Senate Bill 563

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By: Senators Ragan of the 11th, Bowen of the 13th and Golden of the 8th

AS PASSED

## A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

To create the Joint Recreation Authority of Brooks, Colquitt, Grady, Mitchell, and Thomas Counties and to authorize such authority to acquire, own, operate, manage, construct, equip, maintain, modify, improve, expand, and operate sports, cultural, and recreational facilities and areas of all kinds and descriptions, including, but not limited to, playgrounds, parks, amusement parks, hiking, camping, and picnicking areas and facilities, swimming and wading pools, lakes, ponds, marinas, tennis courts, handball courts, squash courts, racket ball courts, frontons, basketball courts, ice rinks, facilities for track and field events, rifle, archery, skeet, and trap ranges and facilities, athletic fields and courts, club houses, gymnasiums, museums, libraries, concert halls, theaters, amphitheaters, auditoriums, arenas, stadiums, grandstands, facilities for fairs, livestock shows, trade shows, exhibitions, and conventions, youth centers, senior citizen centers, recreation centers and other recreational buildings, golf courses, driving ranges, stables, hunting preserves, lodges and resorts, fishing lodges and resorts, boats, historic sites and attractions, and facilities for the recreation and accommodation of tourists, including hotels, motels, convention centers, conference centers, and restaurants and ancillary and related facilities and areas serving the foregoing or to be used in connection therewith, including, but not limited to, parking facilities, food and beverage service facilities, and retail and service facilities associated therewith and to acquire the necessary property therefor, both real and personal, and to lease or sell any or all of such facilities, including real property; to confer powers on the authority; to provide for the membership and for the appointment of members of the authority and for their removal from office; to provide for officers and employees of the authority; to authorize the authority to contract with others pertaining to such recreational facilities, to lease such facilities, either as lessor or lessee, to convey title to real property of the authority in fee simple, to convey title to personal property, and to do all things deemed necessary or convenient for the operation of such undertakings; to authorize the authority and other political subdivisions to enter into intergovernmental contracts pertaining to such facilities and areas, which contracts may obligate the authority or such other political subdivisions to make payment for the use or provision of such facilities and areas or for the provisions of services relating thereto,

including but not limited to services pertaining to the acquisition, construction, equipping, maintenance, modification, improvement, expansion, or operation of such facilities or areas, for the term of such intergovernmental contract and to pledge to that purpose revenues derived from taxation; to authorize the authority to issue revenue bonds and other obligations of the authority to finance costs of such facilities and areas and to refund any such revenue bonds or other obligations, provided that such revenue bonds and other obligations of the authority shall not constitute a debt of Brooks, Colquitt, Grady, Mitchell, or Thomas County or any other political subdivision, within the meaning of Article IX, Section V, Paragraph I of the state Constitution; to authorize the collection and pledging of the revenues and earnings of the authority for the payment of such bonds or other obligations and to secure the payment thereof; to define the rights of the holders of such bonds or other obligations; to make the revenue bonds and other obligations, the income therefrom, and the property of the authority exempt from taxation and assessment; to provide for the validation of revenue bonds and supporting agreements pursuant to the provisions of Article 3 of Chapter 82 of Title 36 of the O.C.G.A., the "Revenue Bond Law"; to grant to the authority sovereign immunity; to fix the venue or jurisdiction of actions to which the authority shall be a party; to provide for construction of this Act; to provide for conveyance of property upon dissolution; to provide an effective date; to repeal conflicting laws; and for other purposes.

## BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

20 SECTION 1.

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21 Short title.

This Act shall be known and may be cited as the "Joint Recreation Authority of Brooks,

Colquitt, Grady, Mitchell, and Thomas Counties Act."

SECTION 2.

25 Findings.

It is found, determined, and declared that:

(1) The availability of sports, cultural, tourism, hospitality, and recreational facilities and areas within Brooks, Colquitt, Grady, Mitchell, and Thomas counties is important to meet the recreational needs and for the general welfare and well-being of the residents of Brooks, Colquitt, Grady, Mitchell, and Thomas counties, of contiguous counties, and of the state and is important for the economic well-being of said counties and of the state in that such facilities and areas create employment, attract tourists, and enhance the

attractiveness of said counties to companies seeking sites for new industrial and commercial facilities;

(2) Achieving the objectives described in paragraph (1) above constitutes the governmental mission of the authority created hereby, and said objectives can best be achieved by creating a local joint recreation authority, as contemplated by this Act, which is authorized to acquire, own, operate, manage, construct, equip, modify, improve, expand, lease, sell, maintain, and finance such facilities and to promote and assist the acquisition, ownership, operation, management, construction, equipping, modification, improvement, expansion, maintaining, and financing of such facilities located in any one or more of said counties by any one or more of said counties, by municipalities located in any one or more of said counties, and by private sector entities to raise, administer, and spend funds for that purpose, including revenues derived by the authority under intergovernmental contracts and from grants, and to issue revenue bonds and other obligations to finance the cost of such facilities; and

(3) The activities herein authorized to be undertaken and conducted by the authority serve a public purpose and are hereby declared to serve a purpose of each of Brooks, Colquitt, Grady, Mitchell, and Thomas counties, a purpose of the municipalities located in such respective counties, and a purpose of the state.

