The House Committee on Judiciary offered the following substitute to HB 639:

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A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

To amend Article 1 of Chapter 2 of Title 53 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, the Revised Probate Code of 1998, relating to general provisions relative to descent and distribution, so as to repeal a provision prohibiting the father and other paternal kin from inheriting from or through a child born out of wedlock if the father failed or refused to treat the child openly as his own or to provide support for the child; to provide for such inheritance if the father, during the child's lifetime, has signed the child's birth certificate or has executed a signed, sworn statement attesting to the relationship; to amend Article 5 of Chapter 4 of Title 53 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, the Revised Probate Code of 1998, relating to revocation and repudiation of wills, so as to provide for inheritance when a will is revoked by operation of law; to amend Code Section 53-5-22 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to notice of petition for probate in solemn form, so as to change provisions relating to such notice; to amend Chapter 7 of Title 53 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, the Revised Probate Code of 1998, relating to administration of estates generally, so as to provide for service upon creditors whose claims have not been paid in full due to insolvency of the estate of a citation relating to a petition for discharge of a personal representative; to provide for notice of the settlement of the personal representative's accounts to persons who claim to be creditors whose claims the personal representative disputes or cannot pay in full; to provide that such settlement shall be conclusive on such persons who receive notice; to amend Chapter 11 of Title 53 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, the Revised Probate Code of 1998, relating to proceedings in probate court, so as to remove certain provisions relating to service on unknown persons by publication; to amend Article 1 of Chapter 4 of Title 53 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, the Pre-1998 Probate Code, relating to general provisions relative to descent and distribution, so as to repeal a provision prohibiting the father and other paternal kin from inheriting from or through a child born out of wedlock if the father failed or refused to treat the child openly as his own or to provide support for the child; to provide for such inheritance if the father, during the child's lifetime, has signed the child's birth

certificate or has executed a signed, sworn statement attesting to the relationship; to provide

for related matters; to repeal conflicting laws; and for other purposes.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

SECTION 1.
Article 1 of Chapter 2 of Title 53 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, the Reviseo
Probate Code of 1998, relating to general provisions relative to descent and distribution, i
amended in Code Section 53-2-4, relating to inheritance from children born out of wedlock
by striking subsection (b) in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:
"(b)(1) The father of a child born out of wedlock, the other children of the father, and other
paternal kin may inherit from and through the child born out of wedlock in the same
manner as if the child were legitimate if:
(A)(1) A court of competent jurisdiction has entered an order declaring the child to be
legitimate under the authority of Code Section 19-7-22 or such other authority as may be
provided by law;
(B)(2) A court of competent jurisdiction has otherwise entered a court order establishing
paternity;
(C)(3) The father has, during the lifetime of the child, executed a sworn statement signed
by him the father attesting to the parent-child relationship;
(D)(4) The father has, during the lifetime of the child, signed the birth certificate of the
child; or
(E)(5) The presumption of paternity described in division (2)(B)(ii) of Code Section
53-2-3 has been established and has not been rebutted by clear and convincing evidence
(2) Paragraph (1) of this subsection notwithstanding, neither the father nor any child o
the father nor any other paternal kin shall inherit from or through a child born out o
wedlock if it shall be established by a preponderance of evidence that the father failed o
refused openly to treat the child as his own or failed or refused to provide support for the
child."
SECTION 2.

Article 5 of Chapter 4 of Title 53 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, the Revised Probate Code of 1998, relating to revocation and repudiation of wills, is amended by striking Code Section 53-4-48, relating to testator's marriage or birth or adoption of a child, and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(a) Except as otherwise provided in Code Section 53-4-49, the marriage of the testator, the birth of a child to the testator, including a posthumous child born within ten months of

the testator's death, or the adoption of a child by the testator subsequent to the making of a will in which no provision is made in contemplation of such event shall result in a revocation of the will to the extent provided in the remainder of this Code section.

(b) A provision in a will for a class of the testator's children shall be presumed to be made in contemplation of the birth or adoption of additional members of that class, absent an indication of a contrary intent, and the mere identification in the will of children already born or adopted at the time of the execution of the will shall not defeat this presumption.

(c) If the will was made prior to an event specified in subsection (a) of this Code section, and does not contain a provision in contemplation of such an event, the subsequent spouse or child shall receive the share of the estate he or she would have received if the testator had died intestate. Such share shall be paid from the net residuum remaining after all debts and expenses of administration, including taxes, have been paid. If the residuum proves to be insufficient, then testamentary gifts shall abate in the manner provided in paragraph (b) of Code Section 53-4-63."

SECTION 3.

Code Section 53-5-22 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to notice of petition for probate in solemn form, is amended by striking subsection (a) and inserting in lieu thereof a new subsection (a) to read as follows:

"(a) Probate in solemn form requires due notice to all the heirs of the testator, and to the beneficiaries and propounders of, if there is any other purported will of the testator for which probate proceedings are pending in this state, then such notice shall also be given to the beneficiaries and propounders of such purported will. Service of a notice of petition for probate in solemn form shall be personal if the party resides in this state and is known and shall be served at least ten days before probate is to be made, except that, if waived, the ten-day provision shall not apply."

