unlikely of being selected for 13 contract award shall be released from his or her proposal. (d) If the state requires a bid bond for any public works construction contract, no bid or 14 15 proposal for a contract with the state shall be valid for any purpose unless the contractor 16 gives a bid bond with good and sufficient surety or sureties approved by the state. The bid 17 bond shall be in the amount of not less than 5 percent of the total amount payable by the terms of the contract. No bid or proposal shall be considered if a proper bid bond or other 18 19 security authorized in Code Section 13-10-21 has not been submitted. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to any bid or proposal for a contract that is required by law 20 21 to be accompanied by a proposal guaranty and shall not apply to any bid or proposal for 22 a contract with any public agency or body which receives funding from the United States 23 Department of Transportation and which is primarily engaged in the business of public 24 transportation. 25 13-10-21. (a) In lieu of the bid bond provided for in Code Section 13-10-20, the state may accept a 26 27 cashier's check, certified check, or cash in the amount of not less than 5 percent of the total amount payable by the terms of the contract payable to and for the protection of the state. 28 29 (b) When the amount of any bid bond required under this article does not exceed 30 \$300,000.00, the state may, in its sole discretion, accept an irrevocable letter of credit issued by a bank or savings and loan association, as defined in Code Section 7-1-4, in the 31 32 amount of and in lieu of the bond otherwise required under Code Section 13-10-20. 33 13-10-22. (a) As used in this Code section, the term 'bid' shall include proposals and the term 'bidder' 34 35 shall include offerors.

1	(b) When receiving bids subject to this article, the state shall permit a bidder to withdraw
2	a bid from consideration after the bid opening without forfeiture of the bid security if the
3	bidder has made an appreciable error in the calculation of his or her bid and if:
4	(1) Such error in the calculation of his or her bid can be documented by clear and
5	convincing written evidence;
6	(2) Such error can be clearly shown by objective evidence drawn from inspection of the
7	original work papers, documents, or materials used in the preparation of the bid sought
8	to be withdrawn;
9	(3) The bidder serves written notice upon the state or the agency or authority of the state
10	which invited proposals for the work prior to the award of the contract and not later than
11	48 hours after the opening of bids, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays;
12	(4) The bid was submitted in good faith and the mistake was due to a calculation or
13	clerical error, an inadvertent omission, or a typographical error as opposed to an error in
14	judgment; and
15	(5) The withdrawal of the bid will not result in undue prejudice to the state or other
16	bidders by placing them in a materially worse position than they would have occupied if
17	the bid had never been submitted.
18	(c) In the event that an apparent successful bidder has withdrawn his or her bid as provided
19	in subsection (b) of this Code section, action on the remaining bids should be considered
20	as though the withdrawn bid had not been received. In the event the project is relet for bids,
21	under no circumstances shall a bidder who has filed a request to withdraw a bid be
22	permitted to resubmit a bid for the work.
23	(d) No bidder who is permitted to withdraw a bid pursuant to subsection (b) of this Code
24	section shall for compensation supply any material or labor to, or perform any subcontract
25	or other work agreement for, the person or firm to whom the contract is awarded or
26	otherwise benefit, directly or indirectly, from the performance of the project for which the
27	withdrawn bid was submitted.
28	<u>13-10-23.</u>
29	(a) As used in this Code section, the term:
30	(1) 'Affiliated corporation' means, with respect to any corporation, any other corporation
31	related thereto:
32	(A) As a parent corporation;
33	(B) As a subsidiary corporation:
34	(C) As a sister corporation;
35	(D) By common ownership or control; or
36	(E) By control of one corporation by the other.

1	(2) The term 'bid' shall include proposals.
2	(b) In any case where two or more affiliated corporations bid for a contract under this
3	Code section and any one or more of such affiliated corporations subsequently rescind or
4	revoke their bid or bids in favor of another such affiliated corporation whose bid is for a
5	higher amount and the contract is awarded at such higher amount to such other affiliated
6	corporation, then the bid bond, proposal guaranty, or other security otherwise required
7	under this article of each affiliated corporation rescinding or revoking its bid shall be
8	forfeited.
9	<u>13-10-24.</u>
10	The obligee in any bid bond required to be given in accordance with this article shall be
11	entitled to maintain an action thereon at any time upon any breach of such bond; provided,
12	however, that no action may be instituted on the bonds or security deposits after one year
13	from the completion of the contract and the acceptance of the public work by the state.
14	<u>Part 3</u>
15	<u>13-10-40.</u>
16	Except as otherwise provided in Title 32, performance bonds shall be required for all state
17	public works construction contracts with an estimated contract amount greater than
18	\$100,000.00; provided, however, that the state may require a performance bond for public
19	works construction contracts that are estimated at \$100,000.00 or less. No public works
20	construction contract requiring a performance bond shall be valid for any purpose unless
21	the contractor gives such performance bond. The performance bond shall be in the amount
22	of at least the total amount payable by the terms of the contract and shall be increased as
23	the contract amount is increased.
24	<u>13-10-41.</u>
25	When the amount of the performance bond required under this article does not exceed
26	\$300,000.00, the state may, in its sole discretion, accept an irrevocable letter of credit by
27	a bank or savings and loan association, as defined in Code Section 7-1-4, in the amount of
28	and in lieu of the bond otherwise required under this article.
29	<u>13-10-42.</u>
30	The obligee in any performance bond required to be given in accordance with this article
31	shall be entitled to maintain an action thereon at any time upon any breach of such bond;

- 1 provided, however, no action can be instituted on the bonds or security deposits after one
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### <u>Part 4</u>

year from the completion of the contract and the acceptance of the public work by the state.

- 4 <u>13-10-60.</u>
- 5 Except as otherwise provided in Title 32, payment bonds shall be required for all state public works construction contracts with an estimated contract amount greater than 6 7 \$100,000.00; provided, however, that the state may require a payment bond for public 8 works construction contracts that are estimated at \$100,000.00 or less. No public works 9 construction contract requiring a payment bond shall be valid for any purpose unless the contractor gives such payment bond; provided, however, that in lieu of such payment bond, 10 11 the state, in its discretion, may accept a cashier's check, certified check, or cash for the use and protection of all subcontractors and all persons supplying labor, materials, machinery, 12 13 and equipment in the prosecution of work provided in the contract. The payment bond or 14 other security accepted in lieu of a payment bond shall be in the amount of at least the total amount payable by the terms of the initial contract and shall be increased if requested by 15 the state as the contract amount is increased. 16

# 17 <u>13-10-61.</u>

18If a payment bond or security deposit is not taken in the manner and form required in this19article, the corporation or body for which work is done under the contract shall be liable20to all subcontractors and to all persons supplying labor, materials, machinery, or equipment21to the contractor or subcontractor thereunder for any loss resulting to them from such22failure. No agreement, modification, or change in the contract, change in the work covered23by the contract, or extension of time for the completion of the contract shall release the24sureties of such payment bond.