19 SECTION 3.

20 Definitions.

As used in this Act, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

- (1) "Authority" means the Joint Recreation Authority of Brooks, Colquitt, Grady, Mitchell, and Thomas Counties created in Section 4 of this Act.
- (2) "Board of commissioners" means the board of commissioners of a particular county.
- (3) "Cost," when used with reference to any project, means and shall embrace and include all costs of acquisition, construction, equipping, modification, improvement, and expansion of such project; all costs of financing or refinancing such project; and, during the period of the acquisition, construction, equipping, modification, improvement, or expansion of such project and for a period ending one year following the completion of the acquisition, construction, equipping, modification, improvement, or expansion of such project shall include interest on revenue bonds or other obligations issued to finance or refinance such project, startup costs, costs of maintaining and operating such project, and administrative and other costs relating to such project or relating to any revenue bonds or other obligations issued to finance or refinance such project, including, but not limited to: (i) costs of acquiring, leasing, constructing, fabricating, and installing real property,

fixtures, furnishings, machinery, equipment, and other tangible and intangible personal 1 2 property and interests, rights, easements, and franchises therein including, but not limited 3 to, the cost of all conveyances and leases thereof to or by the authority and costs of labor, materials, supplies, equipment rental charges, premiums on performance and payment 4 bonds, builder's risk and liability insurance, and other costs associated with the 5 construction or fabrication of any project or any part thereof; (ii) costs of plans and 6 7 specifications, engineering, architectural, and design services, soil testing and 8 stabilization, land surveys, environmental studies, and other preconstruction expenses and 9 expenses necessary or incident to determining the feasibility or practicability of the project; (iii) costs of applying for and obtaining grants relating to any project; (iv) costs 10 11 relating to the issuance of revenue bonds and other obligations to finance or refinance any such project and relating to any forward purchase contract or any option agreement 12 relating to the future issuance by the authority of any revenue bonds or other obligations, 13 14 including, but not limited to, any "points," commitment fee, or other fee charged by any lender, original issue discount, underwriter's discount, the fees and expenses of any 15 securities depository, placement agents, financial advisers, attorneys, trustees, registrars, 16 17 paying agents, remarketing agents, indexing agents, escrow agents, tender agents, or other 18 agents and consultants for services relating to the financing or refinancing of such 19 project; (v) costs relating to obtaining ratings and complying with applicable securities 20 laws; (vi) costs of any bond insurance policy, letter of credit, surety bond, other financial 21 guaranty, or other credit facility or liquidity facility relating to such revenue bonds or 22 other obligations or the refunding thereof; (vii) costs of any hedge facility, including any 23 currency swap, interest rate swap, interest rate cap, interest rate collar, or other financial product relating to such revenue bonds or other obligations; (viii) costs, in the case of the 24 25 refinancing and refunding of previously issued revenue bonds or other obligations relating to any project, of any investment securities, guaranteed investment contract, 26 27 forward purchase contract, and other financial products to be used to retire or defease such previously issued revenue bonds or other obligations; (ix) costs incurred during the 28 period of the acquisition, construction, equipping, modification, improvement, or 29 30 expansion of such project and for a period ending one year following the completion of the acquisition, construction, equipping, modification, improvement, or expansion of such 31 32 project, for the payment of interest on the revenue bonds or other obligations issued to 33 finance or refinance such project, startup costs of such project, costs of maintaining and operating such project, and administrative and other costs relating to such project or 34 relating to any revenue bonds or other obligations issued to finance or refinance such 35 36 project; and (x) any other costs relating to any project that would be classified as a "cost" 37 of a "project" under the Revenue Bond Law. Any obligation or expense incurred for any

of the foregoing purposes shall be regarded as a part of the cost of the project and may be paid or reimbursed as such out of the proceeds of revenue bonds or other obligations issued under the provisions of this Act with respect to such project.

- (4) "Counterparty" means any person that is a party to any contract or agreement with the authority.
- (5) "Counties" means Brooks, Colquitt, Grady, Mitchell, and Thomas counties.
- (6) "County" means one of the counties.
- (7) "Other obligations" means debt obligations of the authority other than revenue bonds.
- (8) "Project" means and includes sports, cultural, and recreational facilities and areas of all kinds and descriptions, including, but not limited to, playgrounds, parks, amusement parks, hiking, camping, and picnicking areas and facilities, swimming and wading pools, lakes, ponds, marinas, tennis courts, handball courts, squash courts, racket ball courts, frontons, basketball courts, ice rinks, facilities for track and field events, rifle, archery, skeet, and trap ranges and facilities, athletic fields and courts, club houses, gymnasiums, museums, libraries, concert halls, theaters, amphitheaters, auditoriums, arenas, stadiums, grandstands, facilities for fairs, livestock shows, trade shows, exhibitions, and conventions, youth centers, senior citizen centers, recreation centers and other recreational buildings, golf courses, driving ranges, stables, hunting preserves, lodges and resorts, fishing lodges and resorts, boats, historic sites and attractions, and facilities for the recreation and accommodation of tourists and of visitors to and citizens of said counties, including hotels, motels, convention centers, conference centers, and restaurants and ancillary and related facilities and areas serving the foregoing or to be used in connection therewith, including, but not limited to, offices, parking facilities, food and beverage service facilities, and retail and service facilities associated therewith.
- (9) "Revenue Bond Law" means Article 3 of Chapter 82 of Title 36 of the O.C.G.A., as the same exists on the date of enactment of this Act and as the same may hereafter be amended.
- (10) "Revenue bonds" and "bonds" shall means revenue bonds described in Section 8 of this Act.

