Senate Bill 330

By: Senators Hecht of the 34th and Starr of the 44th

AS PASSED SENATE

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

1 To provide a short title; to amend Article 2 of Chapter 3 of Title 6 of the Official Code of 2 Georgia Annotated, relating to powers of local governments as to air facilities, so as to 3 provide that law enforcement officers of counties or municipalities operating an airport or 4 landing field located in another political subdivision shall have jurisdiction within such 5 facility; to amend Title 16 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to crimes and offenses, so as to change the penalty for the offense of transmitting a false public alarm; to 6 7 provide for restitution for damages caused by such offense; to change the definition of the offense of a terroristic threat; to change the penalty for making a terroristic threat; to amend 8 9 the "Bus and Rail Vehicle Passenger Act"; to change a short title; to define certain terms; to 10 provide that it shall be unlawful to enter an aircraft, a bus, or a rail vehicle with certain items; to provide exceptions; to prohibit the secreting of certain items on the person or in the 11 12 baggage of another; to provide a penalty; to prohibit the removal of baggage and similar 13 items from certain public vehicles; to provide that it shall be unlawful to avoid or interfere 14 with a security control device; to provide for restitution; to provide that it shall be unlawful 15 to place an item on the person of or in the possession of any bus, rail, or air passenger; to 16 provide penalties; to provide for related matters; to provide for an effective date; to repeal 17 conflicting laws; and for other purposes.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

19 SECTION 1.

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20 This Act shall be known and may be cited as the "Transportation Security Act of 2002."

21 SECTION 2.

- 22 Article 2 of Chapter 3 of Title 6 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to the
- powers of local governments as to airports, is amended by striking Code Section 6-3-27 in
- 24 its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

1 "6-3-27.

2 (a) Counties, municipalities, or other political subdivisions acquiring, establishing,

developing, operating, maintaining, or controlling airports or landing fields under this

- 4 article without outside the geographical limits of such subdivisions are specifically granted
- 5 the right to enforce police regulations on such airports or landing fields.
- 6 (b) A law enforcement officer of the county, municipality, or other political subdivision
- 7 operating an airport or landing field outside the geographical limits of such political
- 8 <u>subdivision shall, when authorized by the county, municipality, or other political</u>
- 9 <u>subdivision operating said airport or landing field, have the same law enforcement powers,</u>
- including the powers of arrest, within such airport or landing field and on any public
- property within one-quarter mile of such airport or landing field as a law enforcement
- officer of the political subdivision in which such airport or landing field is located.
- 13 (c) Nothing in this Code section shall be construed as limiting the authority of any law
- 14 enforcement agency of the county, municipality, or other political subdivision in which
- such airport or landing field is located."

SECTION 3.

- 17 Title 16 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to crimes and offenses, is
- amended by striking subsection (b) of Code Section 16-10-28, relating to transmitting a false
- 19 public alarm, and inserting in lieu thereof the following:
- 20 "(b) A person who transmits in any manner a false alarm to the effect that a destructive
- device or hazardous substance of any nature is concealed in such place that its explosion,
- detonation, or release would endanger human life or cause injury or damage to property,
- 23 knowing at the time that there is no reasonable ground for believing that such a destructive
- device or hazardous substance is concealed in such place, commits the offense of
- 25 transmitting a false public alarm and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by
- imprisonment for not less than one nor more than five years or by a fine of not less than
- 27 <u>\$1,000.00</u>, or both.
- 28 (c) In addition to any other penalty imposed by law for a violation of this Code section,
- 29 <u>the court may require the defendant to make restitution to any affected public or private</u>
- 30 entity for the reasonable costs or damages associated with the offense including, without
- 31 <u>limitation</u>, the actual value of any goods, services, or income lost as a result of such
- 32 <u>violation. Restitution made pursuant to this subsection shall not preclude any party from</u>
- 33 <u>obtaining any other civil or criminal remedy available under any other provision of law.</u>
- 34 The restitution authorized by this subsection is supplemental and not exclusive."

SECTION 4.