26 SECTION 4.

Chapter 7 of Title 53 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, the Revised Probate Code of 1998, relating to administration of estates generally, is amended in Code Section 53-7-50, relating to petitions for discharge and subsequently discovered estate, by striking paragraph (1) of subsection (b) in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(b)(1) Subject to paragraphs (2) and (3) of this subsection, upon the filing of a petition for discharge, citation shall issue to all heirs or beneficiaries, as provided in Chapter 11 of this title, requiring them to file any objections to the discharge, except that in all cases a citation shall be published one time in the newspaper in which sheriff's advertisements are published in the county in which the petition is filed at least ten days prior to the date

on or before which any objection is required to be filed. Any creditors whose claims are disputed or who have not been paid in full due to insolvency of the estate shall be served in accordance with Chapter 11 of this title."

4 SECTION 5.

Said chapter is further amended by striking in its entirety subsection (a) of Code Section 53-7-62, relating to settlement of accounts by the personal representative before the court, and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(a) Any person interested as an heir or beneficiary of an estate or the probate court may, after the expiration of six months from the granting of letters, cite the personal representative to appear before the probate court for a settlement of accounts. Alternatively, if the personal representative chooses, the personal representative may cite all the heirs or beneficiaries and all persons who claim to be creditors whose claims the personal representative disputes or cannot pay in full to be present at the settlement of the personal representative's accounts by the court. The settlement shall be conclusive upon the personal representative and upon all the heirs or beneficiaries and all remaining persons who claim to be creditors who receive notice of the hearing. The court may, in the court's discretion, give the personal representative additional time to settle the estate."

18 SECTION 6.

Chapter 11 of Title 53 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, the Revised Probate Code of 1998, relating to proceedings in probate court, is amended by striking in its entirety Code Section 53-11-4, relating to service where the person or the person's residence is unknown or where the person resides outside the state, and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "53-11-4.

- (a) Except as otherwise prescribed by law or directed by the probate judge pursuant to Code Section 53-11-5, the provisions of this Code section shall apply in cases when a person to be served has a known current residence address outside this state, is unknown, or is known but whose current residence address is unknown.
- (b) Unless all such persons have known current residence addresses, the probate court shall order service to be perfected by publication of the citation in the newspaper in which sheriff's advertisements are published in the county in which the petition is made. The citation shall be published once a week for four weeks prior to the date on which objections must be filed. The records of the court shall show the persons notified and the character of the notice given. The published citation shall be directed to the person to be served if known, and, if all persons are not known, then to all and singular the parties in interest.

(c) If the current residence address of such a person is known, service shall be made by mailing by certified or registered mail or statutory overnight delivery, return receipt requested, a copy of the petition and the citation.

(d) When service by publication is ordered pursuant to this Code section, compliance with the provisions of this Code section relating to a person to be notified who is unknown or who is known but whose current residence address is unknown shall be equivalent to personal service of a copy of the petition and citation when the fact appears in the records of the court showing the persons notified and the character of the notice given. In the case of an unknown person, it shall be sufficient if the records of the court show published notice directed to all and singular the parties in interest and compliance with this Code section. In the case of a known person whose current residence address is unknown, that person's name shall appear in the records of the court, and such records shall show as to that person compliance with this Code section. In any case in which service by publication is granted, one order for publication shall be sufficient and the published citation shall be directed as provided in subsection (b) of this Code section."

SECTION 7.

Article 1 of Chapter 4 of Title 53 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, the Pre-1998 Probate Code, relating to general provisions relative to descent and distribution, is amended in Code Section 53-4-5, relating to inheritance from children born out of wedlock, by striking subsection (b) in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(b)(1) The father of a child born out of wedlock, the other children of the father, and other paternal kin, whether collateral or lineal, may inherit from and through the child born out of wedlock in the same manner as if the child were legitimate if, after the conception of the child:

- (A)(1) A court of competent jurisdiction has entered an order declaring the child to be legitimate under the authority of Code Section 19-7-22 or such other authority as may be provided by law;
- (B)(2) A court of competent jurisdiction has otherwise entered a court order establishing the father of the child born out of wedlock;
- (C)(3) The father, during the lifetime of the child, executed a sworn statement signed by him the father attesting to the parent-child relationship;
- 32 (D)(4) The father, during the lifetime of the child, signed the birth certificate of the child; 33 or
- 34 (E)(5) The presumption of paternity described in subparagraph (c)(2)(B) of Code Section 35 53-4-4 has been established and has not been rebutted by clear and convincing evidence.

(2) Paragraph (1) of this subsection notwithstanding, neither the father nor any paternal kin shall inherit from or through a child born out of wedlock if it shall be established, by a preponderance of evidence, that the father, during his lifetime and after the birth of the child, failed or refused to openly treat the child as his own or failed or refused to provide support for the child."

6 SECTION 8.

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All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.