30 SECTION 4.

Creation of authority, situs, tax exemption, sovereign immunity, venue, and other matters.

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(a) *Creation*. There is created a public body corporate and politic to be known as the "Joint Recreation Authority of Brooks, Colquitt, Grady, Mitchell, and Thomas Counties," which shall be deemed to be a political subdivision of the state, a body corporate and politic, and

a public corporation of the state. By that name, style, and title, the authority may contract and be contracted with, sue and be sued, implead and be impleaded, complain and defend in courts of law and equity, and participate in mediation and arbitration proceedings. The authority shall not be a state institution nor a department or agency of the state but shall be an instrumentality of the state, a mere creation of the state, having a distinct corporate identity, and shall be exempt from the provisions of Article 2 of Chapter 17 of Title 50 of the O.C.G.A., the "Georgia State Financing and Investment Commission Act." The authority shall have perpetual existence.

- (b) *Situs*. The authority shall have its principal office in one of the counties, and its legal situs, domicile, and residence for the purposes of this Act shall be the counties.
- (c) Tax exemption. The exercise of the powers conferred upon the authority in this Act shall constitute an essential governmental function for a public purpose. The properties of the authority and leasehold interests therein, whether such leasehold interest is a usufruct or an estate for years and whether or not the lease giving rise to such leasehold interest could be construed to be an installment sale agreement, both real and personal, and the income of the authority are declared to be public properties and income used for the benefit and welfare of the people of the respective counties and not for the purpose of private or corporate benefit, and the authority, its income, its property, its revenue bonds, and other obligations and all interest and other income derived therefrom shall be exempt from all taxes and special assessments of the state or any city, county, or other political subdivision thereof. The authority and its property shall have all of the exemptions and exclusions from taxes as are now granted to cities and counties for the operation of properties or facilities similar to the properties and facilities to be owned or operated, or both, by the authority. For purposes hereof, property shall be deemed to be "owned" by the authority if legal or equitable title is in the authority, even though security title thereto may be held by another person under a deed to secure debt and even though a third party may have the right, under the terms of a lease, option, or installment sale agreement, to acquire full ownership of such property.
- (d) Sovereign immunity, venue, and other matters. The authority shall have the same immunity and exemption from liability for torts and negligence as the state, and the officers, agents, and employees of the authority, when in performance of work of the authority, shall have the same immunity and exemption from liability for torts and negligence as officers, agents, and employees of the State of Georgia. The authority may be sued the same as private corporations on any contractual obligation of the authority. Any action to protect or enforce any rights under the provisions of this Act or any suit or action against the authority shall be brought in the Superior Court of Colquitt County, and any action pertaining to validation of any bonds issued under the provisions of this Act shall likewise be brought in such court which shall have exclusive, original jurisdiction of such actions. The property of

the authority shall not be subject to levy and sale under legal process, provided that the authority may convey by deed to secure debt or deed absolute, mortgage, pledge, hypothecate, and grant a security interest in any of its property, real or personal, as security for its obligations and remedies provided for in any deed to secure debt, mortgage, indenture, pledge agreement, or security agreement executed by the authority shall be enforceable in accordance with the terms thereof. The records of the authority shall be public records which are subject to Article 4 of Chapter 18 of Title 50 of the O.C.G.A. Nothing in this Act shall be construed to abridge or change the powers and duties of other authorities, departments, boards, and like agencies of the respective counties.

SECTION 5.

Members, meetings, and related matters.

- (a) *Members*. The persons who from time to time are serving as the members of the Joint Development Authority of Brooks, Colquitt, Grady, Mitchell, and Thomas counties shall be the members of the authority. The members of the authority shall constitute its board of directors. A majority of the members of the authority shall constitute a quorum, but no action may be taken by the authority without the affirmative vote of a majority of the full membership of the authority.
- (b) *Compensation*. The members shall receive no compensation for their services as members or directors of the authority but shall be reimbursed for their actual expenses incurred in the performance of their duties.
  - (c) *Ethics.* The provisions of Code Section 45-10-3 of the O.C.G.A. shall apply to the members of the authority, and a member of the authority shall not engage in any transaction with the authority. The provisions of the immediately preceding sentence and the provisions of paragraph (9) of Code Section 45-10-3 shall be deemed to have been complied with and the authority may purchase from, sell to, borrow from, loan to, contract with, or otherwise deal with any member or any organization or person with which any member of the authority is in any way interested or involved, provided that (i) any interest or involvement by such members is disclosed in advance to the members of the authority who will be voting on the matter or transaction and such disclosure is recorded in the minutes of the authority, (ii) no member having a substantial interest or involvement may be present at that portion of any meeting of the members during which discussion of such matter or transaction is conducted, and (iii) no member having a substantial interest or involvement may participate in any decision of the members relating to any such matter or transaction. As used in this subsection, a "substantial interest or involvement" shall mean any interest or involvement which reasonably may be expected to result in a direct financial benefit to such member, as