2 Said title is further amended by striking in its entirety Code Section 16-11-37, relating to

- 3 terroristic threats and acts and related penalties, and inserting in lieu thereof the following:
- 4 "16-11-37.
- 5 (a) A person commits the offense of a terroristic threat when he <u>or she</u> threatens to commit
- 6 any crime of violence, to release any hazardous substance, as such term is defined in Code
- 7 <u>Section 12-8-92</u>, or to burn or damage property with the purpose of terrorizing another or
- 8 of causing the evacuation of a building, place of assembly, or facility of public
- 9 transportation or otherwise causing serious public inconvenience, or in reckless disregard
- of the risk of causing such terror or inconvenience. No person shall be convicted under this
- 11 subsection on the uncorroborated testimony of the party to whom the threat is
- 12 communicated.
- 13 (b) A person commits the offense of a terroristic act when:
- 14 (1) He <u>or she</u> uses a burning or flaming cross or other burning or flaming symbol or
- 15 flambeau with the intent to terrorize another or another's household; or
- 16 (2) While not in the commission of a lawful act, he <u>or she</u> shoots at or throws an object
- at a conveyance which is being operated or which is occupied by passengers; or
- 18 (3) He or she releases any hazardous substance or any simulated hazardous substance
- 19 <u>under the guise of a hazardous substance for the purpose of terrorizing another or of</u>
- 20 <u>causing the evacuation of a building, place of assembly, or facility of public</u>
- 21 <u>transportation or otherwise causing serious public inconvenience or in reckless disregard</u>
- of the risk of causing such terror or inconvenience.
- 23 (c) A person convicted of the offense of a terroristic threat or act shall be punished by a
- 24 fine of not more than \$1,000.00 or by imprisonment for not less than one nor more than
- 25 five years, or both. A person convicted of the offense of a terroristic act shall be punished
- 26 <u>by a fine of not more than \$5,000.00 or by imprisonment for not less than one nor more</u>
- 27 <u>than ten years, or both; provided, however, that if any person suffers a serious physical</u>
- 28 <u>injury as a direct result of an act giving rise to a conviction under this Code section, the</u>
- 29 person so convicted shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$250,000.00 or
- imprisonment for not less than five nor more than 40 years, or both.
- 31 (d) A person who commits or attempts to commit a terroristic threat or act with the intent
- 32 to retaliate against any person for:
- 33 (1) Attending a judicial or administrative proceeding as a witness, attorney, judge, or
- party or producing any record, document, or other object in a judicial or official
- 35 proceeding; or
- 36 (2) Providing to a law enforcement officer, adult or juvenile probation officer,
- prosecuting attorney, or judge any information relating to the commission or possible

1 commission of an offense under the laws of this state or of the United States or a

- 2 violation of conditions of bail, pretrial release, probation, or parole
- 3 shall be guilty of the offense of a terroristic threat or act and, upon conviction thereof, shall
- 4 be punished, for a terroristic threat, by imprisonment for not less than five nor more than
- 5 ten years or by a fine of not less than \$50,000.00, or both, and, for a terroristic act, by
- 6 imprisonment for not less than five nor more than 20 years or by a fine of not less than
- 7 \$100,000.00, or both."

8 SECTION 5.

- 9 Said title is further amended in Part 2 of Article 4 of Chapter 12, known as the "Bus and Rail
- 10 Vehicle Passenger Safety Act," by striking said Part 2 in its entirety and inserting in lieu
- 11 thereof the following:
- 12 "Part 2
- 13 16-12-121.
- 14 This part shall be known and may be cited as the 'Bus and Rail Vehicle Transportation
- 15 Passenger Safety Act.'
- 16 16-12-122.
- 17 As used in this part, the term:
- (1) 'Aircraft' means any machine, whether heavier or lighter than air, used or designed
- 19 <u>for navigation of or flight in the air.</u>
- 20 (2) 'Avoid a security measure' means to take any action that is intended to result in any
- 21 person, baggage, container, or item of any type being allowed into a secure area without
- being subjected to security measures or the assembly of items into an object or substance
- 23 that is prohibited under the laws of this state or of the United States or any of their
- 24 <u>agencies, political subdivisions, or authorities after such items have passed through a</u>
- 25 <u>security measure into a secure area.</u>
- 26 (1)(3) 'Bus' means any passenger bus or coach or other motor vehicle having a seating
- capacity of not less than 15 passengers operated by a transportation company for the
- purpose of carrying passengers or cargo <u>freight</u> for hire.
- 29 (2)(4) 'Charter' means a group of persons, pursuant to a common purpose and under a
- single contract and at a fixed charge for the vehicle in accordance with a transportation
- 31 company's tariff, who have acquired the exclusive use of a an aircraft, bus, or rail vehicle
- 32 to travel together as a group to a specified destination.