25 <u>13-10-62.</u>

26 (a) The contractor furnishing the payment bond or security deposit shall post on the public 27 works construction site and file with the clerk of the superior court in the county in which the site is located a notice of commencement no later than 15 days after the contractor 28 29 physically commences work on the project and supply a copy of the notice of 30 commencement to any subcontractor, materialman, or person who makes a written request of the contractor. Failure to supply a copy of the notice of commencement within ten 31 32 calendar days of receipt of the written request from such subcontractor, materialman, or 33 person shall render the provisions of paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of Code Section

1	13-10-63 inapplicable to such subcontractor, materialman, or person making the request.
2	The notice of commencement shall include:
3	(1) The name, address, and telephone number of the contractor;
4	(2) The name and location of the public work being constructed or a general description
5	of the improvement;
6	(3) The name and address of the state or the agency or authority of the state that is
7	contracting for the public works construction;
8	(4) The name and address of the surety for the performance and payment bonds, if any;
9	and
10	(5) The name and address of the holder of the security deposit provided, if any.
11	(b) The failure to file a notice of commencement shall render the notice to the contractor
12	requirements of paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of Code Section 13-10-63 inapplicable.
13	(c) The clerk of the superior court shall file the notice of commencement within the
14	records of that office and maintain an index separate from other real estate records or an
15	index with the preliminary notices specified in subsection (a) of Code Section 44-14-361.3.
16	Each such notice of commencement shall be indexed under the name of the state and the
17	name of the contractor as contained in the notice of commencement.
18	<u>13-10-63.</u>
19	(a) Every person entitled to the protection of the payment bond or security deposit required
20	to be given who has not been paid in full for labor or materials furnished in the prosecution
21	of the work referred to in such bond or security deposit before the expiration of a period
22	of 90 days after the day on which the last of the labor was done or performed by such
23	person or the material or equipment or machinery was furnished or supplied by such person
24	for which such claim is made, or when he or she has completed his or her subcontract for
25	which claim is made, shall have the right to bring an action on such payment bond or
26	security deposit for the amount, or the balance thereof, unpaid at the time of the
27	commencement of such action and to prosecute such action to final execution and judgment
28	for the sum or sums due such person; provided, however, that:
29	(1) Any person having a direct contractual relationship with a subcontractor but no
30	contractual relationship, express or implied, with the contractor furnishing such payment
31	bond or security deposit on a public works construction project where the contractor has
32	not complied with the notice of commencement requirements shall have the right of
33	action upon the payment bond or security deposit upon giving written notice to the
34	contractor within 90 days from the day on which such person did or performed the last
35	of the labor or furnished the last of the material or machinery or equipment for which
36	such claim is made, stating with substantial accuracy the amount claimed and the name

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1	of the party to whom the material was furnished or supplied or for whom the labor was
2	performed or done. The notice to the contractor may be served by registered or certified
3	mail or statutory overnight delivery, postage prepaid, duly addressed to the contractor,
4	at any place at which the contractor maintains an office or conducts his or her business
5	or at his or her residence, by depositing such notice in any post office or branch post
6	office or any letter box under the control of the United States Postal Service;
7	alternatively, notice may be served in any manner in which the sheriffs of this state are
8	authorized by law to serve summons or process; and
9	(2) Any person having a direct contractual relationship with a subcontractor but no
10	contractual relationship, express or implied, with the contractor furnishing such payment
11	bond or security deposit on a public works construction project where the contractor has
12	complied with the notice of commencement requirements in accordance with subsection
13	(a) of Code Section 13-10-62 shall have the right of action on the payment bond or
14	security deposit, provided that such person shall, within 30 days from the filing of the
15	notice of commencement or 30 days following the first delivery of labor, material,
16	machinery, or equipment, whichever is later, give to the contractor a written notice setting
17	<u>forth:</u>
18	(A) The name, address, and telephone number of the person providing labor, material,
19	machinery, or equipment;
20	(B) The name and address of each person at whose instance the labor, material,
21	machinery, or equipment is being furnished;
22	(C) The name and the location of the public works construction site; and
23	(D) A description of the labor, material, machinery, or equipment being provided and,
24	if known, the contract price or anticipated value of the labor, material, machinery, or
25	equipment to be provided or the amount claimed to be due, if any.
26	(b) Nothing contained in this Code section shall limit the right of action of a person
27	entitled to the protection of the payment bond or security deposit required to be given
28	pursuant to this article to the 90 day period following the day on which such person did or
29	performed the last of the labor or furnished the last of the material or machinery or
30	equipment for which such claim is made.
31	(c) Every action instituted under this Code section shall be brought in the name of the
32	claimant without making the state or the agency or authority of the state for which the work
33	was done or was to be done a party to such action.
34	<u>13-10-64.</u>
35	The official who has the custody of the bond or security deposit required by this article is
36	authorized and directed to furnish to any person making application therefor a copy of the

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1	bond or security deposit agreement and the contract for which it was given, certified by the
2	official who has custody of the bond or security deposit. With his or her application, such
3	person shall also submit an affidavit that he or she has supplied labor or materials for such
4	work and that payment therefor has not been made or that he or she is being sued on any
5	such bond or security deposit. Such copy shall be primary evidence of the bond or security
6	deposit and contract and shall be admitted in evidence without further proof. Applicants
7	shall pay for such certified copies and such certified statements such fees as the official
8	fixes to cover the cost of preparation thereof, provided that in no case shall the fee fixed
9	exceed the fees which the clerks of the superior courts are permitted to charge for similar
10	<u>copies.</u>
11	<u>13-10-65.</u>
12	No action can be instituted on the payment bonds or security deposits after one year from
13	the completion of the contract and the acceptance of the public works construction by the
14	proper public authorities. Every action instituted under this article shall be brought in the
15	name of the claimant, without the state or the agency or authority of the state for which the
16	work was done or was to be done being made a party thereto.
17	ARTICLE 2
18	<del>13-10-20.</del> <u>13-10-80.</u>
19	(a) As used in this Code section, the term:
20	(1) 'Contractor' means a person having a direct contract with the owner.
21	(2) 'Lower tier subcontractor' means a person other than a contractor having a direct
22	contract with a subcontractor.
23	(3) 'Owner' means the state, any county, municipal corporation, authority, board of
24	education, or other public board, public body, department, agency, instrumentality, or
25	political subdivision of the state.
26	(4) 'Owner's authorized contract representative' means the architect or engineer in charge
27	of the project for the owner or such other contract representative or officer as designated
28	in the contract documents as the party representing the owner's interest regarding
29	administration and oversight of the project.
30	(5) 'Subcontractor' means a person other than an owner having a direct contract with the
31	<u>contractor.</u>
32	(b) In any public works construction contract entered into on or after July 1, 2001, with
33	an owner, as defined in paragraph (3) of subsection (a) of this Code section, such contract
34	shall provide for the following:

1	(1) After work has commenced at the construction site, progress payments to be made on
2	some periodic basis, and at least monthly, based on the value of work completed as may
3	be provided in the contract documents plus the value of materials and equipment suitably
4	stored, insured, and protected at the construction site and at the owner's discretion such
5	materials and equipment suitably stored, insured, and protected off site at a location
6	approved by the owner's authorized contract representative when allowed by the contract
7	documents, less retainage; and
8	(2) (A) Retainage to a maximum of 10 percent of each progress payment; provided,
9	however, when 50 percent of the contract value including change orders and other
10	additions to the contract value provided for by the contract documents is due and the
11	manner of completion of the contract work and its progress are reasonably satisfactory
12	to the owner's authorized contract representative, the owner shall withhold no more
13	retainage. At the discretion of the owner and with the approval of the contractor, the
14	retainage of each subcontractor may be released separately as the subcontractor
15	completes his or her work.
16	(B) If, after discontinuing the retention, the owner's authorized contract representative
17	determines that the work is unsatisfactory or has fallen behind schedule, retention may
18	be resumed at the previous level. If retention is resumed by an owner, the contractor
19	and subcontractors shall be entitled to resume withholding retainage accordingly.
20	(C) At substantial completion of the work or such other standard of completion as may
21	be provided in the contract documents and as the owner's authorized contract
22	representative determines the work to be reasonably satisfactory, the owner shall,
23	within 30 days after invoice and other appropriate documentation as may be required
24	by the contract documents are provided, pay the retainage to the contractor. If at that
25	time there are any remaining incomplete minor items, an amount equal to 200 percent
26	of the value of each item as determined by the owner's authorized contract
27	representative shall be withheld until such item or items are completed. The reduced
28	retainage shall be shared by the contractor and subcontractors as their interests may
29	appear.
30	(D) The contractor shall, within ten days from the contractor's receipt of retainage from
31	the owner, pass through payments to subcontractors and shall reduce each
32	subcontractor's retainage in the same manner as the contractors retainage is reduced
33	by the owner; provided, however, that the value of each subcontractor's work complete
34	and in place equals 50 percent of his or her subcontract value, including approved
35	change orders and other additions to the subcontract value, provided, further, that the

work of the subcontractor is proceeding satisfactorily and the subcontractor has provided or provides such satisfactory reasonable assurances of continued performance