determined by the members by vote, which determination shall be final and not subject to review. A member who has any interest or involvement shall be entitled to participate in discussions of whether such interest or involvement is a "substantial interest or involvement" but shall not be entitled to vote on the question. Nothing contained in this subsection or in Code Section 45-10-3 of the O.C.G.A. shall be deemed to prohibit any member from providing legal services to the authority, being paid for such services and related expenses, participating in discussions relating to his or her engagement, scope of services, compensation, or related matters or from voting on such matters.

(d) Meetings. An annual meeting of the authority shall be held in January of each year for the election of officers and for the conduct of such other business as the authority shall elect to conduct thereat. Such annual meeting shall be held on such date and at such time and place as shall be established by or pursuant to the rules and regulations of the authority or, if no rules and regulations have been adopted, such annual meeting shall be held on such date and at such time and place as shall be established by the chairperson in the notice calling the meeting. The authority, in its rules and regulations, may schedule additional regular meetings. Special meetings of the authority may be called by the chairperson or vice chairperson of the authority and may be held on not less than 18 hours notice or such lesser notice as may be specified in rules and regulations adopted by the authority. Notice of all meetings shall be given to the members and to the public. Notice to the members may be given orally, by telephone, or in writing. Notice to the public shall be given as mandated by the laws of the state. Meetings of the authority shall be open to the public as mandated by the laws of the state. Written minutes of all meetings shall be kept and the authority shall comply with the state's open records laws, found at Code Sections 50-18-70 through 50-18-76 of the O.C.G.A., with respect to its minutes and other records.

25 SECTION 6.

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Officers, employees, counsel, and consultants.

(a) Officers. At the first meeting of the authority in 2002 and at the annual meeting held in each calendar year thereafter, the authority shall elect one of its members as chairperson, another member as vice chairperson, and shall also elect a secretary, who need not be a member of the authority, and treasurer, who need not be a member of the authority, or one individual to serve as both secretary and treasurer, who need not be a member of the authority. If the secretary or treasurer is not a member of the authority, such officer shall be entitled to participate in meetings of the authority but shall not be entitled to vote. Such officers shall serve in such offices until the annual meeting of the authority held in the next succeeding year and until their successors are elected and assume the duties of office.

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Whether or not the authority has employed an executive director, who shall serve as assistant secretary, as provided below, the authority may elect one or more persons, other than a person serving as chairperson or vice chairperson, to serve as an assistant secretary. The chairperson shall preside at meetings of the authority; in the absence of the chairperson, the vice chairperson shall preside and in the absence of both of them, the members present at the meeting shall elect from their number an acting chairperson for such meeting or for such portion thereof during which the chairperson and vice chairperson shall both be absent. All contracts, leases, indentures, deeds, revenue bonds, or other contractual or financial obligations of the authority shall be executed by the chairperson or, in the absence of the chairperson, shall be executed by the vice chairperson or, in the absence of both of them, by any member of the authority. The secretary shall be the custodian of the records of the authority other than any financial records. Any instrument that is required to be attested shall be attested by the secretary or any assistant secretary or, in the absence of both of them, by any member of the authority or by its executive director, if any, and if the form of such instrument requires a seal, the official seal of the authority may be impressed thereon or a facsimile thereof may be imprinted or printed thereon. The treasurer shall keep or cause to be kept the financial books and records of the authority except for (i) books and records required to be kept by any trustee or escrow agent or custodian of funds under any trust indenture or other instrument relating to the issuance of revenue bonds and other obligations of the authority or pursuant to any agreement to which the authority is a party and (ii) books and records required to be kept by the clerk under any intergovernmental contract relating to funds being administered by the clerk as assistant treasurer of the authority.

- (b) *Employees*. The authority is authorized to employ such employees as are necessary or desirable for the operation of the authority. The authority may employ an executive director and may delegate to such executive director duties and powers of the type normally possessed by the president of a Georgia for profit corporation, except for those powers herein reserved to the officers of the authority. Any such executive director shall, ex officio, serve as an assistant secretary of the authority and shall be entitled to attest instruments executed by the chairperson or vice chairperson and to execute certificates on behalf of the authority and shall serve as recording secretary of the authority and, in such capacity, be responsible for the recording of minutes of meetings of the authority.
- (c) *Counsel*. The authority is authorized to employ legal counsel of its choice to serve as general counsel to the authority and is authorized to employ other legal counsel in connection with the issuance of revenue bonds and other obligations and other matters of a type that are not regularly and routinely handled by its general counsel.
- (d) *Consultants*. The authority may retain, employ, and engage the services of such independent consultants and accountants as it deems necessary.

SECTION 7.

Powers of the authority.