1 (5) 'Interfere with a security measure' means to take any action that is intended to defeat, 2 disable, or prevent the full operation of equipment or procedures designed or intended to 3 detect any object or substance, including, but not limited to, disabling of any device so 4 that it cannot fully function, creation of any diversion intended to defeat a security 5 measure, or packaging of any item or substance so as to avoid detection by a security 6 measure. 7 (3)(6) 'Passenger' means any person served by the transportation company; and, in addition to the ordinary meaning of passenger, the term shall include any person 8 9 accompanying or meeting another person who is transported by such company, any 10 person shipping or receiving cargo freight, and any person purchasing a ticket or 11 receiving a pass. 12 (4)(7) 'Rail vehicle' means any railroad or rail transit car, carriage, coach, or other 13 vehicle, whether self-propelled or <u>not</u> pulled or pushed by a locomotive or other vehicle 14 or vehicles, having a seating capacity of not less than 15 passengers, and designed to be 15 operated upon a rail or rails or other fixed right of way by a transportation company for 16 the purpose of carrying passengers or cargo <u>freight or both</u> for hire. 17 (8) 'Secure area' means any enclosed or unenclosed area within a terminal whereby 18 access is restricted in any manner or the possession of items subject to security measures 19 is prohibited. Access to a secure area may be restricted to persons specifically authorized by law, regulation, or policy of the governing authority or transportation company 20 21 operating said terminal, and such access into a secure area may be conditioned on passing 22 through security measures, and possession of items may be restricted to designated persons who are acting in the course of their official duties. 23 24 (9) 'Security measure' means any process or procedure by which employees, agents, passengers, persons accompanying passengers, containers, baggage, freight, or 25 possessions of passengers or persons accompanying passengers are screened, inspected, 26 or examined by any means for the purpose of ensuring the safety and welfare of aircraft, 27 28 bus, or rail vehicles and the employees, agents, passengers, and freight of any transportation company. The security measures may be operated by or under the 29 authority of any governmental entity, transportation company, or any entity contracting 30 31 therewith. 32 (5)(10) 'Terminal' means a an aircraft, bus, or rail vehicle station, depot, or any such transportation facility, or infrastructure relating thereto operated by a transportation 33 company or governmental entity or authority. This term includes a reasonable area 34 immediately adjacent to any designated stop along the route traveled by any coach or rail 35 vehicle operated by a transportation company or governmental entity operating aircraft, 36

bus, or rail vehicle transportation facility and parking lots or parking areas adjacent to a terminal. (6)(11) 'Transportation company' or 'company' means any person, group of persons, or corporation providing for-hire transportation to passengers or cargo freight by aircraft, by bus upon the highways in this state, by rail vehicle upon any public or private right of way in this state, or by both all, including passengers and cargo freight in interstate or intrastate travel. This term shall also include transportation facilities owned or operated by local public bodies; by municipalities; and by public corporations, authorities, boards,

and commissions established under the laws of the this state, any of the several states, the

United States, or any foreign nation.

11 16-12-123.

(a) The offense of bus or rail vehicle hijacking is the seizure or exercise of control by force or violence or threat of force or violence of any bus or rail vehicle within the jurisdiction of this state. Any person committing the offense of bus or rail vehicle hijacking shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by imprisonment for life or imprisonment for not less than one nor more than 20 years.

(b) Any person who boards or attempts to board a bus or rail vehicle with a dangerous or deadly weapon concealed on or about his person or his property which is or would be accessible to such person while on the bus or rail vehicle shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to imprisonment for not less than one nor more than ten years. The prohibition of this subsection shall not apply to any person who is exempted under Code Section 16-11-130 or commercial security personnel who are in possession of weapons used within the course and scope of their employment; nor shall the prohibition apply to persons who are in the possession of weapons with the consent of the owner of such bus or rail vehicle, his agent, or the lessee or bailee of such bus or rail vehicle; nor shall the prohibition apply to persons transporting weapons contained in baggage which is not accessible to passengers on the bus or rail vehicle if the presence of such weapons has been declared to the transportation company.