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1	and financial responsibility to complete his or her work including any warranty work
2	as the contractor in his or her reasonable discretion may require, including, but not
3	limited to, a payment and performance bond.
4	(E) The subcontractor shall, within ten days from the subcontractor's receipt of
5	retainage from the contractor, pass through payments to lower tier subcontractors and
6	shall reduce each lower tier subcontractor's retainage in the same manner as the
7	subcontractors retainage is reduced by the contractor; provided, however, that the value
8	of each lower tier subcontractor's work complete and in place equals 50 percent of his
9	or her subcontract value, including approved change orders and other additions to the
10	subcontract value; provided, further, that the work of the lower tier subcontractor is
11	proceeding satisfactorily and the lower tier subcontractor has provided or provides such
12	satisfactory reasonable assurances of continued performance and financial
13	responsibility to complete his or her work including any warranty work as the
14	subcontractor in his or her reasonable discretion may require, including, but not limited
15	to, a payment and performance bond.
16	(c) This Code section shall not apply to:
17	(1) Any contracts let by the Department of Transportation of this state for the
18	construction, improvement, or maintenance of roads or highways in this state or purposes
19	incidental thereto; or
20	(2) Any contracts whose value or duration at the time of the award does not exceed
21	<u>\$150,000.00 or 45 days in duration.</u>
22	(d) Contract and subcontract provisions inconsistent with the benefits extended to
23	contractors, subcontractors, and lower tier subcontractors by this Code section shall be
24	unenforceable; provided, however, that nothing in this Code section shall render
25	unenforceable any contract or subcontract provisions allowing greater benefits to be
26	extended to such contractors, subcontractors, or lower tier subcontractors, the provisions
27	and benefits of this Code section being minimal only.
28	(e) Nothing shall preclude a payor under this Code section, prior to making a payment,
29	from requiring the payee to submit satisfactory evidence that all payrolls, material bills, and
30	other indebtedness connected with the work have been paid.
31	<u>13-10-81.</u>

(a) Any department, agency, or instrumentality of the state or any political subdivision of
the state is authorized to insert in the specifications of all contracts relating to the
installation, extension, improvement, maintenance, or repair of any water or sewer facility
a clause providing for the retention of amounts not exceeding 10 percent of the gross value
of the completed work as may be provided for in the contract; provided, however, that no

1 amounts shall be retained on estimates or progress payments submitted after 50 percent of 2 the work on the project has been completed if in the opinion of the department, agency, or 3 instrumentality of the state or any political subdivision thereof such work is satisfactory and has been completed on schedule. This will not affect the retained amounts on the first 4 5 50 percent of the work on the project which may continue to be held to ensure satisfactory completion of the project. If, after discontinuing the retention, the department, agency, or 6 7 instrumentality of the state or any political subdivision thereof determines that the work is 8 unsatisfactory or has fallen behind schedule, retention may be resumed at the previous 9 level. Retainage shall be invested at the current market rate and any interest earned on the 10 retained amount by such department, agency, or instrumentality of the state or any political subdivision of the state shall be paid to the contractor when the project has been completed 11 within the time limits specified and for the price specified in the contract, or in any 12 amendments or change orders approved in accord with the terms of the contract, as 13 certified pursuant to subsection (b) of this Code section. 14

- (b) Final payment of the retained amounts to the contractor under the contract to which the retained amounts relate shall be made after certification by the engineer in charge of the project covered by the contract that the work has been satisfactorily completed and is accepted in accordance with the contract, plans, and specifications. Payment to the contractor of interest earned on the retained amounts shall be made after certification by the engineer in charge of the project covered by the contract that the work has been completed within the time specified and within the price specified in the contract.
- (c) At substantial completion of the work and as the governmental entity's authorized
  contract representative determines the work to be reasonably satisfactory, the governmental
  entity shall within 30 days after invoice and other appropriate documentation as may be
  required by the contract documents are provided pay the retainage to the contractor. If at
  that time there are any remaining incomplete minor items, an amount equal to 200 percent
  of the value of each item as determined by the governmental entity's authorized contract
  representative shall be withheld until such item or items are completed.
- 29 <del>13-10-21.</del> <u>13-10-82.</u>

(a) In lieu of the retained amounts provided for in Code Section 13-10-20 Section
<u>13-10-81</u>, any department, agency, or instrumentality of the state or any political
subdivision of the state is authorized to insert a clause in the specifications of all contracts
provided for in Code Section 13-10-20 Section 13-10-81, providing for an alternate
procedure for the maintenance of an escrow account in an amount at least equal to the
amount authorized to be retained by the contract.

(b) Any such escrow agreement entered into pursuant to this Code section must contain
 as a minimum the following provisions:

3 (1) Only state or national banks chartered within the State of Georgia may serve as an
4 escrow agent;

(2) The escrow agent must limit the investment of funds of the contractor held in escrow
in lieu of retained amounts provided for in Code Section 13-10-20 Section 13-10-81 to
negotiable certificates of deposits issued by any state or national bank in the State of
Georgia (including, but not limited to, certificates of deposit issued by the bank acting as
escrow agent) registered in the name of the escrow agent as such under escrow agreement
with the contractor;

(3) As interest on certificates of <u>deposits deposit</u> held in escrow becomes due, it shall be
collected by the escrow agent and paid to the contractor;

(4) The escrow agent shall promptly acknowledge to the appropriate fiscal officer the
amount and value of the escrow account held by the escrow agent, and any additions to
the escrow account shall be reported immediately. Withdrawals from the escrow account
shall only be made subject to the written approval of the fiscal officer of the department,
agency, or instrumentality of the state or any political subdivision entering into the
contract;

- (5) Upon default or overpayment of any contract subject to the procedure provided for
  in this Code section and upon the written demand of the fiscal officer provided for in
  paragraph (4) of this subsection, the escrow agent shall within ten days deliver a certified
  check to the appropriate fiscal officer in the amount of the escrow account balance
  relating to the contract in default;
- (6) The escrow account may be terminated upon completion and acceptance of the
   contract as provided for in Code Section 13-10-20 Section 13-10-81;
- 26 (7) All fees and expenses of the escrow agent shall be paid by the contractor to the
  27 escrow agent and, if not paid, shall constitute a lien on the interest accruing to the escrow
  28 account and shall be paid therefrom;

(8) The escrow account shall constitute a specific pledge to the state or any political
subdivision and the contractor shall not, except to his <u>or her</u> surety, otherwise assign,
pledge, discount, sell, or transfer his <u>or her</u> interest in said escrow account, the funds in
<u>of</u> which shall not be subject to levy, garnishment, attachment, or any other process
whatsoever; <u>and</u>

(9) The form of the escrow agreement and provisions thereof in compliance with this
Code section, as well as such other provisions as the appropriate fiscal officer shall from
time to time prescribe, shall be subject to written approval of the fiscal officer. The

- approval of the escrow agreement by the appropriate fiscal officer shall authorize the
   escrow agent to accept appointment in such capacity.
- (c) The department, agency, or instrumentality of the state or political subdivision of this
  state shall not be liable to the contractor or his <u>or her</u> surety for the failure of the escrow
  agent to perform under the escrow agreement or for the failure of any bank to honor
  certificates of deposit issued by it which are held in the escrow account.