- (a) The authority shall have the following powers:
  - (1) To have a seal and alter the same at pleasure;
  - (2) To lend financial support through grants, contributions, or otherwise to other governmental entities in furtherance of the authority's public purpose, provided that the benefits to be received by the residents of the counties as a result thereof are determined by the authority to be of sufficient value to prevent the same from violating Article III, Section VI, Paragraph VI of the state Constitution; any such determination shall be presumed to be correct and shall not judicially be set aside unless the court finds such determination to be clearly erroneous;
  - (3) To conduct studies of the recreational needs of the counties, to develop plans for meeting those needs, to consult with other public and private sector entities in connection with the meeting of those needs, to conduct activities to encourage governmental and private sector entities to locate projects in the counties, to advertise and promote facilities and areas which are owned by the authority, and to promote the development of the tourism, recreation, and hospitality industries in its area of operations;
  - (4) To lend financial support through grants, contributions, loans, or otherwise to private sector for profit and not for profit entities in furtherance of its corporate purposes, provided that the benefits to be received by the residents of the counties as a result thereof are determined by the authority to be of sufficient value to prevent the same from violating Article III, Section VI, Paragraph VI of the state Constitution; any such determination shall be presumed to be correct and shall not judicially be set aside unless the court finds such determination to be clearly erroneous;
  - (5) To engaging in fundraising activities to raise moneys to be used in furtherance of its corporate purposes;
  - (6) To apply for and accept grants of money or materials or property of any kind from the United States of America or any agency or instrumentality thereof upon such terms and conditions as the United States of America or such agency or instrumentality may impose;
  - (7) To apply for and accept grants of money or materials or property of any kind from the State of Georgia or any agency or instrumentality or political subdivision thereof upon such terms and conditions as the State of Georgia or such agency or instrumentality or political subdivision may impose;
  - (8) To issue and validate revenue bonds, as provided in Section 8 of this Act, and to enter into contracts and agreements in connection therewith, including but not limited to (i) any

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lease, installment sale agreement, loan agreement, or other agreement between the authority and any user of the project to be financed or refinanced with the proceeds of such revenue bonds, any of which revenues from such project are to be used as a source of payment or as security for such revenue bonds, (ii) intergovernmental contracts between the authority and the state or any agency or instrumentality of the state or between the authority and the United States government or any agency or instrumentality thereof or between the authority and any county, municipality, political subdivision, public body, or public corporation of the state, any of the revenues from which are to be used as a source of payment or as security for such revenue bonds, (iii) agreements under which the authority obtains a credit facility, liquidity facility, or hedge facility including any currency swap agreement, interest rate swap agreement, interest rate cap, or interest rate collar from a counterparty in connection with the issuance of such revenue bonds if any of the amounts to be paid by the counterparty thereunder are to serve as a source of payment or as security for such revenue bonds or otherwise provide security to the holders of such revenue bonds, and (iv) agreements under which the authority sells such revenue bonds for future delivery or sells call options, to be exercisable at a future date, on revenue bonds that have been authorized and may be issued at a future date if such options are exercised by the holders of such options; (9) To borrow money for any of its corporate purposes and to issue, as evidence thereof,

other obligations which are not expressly prohibited by the state Constitution, including, but not limited to: (i) bond anticipation notes issued in anticipation of the issuance of validated revenue bonds relating to any project on which notes are to be paid with proceeds of such revenue bonds and the proceeds of which are to be used to pay costs of such project, (ii) grant anticipation notes issued in anticipation of the receipt of proceeds of any grant that has been authorized by the grantor, which notes are to be repaid from the proceeds of such grant and the proceeds of which notes are to be used for the purposes specified in the grant or, if no purpose is specified, the proceeds of such notes may be used for any lawful purpose of the authority, and (iii) intergovernmental contract payment anticipation notes issued in anticipation of the receipt of revenues under an intergovernmental contract, which notes are to be repaid from the revenues received under such intergovernmental contract and the proceeds of which notes are to be used for the purposes specified in the intergovernmental contract or, if no purpose is specified, the proceeds of such notes may be used for any lawful purpose of the authority. Such notes and other obligations may be, but shall not be required to be, validated, unless required to be validated by the state Constitution or general law in effect at the time such other obligations are issued; such other obligations may, to the extent not prohibited by law,

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be payable from and secured by a pledge of funds to be received by the authority from any source;

(10) To sue and be sued in contract and in tort and to complain and defend in all courts; (11) To acquire by purchase, lease, or otherwise, by public bidding or negotiated transaction, on such terms and conditions and in such manner as it may deem proper personal property of every kind and description and real property and rights or easements therein or franchises necessary or convenient for its corporate purposes, to use the same so long as its corporate existence shall continue, to lease or make contracts with respect to the use of the same, or to dispose of the same in any manner it deems to the best advantage of the authority. If the authority shall deem it expedient to construct any project on any lands or property the title to which shall then be in the state, the Governor is authorized to convey for and in behalf of the state title to such lands to the authority upon payment to the state for the credit of the general fund of the state the reasonable value of such lands or upon the receipt of such lawful consideration as may be determined by the parties to such conveyance. If the authority shall deem it expedient to acquire and construct any project on any lands the title to which shall then be in the name of the board of commissioners of any of the counties or any municipality incorporated in any of said counties, the board of commissioners of such particular county or governing authority or body of said municipality is authorized to convey title to such lands or to lease such lands to the authority upon the receipt of such lawful consideration as may be determined by the parties to such conveyances or leases upon payment of the reasonable value of such lands or leasehold interest, such value to be determined by mutual agreement of the authority and said county or municipality or by an appraiser agreed upon by the board of commissioners of such county or the governing authority or body of said municipality, as applicable; land and other property of the state, of any of the counties, of any municipality within any such county, or of any department, agency, or instrumentality thereof may be contributed by grant to the authority in furtherance of the authority's public purpose, provided that the benefits to be received by the residents of such county or municipality as a result thereof are determined by the authority to be of sufficient value to prevent the same from violating Article III, Section VI, Paragraph VI of the state Constitution; any such determination shall be presumed to be correct and shall not judicially be set aside unless the court finds such determination to be clearly erroneous;