(c) Any person who has on or about his or her person or who has placed, attempted to place, or attempted to have placed aboard such bus or rail vehicle any destructive device, as such term is defined by Code Section 16-7-80, shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to imprisonment for not less than one nor more than 20 years.

(d) Any person who by force or violence or by threat of force or violence seizes or exercises control of any transportation company, or of the transportation facilities owned or operated by any such company, or of any part thereof, or who by force or violence or by

1 threat of force or violence obstructs, hinders, interferes with, or otherwise disrupts or

- 2 disturbs the operation of any such company or facility, or of any part thereof, shall be
- 3 guilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by imprisonment for life
- 4 or by imprisonment for not less than one nor more than 20 years.
- 5 (e) The company may employ reasonable means, including mechanical, electronic, or
- 6 X-ray devices, to detect concealed weapons, explosives, or hazardous material in baggage
- 7 or upon the person of the passenger. Upon the discovery of any such item or material in the
- 8 possession of a person, unless the item is a weapon in the possession of a person exempted
- 9 under subsection (b) of this Code section from the prohibition of that subsection (b), the
- 10 company shall obtain possession and retain custody of such item or materials until they are
- 11 transferred to the custody of law enforcement officers.
- 12 (a)(1) A person commits the offense of bus or rail vehicle hijacking when he or she:
- 13 (A) Seizes or exercises control by force or violence or threat of force or violence of any
- 14 bus or rail vehicle within the jurisdiction of this state;
- 15 (B) By force or violence or by threat of force or violence seizes or exercises control of
- 16 any transportation company or all or any part of the transportation facilities owned or
- 17 operated by any such company; or

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- 18 (C) By force or violence or by threat of force or violence substantially obstructs,
- 19 hinders, interferes with, or otherwise disrupts or disturbs the operation of any
- 20 transportation company or all or any part of a transportation facility.
- 21 (2) Any person convicted of the offense of bus or rail hijacking shall be guilty of a felony
- 22 and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by imprisonment for life or by
- imprisonment for not less than one nor more than 20 years. 23
- 24 (b) Any person who boards or attempts to board an aircraft, bus, or rail vehicle with any
- 25 explosive, destructive device, or hoax device as such term is defined in Code Section
- 16-7-80; firearm; hazardous substance as defined by Code Section 12-8-92; or knife or 26
- 27 other device designed or modified for the purpose of offense and defense concealed on or
- 28 about his or her person or property which is or would be accessible to such person while
- on the aircraft, bus, or rail vehicle shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof, 29
- shall be sentenced to imprisonment for not less than one nor more than ten years. The 30
- 31 prohibition of this subsection shall not apply to any law enforcement officer, peace officer
- retired from a state or federal law enforcement agency, person in the military service of the 33 state or of the United States, or commercial security personnel employed by the
- transportation company who is in possession of weapons used within the course and scope 34
- of their employment; nor shall the prohibition apply to persons transporting weapons 35
- contained in baggage which is not accessible to passengers if the presence of such weapons 36

1 <u>has been declared to the transportation company and such weapons have been secured in</u>