8 <del>13-10-22.</del> <u>13-10-83.</u>

7

- 9 Nothing in this article shall be construed or deemed to affect any contract covered by the
  10 provisions of Code Sections 32-2-75 through 32-2-77."
- 11 SECTION 2.

12 Title 32 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to highways, bridges, and ferries,

is amended by striking in its entirety Code Section 32-2-70, relating to bonds of successful
bidders on certain state contracts, and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

- 15 "32-2-70.
- Where the contract price exceeds \$5,000.00, no department construction contract shall be
  valid unless the contractor first shall give gives:
- (1) The performance and payment bonds <u>in accordance with Chapter 10 of Title 13</u>
   required by Code Section 36-82-101; and
- (2) Such other bonds or insurance policies required by the department in its proposal
   forms, including but not limited to public liability and property damage insurance bonds
   or policies."

23 **SECTION 3.** 24 Said title is further amended by striking in its entirety Code Section 32-2-72, relating to oaths by successful bidders on certain contracts, and inserting in lieu thereof the following: 25 "32-2-72. 26 A successful bidder, before commencing the work, shall execute a written oath, as required 27 by <u>subsection (e) of</u> Code Section <del>36-91-40</del> <u>36-91-21</u>, stating that he or she has not violated 28 such Code section which makes it unlawful to restrict competitive bidding." 29 **SECTION 4.** 30 Said title is further amended by striking in its entirety Code Section 32-4-69, relating to 31

32 bonds of successful bidder generally, and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

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- 1 "32-4-69.
- Notwithstanding any provision of Code Section 36-91-22 Chapter 91 of Title 36 to the
  contrary, when the price of a contract let to bid is \$5,000.00 or more, no contract of a
  county shall be valid unless the contractor first shall give gives:
- 5 (1) A performance bond that meets the requirements established in Parts 1 and 3 of Article
- <u>3 of Chapter 91 of Title 36</u> in the amount of the bid, with one good and solvent security
   <u>surety</u>, for the faithful performance of the contract and to indemnify the county for any
   damages occasioned by a failure to perform the same within the prescribed time;
- 9 (2) The <u>A</u> payment bond <u>that meets the requirements established in Parts 1 and 4 of Article</u>
- 10 <u>3 of Chapter 91 of Title 36</u> required by subsection (g) of Code Section 36-91-21; and
- 11 (3) Such other bonds required by the county in its advertisement for bids, including but not
- 12 limited to public liability and property damage insurance bonds."
- 13

# **SECTION 5.**

Said title is further amended by striking in its entirety subsection (a) of Code Section
32-4-71, relating to failure to take bonds and liability of counties, and inserting in lieu thereof
the following:

- 17 "(a) If the payment bond required by paragraph (2) of Code Section 32-4-69 is not taken,
  18 the county shall be liable to subcontractors, laborers, materialmen, and other persons, as
  19 provided in Code Section 36-91-22 Part 4 of Article 3 of Chapter 91 of Title 36, for losses
  20 to them resulting from failure to take such bond."
- Section 6.
  Said title is further amended by striking in its entirety Code Section 32-4-73, relating to oaths
  by successful bidders on certain contracts, and inserting in lieu thereof the following:
  "32-4-73.
  A successful bidder, before commencing the work, shall execute a written oath, as required
  by <u>subsection (e) of</u> Code Section 36-91-40 <u>36-91-21</u>, stating that he or she has not violated
  such Code section, which makes it unlawful to restrict competitive bidding."
- 28

# **SECTION 7.**

- Said title is further amended by striking in its entirety Code Section 32-4-74, relating to the
  applicability of other laws to this Part 2 of Article 3 of Chapter 4 of such title, and inserting
  in lieu thereof the following:
- 32 "32-4-74.

1 Except as indicated to the contrary in this part, Chapter 91 of Title 36 shall not apply to this 2 part; and the term "public works," as used in Chapter 91 of Title 36, shall be construed to include public roads, as defined in Code Section 32-1-3." 3 **SECTION 8.** 4 Said title is further amended by striking in its entirety Code Section 32-4-119, relating to 5 bonds of successful bidders on certain contracts, and inserting in lieu thereof the following: 6 7 "32-4-119. 8 Where Notwithstanding any provision of Chapter 91 of Title 36 to the contrary, where the 9 contract price is \$5,000.00 or more, no construction contract of a municipality shall be 10 valid unless the contractor first shall give gives: 11 (1) The A performance and payment bonds bond which meets the requirements of Parts 1, 3, and 4 of Article 3 of Chapter 91 of Title 36, required by Code Section 36-82-101; 12 and 13 (2) Such other bonds or insurance policies required by the municipality in its proposal 14 forms, including but not limited to public liability and property damage insurance bonds 15 or policies and bonds to maintain in good condition such completed construction for a 16 period of not less than five years." 17 **SECTION 9.** 18 19 Said title is further amended by striking in its entirety Code Section 32-4-120, relating to the 20 failure to take bonds and the liability of municipalities, and inserting in lieu thereof the 21 following: "32-4-120. 22 23 If the payment bond required by Code Section 32-4-119 is not taken, the municipality then 24 shall be liable to subcontractors, laborers, materialmen, and other persons, as provided in Code Section 36-91-22 Part 4 of Article 3 of Chapter 91 of Title 36, for losses to them 25 resulting from failure to take such bond." 26 **SECTION 10.** 27 Said title is further amended by striking in its entirety Code Section 32-4-123, relating to the 28 applicability of other laws to Part 2 of Article 4 of Chapter 4 of such title, and inserting in 29 lieu thereof the following: 30 31 "32-4-123. Except as indicated to the contrary in this part, Chapter 91 of Title 36 shall not apply to this 32 part." 33

#### 1 **SECTION 11.** Title 36 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to local government, is amended 2 3 by striking in its entirety Code Section 36-39-8, relating to a resolution letting contract for certain improvements following the time for protests or filing of petition, and inserting in lieu 4 5 thereof the following: "36-39-8. 6 After the expiration of the time for objection or protest on the part of the property owners, 7 8 if no sufficient protest is filed, or on receipt of a petition for an improvement signed by the 9 owners of a majority of the frontage of the land to be assessed, if the petition is found to 10 be in proper form and properly executed, the governing body shall adopt a resolution reciting that no protest has been filed or that a petition was filed, as the case may be, and 11 expressing the determination of the governing body to proceed with the improvement. The 12 resolution shall state the kind of improvement, define the extent and character of the same, 13 and specify such other matters as may be necessary to instruct the engineer employed by 14 the municipal corporation in the performance of his or her duties in preparing for such 15 improvement the necessary plans, plats, profiles, specifications, and estimates. The 16

- resolution shall set forth any and all such reasonable terms and conditions as the governing 17 body deems proper to impose with reference to the letting of the contract and the provisions 18 19 thereof. The governing body, by such resolution, shall provide that the contractor shall execute to the municipal corporation a good and sufficient bond, as provided in Code 20 21 Section 36-91-22 Part 3 of Article 3 of Chapter 91 of this title, and may also require a bond 22 in an amount to be stated in the resolution for the maintenance of the good condition of the 23 improvements for a period of not less than five years from the time of completion, in the discretion of the governing body. The resolution shall also direct the clerk of the municipal 24 25 corporation to advertise for sealed proposals for furnishing the materials and performing 26 the work necessary in making such improvements."
- 27

### **SECTION 12.**

- Said title is further amended by striking in its entirety Chapter 91, relating to public works
  bidding, and inserting in lieu thereof the following:
- 30

31

# "CHAPTER 91

#### Article 1

32 36-91-1.