(12) To make contracts and leases and to execute all instruments necessary or convenient including contracts for the acquisition and construction of projects and leases of projects or contracts with respect to the use of projects which it causes to be erected or acquired and including contracts for acquiring, constructing, renting, and leasing of its projects for

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use by any one or more of the counties or any municipality in any such county or for use by any public or private sector entity and to dispose by conveyance of its title and interest in real and personal property of every kind and character; and any and all persons, firms, and corporations and the state and any and all political subdivisions, departments, institutions, instrumentalities, or agencies of any of the foregoing are authorized to enter into contracts, leases, or agreements with the authority upon such terms and for such purposes as they deem advisable and to donate and convey to the authority real and personal property, including, but not limited to parks; and, without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the authority and the state and any and all political subdivisions, departments, institutions, or agencies of any of the foregoing may lease property to or from the United States government or any agency or department thereof; the authority is specifically authorized to convey title to any and all of its lands and any improvements thereon to any person, firm, corporation, the state, or any political subdivision, department, institution, or agency of any of the foregoing, subject to the rights and interest of the holders of any revenue bonds or other obligations authorized to be issued pursuant to this Act and by the resolution authorizing the issuance of any of such revenue bonds or other obligations as provided in this Act;

- (13) To construct, erect, acquire, own, operate, manage, repair, remodel, maintain, add to, expand, extend, improve, and equip projects and to enter into management contracts and construction contracts relating thereto by public bidding, by competitive sealed proposals or subject, in the case of construction, to any contrary provision of general law, by negotiated transaction without public bidding or competitive sealed proposals; in connection with any such construction contract, the authority may, but shall not be required to, require the contractor to post a payment and performance bond unless so required by general law;
- (14) To sell, lease, grant, exchange, or otherwise dispose of, by competitive bidding or by negotiated transaction, any property, both real and personal, or any interest therein not required in the normal operation of and usable in the furtherance of the purpose for which the authority was created;
- (15) To convey, mortgage, pledge, hypothecate, and grant a security interest in any of its revenues, receipts, and property, real or personal, as security for its revenue bonds, other obligations, and contractual obligations;
- (16) To make recommendations to the counties and municipalities within the respective counties on land acquisition, facilities development, and other matters relating to the provision of sports, cultural, or recreation facilities and areas within the counties;
- (17) To appoint, select, retain, and employ employees, agents, consultants, and independent contractors and to fix their respective compensation;

(18) To exercise the power of eminent domain to acquire property for public use in furtherance of its public purpose in accordance with general law;

- (19) To establish fees, rates, and charges for the use of its facilities and regulations relating to the use thereof;
- (20) To provide water service and facilities and waste-water and storm-water disposal and treatment service and facilities to the counties and to any municipality located therein and to obtain water service and facilities and waste-water and storm-water disposal and treatment service and facilities from the counties or any municipality located therein and to enter into contracts in connection therewith with any of the counties or with any municipality located therein as the authority and such county or such municipality may agree, including, without limitation, contracts relating to portions of the authority's property being used for waste-water or storm-water retention, treatment, or disposal; any such intergovernmental contract shall be deemed pursuant to, and shall be subject to, Article IX, Section III, Paragraph I(a) of the state Constitution;
- (21) To provide such assistance or facilities and to enter into such contracts in connection therewith to any such county and any municipality located therein with respect to the provision of health and fitness services to the authority or to the public or to employees of any of the counties or of any such municipality as the authority and any such county or any such municipality may agree; any such intergovernmental contract shall be deemed pursuant to and shall be subject to Article IX, Section III, Paragraph I of the state Constitution; and
- (22) To do all things necessary or convenient to carry out the powers expressly given in this Act; and to exercise any power usually possessed by private corporations performing similar functions which is not expressly in conflict with the state Constitution and general laws of the state.
- (b) The powers enumerated in each paragraph of subsection (a) of this section are cumulative of and in addition to those powers enumerated in the other paragraphs of subsection (a) of this section and any other powers elsewhere in this Act or which may reasonably be inferred from the provisions of this Act. This Act shall be liberally construed to effect the purposes hereof, and, in interpreting this Act, the courts are not to apply "Dillon's Rule."

32 SECTION 8.

Revenue bonds.