- 2 <u>a manner prescribed by state or federal law or regulation for the purpose of transportation</u>
- 3 or shipment. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to any privately owned
- 4 <u>aircraft, bus, or rail vehicle if the owner of such aircraft or vehicle has given his or her</u>
- 5 <u>express permission to board the aircraft or vehicle with the item.</u>
- 6 (c) The company may employ reasonable security measures, including any method or
- device, to detect concealed weapons, explosives, or hazardous material in baggage or
- 8 freight or upon the person of the passenger. Upon the discovery of any such item or
- 9 material in the possession of a person, unless the item is a weapon in the possession of a
- person exempted under subsection (b) of this Code section from the prohibition of that
- subsection (b), the company shall obtain possession and retain custody of such item or
- 12 <u>materials until they are transferred to the custody of law enforcement officers.</u>
- 13 16-12-124.
- 14 (a) It shall be unlawful to remove any baggage, cargo freight, container, or other item
- transported upon a <u>an aircraft</u>, bus, or rail vehicle or stored in a terminal without consent
- of the owner of such property or the company or its duly authorized representative. Any
- person violating this Code section shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof,
- shall be punished by imprisonment for not less than one nor more than five years.
- 19 (b) The actual value of an item removed in violation of this Code section shall not be
- 20 material to the crime herein defined.
- 21 <u>16-12-125.</u>
- 22 (a) It shall be unlawful for any person to avoid or interfere with a security measure. Any
- 23 person convicted of a violation of this Code section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor of a
- 24 <u>high and aggravated nature; provided, however, that any person who violates this Code</u>
- 25 <u>section with the intent to commit a felony within the terminal or with regard to any aircraft,</u>
- 26 <u>bus, or rail vehicle shall be punished by imprisonment for not less than five nor more than</u>
- 27 <u>25 years, a fine not to exceed \$100,000.00, or both.</u>
- 28 (b) Any violation of this Code section shall be considered a separate offense.
- 29 <u>16-12-126</u>
- 30 (a) It shall be unlawful intentionally to disable or inhibit the operation or effectiveness of
- 31 <u>any safety device of any description or to render any item or substance less safe when said</u>
- 32 <u>item or substance is in any freight of a transportation company, in baggage or possessions</u>
- of a passenger, or in a terminal.

1 (b) It shall be unlawful to intentionally render inoperable or partially inoperable for any

- 2 period of time any device designed or operated for traffic control that is owned, operated,
- 3 or maintained by or for the benefit of a transportation company.
- 4 (c) Any violation of this Code section shall be punished by imprisonment for not less than
- 5 five nor more than 20 years, a fine not to exceed \$100,000.00, or both.
- 6 (d) Any violation of this Code section shall be considered a separate offense.
- 7 <u>16-12-127.</u>
- 8 (a) It shall be unlawful for any person, with the intention of avoiding or interfering with
- 9 <u>a security measure or of introducing into a terminal any explosive, destructive device, or</u>
- 10 hoax device as defined in Code Section 16-7-80; firearm; hazardous substance as defined
- by Code Section 12-8-92; or knife or other device designed or modified for the purpose of
- offense and defense, to:
- 13 (1) Have any such item on or about his or her person, or
- 14 (2) Place or cause to be placed or attempt to place or cause to be placed any such item:
- 15 (A) In a container or freight of a transportation company;
- (B) In the baggage or possessions of any person or any transportation company without
- the knowledge of the passenger or transportation company; or
- 18 (C) Aboard such aircraft, bus, or rail vehicle.
- 19 (b) A person violating the provisions of this Code section shall be guilty of a felony and
- 20 <u>shall, upon conviction, be sentenced to imprisonment for not less than one year nor more</u>
- 21 than 20 years, a fine not to exceed \$15,000.00, or both. A prosecution under this Code
- 22 <u>section shall not be barred by the imposition of a civil penalty imposed by any</u>
- 23 governmental entity.
- 24 16-12-125.<u>16-12-128.</u>
- 25 (a) This part shall be cumulative and supplemental to any other law of this state. A
- 26 conviction or acquittal under any of the criminal provisions of Code Section 16-12-123, or
- 27 16-12-124, 16-12-125, or 16-12-126 shall not be a bar to any other civil or criminal
- 28 proceeding.
- 29 (b) In addition to any other penalty imposed by law for a violation of this part, the court
- 30 may require the defendant to make restitution to any affected public or private entity for
- 31 <u>the reasonable costs or damages associated with the offense. Restitution made pursuant to</u>
- 32 <u>this subsection shall not preclude any party from obtaining any other civil or criminal</u>
- 33 remedy available under any other provision of law. The restitution authorized by this
- 34 <u>subsection is supplemental and not exclusive."</u>

SECTION 6.

- 2 This Act shall become effective on the first day of the month following the month in which
- 3 it is approved by the Governor or in which it becomes law without such approval.

4 SECTION 7.

5 All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.