- 33 <u>This chapter shall be known and may be cited as the 'Georgia Local Government Public</u>
- 34 Works Construction Law.'
- 35 <u>36-91-2.</u>

- 1 As used in this chapter, the term:
- (1) 'Bid bond' means a bond with good and sufficient surety or sureties for the faithful
  acceptance of the contract payable to, in favor of, and for the protection of the
  governmental entity for which the contract is to be awarded.
- (2) 'Change order' means an alteration, addition, or deduction from the original scope of
  work as defined by the contract documents to address changes or unforeseen conditions
  necessary for project completion.
- 8 (3) 'Competitive sealed bidding' means a method of soliciting public works construction
  9 contracts whereby the award is based upon the lowest responsive, responsible bid in
  10 conformance with the provisions of subsection (b) of Code Section 36-91-21.
- (4) 'Competitive sealed proposals' means a method of soliciting public works contracts
   whereby the award is based upon criteria identified in a request for proposals in
   conformance with the provisions of subsection (c) of Code Section 36-91-21.
- (5) 'Emergency' means any situation resulting in imminent danger to the public health or
  safety or the loss of an essential governmental service.
- (6) 'Governing authority' means the official or group of officials responsible forgovernance of a governmental entity.
- (7) 'Governmental entity' means a county, municipal corporation, consolidated
  government, authority, board of education, or other public board, body, or commission
  but shall not include any authority, board, department, or commission of the state, or a
  public transportation agency as defined by Chapter 9 of Title 32.
- (8) 'Payment bond' means a bond with good and sufficient surety or sureties payable to
  the governmental entity for which the work is to be done and intended for the use and
  protection of all subcontractors and all persons supplying labor, materials, machinery, and
  equipment in the prosecution of the work provided for in the public works construction
  contract.
- (9) 'Performance bond' means a bond with good and sufficient surety or sureties for the
  faithful performance of the contract and to indemnify the governmental entity for any
  damages occasioned by a failure to perform the same within the prescribed time. Such
  bond shall be payable to, in favor of, and for the protection of the governmental entity for
  which the work is to be done.
- (10) 'Public works construction' means the building, altering, repairing, improving, or
  demolishing of any public structure or building or other public improvements of any kind
  to any public real property other than those projects covered by Chapter 4 of Title 32.
  Such term does not include the routine operation, repair, or maintenance of existing
  structures, buildings, or real property.

(11) 'Responsible bidder' or 'responsible offeror' means a person or entity that has the
 capability in all respects to perform fully and reliably the contract requirements.

3 (12) 'Responsive bidder' or 'responsive offeror' means a person or entity that has
4 submitted a bid or proposal that conforms in all material respects to the requirements set
5 forth in the invitation for bids or request for proposals.

6 (13) 'Scope of project' means the work required by the original contract documents and
7 any subsequent change orders required or appropriate to accomplish the intent of the
8 project as described in the bid documents.

9 (14) 'Scope of work' means the work that is required by the contract documents.

- 10 (15) 'Sole source' means those procurements made pursuant to a written determination
- by a governing authority that there is only one source for the required supply, service, or
  construction item.

#### ARTICLE 2

15 36-91-20.

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(a) All public works construction contracts subject to this chapter entered into by a
 governmental entity with private persons or entities shall be in writing and on file and
 available for public inspection at a place designated by such governmental entity.
 Municipalities and consolidated governments shall execute and enter into contracts in the
 manner provided in applicable local legislation or by ordinance.

- 21 (b) Prior to entering into a public works construction contract other than those exempted 22 by Code Section 36-91-22, a governmental entity shall publicly advertise the contract opportunity. Such notice shall be posted conspicuously in the governing authority's office 23 and shall be advertised in the legal organ of the county or by electronic means on an 24 25 Internet website of the governmental entity or an Internet website identified by the 26 governmental entity. Contract opportunities shall be advertised a minimum of two times, with the first advertisement occurring at least four weeks prior to the opening of the sealed 27 bids or proposals. The second advertisement shall follow no earlier than two weeks from 28 the first advertisement. Plans and specifications shall be available on the first day of the 29 advertisement and shall be open to inspection by the public. The advertisement shall 30 include such details and specifications as will enable the public to know the extent and 31 character of the work to be done. All required notices of advertisement shall also advise of 32 any mandatory prequalification requirements or pre-bid conferences as well as any federal 33 requirements pursuant to subsection (d) of Code Section 36-91-22. 34
- 35 (c) Governmental entities are authorized to utilize any construction delivery method,
   36 provided that all public works construction contracts subject to the requirements of this
   37 chapter that:

1 (1) place Place the bidder or offeror at risk for construction: and

(2) require <u>Require</u> labor and or building materials in the execution of the contract

shall be awarded on the basis of competitive sealed bidding or competitive sealed
proposals. Governmental entities shall have the authority to reject any and all bids or
proposals and to waive technicalities and informalities.

(d) No governmental entity shall issue or cause to be issued any addenda modifying plans 6 7 and specifications within a period of 72 hours prior to the advertised time for the opening bids or proposals, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays. However, if the 8 9 necessity arises to issue an addendum modifying plans and specifications within the 72 hour period prior to the advertised time for the opening of bids or proposals, excluding 10 Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays, then the opening of bids or proposals shall be 11 extended at least 72 hours, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays, from the date 12 of the original bid or proposal opening without need to readvertise as required by 13 subsection (b) of this Code section. 14

(e) Bid and contract documents may contain provisions authorizing the issuance of change
orders, without the necessity of additional requests for bids or proposals, within the scope
of the project when appropriate or necessary in the performance of the contract. Change
orders may not be used to evade the purposes of this article.

- (f) Any governmental entity may, in its discretion, adopt a process for mandatory
   prequalification of prospective bidders or offerors; provided, however, that:
- (1) Criteria for prequalification must be reasonably related to the project or the quality
  of work;
- (2) Criteria for prequalification must be available to any prospective bidder or offeror
  requesting such information;
- (3) Any prequalification process must include a method of notifying prospective bidders
  or offerors of the criteria for prequalification; and
- (4) Any prequalification process must include a procedure for a disqualified bidder to
  respond to his or her disqualification to a representative of the governmental entity;
  provided, however, that such procedure shall not be construed to require the
  governmental entity to provide a formal appeals procedure.
- 31

2

32 36-91-21.

(a) It shall be unlawful to let out any public works construction contracts subject to the
 requirements of this chapter without complying with the competitive award requirements
 contained in this Code section. Any contractor who performs any work of the kind in any
 other manner and who knows that the public works construction contract was let out

- without complying with the notice and competitive award requirements of this chapter shall
   not be entitled to receive any payment for such work.
- 3 (b) Any competitive sealed bidding process shall comply with the following requirements:
  - (1) The governmental entity shall publicly advertise an invitation for bids;

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5

- (2) Bidders shall submit sealed bids based on the criteria set forth in such invitation;
- 6 (3) The governmental entity shall open the bids publicly and evaluate such bids without
  7 discussions with the bidders; and
- 8 (4) The contract shall be awarded to the lowest responsible and responsive bidder whose 9 bid meets the requirements and criteria set forth in the invitation for bids; provided, 10 however, that if the bid from the lowest responsible and responsive bidder exceeds the 11 funds budgeted for the public works construction contract, the governmental entity may 12 negotiate with such apparent low bidder to obtain a contract price within the budgeted 13 amount. Such negotiations may include changes in the scope of work and other bid 14 requirements.
- 15 (c) (1) In making any competitive sealed proposal, a governmental entity shall:
- (A) Publicly advertise a request for proposals, which request shall include conceptual
  program information in the request for proposals describing the requested services in
  a level of detail appropriate to the project delivery method selected for the project, as
  well as the relative importance of the evaluation factors;
- (B) Open all proposals received at the time and place designated in the request for
   proposals so as to avoid disclosure of contents to competing offerors during the process
   of negotiations; and
- (C) Make an award to the responsible and responsive offeror whose proposal is
  determined in writing to be the most advantageous to the governmental entity, taking
  into consideration the evaluation factors set forth in the request for proposals. The
  evaluation factors shall be the basis on which the award decision is made. The contract
  file shall indicate the basis on which the award is made.
- (2) As set forth in the request for proposals, offerors submitting proposals may be 28 afforded an opportunity for discussion, negotiation, and revision of proposals. 29 Discussions, negotiations, and revisions may be permitted after submission of proposals 30 and prior to award for the purpose of obtaining best and final offers. In accordance with 31 the request for proposals, all responsible offerors found by the governmental entity to 32 have submitted proposals reasonably susceptible of being selected for award shall be 33 given an opportunity to participate in such discussions, negotiations, and revisions. 34 During the process of discussion, negotiation, and revision, the governmental entity shall 35 not disclose the contents of proposals to competing offerors. 36