(a) *Authorization*. The authority or any authority or body which has or which may in the future succeed to the powers, duties, and liabilities vested in the authority created by this Act

shall have power and is authorized at one time or from time to time to provide by resolution for the issuance of revenue bonds for the purpose of paying all or any part of the cost of any one or more projects. The principal of and interest on such revenue bonds shall be payable solely from the sources provided for in this Act for such payment. The revenue bonds of each issue shall be dated and shall bear interest at such rate or rates as determined by the authority or as provided by the authority, payable on such dates as determined by the authority. Principal on such revenue bonds shall mature at such time or times not exceeding 40 years from their date or dates, shall be payable in such medium of payment as to both principal and interest as may be determined by the authority, and may be made redeemable or subject to purchase before maturity at such price or prices and under such terms and conditions as may be fixed by the authority. Such revenue bonds shall be issued pursuant to and in conformity with the Revenue Bond Law and all procedures pertaining to such issuance and the conditions thereof shall be the same as those contained in said Revenue Bond Law.

- (b) *Sale*. The authority may sell such revenue bonds in such manner and for such prices as it may determine to be for the best interest of the authority.
- (c) *Use of proceeds*. The proceeds derived from the sale of such revenue bonds shall be used solely for the purpose of paying costs of the project, as provided in the proceedings authorizing the issuance of such revenue bonds.
  - (d) Proceedings. Such revenue bonds shall be issued pursuant to a resolution of the authority and may be issued without any other proceedings or the happening of any other conditions or things than those proceedings, conditions, and things which are specified or required by this Act and the Revenue Bond Law. Any resolution providing for the issuance of revenue bonds under the provisions of this Act shall become effective immediately upon its passage and need not be published or posted, and any such resolution may be passed at any regular or special or adjourned meeting of the authority by a majority of its members. (e) Special and limited obligations. Revenue bonds issued under the provisions of this Act shall not be deemed to constitute a debt of the state or of the county or a pledge of the faith and credit thereof; but such bonds shall be payable solely from the rentals, revenues, earnings, and funds of the authority as provided in the resolution authorizing the issuance of such revenue bonds or in documents approved by such resolution. The issuance of such revenue bonds shall not directly, indirectly, or contingently obligate the state or any political subdivision thereof including specifically said counties to levy or to pledge any form of taxation whatever therefor or to make any appropriation for their payment, and all such bonds shall contain recitals on their face covering substantially the foregoing provisions of this subsection. However, any county or any other political subdivision contracting with the authority may obligate itself to pay the amounts required under any contract entered into with

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the authority from funds received from taxes to be levied and collected for that purpose to the extent necessary to pay the obligations contractually incurred under this subsection, and from any other source; and the obligation to make such payments shall constitute a general obligation and a pledge of the full faith and credit of the obligor but shall not constitute a debt of the obligor within the meaning of Article IX, Section V, Paragraph I of the state Constitution. When such obligation is made to make such payments from taxes to be levied for that purpose, then the obligation shall be mandatory to levy and collect such taxes from year to year in an amount sufficient to fulfill and fully comply with the terms of such obligation.

(f) Pledge of projects and revenues. Any one or more projects and the revenues, rents, and earnings derived from any particular project or projects and any and all revenues, rents, and earnings received by the authority, regardless of whether such revenues, rents, and earnings were produced by a particular project for which revenue bonds or other obligations have been issued, unless otherwise pledged, may be pledged by the authority to the payment of the principal of and interest on the revenue bonds and other obligations of the authority as may be provided in any resolution authorizing the issuance of such bonds or in any document approved by such resolution. Such funds so pledged from whatever source received, which may include funds received from one or more or all sources, may be set aside at regular intervals into sinking funds for which provision may be made in any such resolution or document approved by such resolution and which may be pledged to and charged with the payment of: (i) the interest upon such revenue bonds as such interest shall become due, (ii) the principal of the bonds as the same shall mature, (iii) the necessary charges of any trustee, paying agent, registrar, tender agent, indexing agent, remarketing agent, or other agent involved in the administration of such revenue bonds, (iv) the redemption price, including any premium, of any of such revenue bonds that is payable upon the redemption thereof prior to maturity, (v) the purchase price of any revenue bonds that are required to be purchased pursuant to the terms of such resolution or any document approved thereby, and (vi) any amounts payable by the authority or in behalf of the authority to any counterparty to any agreement under which a credit facility, liquidity facility, or hedge facility has been issued by such counterparty in connection with the issuance of such revenue bonds. The use and disposition of any sinking fund or other pledged fund securing any revenue bonds shall be as provided for in the resolution authorizing the issuance of the bonds or in any document approved thereby.

(g) *Validation*. Revenue bonds issued by the authority shall be confirmed and validated in accordance with the procedures provided for in the Revenue Bond Law. At the request of the authority in the notice filed with the district attorney for the Southern Circuit relating to validation, such district attorney shall file a petition for validation of such revenue bonds

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in the Superior Court of Colquitt County and may include in the petition a request for the validation of the authority's obligations to any counterparty under (i) any lease, installment sale agreement, loan agreement, or intergovernmental contract or other agreement, the payments by the counterparty which are to serve as a source of payment or as security for any of such revenue bonds, (ii) any agreement relating to any credit facility, liquidity facility, or hedge facility the payments by the counterparty under which are to serve as a source of payments to the holders of any of such revenue bonds, and (iii) any agreement providing for the future issuance and delivery of any such revenue bonds, including any forward sale contract or option agreement, and, if so requested by the authority and if the counterparty is subject to suit or consents to the jurisdiction of the court, the petition shall also make the counterparty a party defendant to such validation action and shall request that the counterparty show cause, if any, why such contract or agreement and the counterparty's obligations thereunder should not be inquired into by the court and the validity of the terms thereof be determined and the validity of the counterparty's obligations thereunder be adjudicated to be valid. If the petition requests that the validity of the obligations of the authority and the counterparty be determined and if the counterparty is subject to suit or consents to the jurisdiction of the court, the court may validate the obligations of both the authority and the counterparty under such contract or agreement, but if the counterparty is not subject to suit and does not consent to jurisdiction, the court may nonetheless determine the validity of the authority's obligations under such contract or agreement and for such purpose may assume that the agreement or contract is the duly authorized, legal, and binding obligation of the counterparty, and if the authority's obligations are validated on the basis of such assumption, the authority shall be barred from raising any defense in any action by the counterparty to enforce the authority's obligations under such contract or agreement other than the defense of lack of mutuality on the grounds that the contract or agreement is not legal, valid, and binding on the counterparty. The revenue bonds when validated and the judgment of validation shall be final and conclusive with respect to such revenue bonds and the security for the payment thereof and interest thereon and against the authority issuing the same, and if any such counterparty is a party to the validation proceedings, the judgment of validation shall be final and conclusive with respect to such counterparty.

31 SECTION 9.

32 Budget and finance.

The authority shall prepare an annual budget and file a copy thereof and any amendments thereto with the clerk of the board of county commissioners of each of the counties.

SECTION 10.

2 Rules and regulations; bylaws.

3 The authority may by affirmative vote of a majority of all members adopt rules and

regulations or bylaws to govern the authority, its employees, and operations and may by

affirmative vote of all members repeal, replace, or amend such rules and regulations or

6 bylaws.

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7 SECTION 11.

8 Liability limited.

Neither the members of the authority nor any person executing bonds, notes, leases, or other

agreements or obligations on behalf of the authority shall be personally liable thereon by

reason of such execution.

12 SECTION 12.

13 Oversight.

The boards of commissioners of the counties are authorized by and through a committee of

their own number or by any one or more persons they may select to inspect at their pleasure

the state and condition of the authority, its properties, and all books and records pertaining

to the authority and its affairs, and the authority shall give and furnish assistance in making

such inspections.

19 **SECTION 13.** 

20 Dissolution.

The authority may be dissolved by the General Assembly, provided that all financial obligations of the authority have been paid or assumed by the counties and all other contractual obligations of the authority have been performed or assumed by the counties. Upon such dissolution all property of the authority that is located in a county shall be conveyed to that county, subject to any rights of third parties therein at the time of such conveyance. Should the authority for any reason be dissolved after full payment of all indebtedness incurred under the provisions of this Act, both as to principal and interest, title to all property of any kind and nature, real and personal, held by the authority at the time of such dissolution shall be conveyed to the particular county in which it is located; or title to any such property may be conveyed prior to such dissolution in accordance with provisions

1 which may be made therefor in any resolution or trust instrument relating to such property,

subject to any liens, leases, or other encumbrances outstanding against or in respect to said

property at the time of such conveyance.

4 SECTION 14.

5 No impairment.

While any of the revenue bonds or other obligations issued by the authority remain outstanding, the powers, duties, or existence of said authority or of its officers, employees, or agents shall not be diminished or impaired in any manner that will affect adversely the interest and rights of the holders of such bonds, and no other entity, department, agency, or authority will be created which will compete with the authority to such an extent as to affect adversely the interest and rights of the holders of such bonds, nor will the state itself so compete with the authority. The provisions of this Act shall be for the benefit of the authority and the holders of any such bonds or other obligations and the issuance of bonds or other obligations under the provisions of this Act shall constitute a contract with the holders of such bonds or other obligations.

**SECTION 15.** 

Trust funds.

All funds received pursuant to the authority of this Act whether as proceeds from sale of revenue bonds or other obligations or as revenues, rents, fees, charges, or other earnings or as grants, gifts, or other contributions shall be deemed to be trust funds to be held and applied by the authority solely as provided in this Act, and the bondholders or holders of other obligations that are entitled to receive the benefits of such funds shall have a lien on all such funds until the same are applied as provided for in any such resolution or trust instrument of the authority.

25 SECTION 16.

26 Construction.

This Act and any other law enacted with reference to the authority shall be liberally construed for the accomplishment of its purposes.

1 **SECTION 17.** 2 Scope of operation. The scope of the authority's operation shall be limited to the territory embraced within the 3 4 counties. 5 **SECTION 18.** 6 Effective date. This Act shall become effective upon its approval by the Governor or upon its becoming law 7 8 without such approval. 9 **SECTION 19.** 

Conflicts.

All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.

SB563/AP

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