(d) Whenever a public works construction contract for any governmental entity subject to
the requirements of this chapter is to be let out by competitive sealed bid or proposal, no
person, by himself or herself or otherwise, shall prevent or attempt to prevent competition
in such bidding or proposals by any means whatever. No person who desires to procure
such work for himself or herself or for another shall prevent or endeavor to prevent anyone
from making a bid or proposal therefor by any means whatever, nor shall such person so
desiring the work cause or induce another to withdraw a bid or proposal for the work.

(e) Before commencing the work, any person who procures such public work by bidding 8 9 or proposal shall make an oath in writing that he or she has not directly or indirectly violated subsection (d) of this Code section. The oath shall be filed by the officer whose 10 duty it is to make the payment. If the contractor is a partnership, all of the partners and any 11 officer, agent, or other person who may have represented or acted for them in bidding for 12 13 or procuring the contract shall also make the oath. If the contractor is a corporation, all officers, agents, or other persons who may have acted for or represented the corporation 14 in bidding for or procuring the contract shall make the oath. If such oath is false, the 15 16 contract shall be void, and all sums paid by the governmental entity on the contract may be recovered by appropriate action. 17

- (f) If any member of a governmental entity lets out any public works construction contract
  subject to the requirements of this article and receives, takes, or contracts to receive or take,
  either directly or indirectly, any part of the pay or profit arising out of any such contract,
  he or she shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.
- (g) No public works construction contract with a governing authority shall be valid for any
  purpose unless the contractor shall comply with all bonding requirements of this chapter.
  No such contract shall be valid if any governmental entity lets out any public works
  construction contract subject to the requirements of this chapter without complying with
  the requirements of this chapter.
- 28 36-91-22.

27

(a) The requirements of this chapter shall not apply to public works construction projects,
when the same can be performed at a cost of less than \$100,000.00. Public works
construction projects shall not be subdivided in an effort to evade the provisions of this
chapter.

(b) Any governmental entity having a correctional institution shall have the power and
authority to purchase material for and use inmate labor in performing public works
construction projects; and in such cases, this chapter shall not apply. Any governmental
entity may contract with a governmental entity having a correctional institution for the use

of inmate labor from such institution and use the inmates in the performance of any public
 works construction project; and in such cases, this chapter shall not apply.

- (c) In the event that the labor used or to be used in a public works construction project is
  furnished at no expense by the state or federal government or any agency thereof, the
  governing authority shall have the power and authority to purchase material for such public
  works construction project and use the labor furnished free to the governmental entity; and
  in such case, this chapter shall not apply.
- 8 (d) Where a public works construction contract involves the expenditure of federal 9 assistance or funds, the receipt of which is conditioned upon compliance with federal laws or regulations regarding the procedures for awarding public works construction contracts, 10 a governmental entity shall comply with such federal requirements and shall not be 11 required to comply with the provisions of this chapter that differ from the federal 12 requirements. The governmental entity shall provide notice that federal procedures exist 13 for the award of such contracts in the advertisement required by subsection (b) of Code 14 Section 36-91-20. The availability and location of such federal requirements shall be 15 provided to any person requesting such information. 16
- (e) The requirements of this chapter shall not apply to public works construction projects
  necessitated by an emergency; provided, however, that the nature of the emergency shall
  be described in the minutes of the governing authority. Any contract let by a county
  pursuant to this subsection shall be ratified, as soon as practicable, on the minutes of the
  governing authority, and the nature of the emergency shall be described therein.
- (f) The Except as otherwise provided in Chapter 4 of Title 32, the requirements of this
   chapter shall not apply to public works construction projects subject to the requirements
   of Chapter 4 of Title 32.
- (g) The requirements of this chapter shall not apply to public works construction projects
  or any portion of a public works construction project self-performed by a governmental
  entity. If the governmental entity contracts with a private person or entity for a portion of
  such project, the provisions of this chapter shall apply to any such contract estimated to
  exceed \$100,000.00.
- 30 (h) The requirements of this chapter shall not apply to sole source public works31 construction contracts.
- 32 (i) The requirements of this chapter shall not apply to hospital authorities; provided,
   33 <u>however, that a public works construction contract entered into by a hospital authority shall</u>
   34 <u>be subject to the requirements of this chapter if, in connection with such contract, the</u>
   35 <u>hospital authority either:</u>

1	(1) Incurs indebtedness and secures such indebtedness by pledging amounts to be
2	received by such authority from one or more counties or municipalities through an
3	intergovernmental contract entered into in accordance with Code Section 31-7-85; or
4	(2) Receives funds from the state or one or more counties or municipalities for the
5	purpose of financing a public works construction project, which moneys are not for
6	reimbursement of health services provided.
7	ARTICLE 3
8	<u>Part 1</u>
9	36-91-40.
10	(a) (1) Any bid bond, performance bond, payment bond, or security deposit required for
11	a public works construction contract shall be approved and filed with the treasurer or the
12	person performing the duties usually performed by a treasurer of the obligee named
13	therein. At the option of the governmental entity, if the surety named in the bond is other
14	than a surety company authorized by law to do business in this state pursuant to a current
15	certificate of authority to transact surety business by the Commissioner of Insurance, such
16	bond shall not be approved and filed unless such surety is on the United States
17	Department of Treasury's list of approved bond sureties.
18	(2) Any bid bond, performance bond, or payment bond required by this Code section
19	shall be approved as to form and as to the solvency of the surety by an officer of the
20	governmental entity negotiating the contract on behalf of the governmental entity. In the
21	case of a bid bond, such approval shall be obtained prior to acceptance of the bid or
22	proposal. In the case of payment bonds and performance bonds, such approval shall be
23	obtained prior to the execution of the contract.
24	(b) Whenever, in the judgment of the obligee:
25	(1) Any surety on a bid, performance, or payment bond has become insolvent;
26	(2) Any corporate surety is no longer certified or approved by the Commissioner of
27	Insurance to do business in the state; or
28	(3) For any cause there are no longer proper or sufficient sureties on any or all of the
29	bonds,
30	the obligee may require the contractor to strengthen any or all of the bonds or to furnish a
31	new or additional bond or bonds within ten days. Thereupon, if so ordered by the obligee,
32	all work on the contract shall cease unless such new or additional bond or bonds are

furnished. If such bond or bonds are not furnished within such time, the obligee may
terminate the contract and complete the same as the agent of and at the expense of the
contractor and his or her sureties.

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<u>Part 2</u>

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# 2

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<del>36-91-41.</del> <u>36-91-50.</u>

(a) Bid bonds shall be required for all public works construction contracts subject to the
requirements of this article with estimated bids or proposals over \$100,000.00; provided,
however, that a governmental entity may require a bid bond for projects with estimated
bids or proposals of \$100,000.00 or less.

8 (b) In the case of competitive sealed bids, except as provided in Code Sections <del>36-91-43</del> 9 <u>36-91-52</u> and <del>36-91-44</del> <u>36-91-53</u>, a bid may not be revoked or withdrawn until 60 days 10 after the time set by the governmental entity for opening of bids. Upon expiration of this 11 time period, the bid will cease to be valid, unless the bidder provides written notice to the 12 governmental entity prior to the scheduled expiration date that the bid will be extended for 13 a time period specified by the governmental entity.

(c) In the case of competitive sealed proposals, the governmental entity shall advise
offerors in the request for proposals of the number of days that offerors will be required to
honor their proposals; provided, however, that if an offeror is not selected within 60 days
of opening the proposals, any offeror that is determined by the governmental entity to be
unlikely of being selected for contract award shall be released from his or her proposal.

- 19 (d) If a governmental entity requires a bid bond for any public works construction contract, no bid or proposal for a contract with the governmental entity shall be valid for any 20 21 purpose unless the contractor shall give a bid bond with good and sufficient surety or 22 sureties approved by the governing authority. The bid bond shall be in the amount of not 23 less than 5 percent of the total amount payable by the terms of the contract. No bid or proposal shall be read aloud or considered if a proper bid bond or other security authorized 24 25 in Code Section 36-91-42 36-91-51 has not been submitted. The provisions of this 26 subsection shall not apply to any bid or proposal for a contract that is required by law to be accompanied by a proposal guaranty and shall not apply to any bid or proposal for a 27 contract with any public agency or body which receives funding from the United States 28 Department of Transportation and which is primarily engaged in the business of public 29 30 transportation.
- 31

#### 32 <del>36-91-42.</del> <u>36-91-51.</u>

(a) In lieu of the bid bond provided for in Code Section 36-91-41 36-91-50, the
governmental entity may accept a cashier's check, certified check, or cash in the amount
of not less than 5 percent of the total amount payable by the terms of the contract payable
to and for the protection of the governmental entity for which the contract is to be awarded.

(b) When the amount of any bid bond required under this article does not exceed
\$300,000.00, the governmental entity may, in its sole discretion, accept an irrevocable
letter of credit issued by a bank or savings and loan association, as defined in Code Section
7-1-4, in the amount of and in lieu of the bond otherwise required under Code Section
36-91-41 36-91-50.

- 6 <del>36-91-43.</del> <u>36-91-52.</u>
- 7 (a) As used in this Code section, the term 'bid' includes proposal and the term 'bidder'
   8 includes offeror.
- 9 (a) (b) Any governmental entity receiving bids subject to this article shall permit a bidder
   10 to withdraw a bid from consideration after the bid opening without forfeiture of the bid
   11 security if the bidder has made an appreciable error in the calculation of his or her bid and
   12 if:
- (1) Such error in the calculation of his or her bid can be documented by clear and
  convincing written evidence;
- (2) Such error can be clearly shown by objective evidence drawn from inspection of the
  original work papers, documents, or materials used in the preparation of the bid sought
  to be withdrawn;
- (3) The bidder serves written notice upon the governmental entity which invited
  proposals for the work prior to the award of the contract and not later than 48 hours after
  the opening of bids, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays;
- (4) The bid was submitted in good faith and the mistake was due to a calculation or
  clerical error, an inadvertent omission, or a typographical error as opposed to an error in
  judgment; and
- (5) The withdrawal of the bid will not result in undue prejudice to the governmental
  entity or other bidders by placing them in a materially worse position than they would
  have occupied if the bid had never been submitted.
- (b) (c) In the event that an apparent successful bidder has withdrawn his or her bid as
  provided in subsection (a) (b) of this Code section, action on the remaining bids should be
  considered as though the withdrawn bid had not been received. In the event the project is
  relet for bids, under no circumstances shall a bidder who has filed a request to withdraw
  a bid be permitted to resubmit a bid for the work.
- 32 (c) (d) No bidder who is permitted to withdraw a bid pursuant to subsection (a) (b) of this
  33 Code section shall for compensation supply any material or labor to, or perform any
  34 subcontract or other work agreement for, the person or firm to whom the contract is
  35 awarded or otherwise benefit, directly or indirectly, from the performance of the project
  36 for which the withdrawn bid was submitted.

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1 2 <del>36-91-44.</del> <u>36-91-53.</u> (a) As used in this Code section, the term: 3 4 (1) 'corporation' 'Affiliated corporation' means, with respect to any corporation, any other 5 corporation related thereto: (1) (A) As a parent corporation; 6 7 (2) (B) As a subsidiary corporation; (3) (C) As a sister corporation; 8 9 (4) (D) By common ownership or control; or 10 (5) (E) By control of one corporation by the other. (2) The term 'bid' includes proposals. 11 (b) In any case where two or more affiliated corporations bid for a contract under this 12 13 Code section and any one or more of such affiliated corporations subsequently rescind or revoke their bid or bids in favor of another such affiliated corporation whose bid is for a 14 higher amount and the contract is awarded at such higher amount to such other affiliated 15 corporation, then the bid bond, proposal guaranty, or other security otherwise required 16 under this article of each affiliated corporation rescinding or revoking its bid shall be 17 forfeited. 18

#### 19 <del>36-91-45.</del> <u>36-91-54.</u>

The obligee in any bid bond required to be given in accordance with this article shall be entitled to maintain an action thereon at any time upon any breach of such bond; provided, however, that no action may be instituted on the bonds or security deposits after one year from the completion of the contract and the acceptance of the public work by the governmental entity.

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### ARTICLE 4

#### <u>Part 3</u>

27 <del>36-91-50.</del> <u>36-91-70.</u>

Performance bonds shall be required for all public works construction contracts subject to the requirements of this chapter with an estimated contract amount greater than \$100,000.00; provided, however, that a governmental entity may require a performance bond for <del>a</del> public works construction contracts that are estimated at \$100,000.00 or less. No public works construction contract requiring a performance bond shall be valid for any purpose unless the contractor shall give such performance bond. The performance bond shall be in the amount of at least the total amount payable by the terms of the contract and 1 shall be increased as the total amount payable due to the contract is increased <u>contract</u>

2 <u>amount is increased</u>.

3 <del>36-91-51.</del> <u>36-91-71.</u>

When the amount of the performance bond required under this article does not exceed \$300,000.00 the governmental entity may, in its sole discretion, accept an irrevocable letter of credit by a bank or savings and loan association, as defined in Code Section 7-1-4, in the amount of and in lieu of the bond otherwise required under this article.

### 8 <del>36-91-52.</del> <u>36-91-72.</u>

9 The obligee in any performance bond required to be given in accordance with this article 10 shall be entitled to maintain an action thereon at any time upon any breach of such bond; 11 provided, however, no action can be instituted on the bonds or security deposits after one 12 year from the completion of the contract and the acceptance of the public work by the 13 governmental entity.

# 14

15

### ARTICLE 5

#### <u>Part 4</u>

# 16 <del>36-91-70.</del> <u>36-91-90.</u>

17 Payment bonds shall be required for all public works construction contracts subject to the 18 requirements of this chapter with an estimated contract amount greater than \$100,000.00; 19 provided, however, that a governmental entity may require a payment bond for public works construction contracts that are estimated at \$100,000.00 or less. No public works 20 21 construction contract requiring a payment bond shall be valid for any purpose, unless the 22 contractor shall give such payment bond; provided, however, that, in lieu of such payment bond, the governmental entity, in its discretion, may accept a cashier's check, certified 23 check, or cash in an amount not less than the total amount payable by the terms of the 24 25 contract for the use and protection of all subcontractors and all persons supplying labor, materials, machinery, and equipment in the prosecution of work provided in the contract. 26 27 The payment bond or other security accepted in lieu of a payment bond shall be in the amount of at least the total amount payable by the terms of the initial contract and shall be 28 increased if requested by the governmental entity as the contract amount is increased. 29

30 <del>36-91-71</del>. <u>36-91-91.</u>

31 If a payment bond or security deposit<del>, together with an affidavit, when necessary,</del> is not 32 taken in the manner and form required in this article, the corporation or body for which work is done under the contract shall be liable to all subcontractors and to all persons
furnishing labor, skill, tools, machinery, or materials to the contractor or subcontractor
thereunder for any loss resulting to them from such failure. No agreement, modification,
or change in the contract, change in the work covered by the contract, or extension of time
for the completion of the contract shall release the sureties of such payment bond.

7 <del>36-91-72.</del> <u>36-91-92.</u>

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25

(a) The contractor furnishing the payment bond or security deposit shall post on the public 8 9 works construction site and file with the clerk of the superior court in the county in which 10 the site is located a notice of commencement no later than 15 days after the contractor physically commences work on the project and supply a copy of the notice of 11 commencement to any subcontractor, materialman, or person who makes a written request 12 13 of the contractor. Failure to supply a copy of the notice of commencement within ten calendar days of receipt of the written request from the subcontractor, materialman, or 14 person shall render the provisions of paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of Code Section 15 <del>36-91-73</del> 36-91-93 inapplicable to the subcontractor, materialman, or person making the 16 request. The notice of commencement shall include: 17

- 18 (1) The name, address, and telephone number of the contractor;
- (2) The name and location of the public work being constructed or a general description
  of the improvement;
- (3) The name and address of the governmental entity that is contracting for the public
  works construction;
- 23 (4) The name and address of the surety for the performance and payment bonds, if any;24 and
  - (5) The name and address of the holder of the security deposit provided, if any.
- (b) The failure to file a notice of commencement shall render the notice to contractor
  requirements of paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of Code Section 36-91-73 36-91-93
  inapplicable.
- (c) The clerk of the superior court shall file the notice of commencement within the
  records of that office and maintain an index separate from other real estate records or an
  index with the preliminary notices specified in subsection (a) of Code Section 44-14-361.3.
  Each such notice of commencement shall be indexed under the name of the governmental
- 33 entity and the name of the contractor as contained in the notice of commencement.
- 34 <del>36-91-73.</del> <u>36-91-93.</u>

(a) Every person entitled to the protection of the payment bond or security deposit required
 to be given who has not been paid in full for labor or material furnished in the prosecution

1 of the work referred to in such bond or security deposit before the expiration of a period 2 of 90 days after the day on which the last of the labor was done or performed by such person or the material or equipment or machinery was furnished or supplied by such person 3 for which such claim is made, or when he or she has completed his or her subcontract for 4 5 which claim is made, shall have the right to bring an action on such payment bond or security deposit for the amount, or the balance thereof, unpaid at the time of the 6 7 commencement of such action and to prosecute such action to final execution and judgment for the sum or sums due such person; provided, however, that: 8

9 (1) Any person having <u>a</u> direct contractual relationship with a subcontractor but no contractual relationship, express or implied, with the contractor furnishing such payment 10 bond or security deposit on a public works construction project where the contractor has 11 not complied with the notice of commencement requirements shall have the right of 12 action upon the payment bond or security deposit upon giving written notice to the 13 contractor within 90 days from the day on which such person did or performed the last 14 of the labor or furnished the last of the material or machinery or equipment for which 15 such claim is made, stating with substantial accuracy the amount claimed and the name 16 of the party to whom the material was furnished or supplied or for whom the labor was 17 performed or done. The notice to the contractor may be served by registered or certified 18 19 mail, postage prepaid, or statutory overnight delivery, duly addressed to the contractor, at any place at which the contractor maintains an office or conducts his or her business 20 21 or at his or her residence, by depositing such notice in any post office or branch post 22 office or any letter box under the control of the United States Postal Service; 23 alternatively, notice may be served in any manner in which the sheriffs of this state are authorized by law to serve summons or process; and 24

- 25 (2) Any person having a direct contractual relationship with a subcontractor but no 26 contractual relationship, express or implied, with the contractor furnishing such payment bond or security deposit on a public works construction project where the contractor has 27 28 complied with the notice of commencement requirements in accordance with subsection (a) of Code Section <del>36-91-72</del> <u>36-91-92</u> shall have the right of action on the payment bond 29 or security deposit, provided that such person shall, within 30 days from the filing of the 30 notice of commencement or 30 days following the first delivery of labor, material, 31 machinery, or equipment, whichever is later, give to the contractor a written notice setting 32 forth: 33
- 34 (A) The name, address, and telephone number of the person providing labor, material,
  35 machinery, or equipment;

36 (B) The name and address of each person at whose instance the labor, material,
37 machinery, or equipment is being furnished;

1 (C) The name and the location of the public works construction site; and

- 2 (D) A description of the labor, material, machinery, or equipment being provided and, 3 if known, the contract price or anticipated value of the labor, material, machinery, or 4 equipment to be provided or the amount claimed to be due, if any.
- 5 (b) Nothing contained in this Code section shall limit the right of action of a person 6 entitled to the protection of the payment bond or security deposit required to be given 7 pursuant to this article to the 90 day period following the day on which such person did or 8 performed the last of the labor or furnished the last of the material or machinery or 9 equipment for which such claim is made.
- (c) Every action instituted under this Code section shall be brought in the name of the
  claimant without making the governmental entity for which the work was done or was to
  be done a party to such action.

#### 13 <del>36-91-74.</del> <u>36-91-94.</u>

The official who has the custody of the bond or security deposit required by this article is 14 15 authorized and directed to furnish to any person making application therefor a copy of the bond or security deposit agreement and the contract for which it was given, certified by the 16 official who has custody of the bond or security deposit. With his or her application, such 17 18 person shall also submit an affidavit that he or she has supplied labor or materials for such work and that payment therefor has not been made or that he or she is being sued on any 19 20 such bond or security deposit. Such copy shall be primary evidence of the bond or security 21 deposit and contract and shall be admitted in evidence without further proof. Applicants 22 shall pay for such certified copies and such certified statements such fees as the official fixes to cover the cost of preparation thereof, provided that in no case shall the fee fixed 23 24 exceed the fees which the clerks of the superior courts are permitted to charge for similar 25 copies.

26 <del>36-91-75.</del> <u>36-91-95.</u>

No action can be instituted on the payment bonds or security deposits after one year from
the completion of the contract and the acceptance of the public works construction by the
proper public authorities. Every action instituted under this article shall be brought in the
name of the claimant, without the governmental entity for which the work was done or was
to be done being made a party thereto."

#### 32

#### **SECTION 13.**

Code Section 50-18-72 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to when public
 disclosure is not required and the disclosure of exempting legal authority, is amended by

- striking in its entirety paragraph (6) of subsection (a) and inserting in lieu thereof the
   following:
- 3 "(6)(<u>A)</u> Real estate appraisals, engineering or feasibility estimates, or other records
  4 made for or by the state or a local agency relative to the acquisition of real property
  5 until such time as the property has been acquired or the proposed transaction has been
  6 terminated or abandoned: and engineers'
- (B) Engineers' cost estimates and pending, rejected, or deferred bid bids or proposals
  until such time as the final award of the contract is made, either or the project is
  terminated or abandoned. The provisions of this subparagraph shall apply whether the
  bid or proposal is received or prepared by the Department of Transportation pursuant
  to Article 4 of Chapter 2 of Title 32, by a county pursuant to Article 3 of Chapter 4 of
  Title 32, or by a municipality pursuant to Article 4 of Chapter 4 of Title 32, or by a
  governmental entity pursuant to Article 2 of Chapter 91 of Title 36;"

# 14 SECTION 14.

15 All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.